THE NEW POSTAGE LAW.—The Postmaster General has published for the information of Postmasters and the public, his decision on a large number of questions arising under the new postage law. Postage on bound books, and printed matter, except newspapers and periodicals, published at intervals not exceeding three months, and sent from the office of publication to actual subscribers, is required to be pre-paid. Postage is to be charged by the route by which letters, &c., are sent, and they are to be sent, unless otherwise directed by the sender, by the quickest route. Subscribers to periodicals to obtain the benefit of pre-payment must pay a quarter's postage in advance. Weekly papers only are entitled to circulate free of postage in the counties where published, and this privilege is limited to the counties in which the papers are printed.

"Exchange papers" may be sent to and from Canada free of charge. Pamphlets and periodicals, not exceeding 16 ounces in weight, may be interchanged free of postage by the publishers, the privilege being limited to a single copy.—Bills for the subscription to such publications, and receipts for payment, may be enclosed free of charge in addition to that of the periodical.—Instructions are also given on various other points, likely to be of less frequent occurrence than those here mentioned.

A very interresting discovery has recently been made in Egypt. M. Mariette, a young French soldier, who was despatched on a scientific mission to Egypt, has discovered the exact site of the ancient city of Memphis, which has heretofore been a matter of doubt. After careful search, he has found a great quantity of Egyptian and Grecian remains, buried under a deposit of sand, varying from six to forty feet in depth. Among other objects he recognized the *Serapeum*, a monument described by Strabo.—The avenue leading to it was filled with a large number of statutes and sphinxes, some of which contained inscriptions. The drawings of these remains, sent by M. Mariette to Paris, attracted much attention, and it is understood that funds will be furnished him for the further prosecution of his researches.

Jenny Lind is once more with us, but remains strictly private at her house in Brooklyn. She arrived on Sunday morning; and hearing of the arrival of the Atlantic, despite her fatigue, at once ordered a carriage, and was driven to the dock, at the foot of Canal street, which she reached just as the vessel was hauling in. As soon as the gang way plank was fixed, she hastened on board to welcome her friend Captain West, whose attention to her during her voyage to this country, seems to have made a deep impression upon her. The meeting, we understand, was most cordial.

The rumors of Miss Lind's marriage to Signor Belletti is entirely unfounded; that gentleman, together with Messrs. Benedict and Goldschmidt, leaves for Europe to-morrow, in the Atlantic. It is the intention of Miss Lind to remain in this country during the autumn; but we regret to learn that she has determined not to give any more concerts. [N. Y. Mirror.

THE FOURTH OF JULY IN LONDON.—For the first time since the declaration of American Independence, the anniversary of that event was celebrated on the 4th inst., in London, with almost as much honor as in New York. Mr G. Peabody, of Baltimore, had issued cards of invitation to meet the United States Minister and Mrs. Lawrence at a fete which he gave that evening on the occasion, and about 700 or 800 persons were to be present, including all the American families now in London, and a large proportions of the nobility and public persons in England, by whem the idea had been received with the greatest satisfaction. The Duke of Wellington, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Lord Mayor, etc., are among those who attended. There was to be a concert, ball and supper, and the affair promised to bo one of the grandest of the season, worthy not only of what it celebrates, but of the meeting of the nation in the year of the Exhibition.

WOMEN'S CONVENTION.—At this assemblage, in Akron, Ohio, some singular things were said and some quite sensible ones. A young lady spoke as follows:—

"For her own part, she loved man, individually and collectively, better than woman, and so, she was sure, did every one of her sex, if they, like her, would utter their real sentiments. She was more anxious for man's elevation and improvement than for woman's, and so was every true woman.

POSTAGE TO CALIFORNIA.—Different statements are going the rounds of the papers in regard to the rates of postage to California under the new law. The following are the rates now payable upon letters and papers: Letters pre-paid, 6 cents; unpaid, ten cents; transient newspapers, 5 cents an ounce. The former rates were for letters, 40 cents, and for papers 4 cents each. [N. O. Bulletin.

We are happy to learn from a private letter by the last steamer that the Hon. D. D. Barnard, our Minister to Russia, is in good health, and exceedingly popular as a diplomatist. Our correspondent writes that "he adorns his position and is winning golden opinions from all who meet him." [N. Y. Mirror.

The barque Chicago, a Canadian vessel, bound from Chicago to Quebec, foundered on the 26th ult., in a gale, a few miles this side of Death's Door. The crew were saved in a boat. The Chicago was laden with 299 tons of Turk's Island salt, for Chicago.

The Waukegan *Chronicle* states that about one hundred tons of ship knees are ready at that place for transportation to the East.

The same business can be carried on profitably from this port. We have the best oak in the State.

Gen. Houston and his family have been on a visit to Galveston—the first in five years. He made them a speech, and they entertained him and his family at a ball. The greetings and courtesies on both sides seemed warm and sincere.

Mr. E. F. Morton advertises in the Cincinnati *Gazette* the reward of one thousand dollars to any person who will give a rational explanation to the phenomena called "spirit rappings," independent of the hypothesis that they are made by *departed spirits*.

New York, July 30,—Flour selling at $4,25.

AARON BURR.—About the year 1795 Col. Burr was owner of nearly one fourth of a block fronting Nassau, Cedar, and Liberty streets, and Broadway. He was an eminent lawyer, with an extensive practice. I was informed by one of the profession that his practice at one period was worth ten thousand dollars a year. I used frequently to sit on juries in the old City Hall (now the site of the Custom house) when Hamilton and Burr were the opposing counsel. They were both acute lawyers and eloquent speakers. A remarkable incident took place one day.—They were trying the validity of a will. Hamilton, having the will in his hand, happened to hold it between the window and his eyes. He rose, and prayed the court to stay the proceedings, and, handing the will up to the judge, (I think it was Brockholst Livingston,) remarked: "If the court please, there is a witness from Heaven that will set this matter at rest. If the court please, hold the instrument so as to look through the paper. The water-mark is dated five years after the will was signed. The testator could not make a will five years after he was dead." Of course a verdict for the defendant was given at once.

In the year 1800 Col. Burr was elected to the office of Vice-President of the United States.—On the 11th of July, 1804, he retired from political life. The fatal termination of the duel with Hamilton, and the verdict of "wilful murder" rendered by the coroner's jury, caused him to absent himself from this part of the country. He traveled through the Southern and Western States, for the purpose of getting up an expedition against Mexico, for which he was tried for high treason. He then fled to England, where his papers were seized, and himself thrown into prison. He was liberated soon after, traveled in France and Germany, and returned to New York in 1812. He resumed the practice of law at No. 15 Nassau street. Being lightly esteemed by his fellow-citizens, the effort was unsuccessful, and he soon fell into decay in mind, body and estate. Mathew L. Davis, his last solitary friend, stuck to him closer than a brother, and had him lodged in a solitary hut, with a lonely window, on a desert sand-bank in the wilds of Staten Island. Here, through the bounty of Mr. Davis, he lived for eighteen months; and here on the night of the 14th of September, 1836, died Aaron Burr, in the eighty-first year of his age, with not a friend to close his eyes, or wipe the dew-drops of death from his brow.—Washington, Adams, Jay and Hamilton died surrounded by weeping friends, and their graves were bedewed by the tears of a continent "He that honoreth me I will honor; he that despiseth me shall be lightly esteemed," saith the book whose Author is divine. Burr was buried at Trenton, New Jersey.

[Laurie Todd, in the Home Journal.

A London letter of the 4th ult., mentions that the jurors of the great exhibition had met that week to decide upon the award of medals to exhibitors. The distribution of the prizes will not be made till after the exhibition is closed, and then it is probable that the queen will present them. The writer learns from a good source that the American section will obtain more prizes than many other foreign nations; notwithstanding we are incessantly taunted by John Bull about our meagre show, twenty-three medals have already been awarded to American exhibitors.

SCARLET FEVER.—The following prescription for the Scarlet Fever is very simple, if efficacious, and the writer in the Newark *Sentinel* says he has always found it to have a beneficial tendency, no matter how aggravated the symptoms may have been. It should be resorted to immediately if possible; "put into a middling size tea cup, one tea spoonful of the best Cayenne pepper, one tea spoonful of salt, one table spoonful of vinegar, and fill the cup with boiling water. Stir it well, and when cold let the patient swallow every half hour a tea spoonful of the clear infusion. In order to keep it clear, do not leave the spoon in the mixture. It will be found to relieve the soreness of the throat, and throw out the eruption. It is moreover an excellent prescription for an ordinary sore throat."

MARINE LIST.

Steamer Empire, Fox, arrives on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays of each week.

Steamer Algoma, Shoemaker, arrives on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays of each week.

Steamer Algoma, Shoemaker, leaves on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Steamer Empire, Fox leaves on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday of each week.

ARRIVALS—Aug. 6—11.

Aug. 6—Schr. New Hampshire, Warren; schr. Warren, Munro; schr. L. P. Hilliard, Turner; schr. Lizzie Throop, Clidesdell; schr. Sutherland, Scott; schr. Geen Bay, Black; schr. P. Hayden, Carey; schr. Vermont, Nelson; brig Minesota, Prinderville; brig Boston, Ballentine; S. B. General Harrison, Pheatt; brigantine Oleander, ——; schr. Amelia, ——;

Aug. 7.—Schr. Helena, Johnson; schr. Roanoke, Dalton; prop. Sciota, ——, with 150 tons mdze.

Aug. 8.—No arrivals.

Aug. 9th.—Schr. A. J. View, ——; schr. New Hampshire, Warren; schr. Illinois, Minskey.

Aug. 10.—Schr. Chas. Howard, ——; schr. John Lillie, Keyo; schr. C. Walker, Hubbard; schr. Lizzie Throop, Clidesdell; schr. Warren, Munro.

Aug. 11.—Brig Enterprise, Miller.

CLEARED,

Aug. 5.—Schr. Illinois, Minskey, 85,000 ft. lumber; schr. C. Walker, Hubbard, 100,000 ft. lumber.

Aug. 6.—S. B. Gen. Harrison, Pheatt.

Aug. 7.—Brig Enterprise, Miller, 130 cords wood; schr. Lizzie Throop, Clidesdell, 80,000 ft. lumber, 30,000 lath, 20,000 shingles; schr. New Hampshire, Warren, 75,000 ft. lumber; schr. Vermont, Nelson, 100,000 ft. lumber; brig Minesota, Prinderville, 175,000 ft. lumber; brig Boston, Ballentine, 100,000, ft. lumber.

Aug. 8.—Schr. P. Hayden, Carey, 110,000, ft. lumber; schr. L. P. Hilliard, Turner, 120,000 ft. lumber; schr. Sutherland, Scott, 50,000 ft. lumber; prop. Sciota, ——.

Aug. 9.—Schr. Roanoke, Dalton, 110,000 ft. lumber; schr. Green Bay, Black, 120 cords wood.

Aug. 11.—Schr. New Hampshire, Warren, 75,000 ft. lumber; brig Sultan, Hixon, 150,000 ft. black walnut lumber, destined for the Boston market.

FREIGHTS.

Lumber, 11s to 13s per 1000 ft.; Lath, 2s per 1000; Shingles, 15 to 20c per 1000; Staves 20s per 1000.

MARKETS.

GRAND HAVEN.	CHICAGO.
Lumber 4,50 a 5,50 pr. M.	Lumber 5,50 a 6,75 pr. M.
Shingles 1,13 a 1,38 pr. M.	Shingles 1,25 a 2,00 pr. M.
Lath 1,38 a 1,75 pr. M.	Lath $2,00 pr. M.
Staves, $4 to 5 pr. M.	Staves, $7,00 pr. M.
Shingle bolts $4,00 a 4,50 per cord.	Shingle bolts $7,00 per cord.
Saw logs 2,50 a 3,00 pr. M.	

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a license duly issued by the Probate Court for the County of Kalamazoo, State of Michigan, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1851, I shall sell at public sale, at the Court House, in the village of Grand Haven, on the 3d day of September A. D. 1851, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all the right title & interest of the estate of Hosea B. Hustan deceased, in and to the following described lands, situated in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan.

The west half of the north east quarter of section twenty-six (26) town five (5) north range sixteen (16) west; the north-east quarter of north-east quarter of north-west quarter of section twenty-six (26) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the west half of half of south-east quarter of section twenty-four (24) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the west half of the south-west quarter of section two (2) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the east half of the south-east quarter of section three (3) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the east half of of the north-east quarter of section ten (10) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the west half of the north-west quarter of section eleven (11) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the north-west quarter of section twenty-three (23) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the north-east quarter of section twenty-two (22) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the east half of the north-west quarter of section twenty-two (22) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the south-east quarter of section thirteen (13) town five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west; the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirteen (13) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the Lots numbers one (1) and two (2) of section twenty-one (21) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west; the south-west quarter of section eighteen (18) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west: the west half of the north-west quarter of section nineteen (19) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west; the west half of the north-west quarter of section twenty-one (21) town five (5) north, of range fifteen (15) west; the west half of the south-east quarter of section eighteen (18) town five (5) north range fifteen (15) west; the east half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-three (33) town five (5) north, range fourteen (14) west; the fourteen thirty-secondths of the north-east fractional quarter of section thirty-five (35) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the one-third of the south-east quarter of section twenty-nine (29) town five (5) north, range fourteen (14) west; the one-third of the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32) town five (5) north, range fourteen (14) west; the one-third of the north-west quarter of section thirty-three (33) town five (5) north, range fourteen (14) west; the one-third of the east half of the north-east qunrter of section twenty five (25) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the one-third of the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-five (25) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the one-third of the east half of the north-east quarter of section thirty-five (35) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the one-third of the west half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-six (36) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the seven thirty-secondths of the north-east fractional quarter of section thirty-five (35) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the east half of the north-west quarter of section twenty-two (22) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the south-east quarter of section twenty-six (26) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-five (25) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west; the east half of the north east quarter of section twenty-five (25) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west; the west half of the north-west quarter of section nineteen (19) town five (5) north, range fifteen (15) west; the north-east quarter of section twenty-two (22) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the north-west fractional quarter of section thirty-six (36) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west; the north-west quarter of section twenty-five (25) town five (5) north, range sixteen (16) west.

Dated July 9, 1851. JOHN PARKER,
[7w2.] Administrator.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

State of Michigan, in Ottawa County Court.

Stephen Batchelder, Plff. vs. Francis Batchelder, Deft. } In Attachment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the twelfth day of March 1851, a writ of attachment issued in the Court above named, wherein the parties above named were plaintiff and defendant, that the sum claimed, due from the plaintiff to the defendant in said writ, is the sum of three thousand dollars, that said writ was made returnable on the second Tuesday of May, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty one, and that as appears from the return of said writ, property has been attached thereon, and that the defendant above named could not be found. Dated at Grand Haven, this 13th day of May, A. D. 1851. STEPHEN BATCHELDER, *Plff.*
By RATHBONE & MILLER, his *Att'ys*. [8w2]

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money, secured to be paid by indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the sixteenth day of October A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight, executed by Sherly Hammond, of Ottawa County, State of Michigan, to Francis B. Gilbert of the same County. On which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one hundred fifty-two ninety-six hundredths dollars, for the collection of which, or any part thereof, no suit at law or in equity has been commenced. Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale, in said Mortgage contained, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the premises therein described to wit: The south-east fraction of the south-east quarter of section eleven, and lots numbered one and two, and the south-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section fourteen, all in township eight north, of range sixteen west, containing in all one hundred sixteen and thirty one hundredths acres, according to government survey, will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in the village of Grand Haven, in said county of Ottawa, on the twenty-eighth day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and fifty-one, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day. FRANCIS B. GILBERT, Mortgagee.
Grand Haven, July 28, 1851. [13w4.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Wm. M. Ferry of Grand Haven, State of Michigan, and Heman Ferry of the city of Utica, State of New York, under the name of Wm. M. Ferry, has this day been dissolved, and it is hereby mutually agreed that all debts of and liabilities to the said partnership are to be settled by the said Wm. M. Ferry. Dated Grand Haven, July 15, 1851. HEMAN FERRY, by WM. H. FERRY, his Atty.
[3tf.] WM. M. FERRY.