The Lancaster Gazette.

CITY OF LANCASTER.

Thursday Morning, May 10, 1855

WHO IS THE LIAR!

☞ Now that the long wished for object was at last accomplished, the two papers were united, and the bid for printing the Assessor's Blanks at 25 cents per quire made by the Telegraph, was instantly changed to ONE DOLLAR PER QUIRE!—*Gazette.*

Two *lies*—wilfully uttered—are contained in the above. 1st. That we changed the bids of the Telegraph from any sum to one dollar per quire, and 2nd, that *we ever made a bid for Assessor's Blanks or any other kind of printing, until a few days ago* when we made the unlucky bid for our neighbor which has made him so desperate.—*Ohio Eagle.*

By this the editors of the *Eagle* would have their readers believe that the printing was not raised from 25 and 55 cents to 75 cents and a dollar per quire. They distinctly declare that they did not "change the bids of the Telegraph from any sum to one dollar per quire." We now reiterate our charge that you *did*—and gentlemen here is the proof. On the 7th day of December, 1853, the editor of the Telegraph made the following bid for the county printing:

To the Honorable Commissioners of Fairfield County.

In compliance with your request I make the following proposal for printing all the blanks for the use of the county.

For Assessor's blanks per quire of paper 25
All other blanks " " 55

Respectfully submitted.
D. J. GRUBER,
Publisher Lancaster Telegraph.
December 7, 1853.

About four months after the above bid was handed the County Commissioners, the *Telegraph* partially changed hands and was merged into the *Eagle*, Mr. Gruber remaining in the firm. Now that there was no necessity for competition, the printing that Gruber agreed to do for 25 and 50 cents per quire was instantly changed to Seventy-five cents and ONE DOLLAR per quire, and the above bid in connection with the bills of printing in another column is evidence of the truth of what we say. The proof here adduced is documentary, and can't be denied.

But farther. The *Eagle* men say they "never made a bid for Assessors' blanks or any other kind of printing, until a few days ago when they bid for Assessors' blanks at 15 cents per quire." The editors of the *Eagle* endeavor in the above quotation to create the impression that they never made but this one bid for Assessor's blanks.—They distinctly declare that this is the only bid they ever made for county printing. But their "duplicity" and falsehood has been discovered, and the records prove the little confidence that can be placed in any thing these men say. It is only necessary for us to refer the reader to the following document which we find recorded on the Commissioners Journal to set these men in their true light:

No. 10. Agreement with Tuthill, Schleich & Gruber with the County Commissioners.

LANCASTER, March 20, 1855.

To the County Commissioners:

We propose to do all the county printing which the law makes it the duty of your Board to have done, such as blanks, &c., for the Probate Judge and Clerk of the Court, and all other printing plainly made the duty of the Commissioners to have done, and we hereby agree to do said printing for much less than has heretofore been paid by the County for the same kind of work.

Not knowing what kind of printing may be required to be done, we cannot submit a scale of prices, but our charges shall be much less, than those formerly paid, as we can possibly afford to make them, and we further agree that they shall be subject to the revision of the Commissioners when we present our bills for payment.

TUTHILL, SCHLEICH & GRUBER.

Thus it will be seen that we have proven by testimony that cannot be doubted, that the editors of the *Eagle did* raise the price of printing from 25 and 55 cents to 75 and one dollar per quire. We prove also by documentary evidence, that they *did* make more than *one* bid for printing. It is really astonishing to see these men make such reckless statements when the proof of their fallacy is on record. But perhaps they had an idea we would never get in possession of these facts, inasmuch as the last bid was made in the absence of Commissioner Peters, and was never brought to his knowledge until we called his attention to it.

Will the people of the county please scan these facts, facts taken from the record, and inform us who is guilty of the *lie*? No better evidence of the utter depravity of these men could be asked, and if the editors of the *Eagle* have one spark of candor in their souls they must acknowledge that they have been caught in their own trap, and that every position they have taken has proved ruinous to their reputation as truth loving and truth-telling men.

We would also direct attention to the outlandishly loose and reckless manner in which the above contract or bid is drawn up—giving, as it does, perfect license to the editors of the *Eagle* to charge four prices for every particle of work done for the county. If the people submit to any such transaction they are greater serfs than we suppose them to be.

☞ Hon. ISAAC J. ALLEN's name has been mentioned in connection with the office of Lieutenant Governor. He formerly resided in Mansfield, and is now President of the Farmer's College in Hamilton county.

The Catholic Instructor

UNION OF CHURCH AND STATE ADMITTED!!!

A newspaper published in Philadelphia with the endorsement and approbation of Bishop Newman over the editorial head, copies into the issue of April, 7th inst., the following from the "Sunday Dispatch:"

"On Sunday last, in the various Catholic churches of the city, a most extraordinary measure was resorted to by the clergy. Notices were given from the alters that petitions were prepared to be presented to the Legislature against the passage of the sixth section of Senator Eli K. Price's bill, prohibiting the accumulation of real estate in the hands of Bishops as sole corporations. The congregations were informed that every male person present was required to sign these petitions, inasmuch as Mr. Price's bill was an attack upon the holy principles of religion. In all the churches, so far as we have ascertained, the duty of each communicant, to sign the petition was insisted upon; and by some clergymen violent denunciations were thundered at all who would dare to refuse. Under the extraordinary influence thus resorted to, and in fear of the ecclesiastical censures which were menanced, the laity crowded the vestry rooms after the service to do as they were commanded."

The "Instructor" does not deny the fact of notice being given from the altar as alleged by the Dispatch, but it is certain that the coloring is too high. The "Instructor" says: (The italics introduced being ours.)

"The assertions are utterly untrue *with the exception*, 'That notices were given from the altars, that petitions were prepared to be presented to the Legislature against Mr. Price's bill.'"

* * * * *

"In the church in which we had the happiness to be present, the notice was published without a word of exhortation or even explanation, and *if* we are correctly informed a similar course was followed in other places. An *earnest invitation may have been given by one or two*, although even this we do not know, but that any *undue* influence was used by the Rev. Clergy or others we most positively deny."

* * * * *

There is *not one* Catholic who belongs to the large congregation of St. John's Church who does not REVERE THE PIETY, ADMIRE THE CHARACTER AND ABILITY, and who might not be BENEFITED by observing the amiable and polished manners of that distinguished gentleman, and we would recommend the Editor of the DISPATCH as well as the VOX POPULI to smooth down, for awhile, the asperity of party feeling and the acrimony of religious bigotry, and to go and take some lessons from the Pastor of St. Johns.

* * * * *

IF the language of the very Rev. gentleman WAS FORCIBLE, as it always is, it was employed in A USEFUL AND HONORABLE CAUSE. He used no personal abuse, he only DEFENDED A PRINCIPLE and those who censure him for speaking of this intended PUBLIC INJUSTICE, might as well denounce the Baptist for his inserference with the domestic happiness of Herod, or our Divine Savior, for disturbing the easy consciences of the Pharisees—"Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites." The Rev. gentleman, we assure our readers, used neither threats nor denunciations, but only INNITED EARNESTLY but temperately all, who wished, to sign the Remonstrance.—THEY CAME BY THOUSANDS, VOLUNTARILY, EAGERLY, UNINFLUENCED BY ANY MOTIVE BUT THAT OF DUTY TO THEIR CHURCH AND RESPECT TO THEIR PASTOR. Indeed, we ourselves SAW HUNDREDS COMING to enrol their names AFTER the Remonstrance had been forwarded to Harrisburg.

The Martha Washington Prisoners.

We learn from the New York Times that on the evening of the 4th inst., officer Bruen arrived in New York with the two Chapins, and Earle, who were remanded into Bruen's custody by Judge Storer of this city.

During the April term of the New York Court of General Sessions, the following twelve men were indicted by the Grand Jury, for obtaining money under false pretences, of the Atlantic Mutual Loan and Union Insurance Company. Each was indicted on two counts, and their trials will commence on Monday the 14th inst., in all probability.

The following persons stand accused:—Lyman Cole, John M. Cummins, George P. Stephens, Lorenzo Chapin, Amasa Chapin, Rufus Chapin, Benj. A. Earle, James G. Nicholson, Benj. W. Kimball, Wm. H. Holland, Wm. Kissane, Adams Chapin.

Kissane is in Sing Sing prison, while Adams Chapin, Nicholson, Holland and Stephens are yet at large. Expert officers are however, on their tracks, and they will no doubt be arrested soon.

Great Bank Robbery---Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

DETROIT, May 7.

$7,000 in fives and tens of the Peninsular Bank of this city has been stolen from the bank. The notes had not been issued. They were countersigned by S. M. Holmes, State Treasurer; numbered from 1001 to 1300 inclusive. They were dated April 1st.

Five hundred dollars reward is offered for the restoration of the money and prosecution of the criminal.

PART-PAID POSTAGE.—The following extract from the new postage regulations of Mr. P. M. Grand, may be of interest to some of our readers:

"Letters *part-paid* should be despatched, charged with the additional postage due at the pre-paid rate, according to distance, established by said act, (of March 3d, 1855,) except where the omission to pay the correct amount is known to have been intentional, when they should be treated as wholly unpaid."

Paupers.

NEW YORK, May 7.

Collector Redfield has received information that a large number of paupers sailed from Antwerp on the 15th ult., for this port in the ship Leopold.

Immense swarms of locusts have made their appearance in parts of Georgia.—They destroy all vegetable life that comes in their way. they approach from a western direction.

THAT ONE HUNDRED & FORTY DOLLAR SWINDLE.

On the 27th day of October, 1853, we received a communication from the present editor of the *Eagle* in reference to a contract entered into by the former editor of that paper to print the Assessors' blanks at one cent per quire, the county finding the paper, but afterwards received *one dollar per quire!* We have before stated that this opposition by Tuthill & Schleich to the payment of *one dollar* was to put down Ellis and get possession of the *Eagle*. In speaking of the payment of this one hundred and forty dollar swindle the editor of the *Eagle* made use of the following language:

"This account when it was settled and corrected by the county Commissioners, was found to be only $1,40 showing that Lilly had certified to $138,60 more than had been done for his office. Such *trickery, corruption and fraud*, we have never before witnessed. They should both be driven from the offices they have dishonored, and would have been if the Commissioners had done their duty."

Such, reader, was the language used by Tuthill & Schleich *against* the payment of this claim five months *before* they purchased the Eagle. At that time, and when they expected, by throwing odium on certain men who stood in their way, to accomplish their *own* selfish and corrupt political ends, they could scarcely find language strong enough to express their indignation at the payment of this *swindle!* But after having accomplished their object—namely—to get possession of and control the Eagle, and as they can no longer use this swindle to advance their *own interests*, they turn around, and in the very face of their former denunciations of this swindle, advocate its payment before the Board of Commissioners. In order to show the hypocrisy and utter dishonesty of these men we copy below their petition, drawn up, as it is, *in the handwriting of Mr. Tuthill*, principal editor of the Eagle, *urging the Commissioners to pay the one hundred and forty dollar swindle they had before denounced.* Here is the evidence of their guilt:

To the Commissioners of Fairfield Co. O.

Understanding that your Honorable body will be applied to for additional pay on contract for printing Assessors' blanks for the year 1852, and believing that the laborer is worthy of his hire and knowing that the contract price of one cent per quire was no compensation for the labor performed, we believe it would be just and right to pay an additional amount sufficient to make it *equal to the usual price* had for such work, and that in so doing you would be sustained by an honest and liberal public. TUTHILL, SCHLEICH & GRUBER.

Now remember that the *"usual price"* for printing Assessors' blanks was *one dollar per quire*, and when Mr. Tuthill drew up the above document he *knew* he was advocating the payment of the *full amount* of the one hundred and forty dollars he had before pronounced *fraudulent!* And yet he had the audacity to state that the people would sanction this scheme of public plunder! Thus adding insult to injury.

Such, reader, is a partial history of this transaction—exhibiting, as it does, the *true character* as well as the *true motives* of Tuthill & Schleich. While they were *professing* warm and undying friendship for certain men they were at the same time engaged in laying a scheme to accomplish their ruin! At one time denouncing this claim as *fraudulent* and in a few months thereafter *advocating its payment!* In order to accomplish their selfish ends they *secretly stabbed* those for whom they *professed* great friendship! Yet the very acts for which they denounced others they afterwards endorsed!

Let these facts go before the public, and let an intelligent and honest people estimate the true character of these men of loud professions and secret intrigue. The public can now see what little confidence can be placed in the assertions of the editors of the Ohio Eagle.

Notice to Stockholders.

The Stockholders of the C. W. & Z. R. R. wishing to attend the annual election of Directors, to be held at Circleville, on Thursday the 17th inst., can obtain free passes from JOHN R. MUMAUGH, Esq., of Lancaster, at any time previous to the day of the election. J. M. L. STAUGHTON, Superintendent.

Mysterious.

Some two Sabbaths ago a shirt and pantaloons, belonging to some unknown person, were found in the woods two and a half miles from this city secreted under a pile of brush. They were stained with blood and gave other evidences of foul play.

The following is an extract from the journal of the House of Delegates of Virginia, of November 15, 1778:

"On the 15th of November, 1778, James Ramsey petitions to the Vieginia Legislature, alleging himself discoverer and inventor of machines and engines to propel boats by steam, and praying for the repeal of the law in favor of John Fitch."

Balloon Ascension—Great Feat.

BALTIMORE, May 7.—By mail we have New Orleans papers, as late as due.—Mons. Godard left New Orleans last Sunday week in a balloon, and passed over a distance of three hundred and ten miles in six hours. He landed some passengers he took with him at Fort Gibson, Miss., and then resumed his voyage.

A letter to the St. Louis Republican states that two shocks of an earthquake were felt in that city at about half past ten o'clock on the night of the 30th. The interval between the shocks was about five minutes, the duration was five seconds, and the vibratory motion was sensibly felt.

Five Days Later from Europe.

HALIFAX, May 6.—The steamer Asia, with advices from Liverpool to the 28th ult., arrived at this port last night. The steamer Hermann sailed from Southampton for New York on the 25th ult.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.—By this arrival we have advices from the army before Sevastopol to the 19th ult., but, contrary to the general expectation, no important result had taken place, though the five hundred guns of the allies continued to play incessantly upon the town and fortresses.

Since the breaking up of the Vienna Conference, several supplementary meetings of the four parties had been held, but without any definite result.

The plenipotentiaries assembled on the 23d ult., and signed the protocol of the last Conference. Subsequently another meeting was held, at the request of Prince Cortschakoff, at which he made further propositions for Russia, but which were inadmissable, and rejected by France, England and Turkey.

The efforts of the Conference having thus totally failed, it was generally admitted that nothing could be hoped for but a long and sanguinary war, and all were looking to the result of the struggle at Sevastopol with intense anxiety.

Before Lord John Russell left Vienna, he had a private interview of two hours with Count Buol.

The departure of the French Minister from Vienna had been postponed for a few days, for the purpose of discussing matters with the Austrian Cabinet.

The London Times speaks of the policy of the new Czar as even more audacious than that of his father, and it was so regarded throughout Europe. The Allies had the exclusive control of the telegraph line, and nothing definite was known in regard to the real condition of matters at Sevastopol, but the general impression was, that matters were in favor of the Allies. The Russians, however, continued to fight with great bravery, and returned the fire of the Allies with effect.

A despatch received at Brussels, reports the suspension of the bombardment, but the truth was doubted. The dispatches from the Crimea are in the following order:

April 14th.—The bombardment continues night and day, from five hundred and ten guns and mortars; each gun firing one hundred and twenty rounds each twenty-four hours. The Manelon tower has been silenced, and some of the round tower guns dismantled, but the Ridean and Garden batteries keep up a heavy fire. There is no immediate prospect of an assault.

April 15.—During the night, a most sanguinary battle raged between the French and Russians, in which the former destroyed the rifle ambuscade, in front of the Malakoff tower.

April 16th.—The bombardment continues with unabated fury. The Russians repair the breaches made during the day with surprising facility. The loss of life is heavy.

April 17th.—The fire of the French batteries maintains its superiority, and they have sprung a mine before the flagstaff battery, at a distance from it of fifty metres, thereby opening a new parallel, which has been successfully joined to the other.

The French loss from the 12th to the 14th was 300 killed.

April 18th.—Last night the Russians made a strong sorti, but were promptly repulsed.

RUSSIAN ACCOUNT.—Prince Gortschakoff telegraphs to St. Petersburgh as follows:

April 17th.—The Allies' fire is growing less violent, and our own batteries reply successfully.

April 18th.—Last night we made a successful sortie, and destroyed the enemy's most advanced works. The losses of the garrison within the last few days have been inconsiderable.

THE LATEST.

A dispatch from St. Petersburgh says that Gortschakoff telegraphs under date of the 22d April, as follows:—

"After twelve days bombardment the fire of the Allies has become weak, causing but little damage."

The magnetic telegraph was completed from London to the Crimea, with the exception of a few miles between Bucharest and Rutschuck, but the British Government retain the exclusive use of it.

The Russian Dukes, Michael and Nicholas, were again on the way to the Crimea.

Menchikoff is not dead.

The St. Petersburgh Journal contains the imperial rescript expressing the Emperor's satisfaction, and hoping Menchikoff's health will soon be restored, and bestowing upon him and his descendants a palace at St. Petersburgh.

Mehomet Ali, the Sultan's brother-in-law, had been arrested and sent to Sinope, charged with being troublesome.

All the ports on the Baltic will be blockaded after the 19th April.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The demand for cotton at Liverpool, was active, with a large speculative inquiry. The sales during the week reached 102,000 bales, of which speculators took 31,000 bales, and exporters 10,000 do. Dennistoun says all the better grades advanced 1s 16a1s 8d. The stock of all kinds in Liverpool was 600,000 bales, 396,000 bales were American. The market closed with an active demand.

Richardson, Spence & Co. say, the weather being unfavorable, all kinds of breadstuffs had considerably advanced.—Corn had avanced 3d, with a buoyant market, and quote Yellow at 47s. Flour advanced 2s, with an active speculative demand. The outside quotation for Ohio was 45s, and Western Canal, 42s. An active demand existed for Wheat; and prices had advanced 6da8d per bushel. The market for all kinds closing Saturday, buoyant.

The same Circular quotes Beef dull, but prices unchanged, and holders firm.—Pork dull, but not lower. Bacon advanced 1s per cwt during the week, and Lard 2s, with a buoyant market—closing at 46s a 50s for Lard. Tallow had also further advanced, and sales of Northern were made at 58s.

There was no change in Iron. Scotch Pig is quoted at 60a61s.

At London, the money market was easier. Consols further declined, closing at 88¾a88⅞. American Stocks were steady at previous quotations. Ohio Sixes are quoted at 91, and Pennsylvania Fives at 78a80.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

A FARM containing 212 Acres, on the waters of Clearcreek, in Madison township, known as the "Weiss Farm," with an excellent water privilege, will be sold by the undersigned, at private sale. For terms apply to
Lancaster, June 7, 1854 A. McVEIGH, Land Agent.

Joseph Hiss Investigating Committee.

BOSTON, May 8.—the last committee appointed by the Legislature to investigate expedition to Roxbury, and the alleged delinquencies of Mr. Joseph Hiss, has concluded its labors, and presented a lengthy report to the House to-day. The report says the comittee finds nothing censurable in the manner in which the Nunnery Committee conducted itself at Roxbury and Worcester, but is very severe upon Mr. Hiss for his conduct with Mrs. Patterson at Lowell, and recommends that he be expelled from the House. The report was accepted.

Murder and Lynching in Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—Advices from Fort Leavenworth say that Malcomb Clark was murdered by a lawyer named McCrea; after McCrea had committed the deed he jumped into the river and tried to escape, but he was followed and captured, and brought back to the Guard house, and hand-bills were circulated calling upon the citizens to assemble and revenge Malcomb Clark's blood. It was rumored McCrea had been Lynched, and his house burnt.

The difficulty which led to the murder arose out of the election troubles..

Fire Engine for Sale.

We are authorized to state that the Fire Engine, Phœnix, belonging to this city is offered for sale. It is in excellent order and would be an invaluable article to some of our neighboring towns not possessed of one. For particulars inquire of Messrs. Baughman, Shoff, & Pearse.

MARRIED,

On the 8th inst., by the Rev. S. M. Wilson, Mr. SAMUEL K. WILLIAMS of Lancaster, to Miss. REBECCA MYERS of Lithopolis, both of Fairfield county Ohio.

☞ A SECRET FOR THE LADIES.—How to PRESERVE BEAUTY.—Don't use Chalk, Lily White, or any of the so-called cosmetics, to conceal a faded or sallow complexion.

If you would have the roses brought back to your cheek, a clear, healthy and transparent skin, and life and vigor infused through the system, get a bottle of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and take it according to directions. It does not taste quite as well as your sweet-meats; but, if after a few doses you do not find your health and beauty reviving, your step elastic and vigorous, and the whole system refreshed and invigorated like a Spring morning, then your case is hopeless, and all the valuable certificates we possess, go for naught. It is the greatest purifier of the blood known; is perfectly harmless, and at the same time powerfully efficacious.

**See advertisement—May 3, 1855—1w32

STRAYED AWAY

FROM the the pasture of the subscriber, one mile West of Lancaster, on Saturday night last, a large

DARK BAY HORSE,

or perhaps some would call him a light Brown, with a long slim tail, with the hair worn short near the root—one fore and one hind foot white, as I think. Any person securing said horse, or giving me information where he can be found, shall be liberally rewarded, as he is a favorite family horse.
Lancaster, May 10, 1855—3w1 P. VAN TRUMP.

MASONIC CALENDER

REGULAR MEETINGS:

LANCASTER LODGE, No. 57 - - - - May 1, 1855.
" CHAPTER, No. 11 - - - - May 3 "
" ENCAMPMENT, No. 2. - - - May 8 "
" COUNCIL, No. 4. - - - - - - June 15 "
February 22, 1855. G. STEINMAN, Recorder.

An Ordinance

Amending an Ordinance passed June 8, 1854, and entitled an Ordinance to amend an Ordinance, fixing the width of the Side-Walks or Pavements in the City of Lancaster, passed the 12th of April, 1834.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Lancaster.* That the first Section of an Ordinance, passed 8th June, 1854, entitled an Ordinance to amend an Ordinance fixing the width of the Side-Walks or Pavements in the City of Lancaster, passed the 12th day of April, 1834, be so amended as to read, that the First Section of an Ordinance entitled an Ordinance, fixing the width of the Side-Walks or Pavements in the town of Lancaster, passed the 12th day of April, 1834, be so amended as to read, that the width of the Side-Walks or pavements shall hereafter be as follows in the following Streets, parts of Streets and Alley, to-wit: On Main, between Broad and Second, and on Broad Street, between South Alley and the Circle in Carpenter's addition, fifteen feet; on Main from Broad Street Eastward, and from Second Street Westward, twelve feet; on Wheeling, Second, Fourth, Union, Mill and German Streets, ten feet; on Mulberry, Chestnut, Front, Columbus, Walnut, Jackson, Perry, Lawrence, Creghan, Winding, Porter, Water and King Streets, nine feet; on Broad Alley, five feet; and on Broad Street from South Alley, Northward, twelve feet, including the four feet given by the owners of the property on said part of the street to the city for street purposes.

SEC. 2. *Be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid*, That the First Section of the Ordinance passed 8th June, 1854, and entitled an Ordinance to amend an Ordinance fixing the width of the Side-Walks or Pavements in the City of Lancaster, passed the 12th day of April, 1834, be and the same is hereby repealed.

CHARLES DRESBACH, President, C. C.
Attest—G. S. WILLIAMS, City Clerk. april 26.

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIST.

OFFICE in Tallmadge Block, Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio. REFERENCES.
Prof. C. D. Williams, M. D. } Cleveland.
" H. P. Gatchell, M. D.
" A. O. Blair, M. D., Columbus.
" J. H. Pulte, M. D., Cincinnati. april 19

Dry Goods for Spring & Summer.

WILLIAM LEE & CO.

No. 74 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati.

Offers as usual, to their customers and others,
A VERY EXTENSIVE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK IN FASHIONABLE, TASTEFUL AND USEFUL STYLES OF GOODS, viz:
Ladies' Dress Goods, of all kinds of Fabrics, Shawls and Mantillas; Embroideries and Laces; Hdkfs., Hosiery, &c.; Linens, Muslins, and all kinds of plain fabrics; Housekeeping Goods, great variety. Also—
GOODS FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR;
Business conducted on the one price principle.

Prices marked at rates as favorable to purchasers as can be afforded by any house engaged in a regular business.
Persons visiting Cincinnati are respectfully invited to call and examine Goods and prices. April 5—48

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY AND Book Bindery, Lancaster, Ohio.

BLANK BOOKS for County Offices, Justices' Blanks, Dockets, Double and Single Entry Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, &c., &c. Also, Book Binding of every description done in a most satisfactory style.

All orders, by letter or otherwise, promptly attended to.

Orders for Binding can be left at the Gazette Office, or at the Bindery, on Main Street, in the room formerly occupied by Col. P. Van Trump, as a Law Office, and nearly opposite Dr. Kreider's residence.
December 14, 1854—32 J. RUSSELL.

B. CONNELL,
HAS JUST RECEIVED AT THE
CITY BOOK STORE
the following:
Swan's Treatise, price $3; Swan's Manuel, $1,25.
Lancaster, November 23, 1854—29

LOOKING GLASSES.

I AM at all times prepared to furnish LOOKING GLASSES in Mahogany, Walnut or Rosewood Frames, Looking Glass Plates, Pictures Frames, &c.
Also, Gilt Frame, Glasses of all sizes and styles, Portrait Frames, Picture Frames, and a general assortment of Pictures and Oil Paintings, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices. J. C. GEST,
No. 9 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
March 8, 1855—44

A NEW STOCK.

A New and well Selected lot of Grocerie

HAVE just been received by the subscriber, at his old stand, where he will be happy to meet his customers and the public generally.
Groceries will be sold by me as cheap and of as good quality as can be found in any similar establishment in the city.
I have just received a choice lot of Cranberies, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, and also a general variety of Nuts, such as Almonds, Brazil Nuts, Coco Nuts, &c. Also, a splendid lot of Old Western Reserve Cheese.
GEORGE J. WYGUM.
Lancaster Feb. 7, 1855—49

FARMS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell a part or all his land, (being about 200 acres) in Bloom Township, one mile West of Carroll. The Farms as to quality, condition and convenience, can't be surpassed. Upon them are 2 superior Springs, 3 Dwelling Houses, Orchards of choice fruit, etc. Those wishing to purchase call and see, as I am determined to sell. SAMUEL COFMAN.
December 14, 1854—32

NEW BOOKS
JUST RECEIVED AT
SEARLE'S BOOK STORE,
Opposite Shaffer's Hotel, Lancaster, Ohio.

HONEY MOON and other Comalities from Punch
Autobiography of an Actress, by Mrs. Mowatt
Journey to Central Africa, by Bayard Taylor
Kansas and Nebraska, by Hale
Sunny Memories of Foreign Lands, by Mrs. Stowe
The Better Land, by Thompson
Napoleon & his Army, The Camp Fires of Napoleon.
A fine lot of Annuals for 1855, and a fine lot of small Gift Books of all kinds.
Catholic Prayer Books, Episcopal Prayer Books, and a large lot of Family Bibles and Pocket Bibles at reduced prices.
School Books and Stationery at Wholesale & Retail.
Pocket Wallets, Port Monies, and Pen Knives, for sale at the Book Store of JOHN SEARLES,
Oct. 26, 1854—25 Opposite Shaffer's Hotel.

NEW CARRIAGE SHOP.

F. C. DIETZ

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Fairfield county that he has recently put up a new Carriage Shop, *immediately in the rear of Whitely Latta's Hardware Store, Centre Alley, Lancaster Ohio*, where he will constantly keep on hand and manufacture to order every variety of vehicle in his line.
☞ Repairing done on short notice, and the most avorable terms. Dec. 14, 1854—36

TIN SHOP & FOUNDRY WARE-ROOM

James McManamy

HAVING established himself in the manufacturing of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, in *Gizey's Building, one Door West of the Hocking Valley Bank*, is prepared to furnish the people of this county with every thing that may be needed in his line. He keeps on hand every variety of COOKING and HEATING STOVES for WOOD and COAL, consisting in part of the Lion Air Tight, Western Queen, Triumph, Buck, Presidents and Proference for Wood and Black Diamond for Coal. Also Ploughs, Plough Shares, Sugar Kettles & Hollow-ware. All of the above articles will be sold as low as can be bought elsewhere. He invites citizens generally to call and examine his stock. JAMES McMANAMY.
N. B. House-spouting & jobbing done upon short notice. Old Copper, Brass, Pewter and Iron taken in exchange for any of the above articles. J. Mc.
Lancaster, may 1, 1854

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

REED & BAUGHMAN

WOULD take this opportunity to return their thanks to their numerous friends for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, and assure them that no pains shall be spared to sustain the flattering reputation already attained, and in order to meet the greatly increased demand at their Establishment for Boots and Shoes, they have in addition to their own manufacturing just received from the East a very large and fashionable stock, consisting in part as follows:
Men's Fine Calf, Kip and coarse Boots,
Gents pat. Calf Gaiters and Ties,
" Buskins and Monroes,
All kinds of Ladies and Misses Boots, Shoes, Slippers and Gaiters,
Also, an assortment of the best quality of Children's fancy and plain Shoes,
In addition to the above we are constantly manufacturing largely, for sale and also to order, all kinds of Boots and Shoes, which we have no hesitancy in saying, will compare in price and quality with any stock in the Western country. may 16, 1854

THE ONLY NO. ONE HAT STORE IN LANCASTER.

ROBERT FIELDING

HAS just received from Philadelphia and New York, one of the *LARGEST STOCK OF HATS AND CAPS* that has ever come to this city, of the LATEST IMPROVED STYLES, embracing every variety of shapes, sorts and sizes—consisting of the late Spring Style MOLE-SKIN HAT, unsurpassed in Ohio for durability and fineness.
Also, Young Men's Hats of all kinds:
Summer Hats, consisting of PANAMA;
Pedal and China Straw;
Braid LEGHORN and MANILA;
Palm Leaf, Kossuth Hats, both Fur and Wool;
Fine Otter and White Beaver, for Summer;
The latest Spring Style Cassimere Hats;
All sorts of Boys & Children's Fancy Hats,
BOTH FUR, WOOL AND STRAW;
All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, lower than ever before.
N. B. Country Merchants will do well by calling and examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Lancaster, april 26, 1855—30 R. FIELDING.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY!

WE would particularly invite the attention of our Lady readers, who intend visiting Cincinnati this Spring or Summer, to the extensive stock of Mrs. J. A. HENDERSON, late
MRS. RICH,
Consisting of
Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers and Trimmings of the latest Paris & New York styles. Her stock is by far the LARGEST in the city, and is kept constantly full by DAILY ARRIVALS from the East, of the *Newest Pattern Bonnets, English Straws, Swiss, Tuscan, and Satin Braids, Blond and French Laces*, together with the most choice BONNET, CAP and TRIMMING RIBBONS, and FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS imported; all of which she will sell 25 per cent. lower than any other establishment in Cincinnati. Her store is No. 204 FIFTH STREET, between Elm & Plum, Cincinnati, March 29, 1855—1y47

GILT Mouldings for Picture Frames, for sale at the city book store
April 21, 1854. B. CONNELL, Agent.

ARCHITECTURE by L. D. Gould, A. Benjamin and O. P. Smith, for sale at the city book store
april 21, 1854. B. CONNELL, Agent.

CLARK'S Commentary on the Old and New Testament, for sale at the city book store.
April 21, 1854. B. CONNELL Agent.

MRS. Partington's Carpet Bag of Fun, for sale at the city book store.
April 21, 1854. B. CONNELL Agent

THE Old Brewery and New Mission House, for sal at the city book store.
21, 1854. B. CONNELL, Agent.

THE Lamp Lighter, for sale at the city book store
April 21 1854. B. CONNELL, Agent.

FARMERS' and Emigrant's Book, for sale at the city book store.
April 21, 1854. B. CONNELL, Agent.

FANCY Articles in great variety, for sale at the city book store.
April 21, 1854. B. CONNELL Agent.

A CARD.

IMPERFECT health has kept me from my office part of the time for some months. I have gained my former strength and will not hereafter be absent from my room during business hours.
Filling Teeth receives my special attention. I give certified guarantees for all my gold fillings to be effective during the lives of the parties. I am able after near 20 years attention to the Teeth to give every person the most positive assurance that they can save every Tooth by timely and frequent attention.
OFFICE—Ewing's Brick, on the Hill. H. SCOTT.
☞ For those who have the TOOTH-ACHE and will not have them extracted, I have a remedy that seldom fails to give relief. Also, Tooth Powders, Brushes, &c. H. SCOTT.
Lancaster, December 6, 1854—31

BREAD! BREAD!! BREAD!!!

SAMUEL BEERY

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Lancaster & vicinity, that he has commenced the Bread, Light Rusk & Cracker Baking in connection with his former baking, & is now prepared TO FURNISH FAMILIES with every thing in the above line. Having in his employ the best of bakers, he feels confident that he can please all who may favor him with a call.
☞ Call at his Store on Main Street, and also at his Bake-House, corner of Columbus & Mulberry streets.
Lancaster, July 18, 1854.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.

THE undersigned has been appointed Agent for the "CITY INSURANCE COMPANY" of Cleveland, Ohio, and will insure Buildings, Merchandize, Household Furniture, and other personal property, *against loss by fire.* All losses will be equitably and promptly adjusted and paid. P. VAN TRUMP.
Lancaster, February 8, 1855—3m40

REMOVAL.

DR. O. E. DAVIS,

HAS removed his residence and office to the brick building formerly occupied by John Stallsmith, Esq., south side of Main Street, 3 doors west of Dr. Kreider's residence. October 19, 1854—23

REMOVAL.

DR. WAGENHALS,

HAS removed his office to *Latta's corner*, East of the Court House, opposite the Ohio Eagle Office.
Lancaster, October 29, 1854—25

ALFRED McVEIGH,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, JUSTICE OF PEACE AND GENERAL LAND AGENT,
Lancaster, Ohio.

WILL give attention to the purchasing and selling of Real Estate, also, to the procuring of Pensions and Bounty Lands.
OFFICE—In the Brick Block, nearly opposite Hocking Valley Bank. may 16 1854

MUSIC! MUSIC!!

MISSES DE BERTHOLTS have returned to Lancaster, and will be happy to receive pupils for instruction on the PIANO FORTE and GUITAR, at their residence at *Mr. Upfield's, Columbus Street*, and hope their long experience in teaching music, and the unremitting attention paid to the improvement of their Pupils will insure a portion of public patronage.
MISS A. C. DE BERTHOLT will receive a class for Embroidery and Canvass work.
MISS M. G. DE BERTHOLT has opened an Elementary School in the Basement Story of the Episcopal Church. November 9, 1854—20

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of LITTLE & MATLACK has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are left in the hands of John N. Little for settlement. JOHN N. LITTLE,
Lancaster, Feb. 27, 1855. JOHN MATLACK.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Fairfield County, ss.

BY virtue of an execution, against property, from the Court of Common Pleas, in and for said county, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Lancaster on *Thursday the 7th day of June A. D.* 1855, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following described real estate to wit: situate in the county of Fairfield and State of Ohio. In lot number 26 in Carpenter's addition to the town of Lancaster, valued at ($1,700) seventeen hundred dollars, for lot and improvements. To be sold as the property of Martin Hill, at the suit of George Sanderson, as assignee of judgment in favor of Solomon Spangler. Terms of sale cash. WM. POTTER, Sheriff.
By C. M. L. WISEMAN, Deputy.
Lancaster, Ohio, May 3, 1855—32w5pf$3

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Fairfield County, ss.

PURSUANT to the command of an order for sale, from the Court of Common Pleas, of said county of Fairfield, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale at the Court House in Lancaster on *Saturday the 12th of May, A. D.* 1855, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number three in the North addition to the Town of Millersport, in Fairfield county, Ohio. Valued at $150. Attached at the suit of George W. Taylor, to be sold as the property of Jacob Ketner. Terms of sale cash. WM. POTTER, Sheriff.
By C. M. L. WISEMAN, Deputy.
HUNTER & SHEFFER, Attys. april 12—5w49pf$3

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Fairfield County, ss.

PURSUANT to the command of an order of sale from the Court of Common Pleas, in and for said county, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale at the Court House in Lancaster, on *Saturday the 12th day of May A. D.* 1855, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Situate in the county of Fairfield and State of Ohio, being the East half of the Southeast Quarter of Section No. 3, in Township No. 13, of Range No 19, of the United States Lands lying and being in the Circleville District, Ohio,