# Belmont Chronicle

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, OHIO.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 25, 1872.


## AT IT AGAIN.

Our Commissioners or the Democratic portion thereof have again been attempting to swindle the County. The amount this time is nearly $200. In order to fatten up a couple of Democratic journals that can scarcely eke out a living by honest means, they ordered the publishing of the Commissioners' report therein at an expense to the County of $192. The law does not require its publication, and of course it is a useless expense, since the greater part of it appears in the Auditor's report. Commissioners Armstrong and Kinney issued a special order to the Auditor to pay the *Standard* bill—the *Gazette* having taken that previously paid—but the Auditor refused to recognize the order, knowing that it was illegal. Now, we do not think the *Standard* should be deprived of pay for doing the work, nor do we think that Belmont County at present should be swindled out of $192 merely because the board of Commissioners wish to favor a party paper. We have always argued that a paper should advertise on a basis of its circulation, and since the *Standard* has, perhaps, less than one-half the circulation of the *Gazette*, it should be paid proportionately. Say $48 and let the Democratic party pay it, and not Belmont County. Of course no one should ever expect that when the editor of *Gazette* gets his hands on a sum of money, whether his own or not, that the local swipes would ever see it again. Let each keep the job he has illegally took—but we insist that that shall be the end of party favoritism until the County can better stand swindling.

Mr. Armstrong, Representative from this county, has introduced a bill in the Legislature, which if passed will secure him the thanks of more than his constituents. It is to regulate the cost of carrying passengers and freight by railroads and to provide for the proper enforcement of such laws. The rapid absorption of branch roads by powerful railway companies in this State as well as others, gives good reason for checking the evils of a monopoly of this kind, which will naturally arise from such absorption and coalitions. The freight from New York and Philadelphia to this place has been increased within the last three months more than 100 per cent without apparent necessity for so doing. Passenger travel would suffer in the same way did not companies know that such extortion would cut off all pleasure travel. Corporate bodies need to be restrained by such laws as will conduce to the welfare of the people and not to the benefit of companies. Mr. Armstrong is on several important committees and proposes to work for the people instead of sitting them out for a free ride to Washington as did his venerable predecessor.

This number begins Volume Twelve of the CHRONICLE, and on entering upon a new year, we do so, with a promise to our patrons and ourselves that the Twelfth Volume shall be a step in advance of the last one. During the last year our expenses in purchasing new material, both type and press, was heavy and this with the difficulty we at times experienced in collecting what was due us rendered favors of peculiar value. We have been thinking seriously of the advance pay system, at least to offer such inducements as will render it greatly to the advantage of subscribers. In due time our plan, if adopted, will be announced.

Within the last month we have published three articles written by business men, under the head of "Belmont County Interests," her manufacturing interest and her agricultural interest. Doubtless some of the citizens of the County have read them with special interest, comprehending their design and feeling that Belmont County deserves a development of her native wealth that shall change her rank from the eighth to the third County in the State in point of actual capital owned and invested within her limits. In fact it has become a question not of progress, but of avoiding retrogression, to make some effort toward redeeming ourselves. They to whom the talent is given are expected to use it. The increase of the population of our County for the last ten years was $3,404, and this increase was almost exclusively confined to the townships, Pultney, Pease and Warren. The decrease of population in eight townships was 823 since 1860, and this decrease is strictly confined to townships having few or no manufactories. In Pultney the increase during the last decade was 278, in Pease, 1,324; in Warren, 578;—almost in exact proportion to the encouragement given to the building of manufacturing establishments and thereby retaining labor at home. Let us compare the increase in the population and wealth of two counties, one that has given special attention to what we advocate and the other our own county. As we stated, the gain in population in Belmont County within the last ten years is only 3,404. The gain of the same in Stark County was 16,981. The gain in wealth in Belmont County for the same time was $3,892,058; in Stark, $5,177,806. Our readers will recollect that Massillon and Canton are in Stark County, two of the most enterprising manufacturing towns of their size in Ohio. No one can doubt our facilities for reversing the above remarkable differences in those two counties within the next twenty years or less. Belmont County has fifteen and a half millions invested in what, in Wheat land producing on an average less than twelve bushels per acre, in Oats land, producing twenty-five bushels per acre, and in Corn land, producing about forty bushels per acre, in addition to lands devoted to less profitable articles. Deducting from this fifteen and a half millions of property in the aggregate, about two millions for stock and we have by far the greater portion of the balance reproducing, yearly, but little over four per cent. of use. Capital judiciously used is worth at least ten per cent. per annum. The slow increase in wealth in Belmont County as compared with Stark lies in the fact that men do not allow their capital either to be used advantageously by themselves or any one else. There is always a class of men willing to work, if their labor is profitable to them. They are willing to take the surplus or useless capital of the moneyed class and use it, benefitting not only themselves, but the lender doubly what it would do if not used in that way. The building of railroads while they increase the valuation of the taxable property of the county do little toward giving employment to men who are home consumers. One writer has suggested that a Convention be called of prominent citizens at some point in the County, to consider what favors could be extended to artisans from abroad, to invite them to consider the facilities offered by our great natural resources. Where and when shall such a Convention be called?

Mr. Poland of Vermont, has introduced a bill in the House of Representatives proposing to give every private soldier enlisted for three years in the volunteer service after May 3, 1861 and prior to July 22, 1861, who was, when honorably discharged, entitled to receive $100 bounty, that amount in all cases where such bounty has not already been paid.

The Louisiana Legislature is still disorganized. The Carterites are about two thousand strong, and Speaker Carter has issued an order to remove the Metropolitans, who are guarding the Hall. A conflict between forces is feared.

A bill has been introduced in the Ohio Legislature reducing the rates of legal advertising to the following rates: For the first three insertions $1.50 per annum, and 25 cents for each additional insertion. It is very probable the bill will not pass.

A Democratic Representative from this county, has introduced a bill in the Legislature, which if passed will secure him the thanks of more than his constituents. It is to regulate the cost of carrying passengers and freight by railroads and to provide for the proper enforcement of such laws. The rapid absorption of branch roads by powerful railway companies in this State as well as others, gives good reason for checking the evils of a monopoly of this kind, which will naturally arise from such absorption and coalitions. The freight from New York and Philadelphia to this place has been increased within the last three months more than 100 per cent without apparent necessity for so doing. Passenger travel would suffer in the same way did not companies know that such extortion would cut off all pleasure travel. Corporate bodies need to be restrained by such laws as will conduce to the welfare of the people and not to the benefit of companies. Mr. Armstrong is on several important committees and proposes to work for the people instead of sitting them out for a free ride to Washington as did his venerable predecessor.

## OUR COLUMBUS LETTER.

COLUMBUS O., Jan. 22nd 1872.

A few days ago the Democratic members of the Legislature, though perfectly in love with the Hibernian brogue, were unable to find language sufficiently strong to express their contempt of "the sweet German accent." It was their wont to speak of the President of the Senate as "the Dutchman," and to burlesque his language in every possible manner. But there are thousands of others in the State to whom these things are just as applicable, and who may be even more sensitive to such attacks than Mr. Mueller. The Honorable Democrats are beginning to see this now. Hence to atone for the insult to our German fellow-citizens, a Democratic resolution has been introduced instructing our Representatives and Senators in Congress to vote for the proposed amendment to the Constitution, making foreigners eligible to the presidency. As this movement is generally understood to be in the interest of Carl Schurz as a prospective Democratic candidate, it is hoped that by the action here the Germans of this State will be duly conciliated. The resolution has not yet been acted on.

Mr. Armstrong, of your County, recently introduced a resolution, which was at once adopted, directing the committee on Railroads to report a bill so amending existing statutes as to provide efficiently for equitable and just rates by railroad corporations for the transportation of persons and property, and for the adequate enforcement of the laws upon this subject. What little legislation there has been in this direction in past years has proved itself to be utterly useless. The Commissioner says in his Report, and everybody knows it to be true, that the laws regulating rates are violated "on every road nearly every time a freight, passenger or mixed train passes over it." This discrimination in favor of through rates is becoming exceedingly oppressive to the mass of the people, and until the Legislature takes hold of the matter in earnest the great evil will never be remedied. It is hoped that when the subject comes up it will receive the attention which its importance demands.

A bill has been introduced, also by Mr. Armstrong, to extend the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, so that one justice may try an action against another for failing to pay over moneys officially in his possession, in all cases wherein the amount in controversy does not exceed one hundred dollars.

The committee has been appointed for re-districting the State, and consists of 7 Senators and 19 Representatives.—The member from the 16th District is G. B. Smith of Tuscarawas, Democrat. The District below, the 15th, has two members of the committee, Stinson of Washington, and Staunton of Morgan, both Republicans. It is of course the wish of the Belmont people that the Monroe Gibraltar remain provided for as at present. I hear nothing definite as to any proposed change in that quarter, but, of course, various plans are discussed by which a re-arrangement of the counties could be effected in the interest of all the people. It is the opinion of many members that the present outlines of the districts will not be disturbed.

A bill has passed the House to admit as competent jurors persons who may have formed an opinion of the guilt or innocence of the accused from newspaper reports or rumor. The bill called forth some lively discussion, but was passed by 61 majority.

After a long discussion the House defeated a bill to increase the salaries of Supreme Judges from $3,000 to $4,000 per annum, and of Common Pleas Judges from $2,500 to $3,000. A similar bill in the Senate met with the same fate. One of the chief arguments against it was that we are upon the eve of a Constitutional Convention, which will probably remodel the whole system of our Judiciary. This objection will be urged against other measures, and it is thought that on account of the coming Convention the present session will not be so long as usual.

A bill to appoint guardians for habitual drunkards has passed the Senate, and is now before the House Committee on Temperance. It seems popular, and will, no doubt, become a law.

The cases of the Representative from Noble County, and the Senator from Montgomery are at present in charge of committees. Both of these gentlemen, of course, did what they could to defeat the Republican candidate for U. S. Senator; and have been voting regularly from the first of the session. This generosity on the part of the Republicans, especially in Spriggs' case, is in striking contrast with the conduct of the Democratic Legislature a few years ago.

A bill is pending to revive the old act appropriating $1,000 to build a monument to Simon Kenton, at Urbana, said act having expired by its own limitation before the monument was erected.

A bill to prevent unnecessary accumulation of money in the public treasuries divides each county into ten collection districts, and provides that the taxes in each shall be collected in a different month, none being collected in March and November.

There is a Senate bill to distribute one hundred Geological Reports among the scientific periodicals and libraries of Europe.

There is to be a Convention of the suffragists here on the 16th and 16th of next month.

The movement to secure a recognition in the U. S. constitution, of God, the Bible, and the Christian religion, seems to be gaining strength. Addresses on both sides of the question were delivered here during the past week.

The Caldwell Will case is being argued to-day by able counsel. Messrs. Cowen and Shannon were in the city last week, looking after the interests of their client in the contest.

SEREX.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

For the Belmont Chronicle.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
January 23, 1872.

The people who have the good fortune to reside at the Capital are apparently about as good and well informed as in Ohio. In the floating population we find a superior class of men, whether they be thieves, lobbyists, reporters or Congressmen. None but the latter could possibly thrive, or even live here unless they were sharp above the average. Board is about twice as high as other places where board is better, and for the sight seeing you may add additional expenses according to the manner in which you wish to see them.—Receptions, public and private, given by different dignitaries, are happy events rendering endurable the uninteresting details of House and Senate proceedings. Mrs. Grant's late brilliant reception party was quite complimentary to the ability of that plain little woman to play her part. Not so very plain either. She received her guests in a black and white gossamer, with overskirt of the same material, trimmed with black lace, headed by a ruching of black and white silk. Her hair was dressed *a la Pompadour*, and adorned with flowers. Her jewels were diamonds and gold.

The receptions of Mrs. Thurman and daughter seem however to receive the most general commendation.

The topic not of public discussion of most interest through anticipation is the presentation of a bill by General Banks recognizing the independence of Cuba. This will receive general favor throughout the country especially since the recent barbarous treatment of the boys in Havana who committed some trivial offense. The old Monroe doctrine is deeply grounded in the hearts of the people of the United States and no one cares how soon Spanish rule will cease upon this continent.

Garrett Davis has announced that he will deliver a speech next week arraigning the President for his evil deeds. I noticed your fellow-citizen Major Carman, the blackmailer, in the city sometime since, but think that his threats to use up Congressmen have never been fulfilled to the letter. We suggest that he get a committee appointed to investigate whether Senator Ross alias "Old Beans" has enough money to undergo blackmailing the second time. More anon. H. H.

## COMMUNICATIONS.

We have received a report of a railroad meeting held at Fairpoint, Wheeling township, on the 15th inst, but we have a press of this matter and prefer giving our readers an abstract of Prof. Ross' speech at New Athens on the 8th, inst, John Hammond was chosen Pres. of the meeting and R. Hanna and T. P. Harris Secretaries. Several speeches were made and about $8,000 pledged to the road. Prof. Ross spoke as follows.

FELLOW CITIZENS, I suppose the majority of persons present are farmers, intelligent men, I am addressing. I have made no preparations and what I shall say, shall be by the brain as it is uttered."

Of what advantage would a Railroad be to you? The more you think and calculate upon this, the more you will be convinced of its great importance and advantages. If you have a thousand bushels of wheat to sell what will it cost you to take it to market so that you can complete with those farmers living upon and along Railroads? What will it cost you to take that thousand bushels to Wheeling? What is labor worth? My Fellow citizens, I want you to calculate upon this matter. What is a team worth per day? Is $3. too much (answer "that's customary.") It will take two days to make a trip to Wheeling and back. It will take 3½ days to haul 1000 bushels to Wheeling, taking 20 bushels at a load. 3½ days at $3 per day amounts to $100. I desire to reason with you my friends. Are you acting upon a disadvantage or not? A farmer living within two miles of the Railroad can haul 1000 bushels to the road in 10 days thereby saving 23½ days at $3 per day equal to $70 or $7 on every hundred bushels, I believe I have made a reasonable calculation. Do you not think so Mr. President? Are you not acting upon a disadvantage? Upon every thing imported you are in the same condition. Your merchants are at a great cost. They go east to Philadelphia or New York city to purchase goods, have them shipped to Cadiz or Wheeling. They pay heavily for their transportation to your village and you pay for it. It costs considerable to haul goods from Wheeling. It is there that you pay so high for your goods. If you have business at Wheeling, you go through rain, mud and snow, pay toll here and there along the road. If you have a team you are compelled to hunt a livery stable or tavern to secure your horses, you stay over night, pay a large bill in the morning and lost two days.

If you had a Railroad, you could go there and back in one day and be with your family at night. This, my fellow citizens, is true, but of not very great importance. It is not the chief advantage. A Railroad will enhance the value of your land. I know of land that is as good soil as you ever saw, sell for five dollars per acre. It is because there are no Railroads, no churches, no school houses, Railroads make your country. Look at the west, the manner in which it is settled up. People are aware of the advantages of a road. The tide of population follows the road. They enhance the value of the real property it passes through. We are peculiarly situated, if the proposed route will not have the effect of enhancing the value. You are in the center, you have untold wealth. This little strip comprises all the coal territory in Ohio. In all sincerity, I believe this coal territory of yours is the most valuable in Ohio. I care not how rich, how beautiful those noted valleys are, one acre of your land is worth five of theirs. It is destined to be so and you who live, will see it.—All the world has allied itself to coal and depend upon it, what is it that moves the machinery of the world. How are you to put it in motion without coal. It is moving the world today, Ohio with its vast population and wealth would be poor if she had not her Railroads. Land that was not worth more than five dollars per acre is to-day worth two hundred dollars per acre. I will tell you of my experience. I was raised near the Youghiogeny river in Perun. Before the Railroad was made through that country, I could have bought land of from ten to fifteen dollars per acre. My father bought what was known as Wilkinson's land for ten dollars per acre; that land to day will command $500 per acre. I took a trip two years ago on the Connelsville Railroad, I was amazed to see what a change had been wrought there since the railroad been built. It is but one continuous line of villages from Keesport to Connelsville. My fellow citizens, what caused this wonderful change? That railroad has made that country. On a certain farm it was necessary to slack water in order that the coal might be dug out. In two weeks after this was accomplished the owner sold the coal privilege for $18,000 and had his farm left. An old gentleman owning a farm and mill in order to secure his mill dam purchased a small tract of hilly land at five dollars per acre. He was an elder in the Presbyterian church. He had several sons. The oldest, whose name was John, went to school; after John received his education, he went into the study of law which displeased the old man very much. He gave the second son an education and he went to the study of medicine. He educates his third son and he went to Georgia to teach in an Academy. These two did not please the old man so he thought he would match John when he would make his will. He willed John the rough hillside; when the Connelsville railroad opened up, John sold his hillside tract for $40,000 being worth more than all the rest. What I told you about your coal's true. Open your Railroad and wait the results. More than two thirds of Ohio is depending upon you for their coal. The advantage of the route is plain, do your duty. In the first place get the right of way. Who in justice ought to furnish the right of way. Those who live on the line. The advantage of the people along the route, will be in proportion to their proximity to the road. That piece of property must be peculiarly situated that can possibly be damaged by a railroad passing through it. It must be peculiarly situated that it will not enhance its value. When you are approached for the right of way do not be backward. Give it cheerfully, you are making money by the operation. The right of way clear, stock comes next. My fellow citizens, give liberally. It must be a very poor man that can not take one share. If half I have said be true, or if what I have said be half true concerning the advantages, suppose they buy the right of way and get $200,000 would they be making a bad bargain, Mr. Pres't. No doubt they would make money. I read an article in the Cadiz paper that said this country is fond of stock—Bank stock, Pike stock, &c. I do not know if this be true or not, but if it is, try Railroad stock and see if will not pay better than all the other stock. Consider the character of the route, the direction of the road. It is the shortest route between Baltimore and Chicago. It will be the main road. It will be the road for business. The road will pay for itself.**** I have said all I intended. If you want the road, you must work. We must compete with other routes. We have advantages over all the other routes. But my friends we must be up and doing. Don't go to sleep. Give the right of way cheerfully and subscribe such a stock that will surprise all. Now or never. Do not let the opportunity pass. Work and work in earnest.

On motion the following Committee in School Districts in Belmont County near the proposed line, were appointed.

District No 3 Nathaniel Taylor and David Armstrong; Dis. No 4 Robert Love and John Sharp; Dis. No 5 James Patton and Rev. Thomas Love; Dis. No 6 Barney Boyd and Mr. Dickey; Dis. No 7 John Patton, Wm. Campbell (miller) and John Watson. On motion the said Committee were instructed to call meetings in such places and at such times as they deem for the interest of the road and secure the right of way. On motion a vote of thanks was returned to the band for their good music on the occasion. On motion the Secretaries were directed to furnish the Cadiz and St. Clairsville papers the proceedings of this meeting for publication. On motion the meeting adjourned to meet at Armstrong's School House on Monday evening Jan. 15th, 1872.

JOHN HAMMOND, Pres't.
R. P. HANNA } Sec'ys.
J. P. HARRIS }

For the Belmont Chronicle.

BARNESVILLE, 1st month 15th 1872.

*Mr. Editor*:—I have seen two or three communications in the *Enterprise* on the subject of Teachers' Associations on the Town ship plan, as follows: Let there be Township meetings of the Teachers, Directors and Patrons, where any and all questions relating to teaching, governing, punishing &c., may be talked of, debated, resolved and re-resolved; such as the duties of teachers, their relations to their pupils, to their patrons, and to their country; the duty of parents to the teachers and to their children while going to school.

Among the many advantages of the township plan, we might name the following: The meetings will be within reach of all, where all may attend. We can each leave home in the morning, attend the meeting, and return in the evening, wiser and better men and women, and in this plan we may all know each other, and know better what to expect of each other. It is confidently believed that in each township there is intelligence enough, spirit enough, and vim enough to hold a meeting once a month or oftener, as they like. Being personally acquainted we shall be able to draw out much latent talent that never would be awakened in any other way. "Teachers Institutes" no doubt have done good, but they are not now adapted to the wants of the common schools. Let them be fostered for they are at the foundation of all good society, and I verily believe of Christianity too. A County organization to meet, say semi-annually, would be useful in many respects. It would give character and stability to the township meetings, and should be partly composed of delegates from these, who would carry up all knotty questions and other matters of of interest from time to time, as they were develop d, where they may be decussed by the experienced from all parts of the County. Indeed, I cannot see but that a State organization would soon grow up that would be equal in usefulness to the best now in existence. It seems to me that this should be the people's plan, conducted by the people, among the people, for the good of the people, enabling them to receive the greatest benefit from the money expended in the payment of teachers. Something of this kind becomes eminently proper at this time, that knowledge and intelligence may keep pace with and be equal to the gigantic efforts to create wealth and prosperity.

JUNO.

BRIDGEPORT, O., Jan. 18, 1872.

MR. EDITOR: In one of your papers of recent date, you give a statement of the receipts and disbursements on the National Road in this County; as stated, it might mislead those who have not the report, although not intended to do so. The receipts in Belmont County were $5,933 95, and the local repairs $3,070 01. To this should be added $1320, for 110 days labor in this County during the year which you refer to, for two Teams at $3 00 per day each, and six hands at $1 00 per day each. Belmont County is chargeable, also with one-sixth for general superintendance, engineer's salary, foreman of hands and insurance, which would be $512 50—this would make the disbursements $4,902 51. You will also observe, that the law dividing the road into districts, was not passed until April 18, 1870, some five months after the commencement of the fiscal year and the separating of the accounts for that time could not be satisfactorily done.

You will for the year ending Nov. 15, 1871, find a much greater credit to Belmont County, as the stone now upon the road to be broken and spread is not included in last years account, but will be accounted for in the report for 1872. Belmont County contributes largely towards keeping up the road and has always done so.

Very respectfully,
JONAS WILCOX.

### Business and Duty Combined—A Model Obituary.

A disconsolate editor thus bemoans his departed spouse:

"Thus my wife died. No more will those loving hands pull off my boots and part my back hair, as only a true wife can. Nor will ever those willing feet replenish the coal hod or the water pail. No more will she arise amid the tempestuous storms of winter, and hie herself away to build the fire without disturbing the slumbers of the man who doted on her so artlessly. Her memory was embalmed in my heart of hearts. I wanted to embalm her body, but I found that I could embalm her memory cheaper.

"I procured of Eli Mudget, a neighbor of mine, a very pretty gravestone. His wife was consumptive, and he kept it on hand several years, in anticipation of her death. But she rallied last spring, and his hopes were blasted.—Never shall I forget the poor man's grief when I asked him to part with it. 'Take it, Skinner, and may you never know what it is to have your soul racked with disappointment as mine has been!' and he burst into a flood of tears. His spirit was indeed utterly broken.

"I had the following epistle engraved upon her tombstone: 'To the memory of Tabitha, wife of Moses Skinner, Esq., gentleman editor of the *Promtbone*. Terms, $3,00 a year, invariably in advance.' A kind mother and exemplary wife. Office over Coleman's grocery, up two flights of stairs. Knock hard. We shall miss thee. Job printing solicited.' Thus did my lacerated spirit cry out in agony, even as Rachel weeping for her children. But one ray of light penetrated the despair of my soul. The undertaker took his pay in job printing, and the sexton owed me a little account I should not have gotten any other way. Should we pine at the mysterious ways of Providence and vicinity. (Not a conundrum.)—*San Francisco Call.*

BE CAREFUL.—In these days, when tight hats, hot air, and sedentary occupations, cause the hair to fall out, it is a matter of no little importance to know which of the hair preparations are of *any* value. The majority, as has been frequently proved by the first dermatologists, or hair doctors, possess little or no merit. Such being the fact, it is consoling to those who are afflicted to know there is really *one good article*, which is recommended and used by the first medical authority, and has stood every test, many years. This preparation is Hall's VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,—a truly scientific compound, which is unquestionably the best preparation of the kind now before the American public. It will restore to gray hair its original color, cleanse the head thoroughly, cure all eruption of the scalp, and will always restore the hair so long as any germs remain, as they almost invariably do, until extreme old age has destroyed the roots. The original article is made by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.—[*Farmer's Press, Jan. 25, 1868.*

The Almanac Publishers complain that their business is destroyed by Ayer's American Almanac. The people prefer it to any other, the Farmer's, Western, Southerner the numerous local almanacs when they can get Ayer's. It supplies the best astronomical data, weather and jokes of them all, and above all, medical advice which is invaluable for every family. It is supplied gratis by the druggists, and should be preserved for constant reference and use. We are sure that no good housekeeper or grandmother goes willingly without one.—*Anti-Slavery Standard, N. Y.*

A Democratic official of this County went back to St. Clairsville the other day, generally used up about the face and hands, and reported he had received his injuries assisting to arrest Pat Quinlan and "Chappy," at Bellaire. Now Bro.——this is a little to thin—make fair excuses or none at all, and don't charge these poor devils, for they are bad enough, the Lord knows, with what they did not do. Why not say your horse had run away? or that you were trying to maintain the majesty of the law in preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors, by drinking it all yourself or make some excuse that had some *nuz* to it.—*Bellaire Independent.*

Noble county has among its citizens a certain Mr. Harden, whose height, in his stocking feet, is *seven feet three inches*, age twenty-two.

On the pension list for Des Moines, Iowa, is the name of W. H. Brown, a young man who carries in his body at the present time twenty-seven rebel bullets.

A petition is being circulated in Wheeling and vicinity, asking the Legislature of West Virginia to so change the course of the National road that it shall enter the city by way of East Wheeling.

A Guernsey County man made five hundred clapboards, four feet long, and bolted and barked part of the timber, in two hours and thirty-five minutes.

"Anybody to beat Grant," is now the grand hailing sign of departed Democracy. That was the muttered prayer of the rebels during the war. It began at Donnelson, and its last echoes died away on the field of Appomattox.

A young lady tells how to prevent chappy cheeks. Have nothing to do with cheeky chaps.

There is never a man so bad, says an eminent writer, but some woman loves him, and has faith in him.

The Chaplain of the Ohio Penitentiary reports that four-fifths of all the convicts sent to the State Prison during the year were intemperate men.

The Warren *Chronicle* says: "There have been about 1000 bushels of hickory nuts shipped to the Eastern markets from Canfield, Mahoning Co., O.

At White Marsh, Pa., a lady who dreaded small-pox shut herself up in her own house a mile from any small-pox, when she contracted the disease from fright.

For merely attempting to hang a boy in Seymour, Ind., a man was fined $5 and costs recently.


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Frank Seely & Dunphy Advertising Agents of New York.

8 O'CLOCK

RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, REVOLVERS

Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Arms guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted.

AGENTS & CANVASSERS seeking profitable employment should address the *Acme Linen Marker Co., Barclay St N. Y.* for full particulars of the only effective device ever invented for indelibly marking clothing & printing visiting cards. None will regret investigating this.

PSYCHOLOGIC Fascination or Soul Charming, 400 pages by Herbert Hamilton, B. A. How to use this power (which all possess) at will. Divination, Spiritualism, Sorceries, Demonology, and a thousand other subjects. Price by mail $1 25, in cloth, paper covers $1.00. Copy free to *agents only*, $4.00 monthly easily made. Address T. W. EVANS, Pub. 418, 8th Street Philadelphia, Pa.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 25 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. COX, P. O. Drawer, No. 21 Fultonville, N. Y.

Profitable Employment.

We desire to engage a few more Agents to sell World Renowned IMPROVED BUCKEYE SEWING MACHINE, at a liberal salary or on Commission. A Horse and Wagon given to Agents. Full Particulars furnished on application. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., General Agents, CLEVELAND, OHIO, & ST. LOUIS, MO.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

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An entirely new authentic, exhaustive and standard work eminently adapted to the times. It fully uncovers the whole Romish system and exposes its insidious workings to secure full control. Extra Terms now to Agents. CONN. PUBLISHING CO. HARTFORD, CONN.

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COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP. It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine French Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.

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FOR COUGHS, COLDS & HOARSENESS.

These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form, for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases. HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the THROAT are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of throat difficulties of years standing.

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Tones, Blacks, Polishes and Seaps at the same time. Large size and small size boxes, also in 1 lb. bars. Has been in use 37 years and gives perfect satisfaction. Send stamp for one WAY. R.Y. Address G. F. WHITNEY & CO. 59 MIDDLE ST. Boston, Mass. nodem

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IT IS NOT A PHYSIC—It is NOT what is popularly called a BITTERS, nor is it intended as such. It is a SIMPLE AMERICAN plant that has been used for many years by the medical faculty of those countries with wonderful efficacy, and is a POWERFUL ALTERATIVE and UNEQUALED PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD and a Sure and Perfect Remedy for all Diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, CHOLERA MORBUS, DISTRUCTION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES, TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER, OR CHILLS CONCOMITANTS.

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Also sold by JOHN F. HENRY, Agent, No. 8 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK CITY.


Report of the First National Bank of St Clairsville.

At St. Clairsville in the State of Ohio, at the close of business on the 20th day of Dec. 1871.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $158,081 85 |
| Overdrafts | 24 93 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 100,000 00 |
| U S Bonds on hand | 450 00 |
| Other stocks bonds and mortgages | 13,650 00 |
| Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents | 4,394 64 |
| Due from other National Banks | 2,221 82 |
| Due from other Banks and Bankers | 5,671 32 |
| Banking House | 5,000 00 |
| Current Expenses | 180 21 |
| Cash items—including stamps | 318 00 |
| Bills of other National Banks | 1,445 00 |
| Fractional currency (including nickels | 518 48 |
| Specie viz—Coin | 400 00 |
| Legal tender notes | 38,626 00 |
| | $321,573 37 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock paid in | $100,000 00 |
| Surplus Fund | 22,000 00 |
| Interest, and Exchange | 1,437 10 |
| Nat. Bank Circulation outstanding | 89,261 00 |
| Individual deposits | 108,817 74 |
| Due to National Banks | 57 33 |
| Total Liabilities | $321,573 37 |

State of Ohio, County of Belmont, SS.

I, H. C. Welday, Cashier of the First National Bank of St. Clairsville, O., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. C. WELDAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 26th day of December, 1871.

ALEXIS COPE, Notary Public.

—Attest.
S. D. T. COWEN,
GEO. BROWN, } Directors.
ROSS J. ALEXANDER,
Dec28, 1871.


FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ST. CLAIRSVILLE. CAPITAL $100,000.

Bank open from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M. Discount days Tuesdays, at 10 A. M. Money received on deposit. Collections made and proceeds remitted promptly. Exchange bought and sold.

*Directors*—Ross J. Alexander, David Brown, Joseph Woodmansee, George Brown, D. D. T. COWEN, President. H. C. WELDAY, Cashier.

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THE TESTIMONY OF ALL CABLE SCREW WIRE The driest and easiest Boots and Shoes ever worn.

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This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

For Preserving and Beautifying the Human Hair. To Prevent its Falling Out and Turning Gray.

A well-preserved Head of Hair, in a person of middle age, at once bespeaks refinement, elegance, health and beauty. It may truly be called Woman's Crowning Glory, while men are not insensible to its advantages and charms. Few things are more disgusting than thin, frizzly, harsh, untamed Hair, with head and coat covered with Dandruff. Visit a barber and you feel and look like a new man. This is what LYON'S KATHAIRON will do for the time. The charm which lies in well placed Hair, Glossy Curls, Luxuriant Tresses, and a Clean Head, is noticeable and irresistible.

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