The Lancaster Gazette.

R. H. CLARKE & J. H. SUTPHEN
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

CITY OF LANCASTER:
Thursday Morning, July 21, 1859

YOUNG AMERICA.—One evening last week whilst the good people of the city, were in the quiet enjoyment of "nature's sweet restorer," some forty or fifty of the young hopeful, assembled in solemn conclave in the vicinity of the north School House, and were about to emerge from their rendezvous, gorgeously decorated in the most fantastic parphernalia—when oh! horrible to relate!! our *wicked* old Marshal, "not having the fear of God before his eyes, and being moved, and seduced thereto by the instigation of the devil," mysteriously appeared and found them "in such a questionable shape," that he spoke to them "as one having authority," to the great annoyance of the boys, and consequent disappointment to the waiting curious.

What surprises us most, is to see so many of our order-loving, law-abiding citizens hold up their hands in holy horror, at the tyrannical assumption of power, on the part of the Marshal. Now we know it is perfectly natural, for parents to take sides with *their* children, but that they should go to the romantic extent, of encouraging these midnight parades, is more than we would expect. We think the Marshal has plenary power to disperse not only the boys, but even the Sons of Malta, or any other midnight gathering, whose only object can be the disturbance of the peace and quiet of the city. We believe it was old Themistocles, of Athens, who said Athens ruled Greece, he ruled Athens, his wife ruled him, his son ruled his wife, —therefore his son ruled Greece. The sylogysm can be readily imagined, which will enable us to say—therefore the boys rule the town.

Telemacus commanded Penelope to keep silent, and Penelope retired, penetrated with admiration at the depth of her son's wisdom. These serve as pretty good illustrations of the manner in which *some* of the youth of our city are receiving their education, and should they continue on, with the *assistance* of their parents, we have no doubt that they will soon become bright and shining ornaments of society.

MILITARY.—CAPT. CLOUD's new Military Company made a very fine display on Tuesday evening of this week in Mr. TALMADGE's meadow. After several well executed maneuvers, the Capt. brought his company into a line at the foot of the knoll, opposite the residence of Mr. TALLMADGE, and gave his honor a military salute. Upon their return to the city, two rounds were fired at the foot of Main Street, when they advanced at double-quick time, with charged bayonets, and a shout as startling as the Zouaves. Unfortunately, such was the war-like spirit of the company, that one of the advanced members, received the point of a bayonet in his right side, causing a slight wound, which he bore with heroic bravery.

SONS OF MALTA.—This flourishing order of midnight notoriety, organized on Tuesday evening of last week, at Circleville. We understand that the Columbus Lodge officiated on the occasion, and that some thirty or forty members were initiated into the mystic rites of the Order. To-day, the Lancaster Lodge descend the Hocking Valley, for the purpose of inaugurating the Loganites; on which occasion we are informed they will commemorate the feast of the "Nine Cardinals."

A CHANGE.—We invite the attention of the reading public to the advertisement of Messrs. LYONS & SON, who have lately embarked in the Dry Goods business.—They will be found at the old stand formerly occupied by Martin & Hooker, whose entire stock they have purchased, and to which they will, in a few days add a choice assortment. The indefatigable JIMMY will always be on hand to greet his customers with one of his happy and irresistible smiles. They invite everybody to call and see them.

☞ We think Mr. HILL has adopted a wise plan for this hot weather. He begins school in the morning at 7, and lets out at 10; takes up in the afternoon at 2, and lets out in the evening at 5, thus avoiding the extreme heat of the day.

WHEAT.—The Wilmington Republican says that a gentleman of that vicinity, exhibited a handful of head of white beardless wheat, in that place recently, of remarkable size and plumpness. Three of the large heads were examined, and found to contain 307 well formed grains! Well done. Who can beat it?

☞ An editor in the northern part of the State recently took a cotemporary to task for copying choice scraps from his editorial columns and not giving him credit for them. The cotemporary replied by saying that "he did not do a credit business!"

☞ The Jewelry Store of L. C. BUTCH, is fast becoming a favorite resort for persons wanting anything done in the repairing line. Well, Butch *knows how*.

☞ We would direct special attention to the advertisement of NIC FAUCHA, at the Swan Corner. Read—it speaks for itself.

☞ Read the advertisement of W. R. RHOADS in another column. He is still taking pictures very cheap.

☞ See advertisement in special notice column headed "To Consumptives."

☞ The Evansville, [Ind.] Enquirer requests us to pass one JAMES BRIDEGAME, around as a scoundrel. The Enquirer publishes an article a column in length, concerning him, from which we learn that he has been guilty of the following misdemeanors. He purchased a part of the Enquirer giving in part payment a draft for fourteen hundred dollars on BENJAMIN BUDREGARE, of Lancaster Pa., which being sent there for collection was returned with the report that BENJAMIN BUDREGARE could not be found. Bridegame afterwards feigned a necessity to go to Cincinnati, to see a sick brother, and borrowed a carpet sack from his landlord under pretense of leaving his trunk, which he afterwards smuggled from the house leaving the carpet-sack well filled with old newspapers. While in Evansville he borrowed considerable money in small sums from different persons without making payment. Since he left, two lawyers have recieved bills against him for collection, from his former places of residence, and one of them has an affidavit which charges him with stealing a gold watch and chain valued at one-hundred and fifty dollars. We give the Enquirer's description of him entire:

"In person Bridegame is about five feet nine inches high. He is rather slenderly built, of fair complexion, and dark hair, dresses scrupulously neat and rather too stylish for a printer. He is evidently a Pennsylvania german and speaks many words very indistinctly, so much so that a careful observer would readily detect his deficiency in this respect. Wherever he has gone we advise the public to be on the watch for him. We know him to be a liar and a cheat, and we have every reason to believe he is a thief. If any person will inform us of his whereabouts we shall be greatly obliged as we may be able to bring the rascal to justice.

☞ The Cincinnati Gazette of Tuesday says:—"Yesterday was another of these sweltering days which have lately made everybody so miserable. We do not pretend to keep an accurate record of the thermometer's doings in such weather. Suffice it to say, that it didn't yesterday fall below 90 deg. F. nor rise over 100 deg. F. in the shade. It was, most of the day, over 100 deg.

The Gazette further states that on Monday last there were no less than nine cases of sunstroke in that city, about two thirds of wich were fatal.

"I. O. S. M."—The Xenia Torch Light in describing the parade by the Sons of Malta in that place says: "At twelve o'clock on last Thursday night, all Xenia was on the walks to witness the first public parade of the members of that mysterious order—the "I. O. S. M." It was a very "solemn occasion." The few torches which accompanied the procession served to give an additional tinge of gloom to the otherwise gloomy parade; and out of this wall of double darkness came the wail of funeral music, smiting the air with its mournful melody. Slowly and solemnly trailed in the wake of this ghostly music an hundred men, more or less, wrapped in the habiliments of the grave, and moving as if they were grouping their way, without priest or undertaker, to that last bourne in "yonder" cemetery. Like all respectable ghosts, they disappeared with chanticleer's first notes of warning. Since this lodge is organized in our midst, we would advise all good men, who desire to see that no evil springs from it—no descent on Cuba—no helping the "Dutch to take Holland," nor nothing of that kind—to join it."

☞ The Cincinnati Commercial says there has been a fight at Toledo. The editor of the Blade, has been assailed on the street by the Canal Collector. The collector struck the editor from behind and without warning, swore some and made a considerable stir in the streets. It appears that the editor had been denouncing gambling and gamblers, and the collector took it as personal, and hence the attack.

HET HOLLANDSCH BITTER.—We have received another certificate out of Grand Rapids, Michigan, dated 19th June, 1853.

PETER DANE, a Hollander, desires to publish in the *Nieuwsbode*, that the Holland Bitters entirely cured him of Indigestion, Fever and Debility, with which he suffered all the spring. Peter Dane is grateful to the proprietors of this great remedy, and takes this way of recommending it to his countrymen. J. QUINTUS,

Ed. Sheboygan Nieuwsbode, Sheboygan, Wis.

Dr. Edson Denny Olds.

Died, at San Cosme, near Tacubaya, Mexico, on the 2nd of April last, Dr. EDSON DENNY OLDS, youngest son Hon. Edson B. Olds, in the 24th year of his age.

Dr. Olds joined the army of the Liberal Party in Mexico, at Monterey in the spring of 1858, and at the time of his death, he held the rank of a Major and Surgeon of Brigade in the Federal Forces, commanded by Degollado. On the morning of the 2nd of April last, the Federal Army marched from Tacubaya to attack the city of Mexico and met the Conservative Army at San Cosme. A heavy Cannonading there ensued during which Dr. OLDS was shot in the body by a cannon ball and a few moments after expired. He was carried off by his friends and burried at Tacubaya. Dr. OLDS was a young man of great promise, which is fully attested by his rapid rise in the Liberal Army of Mexico. His commanding talents noble deeds, and extensive acquirements, would have placed him high up on the roll of fame in any country. He was beloved by all who knew him, and his family here, will receive the condolence of many sympathising hearts, made sad by his death.—[Circleville Watchman.

☞ Read Dr. MANLY's advertisement of his next monthly visit in another column.

The Goose-Quill.

The old Goose-quill 's the pen for me;
I love to write with ease,
Let others, I care not who they be,
Condemn Heathey please.

I hate this stiff, and cramp up way,
Of writing, with the steel,
It does not write the same each day,
Nor even, as you feel.

Nor do I like the gold pen yet,
With all its boasting ways;
It keeps the mind, and hand, in fret,
And don' think what it says.

But when I write, give me my choice—
I'll choose the old goose-quill,
It writes so plain, and needs no force,
But moves, just at your will.

It helps the thoughts to flow more free,
It gives them form, and place,
It sets the hand at liberty,
To move with ease and grace.

Yes, the old goose-quill 's the pen for me
Although it meets abuse;
I'll use it too, where'er I be,
And advocate its use.

☞ New Orleans, it is gratifying to be assured, is enjoying a greater degree of health thus far this summer than has been the case for years. Not a solitary case of yellow fever has as yet made its appearance. True, there is time enough yet, but we may safely express the hope that our sister city may be spared a visitation of her old enemy this year.

The River Po.

The following are some particulars concerning the River Po, always of so much importance in every war in Italy. Known to the ancients as the Eridanus, or Padus, it takes its rise at Monte Viso, in the Grisons Alps, and flows 260 miles from the west to the east, falling into the Gulf of Venice, after receiving several smaller rivers in its course. It has several mouths, extending over a length of 16 miles, between Port Levant and Port Volano, in the bay of, Palezza. The shore in that part is formed of the earth and other matters which the river brings down, which by being accumulated have, in the course of centuries, changed the configuration of the coat; what, for example, is now land having formerly been a gulf, one side of which, a point or spit, eight miles long towards the east, still remains. This spit, which bears the name of Point de la Maestra, is in great part a marsh, covered with rushes, and is cut up into a number of islands by means of canals. The size and shape of these canals and islands are constantly varying, especially on the melting of the snow in the Spring and the heavy falls of rain in Autumn. From Placenza, the Po flows between two high banks, artificially made, to Papozze and Sarravalla, villages nruteen miles to the east of Ferrara. These banks, constructed to maintain the river, have had the singular effect of raising it above the plain through which it flows, so that the inhabitants of the districts of Ferrara and Polesina are constantly in dread of inundations. Up to Sarravalla the river is called the Great Po. At that place it is divided into two branches, one of which, going towards the east, falls into the sea at the Pointe de la Maestra, and other, going towards the southeast, enters the sea to the north of the roadstead of Goro The first branch is called the Po de la Maestra, and the second the Po de la Goro, and they are about the only parts navigable.—Between the Bay Pelazza and the Pointe de la Maestra are the seven principal mouths of the river. All are encumbered with sandbanks constantly varying, and which consequently render navigation difficult even to experienced mariners. The Pointe de la Maestra terminates at the north of the Delta of the Po; it lies low; and on going to Venice, or leaving the ports of the lagoons, it is prudent to keep at a distance from it. At four and a half miles to the northwest is the mouth of the Great Po, which is called the Port de la Maestra. This mouth which has recently been formed, has replaced one which was at two miles to the southeast, and which is now filled up. Large banks of sand cover all this part of the coast, and render the entrance to the Port de la Maestra difficult.

TREATMENT OF THE AUSTRIAN PRISONERS.—A letter from Genoa under date of June 16th, says:

Four large detached buildings in the most healthy parts of the town have been given up to the wounded; the sick, mostly cases of ague caught in the flooded rice grounds, being entirely separated from the wounded. The new barrack of San Benigno on the heights above the lantern is appropriated to the latter, the pure keen air of its position conducing rapidly towards recovery. As soon as the patients are convalescent they are embarked for France. Four ships have been fitted up with the necessary appliances for this service. The hospitals are most bountifully supplied; nothing is wanting down to slippers. Some Genoese ladies who went the other day to proffer lint, shirts and bandages were shown such ample stores by the commandants of these establishments as satisfied them their allies stood in no need of assistance. Everything connected with the French administration of war seems on a grand scale. French troops are continually being landed, and never less than twenty vessels come in daily, bringing forage, provisions ammunition, and artillery,—in fact all the mat rial of a campaign in the most lavish profusion. The Genoese look on in complacent wonder.

A great number of prisoners taken by the French have been brought here of late and are immediately transferred for France People crowd to the railway station to see them arrive, but no bad feeling, no disposition to exult over their reverses, is ever manifested. The extreme youth of the majority is very striking; many of there are mere slips of boys, scarcely looking more than sixteen.

☞ The Columbus Journal says that, on Thursday, Governor Chase pardoned a German named Wagner, who was sent to the Penitentiary from Cleveland for horse stealing it appears that on election day, last fall, Wagner got on a spree at Cleveland, went to a livery stable; hired a horse and buggy, and drove off. He did not return at the time promised, and while intoxicated offered the horse for sale. On this charge, he was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary, although the horse was not sold. The offense seemed to be a purely constructive one; which fact being clearly shown the Governor granted him a pardon as above.

☞ The fruit crop in California this year, according to the San Francisco Herald, will amount to between six and seven millions of dollars.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The opening of the Cattle Market was exceedingly dull today and the butchers demanded a concession which drovers and brokers were unwilling to make. Very few sales were made before dinner—in the after part there was a little more life in the market, and some of the butchers came to broker's terms, and paid 10½c per pound net for the best. But the poorest sold very slowly and what owners call light weights at 7@8c per pound, and some, perhaps, still less while very fair steers for retail market beef, could be had at 8½@9c. There is a full supply on hand for the market to-morrow.—[N. Y. Tribune.

☞ We think just about this time, the press, especially that of New York, is making a fool of Henry Ward Beecher. We are told every few days of what he thinks of cows, hoops, snakes, quoits, &c. Wonderful man is Beecher.—Ex.

☞ At Louisville, last Saturday night, a police officer shot and killed a man named Quill, and wounded his two brothers, fatally it is supposed. They were, it is alleged, violently resisting the officers at the time.

A BIG BUTTERFLY.—Professor Agassiz has received from Brazil a butterfly that measures ten feet from the tip of one wing to the other.

COAL! COAL!!
TUNNEL COAL COMPANY!

THIS Company is prepared to furnish Coal of a superior quality, by the

CAR OR CART LOAD,

or to all Coal Houses at any time, in any part of the City. Persons wishing to supply themselves with a

SUPERIOR QUALITY

of BURNING FUEL will do well to leave their orders at the Office of EMANUEL GLOSY, one of the Proprietors of the Tunnel Coal Bank. The Company will be able to fill orders on short notice and the most reasonable terms.

☞ Emanuel Glosy still has his office at the foot of Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio. July 7, 1859—1mf

Blood Purifier and Blood Pills.

BOTANY. CHEMISTRY. EXPERIENCE. PHARMACY.

DR. ROBACK'S

SCANDINAVIAN REMEDIES.

WHEN DR. ROBACK, the celebrated Swedish Physician, introduced his Blood Purifier and Blood Pills to the United States, he set forth in plain language their curative properties. This was years ago. The task of recommending them has since been *taken out of his hands*. Enlightened men whose character for sound judgment and philosophy, gives their opinions weight in the community, men who observe, reflect, and make "assurance doubly sure," before they decide—are everywhere approving and urging the use of these wonderful Preparations. All who confide in the wisdom and honesty of this class, or who chose to investigate for themselves are now of *one mind* on this important subject.

ORIGINAL LETTERS,

from members of the Medical Profession, Editors of public journals, well known Merchants and Farmers, and Ladies of the highest respectability, giving accounts of extraordinary cures wrought by the remedies, of which cures they themselves were

EYE WITNESSES.

These parties may be consulted personally or by letter, by those who have any doubt upon the subject.—The evidence in the possession of Dr. Roback, which is at all times accessible to the public, establishes the following

FACTS:

That the BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD PILLS, have been proved by analysis to

CONTAIN NO MINERAL

That they cure the almost universal complaint,

DYSPEPSIA

with *unerring certainty*, and in a very short time. That after all other medicines have proved useless, they relieve

LIVER COMPLAINT,

and restore the health and strength of the sufferer. That

SICK FEMALES,

who have languished for years in helpless weakness and despondency, recuperate with great rapidity under their invigorating operation. That all scrofulous disabilities are removed by their cordial and gentle stimulating properties. That they recruit

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS,

however they may have been trifled with and abused; that their direct tendency is to lengthen life, and render it enjoyable. That, operating directly upon the *poison of disease in the blood*,

THEY CAUSE TO HEAL,

and discharge from the system, every taint of Scrofula whether hereditary or otherwise. That they

RECRUIT THE DEBILITATED,

and that there is no disease of the Stomach and Bowels, the Liver, the nervous system, the skin, glands or muscles, in arising from Impurities in the Blood or Secretions, which they do not give *prompt relief*, and, (if administered before the very citadel of life has been invaded,) *effect a painless and perfect cure*.

Bear in mind that the SCANDINAVIAN VEGETABLE BLOOD PILLS are endorsed by the experience of thousands of living witnesses, who, in letters, all dwelt, medical works, and by word of mouth, proclaim them to be the very best preparation of the kind ever offered to the broken-down victims of ill health They hunt disease through every avenue and organ of the system, and to expel it thoroughly and permanently.

No one can doubt their superiority after one single trial—they are not only better but, in fact, cheaper than any other Pills, for it takes a less number of them to produce a better effect.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle, or $5 per half dozen. Of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or 5 boxes for $1.

Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates, published in a conspicuous part of this Paper from time to time.

Dr. Roback's Medical Almanac and Family Advisor, containing a great variety of interesting and valuable Medical information, can be had gratis of any of his Agents throughout the country.

In difficult or complicated Cases, Dr. Roback may be consulted personally or by letter enclosing one stamp for the reply.

From Rev. Mr. McMULLEN, Pastor of Roberts Chapel, INDIANAPOLIS, October 6, 1857.

Dr. C. W. ROBACK—Dear Sir: I have used your Blood Purifier for a nervous affection, from which I have suffered much at times. While it is pleasure to taste, it certainly has a happy effect upon the nerves. Please accept my thanks for your kind regards, and believe me Yours. J. W. T. McMULLEN.

Principal Office and Sales Rooms, No. 8, East Fourth Street, 3d Building from Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, laboratory in Hammond Street.

For sale by George Kaufman & Co., Lancaster; Abbott & Son, Clearport; Bowman & Hahlenbaugh, Royalton; Philip Hane, Pleasantville; Wildermuth, Miller & Mason, Basil; G. P. Hamlin, Oakland; Harmon & Curtis, Pickerington; I. S. Weiss, Lithopolis; H. L. Nicely, Baltimore; G. C. Miller, Millersport; Beery & McCandlish, Bremen; J. H. Sonderman, Amanda; J. L. Bratton, New Salem; A. J. Shrader, Sugar Grove, and by Druggist and Merchants generally throughout the Union. July 7, 1859—1y10

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

ABOUT TWENTY ACRES OF LAND, under good cultivation, within one mile of Lancaster; House large and convenient, with a good Well of Water, Cisterns, Out-buildings, Fruit Trees, Shrubery, &c. Apply at this Office, or to Dr. O. E. Davis.
Lancaster, June 16, 1859—7tf

Books Books
LOW PRICES!

Miscellaneous Books
School Books
Juvenile Books
Bibles, Testaments
Hymn Books, Prayer Books
Cap, Letter and Note Paper
Day Books, Ledgers
Memorandum and Copy Books
Port Monies, Wallets, Pocket Books
Perfumery, Toilet Soaps
Pictures, Picture Frames
and a great variety of
Fancy Articles

For sale at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, at A. BRENNEMAN & CO'S.
Main Street, North Side, 2 doors West of George Kaufman & Co's Drug Store.
Lancaster, April 21, 1859—51tf

DR. J. C. HAMILL,
Dentist.

OFFICE in Sifford & Sturgeon's new Building, up stairs, opposite the Tallmadge House.
Lancaster, April 7, 1859—59tf

DR. MANLY,
(OF NEW YORK,)

Formerly Physician to the New York Hospital; Member of the United States Eclectic Medical Association; Inventor of the celebrated Lung Tester; Author of a New Work on the Causes and Treatment of Consumption, Cancer and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Skin, Eyes, Ears, &c., &c., &c.

WILL MAKE HIS NEXT ANNUAL VISIT TO

LANCASTER,

On Tuesday, August 2, 1859.

He will arrive on the 3rd Train going West, and remain 24 hours. He will also, visit once every month through the year.

Dr. MANLY has had an extensive experience of more than twenty years in country practice, as well in the Hospitals and Infirmaries of New York and Philadelphia Having also spent several years among the Indians, he had ample opportunity to become perfectly familiar with the medicinal properties of all the agents used by the "Medicine Men" of the different Tribes. He will treat all the diseases that flesh is heir to. His medicines are composed of Barks, Buds leaves, Roots, and Gums. Having the utmost faith in the goodness of God, we believe that for every malady there is found in our own soil a sure and never failing remedy. By the aid of these remedies, Cancer, incipient Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Fits, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Skin, Nerves, Throat, Lungs, Liver and Stomach are now as curable in my hands as any other disease is curable.

Cures Warranted! Examination Free.

Hours of consultation from 8 to 6 each day. Dr. MANLY will visit this town once every month through the year. The visits are preparatory to the establishment of a Hospital in New York, to be conducted by Dr. MANLY upon the principle of the new school, or American Eclectic Practice of Medicine. He was educated in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York, and for many years practised the "old school system," but for many years since, he became convinced of the great superiority of Eclecticism and such has been his success from that time, in the treatment of many thousand cases of lingering diseases, as to enable him to warrant cures, in a spirit of confidence which only knowledge can give. Dr. MANLY will be happy to operate for the removal of enlarged Tonsils, Tumors, Cataracts, &c. for nearly all diseases requiring surgical interference.

Although it is not the best mode of examination, the Doctor will when desired, describe to his patients their diseases, without asking any questions. He has in his day book, the names of many hundred patients in this vicinity, who have been cured within the past three months after being pronounced hopeless by the old school. The names and addresses of these patients will be given if desired, to enable the reader to obtain the details of the case. Dr. MANLY will bring with him more than a hundred bags of roots &c., fresh from the digestive which he will supply his patients. ROOMS AT THE SHAEFFER HOUSE.

Lancaster May 12 1859—2 w.

Cash System.

TWENTY-THREE Years have elapsed since I commenced the Grocery and Provisions business. Every business day during that time, I have kept books and charged. Many have always paid me promptly. And to my sorrow, I must say, a great many have not. While time was lively, there was a sufficient amount paid on debts to offset the goes, which gave me the use of an average capital, but when times changed differently, the collections stopped, the large amount of goods charged tends to lessen my capital, which disables me to buy Goods at a fair rate.

Now for self-protection, from and after this date, my books will be closed against all persons, and no goods will be sold without CASH, or such articles as we usually take in exchange.

In conclusion, I would say, I have on hand a very heavy Stock of

Groceries and Provisions,

Which I will be pleased to deal out to my Old Customers and public generally, on terms as cheap as can be had in Fairfield county.

Remember, I guarantee all articles and correct all errors made at my Establishment, also SELL FLOUR and all articles in as small parcels as the public demands. As to my former transactions of business, I leave you to judge. JOHN LYONS.

Lancaster, June 16, 1859—3m7

NEW FAMILY GROCERY,
IN THE SHAEFFER BLOCK.

JOSEPH McCREA

HAS opened in the Shaeffer Block, one door West of Levy & Block's Clothing Store, south side, Lancaster, Ohio, a complete assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES, &C.

New Orleans SUGARS, Clarified do
Pow'd, Crushed and Refined Sugars
Rio and Java COFFEES
Green and Black TEAS
SPICES of all kinds
Foreign NUTS and FRUITS
RAISINS and FIGS
SOAPS of all kinds
Fine brands of TOBACCO
REAL Havanna CIGARS
BUTTER, BOSTON & SODA CRACKERS
Butter and Sugar Buckets
Churns, Baskets, Rice, Cheese
Superior Baltimore BROOMS
French Mustard
TURKISH & FRENCH PRUNES
Dried Currants, Peaches and Apples
GOLDEN SYRUP
Sugar House Syrup and Molasses
Mackeral, Salmon and White Fish
LEMONS, Maccaroni
Herrings, Tubs
Wash-boards, Fine Perfumeries, &c.

In fact, I intend to keep everything that may be wanted for the Family in the Grocery line, and to reduce everything to a cash price. I invite the attention of the public to my stock and hope they will give me a call before purchasing. I shall take particular care in filling Family orders. JOSEPH McCREA.

Lancaster, May 12, 1859—2tf

SUPERIOR SUGAR CURED HAMS AND BEEF for sale by JOSEPH McCREA.
Lancaster, May 12, 1859—2tf

WANTED, Cash or Country Produce of all kind in exchange for Groceries.
Lancaster, May 12, 1859—2tf JOSEPH McCREA.

STEWART'S Steam Refined CANDIES, the best in America, for sale by JOSEPH McCREA.
Lancaster, May 12, 1859—2tf

GREAT inducements will be offered Country Merchants and others, wishing Groceries by the quantity at JOSEPH McCREA'S New Grocery.
Lancaster, May 12, 1859—2tf

PICTURES
CHEAPER THAN EVER!
AT THE
CLINTON HALL ART GALLERY.

WE are determined not to be out-done by any establishment in the State, in the way of taking GOOD, CHEAP and UNIMITABLE Likenesses.—we have established our prices at LOWER FIGURES than have as yet been made in this vicinity. Our prices will range from

Ten Cents Upward

And on all cases, whether Fine or Common, will be sold from 10 to 20 per cent. lower than can be obtained at other of Mr. Rhoad's Rooms.

OUR ROOMS have been fitted up expressly for the business in which they are now used, and possess many advantages over any other room of the kind in this city, as it is large and commodious, easy of access, and neatly furnished. Our Sky Light, which is much higher than that of either of the other establishments, throws a more even shade upon the subject, and brings out a Likeness in a higher degree of perfection, than can possibly be obtained at any other room in the city, as the Sky Lights in those rooms are very low, and therefore they cannot obtain that softness of shadow, beauty of detail, and warmth of tone, that is found in our pictures. Persons having pictures that were taken at either of the other rooms, with which they are dissatisfied, can have them re-taken at the CLINTON HALL ART GALLERY at a reasonable charge.

Copying pictures, filling Lockets, Breast-pins, Rings, etc., etc., done on short notice.

☞ Entire satisfaction warranted. The public are invited to call. Rooms, Clinton Hall, third story Tallmadge Block, Main Street.
April 14, 1859-50-tf. LAWRENCE & MASSEY.

JEWELRY STORE!

WE have this day purchased the STOCK of GOODS and Fixtures of L. C. BUTCH, and have appointed him our Agent. He will be constantly supplied with all Goods in his line, both new and desirable. C. & W. H. ALLEN.

It will be seen, by the above, that I have disposed of my Stock to the Messrs. Allen, but will still be found ready and willing to wait on all my old friends and customers, and as many new ones as may give me a call.

I will continue to pay especial attention to the repairing of Watches, Clocks, &c.
Lancaster, Jan. 20, 1859—39tf L. C. BUTCH.

GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

THEODORE TONG,
MERCHANT TAILOR
AND DEALER IN
Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

At his old stand in the Shaeffer Block, first Door west of Shaeffer House, Main street.
Lancaster, June 30, 1859—9tf

PLATFORM SCALES,

Weighing from 700 to 1500 pounds.
Lancaster, February 17, 1859-42 J. C. WEAVER.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

Lancaster Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JOHN LYONS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER.

WHEAT—1 05@1 10 — Butter—12½@14c
Rye—55c — Eggs—9c
Corn—50@55c — Molasses—50
Oats—32@35 cents — Mackerel—No. 1 fall
Barley—60 — Salt—$1 25
Clover Seed—600 — Butter—12½
Flax Seed—125c — Eggs—8
Potatoes—1 @1 25 — Lard—10c
Peaches—25@40c — Tallow—10c
Apples—25@50c — Dried Apples—2c lb
Salt—Fairfield, $1 25

NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, July 19, 1859.

Flour dull; Old has declined 5c lbs, White fresh ground is steady and in some instances shade better; sales at $4 70@5 for superfine State; 5 20@5 30 for extra do; 4 70@5 for superfine Western; 5 15@5 25 for common to good extra Western; 5 20@5 40 for Ohio, and 5 40@5 65 for fresh ground shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, selling irregular.

Wheat dull, at 1c lower; sales at 1 40 for new Red Tennessee; 1 for assound Old White Kentucky; 1 45 for New Red Jersey; 1 25 for inferior do, and 1 60@1 62½ for New White Southern.

Rye nominal at 75@80c; sales of Rye Malt at 65c.

Barley dull; sales of assound old, at 58c.

Corn quiet, Old dull and heavy; New coarse and steady; sales at 91c for Jersey Yellow; 88@89c for Southern Yellow, and 86c for White Southern; Old Mixed Western nominal at 85@86c, and New do 90@92c.

Oats dull at 41@43c for State.

Whisky steady; sales at 26c.

Butter firmer, and selling at 11@13c for Ohio, and 16@19c for State and 22c for choice.

Cheese coarse and firm, at 5@6c for prime.

Wool quiet but steady; sales 75,000 lbs. Rocco at 40@50c; and 30,000 lbs pulled at 30@37½c.

Sugar buoyant; Muscovado at 5 3/16@5½c.

Coffee steady at 10½@11c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET

PHILADELPHIA, July 19, 1859.

Flour is unchanged. The receipts are trifling, but the stock is ample for the demand. Old stock superfine is offered at $5 50, and fresh-ground from New Wheat at $5 25. To the trade the sales range from $5 50 to 6 25 for superfine, and from $5 75 to 7 for extra.

For New Wheat there has fair demand; sales of Red at 1 40, and White 1 50.

Rye is steady at 75c.

Corn is in limited demand; sales of Yellow at 86½.

Oats dull at 40 cents.

Whisky steady at 27@28c

BALTIMORE MARKET

BALTIMORE, July 19, 1859

Flour dull at 25@50c decline; sales choice Ohio at 6 00@6 25.

Wheat dull at 1 60@1 75 for White and 1 40 for Red.

Corn firmer at 92@93c for White and Yellow.

Provisions dull

Bacon Sides, 9½c; Mess Pork, 17 00.

Whisky quiet at 27½c.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, July 19, 1859

Flour—The market continues unsettled, and it is very difficult to give accurate quotations. About 1000 barrels sold at $5 75@5 85 for superfine, and $5 for extra

Whisky—The market was steady, sales at 26@26½c.

Wheat—Sales of prime White at 1 50 and Red 1 45

Corn—Sales at 82@83.

Rye dull, sales at 65c.

Barley—The market is dull, sales 65c.

Oats dull, and prices again lower, sales 45c.

Cheese very dull, sales at 7c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19, 1859

Flour inactive and prices are drooping; superfine $6 00@6 25.

Corn has advanced to $1 10@1 15 for mixed, and 1 25 at 28 for White.

There is a moderate demand for Mess Pork, and prices are firm at $16 50.

Whisky dull and prices nominal at 27@28c for rectified, and 30c for new.

Sugar inactive and prices are drooping, fair 5¾@5¾.

Molasses is in moderate demand and firm at 34@35c.

MASONIC CALENDER
REGULAR MEETINGS:

LANCASTER LODGE, No. 57..... July 12, 1859
" ENCAMPMENT, No. 9..... " 19 "
June 20, 1858. G. STEINMAS, Recorder.

JOHN D. MARTIN. F. R. EWING. C. F. GARDNER

EXCHANGE BANK
OF
Martin & Co.,
Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio.

GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD—Sight Exchange on the East for sale—Interest allowed on Deposits:—

For 90 days at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
" 6 months " 5 " " "
" 12 " " 6 " " "

Lancaster, February 7, 1859—1y42

THE ONLY ARTICLE
UNRIVALLED IN MARKET,
WITH IMMENSE
HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND

The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes gray; supplies the natural fluids, and thus makes it grow on bald heads, removes all dandruff, itching and heat from the scalp, quiets and tones up the nerves, and thus cures nervous headache, and may be relied upon to cure all disease of the scalp and hair; it will stop and keep it from falling off; *makes it soft, glossy, healthly and beautiful*, and if used by the young two or three times a week, it will never fall off or become gray; then reader, read the following and judge for yourselves:

NEW YORK, January 8, 1858.

Messrs. O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having heard a good deal about Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and my hair being quite gray, I made up my mind to lay aside the prejudices which I, in common with a great many persons, had against all manner of patent medicines, and a short time ago I commenced using your article, to test it for myself.

The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you, as well as for the encouragement of others who may be as I was but who having my prejudice without my reasons for setting it aside, are unwilling to give your Restorative a trial till they have further proof, and the best proof being ocular demonstration. I write you this letter, which you may show to any such, and also direct them to me for further proof, who am in out of the New York Wire Railing Establishment every day.

My hair is now its natural color and much improved in appearance every way, being glossier and thicker and much more healthy looking.

Yours, Yours Respectfully, HENRY JENKINS.
Cor. of Columbia and Carroll Sts. Brooklyn.

LIVINGSTON, Alabama, February 14, 1858.

Prof. Wood.—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative has done much good in this part of the country. My hair has been slightly diminishing for several years, caused, I suppose, from a slight burn when I was quite an infant. I have been using your Hair Restorative for six weeks and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, after having used all other remedies known to no effect. I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted that way to use your remedy. You can publish this if you think proper. Yours, &c. R. W. MIDDLETON.

PHILADELPHIA, September 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and the top of my head is well stocked with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also recieving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it. Yours, respectfully,

D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 404 Vine Street.

The Restorative is put in bottles of 3 sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds a pint twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large bottle holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for three dollars

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 308 Broadway New York, the great New York Hair Railing Establishment, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Missouri.

☞ And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. June 2, 1859 3m5

DUFF'S COLLEGE,

THE OLDEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE MERCANTILE College in the United States. Established in 1840. Working under a perpetual Charter!

Located at Pittsburgh and Philadelphia; Columbus, Ohio; Wheeling, Virginia; and Burlington, Iowa.

$40 purchase a Scholarship in any of those Establishments, which entitles the holder to an unlimited attendance in all, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

For full particulars send for a pamphlet, circular, and specimen of writing.

Address, DUFF & DUNAN, Proprietors,
May 5, 1859—19

Out-Lots for Sale.

MESSRS. ARNEY & JACKSON will sell at the most reasonable prices,

SIX OUT-LOTS,

situated adjoining the Corporated limits of the City of Lancaster, and varying from TEN down to TWO ACRES in size. These Lots are the most valuable of any Lots now for sale in the neighborhood of the city, and will be sold upon most reasonable terms. For information, inquire at this Office, or of either John Arney or Samuel Jackson.
May 12, 1859—6m2

HILL'S SELECT SCHOOL.

THE SIXTH TERM of this School will open on MONDAY, JULY 18, 1859, and close SEPTEMBER 30, 1859.

Having made arrangements with Messrs. R. S. HANSON and I. FROOS, to take charge of the Mathematical Department, ladies and Gentlemen will now have a rare opportunity afforded for instruction in the higher branches of Mathematics.

Thankful for past favors, we invite continuance, assuring all, we shall labor assiduously to advance those who are entrusted to our educational gu