

THE JOURNAL:

FREMONT, OHIO.

L. W. BOOTH, Editor.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1853.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR, NELSON BARRERE, of Highland.

FOR LEUTENANT GOVERNOR, ISAAC J. ALLEN, of Richland.

FOR TREASURER OF STATE, HENRY BRACHMAN, of Hamilton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, NELSON H. VAN VORHES, of Athens.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, WILLIAM H. GIBSON, of Seneca.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE, FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, of Cuyahoga.

FOR BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, JOHN WADDLE, of Coshocton.

[THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE.]

FOR STATE COMMISSIONERS OF COMMON SCHOOLS, LOHIN ANDREWS.

Within a few days past, many an aspiring democrat has seen his hopes prostrated in the dust. But the "Young America" portion feel their defeat the more seriously, not having, as yet, become habituated to such things. Don't take on so my lad; it is nothing after you get used to it; although we confess it seems rather hard to be decapitated by one's own political friends. The Democratic convention assembled at this place two weeks since, for the purpose of nominating the proper county officers, and also to present to the people a candidate for Representative, to receive their votes and support at the coming election. Of course there was the usual amount of electioneering, [as the cash accounts for the day, of many of the groceries could testify] which is commonly practiced on such occasions, and after much deliberation [we submit whether mere working would not be the more appropriate term] a full ticket was made out, which reads as follows:

For Representative, A. J. Dickinson. Auditor, H. E. Clark. Sheriff, Jonas Smith. Prosecuting Attorney, T. P. Finckree. Coroner, Isaac Swank. Commissioner, Michael Read. Infirmary Director, Saxton Rathbun.

The Democrat of last week, comes out with a flaming leader, extolling the nominees to the skies, giving their private history where it may be both complimentary and beneficial [reserving it to be sure, where of an opposite character] and "piling it up" sublimely. The Democrat man might have spared himself so much trouble, as most of these men are known to the people, and of course, they will act as they shall deem best about supporting them. It is not our purpose, at present, to speak of the claims of these gentlemen upon the voters of Sandusky County, saving those of the candidate for Representative, Mr. A. J. Dickinson.

Against this gentleman as a private citizen, we have nothing to say; and if we had, the columns of a paper is not the place to express it. But when he, or any other person, comes before the people, claiming their support to elect him to a high and responsible station, we have a right to canvass his political merits and demerits, to see if those claims be well founded. And before we go farther, we will here state it as our settled conviction that no man should be so presumptuous as to ask the people to reward him with honors and emoluments, unless he can point to some act of his life which shall prove him to be worthy and deserving. The custom has obtained of late years, since the great political corruptions of contending parties, for any ambitious and scheming politician to announce his name as a candidate, (or for the sake of keeping up the appearance of modesty, procuring some friend to do so for him), and if asked to explain his principles, he points to the name of his party and states that he never belonged to any other, or is fully in favor of all the measures of that party. His name once before the people, himself and friends instantly set to work to secure his nomination; and the more corrupt and rascally himself and his assistants are, the more certain are they of success. The better men of the party may see that this candidate is not a reliable and worthy man. But for fear that a fass may be kicked up, whereby the harmony of the party will be disturbed, and perhaps a split occasioned, they sit calmly by and wink at the rascalities practiced upon the unsuspecting voters. Party ties bind them with an adamantine chain, and they hold their peace. The active politician on the contrary, keeps "shady" from another reason. His chance for the fleece is yet to come, and to oppose any one of his political brethren, is to bring the indignation of the fraternity down upon him. Hence he is a good friend to all. Every one being hushed "the topics" are there "laid." A few men manage the whole affair—framing meetings, and every thing else. The most scheming candidate is sure to be the most successful, as it is he who succeeds in securing the greatest number of delegates at the primary meetings. The candidate is selected, not by the voice of the people, but by the craft of a few wise workers. If an honest and intelligent man spoken of and desired as the candidate by the majority of the people, he is sure to be defeated, in the convention. They are thus cheated out of their man, and one for whom they would be glad to cast their votes, and obliged to support one of whom they know

little, and think less. In this state of affairs, the most worthy men in the community disdain to enter the vile arena of political combat; and if they do venture to trifle with their good name in this manner, they find themselves outstripped by some wiles and character-lacking politician. And it is because of the evils of this caucus system, as practiced at the present day, that men are sent to represent us in the legislature, who will disgrace their halls by their riotous and disorderly conduct; who have so little sense as to discuss a bill [as they did the Tax Law] for three weeks and finally pass it, and after it has gone through the printers hands, and the tax payers have paid that expense, it is discovered to be of no force and effect, and they are obliged to repeal it, and pass another in the same session in which they enacted this abortion. Such a state of affairs is scandalous—is a libel upon the good sense of the people of Ohio. When men employ attorneys to transact their business, they are careful to engage such men as have skill in their profession, and who will not, by their blindness, occasion useless bills of cost to be put upon them. And yet these same men are so incompetent as to send attorneys to the seat of government, who make them useless, and accumulate bills of cost; and what is still worse, they pay these same men the very same price for which they might obtain the services of more experienced and better informed persons. These are some of the evils of the present caucus system. Almer J. Dickinson was nominated by the caucus machine, and is also a candidate—but not the people's candidate. We object to him, then for this reason first. In the second place, we object to him because he has never done anything for the people, or the party who nominates him, which makes him unworthy of the reward. Thirdly, we object to him because we doubt his ability to discharge the manifold duties which must devolve upon him, or any other person, holding the responsible station of a lawmaker for the people of Ohio. And in the fourth place, we object to him because of his position on the Temperance question, and upon the question of the sale of the Public Works. Upon the Temperance question, he stands opposed to a Prohibitory Law, and upon the question of the sale of the Public Works, he says nay.

As to the first objection, we urge this because the people are not represented by the election of Dickinson, and we wish to put down the caucus system. If what we have before remarked upon the modus operandi of a nomination by this system be true, it certainly cannot be much to the credit of Mr. Dickinson as an honest man, that he has been successful. And certain it is that it adds nothing to the credit of a free people, that they permit themselves to be controlled in their political action by a corrupt clique, who are seeking nothing but official spoils. By putting down that candidate, they put down this influence and it is what we should be heartily glad to see.

With regard to the second objection, we should be glad to know what Mr. Dickinson has ever done to merit such high honors? What noble sacrifices has he ever made, that you would desire him a Roman triumph? Nothing. Then be his reward—nothing.

As to third objection, every person who gives the matter a moments consideration, will perceive how responsible is the situation of him, who would enact laws for government of so immense a territory as that which comprises the State of Ohio. The laws are to be subjected to the keen scrutiny of the whole legal fraternity—a set of men whose business it is to take advantage of every discrepancy, and if possible, defeat the correct operation of the law. It is highly important that the man whom you send to represent you in the halls of legislation, should be able and fearless—ready at all times to defend the rights of his constituency—and who has the abilities to originate measures which shall be beneficial to the people, combined with energy of character to carry those measures through. For these great purposes we do not consider Mr. Dickinson adequate, and we say it with all respect. He will make a good voting man. But we had a sample of a voting legislature in the one of last winter, of which it has been truly remarked, there was never before so many asses together at one time. It is for our own interest, then, as well as for the credit of our own State abroad, that we have able and intelligent men at this responsible post.

The grounds for the fourth objection are these: that he is opposed to a Prohibitory Liquor Law, and opposed to the sale of the Public Works; or, in other words, that he objects to the removal of two of the greatest causes which are burdening the people with enormous taxes. We may have occasion to slow up fully, Mr. Dickinson's position upon the two important questions, and also their pecuniary effects upon the people. In the mean time we ask for these facts, the candid consideration of our fellow citizens. If these be fraud, corruption, privation of rights, unworthiness or ignorance, let the voters of Sandusky County speak in their freedom at the coming election. A True Dem.

By Telegraph—Speeds Line. DREADFUL RAILROAD COLLISION! Oneida 16 A. M.

The American Express train going west on the N. Y. Central R. R., standing at this station about 3 o'clock A. M. was run into by a freight train. Passenger cars of the Express train badly smashed up. Two men of Litchfield, O. were killed—many severely wounded. Express train behind time!

We this week publish the list of articles, in which premiums will be awarded at the Sandusky Co. Agricultural Fair. Also a call for a meeting to Elect Officers for the ensuing year.

The Carson League.

Thomas L. Carson has published an account of a new Temperance organization called the Carson League, the object of which is the utter extermination of the Liquor traffic. The following is its plan, as adopted in the State of New York:

1. Each member of the League gives the amount of his property on the assessment roll, or as much as he will, to be assessed, pro rata, for the prosecution of all violations of the prohibitory laws. 2. The League is pledged to get possession through the ballot box, of all the offices in the towns, counties, and State, in order that the law may be faithfully executed; and where the law is deficient, that a more stringent one may be enacted. The following is the Constitution of the League:

CONSTITUTION OF A COUNTY LEAGUE. Article I. This Association shall be entitled the Carson League of the County of—, and any person may become a member of the same by taking one or more shares of the capital stock. Art. II. The business of the Association shall be conducted by a Board of Directors, composed of one member from each town in the county. The Directors shall be annually elected, and hold their offices until superseded by a new appointment. Three members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Art. III. The Board shall appoint a President, Vice President, and an Executive Committee consisting of three members from their own number, a Treasurer and Secretary, and also a General Agent, whose duty it shall be to attend to the prosecutions under the direction of the Executive Committee, and also perform any other duties which may assign to him to accomplish the object of the Association. They shall determine from time to time the necessary assessments on the stock notes to defray the expenses of the League, and have power to make their own by-laws, fill vacancies in the Board, make arrangements for the annual meeting of the league, and take such measures as they deem expedient to promote the interests and accomplish the object of the Association.

Art. IV. Upon the decease or removal from the county of any stockholder of this Association, his or her stock note held by the League shall be annulled, and any member may have their notes returned or canceled at any time, by paying their dues.

Art. V. This Constitution may be altered or amended at any meeting of the League, previous notice of the same having been given, or having been recommended by the Board of Directors.

The form of the note of the League also being adopted as follows: For Value Received, I promise to pay to the Treasurer of the Carson League of the County of—, for the Suppression of Rum-selling—Dollars, payable in pro rata assessments on the whole stock of said Company, not to exceed, in any one year, fifty cents on a thousand dollars, according to the provisions of their Constitution.

A number of Counties in New York have established the League, and the result has generally been satisfactory. In Onondaga County, the capital of the Association is three millions of dollars; in Monroe County it is six millions, in Chautauque County, two millions, and in several other counties a million and a half. This (so called) Capital, is merely an enrollment of property for the purpose of assessment, as above specified. Mr. Carson says that whenever their assessments have been faithfully paid, the legal power, through the prosecuting agents has done, or is rapidly accomplishing the work.

A State Convention of the Carson League is to be held in Rochester, on the 13th of October next, to devise plans for carrying the enterprise throughout the State.—Toledo Blade.

"Land of the Living." Said one to an aged friend, "I had a letter from a distant correspondent the other day who inquired if you were in the land of the living." "No," replied the saintlike, venerable man, "but I am going there. This world is alone the land of shadows; and the eternal is the only one of living realities."

Yes, truly this is a land of dreams and shadows. This is not the land of the living; it is the land of the dead. How true, and how beautiful the thought, that we are "going" to the land of the living! This land is one vast graveyard; but in the land we are "going" to, there are no bribe-covered graves nor mouldering tombstones. There are no dead there. Christian traveler "through this amazing wilderness world," be of good cheer, "the land of living realities" is not far distant. Complain not that you have here no abiding city, that you find here no place of rest. Your citizenship is not here; it is in the Better Land; in that "city whose Maker and Builder is God." This land was made for you to suffer in, to dream in, to die in.

Temperance Senatorial Convention. The Temperance Senatorial Convention was held at Bellevue on Wednesday last.—Gen. Chas. W. Page, of Huron Co., President, and four Vice Presidents, one from each County. Benj. T. Hunt, of Huron Co., and Geo. Barney, of Erie Co., Secretaries.

A committee was appointed to nominate a candidate for Senator, who reported the name of Hon. Samuel T. Worcester, of Norwalk, which report was unanimously accepted and adopted, after which a Corresponding Committee was appointed for the District. We are informed that the Free Soil District Convention held at Bellevue on the same day, resolved not to nominate a candidate for Senator.

Dr. Jewett, of Massachusetts, addressed the Convention. We think the Convention made a very wise nomination, and we have scarcely a doubt of Mr. Worcester's election. He will have nothing but a "circumstance," and a very poor one at that, to run against him. Mr. Worcester was nominated by a PEACEABLE, SENSIBLE Convention of honest thinking men, and will be elected by men of the same stamp.

It will be seen, by referring to the advertisement, that the running time is materially changed on the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad.

The Editors of the Democrat tell an "awful" snake story in their issue of the 10th inst. It must have been a "snake in the boots."

Mass Convention at Clyde. The Temperance Mass Convention met at the Universalist Church in Clyde on Thursday, Sept. 8th, pursuant to the motion for adjournment of Aug. 30th.

The meeting was organized by the appointment of Rev. J. W. Wells, Prest, and Rev. G. H. Brown, Vice Prest. Rev. E. L. Mills, Sect., and I. W. Booth, asst. sect. An eloquent and appropriate prayer was offered up, by the Rev. Mr. Rossiter, after which, on motion, a committee of three was appointed to report resolutions. The committee consisted of Messrs Gelpin, Ward and Ames, on motion, a committee of five was appointed to report a candidate for Representative, to receive the support of the Temperance men of Sandusky County at the coming election. The committee consisted of Messrs [Everett, Wiles, Gilpin, Weeks and Ames].

The meeting adjourned till 1 o'clock P. M. AFTERNOON SESSION. The committee on Nominations reported the name of Dr. Alvin Colos. On motion, the report was received and adopted. The committee on resolutions reported the following, which were unanimously adopted.

PREAMBLE. Whereas, the use of Alcoholic stimulants as a beverage is productive of great evils, by multiplying the amount of crime, pauperism and misery, throughout our land, whereby our taxes are increased; and whereas moral appeals and unanswerable reasons are of them selves insufficient to free our land from this great scourge, and whereas in the prosecution of this great object, it has, in our opinion, become necessary to call to our aid the strong arm of the law to prevent the manufacture and sale of Alcoholic stimulants as a beverage, therefore.

Resolved, That in the coming Political contest, we shall consider the furtherance of the cause of temperance as first and foremost in importance. Resolved, That we disavow all intentions of forming a distinct, permanent, political party on this issue, but raising above partisan influence, we earnestly appeal to the sober and reflecting men of all parties, to unite with us in electing such men as are pledged to a prohibitory Law to represent us in the next legislature of the State of Ohio.

Resolved, That in the prosecution of the present Temperance reform, we are determined to know no distinction of creed, caste or sex, section, party or condition, but to fraternize, thoroughly, and act cordially, with all who are in heart and life, by word and deed prove themselves worthy and earnest champions of total abstinence. Resolved, That we will not cease our efforts until a Law shall be placed upon the Statute book of Ohio, which shall entirely prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic stimulants as a beverage.

Ed. Journal. The Seneca Co. Agricultural Society, will hold its 3d annual Fair at Tiffin, Oct. 6 7 and 8th, on which occasion the Board of Managers will be happy to furnish Badges of Admission free, to Citizens of Sandusky Co. The wire Suspension Bridge now building at the foot of Main Street, will be opened on the same week of the fair.

Tiffin Sept. 10, 1853. The Woman's Rights Convention which convened at New York, adjourned—rather broke up in a row, on the first; sine die!! How we pity those poor down-trodden women who desire so much to wear breeches and "can't" get about it to their entire satisfaction!

See advertisement of Lord & Lowery's Shaving and hair dressing saloon. While passing down street the other day, our attention was arrested by a large, brown, stone jug, hanging before the door of a grocery and labeled "Maine Law 1853." The jug was empty and the cork gone. In attempting to ridicule the proposed Law the owner had unintentionally presented a strong argument in its favor, in hanging up this empty jug he says to his fellow citizens "this is the way the Maine Law will hang King Alcohol, by the neck until he is dead and no Spirit in him, empty jugs will be the result of the Maine Law of 1853." We are glad to see such good arguments presented from a source whence we could not expect them.—Go on gentlemen, your arguments are cogent. We have only to regret that the most forcible ones are felt by mothers beaten and turned out of doors and by the children hungry and naked who slink away in silence and dread at the approach of a drunken father.

BURKE, in his essay on the sublime and beautiful, holds that all objects having the power of relaxing the nervous system are beautiful; if a shillelah is not a pretty woman may unnerve a man, it is true; but if a but over the head with a shillelah does the same thing, we submit that the instruments are too unlike to be placed in the same "beautiful" category. Ergo Mr. BURKE and his theory are not worthy of credence.—Sandusky Register.

"O dear! I feel very unwell this morning—I really cannot go out," was a lady's answer to an invitation to walk. "Ah! what is the matter?" said the sympathizing gentleman. "Why, I attended a dinner party, and eat too much, I guess. First came the usual hearty course—beef, mutton, veal, potatoes, corn, beans, &c., with the usual sauces and dressings and six varieties of pickles; next the usual desert course, pies, puddings, custards, tarts, cake, &c.; then fruits, melons and a glass of wine; and finally, a cup of rich, strong coffee. I eat of all, and really don't feel like walking." The gentleman went on his way alone, and was heard to remark that the lady was going into consumption.

Agricultural.

The Farmer's Song. Composed by J. G. Saxa, Esq., and arranged to music by Prof. T. Wood, and sung by "The Amphions," at the Sheep-Shearing Festival of A. L. Bingham, Esq., (of West Cornwall, Vt.) June 1st and 2d, 1853.

Have you ever heard of the farmers, Who live among the hills, Where every man's a sovereign, And owns the land he tills, Where all the girls are beautiful? And all the boys are strong! O, 'tis my delight of a summer's night To sing the farmer's song.

'Tis here the tall and manly Green Mountain boys are seen, (So called because the Mountains, And not the Boys, are green.) They'll always fight to win the right, Or, to resist the wrong, O, 'tis my delight, &c.

And here the best and fairest Of Yankee girls are caught, With every grace of form and face That e'er a lover sought— And every art to win his heart, And hold it long and strong, O, 'tis my delight, &c.

'Tis here the "Morgan" horses, And "Black Hawk" steeds abound; For grace and beauty, strength and speed, Their equals can't be found— They always "go it" fleetly, The always "come it" strong! O, 'tis my delight, &c.

And here the true Merinos, Of pure imported stock, Are often seen to range the green, In many a noble flock— Their forms are large and beautiful, Their wool is fine and long, O, 'tis my delight, &c.

You've often read of the wonders Of ancient Rome and Greece, Of Jason's expedition, To get the golden fleece— Alonzo's gold the fleece away, And brought the sheep along! O, 'tis my delight, &c.

O, here's success to Bingham! And all true shepherd men— May heaven keep himself and sheep 'Till shearing comes again— And then we may be there to see, And help the sport along, O, 'tis my delight, &c.

And now a health to the shearers, And many joyous years— Whose hands with will and ready skill Propel the busy shears— With hearts and consciences clear, Our voices loud and strong, O, we'll take delight from morn till night, To sing the shearer's song.

Rich Soil.—A respectable farmer of this county gave us an item, some days ago which we now use, not for the purpose of passing any very high compliment upon the kind of farming done here, but to show the kind of soil we have in Hancock county. He, last fall sowed two acres of wheat in corn ground. Being a little late before he got his corn out of the way, instead of plowing, as they do where they have poor soils, he merely lardered down the weeds, sowed his wheat, and then harrowed it to crown his labors with an abundance. He gathered the crop some days ago and had on these two acres one hundred and forty seven bushels of wheat.—Hancock Courier.

A correspondent of the Michigan Farmer says that he finds no difficulty in making the wildest cobs follow him, by using them to come to him with a mixture of two ounces of fine sugar, of which he carries a little in his pocket, and lets them lick it from his hand on all occasions, for two or three days, after which they will follow him everywhere.

To PRESERVE EGGS FOR ONE YEAR.—One pint quick lime, one pint salt, to three gallons water; no care is needed in putting in the eggs, as they will be right end up, and will settle just below the surface if proportioned right. This is an old and good receipt.

PEACH JAM.—Gather the fruit when ripe, peel and stone them, put them into the pan, and mash them over the fire till hot; rub them through a sieve, and to each pound of pulp add a pound of white sugar and half an ounce of bitter almonds, blanched and pounded; let it boil ten or fifteen minutes, stir and skimmed well.

PEACH JELLY.—Take free stones, not too ripe, wipe them and cut into quarters; crack the stones and break the kernels small; put the peaches and kernels into a covered jar set them in boiling water and let them do till soft; strain them through a jelly bag till the juice is squeezed out; allow a pint of white sugar to a pint of juice, and boil them twenty minutes, skimming very carefully; put the jelly, warm, into glasses or jars, and when cold, tie up with brandied papers.

Agricultural Fair.

List of premiums to be awarded at the 3d Annual Fair, to be held at Fremont on the 17th and 18th days of October, A. D. 1853.

Premiums on cattle. Best bull over 3 years old \$1.00 Best bull over 2 years old 2.00 Best bull over 1 year old 1.00 Best bull calf 1.00 Best cow over 3 years old 2.00 Best cow over 2 years old 1.00 Best cow over 1 year old 1.00 Best cow calf 1.00 Best fat bullock 3.00 Best fat cow 3.00 Best fat heifer 2.00 Best milk cow 2.00

Awarding Committee. John Moore, Amos Fenn, John Whitmore. Horses. Best stallion 4.00 Best brood mare 2.00 Best pair match horses 2.00 Best gelding 1.00 Best colt 1.00

Awarding Committee. John L. Greene, Ohio Leese, Wm. Hamer. Sheep. Best buck 3.00 Best ewe 2.00 Best pair 1.00

Awarding Committee. Hiram Hall, Horatio R. Adams, O. L. Nims. Swine. Best boar 3.00 Best breeding sow 1.00 Best fat hog 2.00 Best pen of pigs not less than 4 3.00

Awarding Committee. James Moore, Martin Wright, Ezra Stoner. Poultry. Best lot of 5 domestic fowls 2.00

Awarding Committee. John Bell, Mrs. P. B. B. Mrs. J. S. Gordon. Dairy. Best roll of butter 5 lbs. 2.00 Best cheese 2.00

Awarding Committee. Mrs. J. Smith, Mrs. P. T. T. Mrs. S. Treat. Fruit. Best variety of table fruit 2.00

Awarding Committee. J. A. Waters, Mrs. S. H. B. Mrs. M. J. B. Mings. Field Crops. Best sample about not less than 1 bushel 2.00 Best ears of corn 2.00 Best 4 new Potatoes 2.00 Best acre of wheat 4.00

Awarding Committee. Geo. Hyatt, John S. Gardner, Henry Bowen. Design. Best design for farm basin 2.00

Awarding Committee. John L. Cole, Samuel Treat, Necton Russell. Ladies Department. Best made shirt 2.00 Best muslin stockings 2.00 Best article of needle work of any kind 1.00

Awarding Committee. Miss E. Bell, Mrs. J. Chapman, Miss J. Hamer. Manufactured Articles. Best farm wagon 2.00 Best plow 2.00 Best ring 2.00 Best 2 hands at scythe 2.00 Best straw cutter 2.00 Best try buggy 2.00 Best two horse carriage 2.00 Best horse and cart 1.00

BONPLAND'S Fever and Ague Remedy.

It is neither a Patent, Quack or Empiric, but a genuine specific, prepared from the Recipe of a Physician, and approved by the widest and best medical authorities in the Country. DR. J. R. CHILTON, of New York, and by his recommendation to the world (voluntarily and without pay) for its valuable properties; and declared that it contains no mineral or poisonous substance. Its mode of operation is in removing BILIOUSness, and giving TONE, STRENGTH and VIGOR to the Liver, Kidneys and Stomach, or in other words, curing the disease Thoroughly and Effectually, and thereby breaking the chill, but removing the CAUSE, are everywhere acknowledged.

Read the following Certificate; we could produce a hundred just like it, but we ask the public to try it, and state its success on its merits. Toledo, Aug. 28th, 1848. Ma. Osborn.—I have had the Fever and Ague for one year and twenty four months, and have also had the most skillful Physicians in the country, first Dr. Luckey of Ottawa county, second Dr. Hyder, of Lower Sandusky, third a German physician at WATLINS, and also three different ones in this place, viz: Bowditch, Clark and Ferguson. I got so bad and became so badly bloated, that I had to cut open my boots, and have my clothes made larger. At last I could scarcely walk alone, and was finally cured by Bonpland's Vegetable Remedy for Fever and Ague.

The fifth time I used this medicine the chill and fever left me, and I continued to take the medicine for several months, and was finally cured. I have still one-third of the medicine left in the bottle, and yet I am free from all chill and fever, and the swelling has entirely left me. I am also happy and working at my trade, as a Carpenter. It is not necessary to say any thing more of this valuable medicine. Sold by S. BUCKLAND & Co., Fremont, J. M. ASHLEY, Wholesale agent, Toledo.

FREMONT PRICE CURRENT. CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat per bushel, Flour per barrel, Corn per bushel, etc.

Advertisements.

New Fall and Winter GOODS!

Haynes & Sons

ARE now receiving their immense stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and selling them at prices SO AWFULLY LOW! that it has stirred up quite a commotion in certain quarters. Keep cool, gentlemen—the people have had enough of our old prices!

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON! HEAD QUARTERS

THE MAMMOTH STOCK is daily arriving, and the old Regular is moving off with flying colors; the extra two rods which we have just added to our Store Room, is creating immense excitement among the entire community, and the rush is beyond description. Every good man goes to Head Quarters, and should the whole country continue to do all their business with the Thirteen Rod Establishment, as they have done for the past four years, we shall be obliged to build the SMOKE HOUSE.

And the River, open our doors on the east bank, establish a Telegraph Office in the rear, and sell Goods by lightning. That beautiful clear Sugar, twenty pounds for one dollar; Coffee at ten cents and Nails five cents per barrel, is what

Troubles this Old Line of nights! It is, however, generally understood that the last meeting of this Old Combination broke up in a row, there being a difference of opinion as to who should be the lighting each the coming year; those immense bumps, with the Smoke House attached, claimed the stand, while another party laid in their claim, on the ground of having added a new Ice Cream Parlor, and as they could not agree, this old Thirteen Rod Establishment agreed to settle the hash by giving the whole combination from mast head down. Look out for a ripper this Fall. We hope to have a boat to sort up our neighbors, in the way of small articles, as usual, and pay them Cash for all kinds of Produce the same as Farmers. O. L. NIMS & CO. Fremont, Sept. 3d, '53.

FREMONT Shaving & Hair Dressing Saloon.

by LORD & LOWERY, FASHIONABLE BARBERS. Come ye bearded Gentlemen attend, if you have a fly upon your forehead, or a hair upon your chin, the Barber, Who seats you in his easy chair, and while he kindly smoothes the skin, gives ease and comfort to the aching—The Barber, Who hears to the water in, and hopes you to his shop will re-appear. They keep their razors bright and keen.—They shave their customers so clean, they make them look youths of seventeen.—The Barber, Who renovates your long tangle into your pantaloons and waistcoat too.—The Barber.

They are located on the West side of Main st, opposite Richard's new block. You will always find them there, who are the Barber, and willing to serve you. Petition for Divorce. Hulda Gilbert vs Sandusky County Court of Ohio vs Common Pleas State of Ohio Milton Gilbert vs Divorce.

The said Milton Gilbert hereby notified that Depositions will be taken in the above county by the Petitioner, at the Office of Stephen Porter a Justice of the Peace in the township of Sylvania, County of Lucas and state of Ohio, on the 19th day of October, 1853, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. & 9 o'clock P. M. and will be continued from day to day between the same hours until all be taken. By BUCKLAND & EVERETT, her Attys. Dated Sept. 10th 1853.

Notice. A true instance an attachment was this day issued by Austin B. Taylor, a Justice of the peace of Sandusky Township, Sandusky County Ohio, against the property and effects of William Karchner a nonresident of said county. Dated this 10th day of September A. D. 1853. By C. EDGERTON, her Atty.