



WOODSTOCK, VIRGINIA.

Wednesday, Nov. 23, 1881.

Another fellow tried to save the United States the trouble and expense of trying Giteau last Saturday.

The election is over and the readjustment of the debt will soon be in order.

How an Ohio Woman Forged \$500 Check, and How she was Caught.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 14.—A curious case of female wit and wickedness has been brought prominently before the public by the recent arrival at the penitentiary of two prisoners from Hocking county.

John O'Meara testified as to selling the pistol to Giteau.

Giteau announced to the Court that he had John B. Townsend of New York, Leonard Sweet and A. S. Prude of Chicago, to assist him.

In another matter he continued: "I desire to call to the attention of the Court that there are disreputable characters about the court, and that some threats of violence have been made during the past week."

Giteau quickly shouted: "No, your Honor, we acknowledge the shooting but not the killing."

Colonel Rockwell briefly stated facts within his knowledge, and was followed by General Egan, who was at Elberton when the shooting occurred.

Dr. D. W. Bliss was then called. The witness related the events from the time he was called to the time of the President's death.

Quite a sensation was produced when the District Attorney suddenly drew from a pasteboard box a section of human backbone, and holding it up enquired: "Do you recognize this, Doctor?"

The court reassembled at 1:05 P. M. The District Attorney said he had a certain record in the case of the President kept by Dr. Reuben and in his handwriting, Drs. Reuben and Wood were in court.

While the witness was testifying Giteau appeared much bored, as one listening to the recital of an old story.

The latest Mahone republican spoken of for a cabinet office is Col. James D. Brady, internal revenue collector for the Petersburg (Va.) district.

Dr. J. J. Johnson, who gave a reluctant and long-delayed support to the coalition, has been forgiven, and will cooperate with Paul and Fulkerson, the readjuster members of the next House, which leaves Dezenoff, who continued recalcitrant to the last, thoroughly out of the cold.

New York, Nov. 21.—Jacob Lohman, of 406 West Fifteenth street, attempted to shoot his wife this morning at his house.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The driver of the prison van gives the following particulars of the attempt to shoot Giteau.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—While Giteau was being taken back to jail this afternoon a man on horseback rode up beside the van and fired a shot at Giteau.

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THE GITEAU TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—The crowd at the court-house this morning was far greater than on any previous morning.

The court was opened without incident, and G. C. Maynard was put on the stand.

Giteau protested against the line of evidence, and said that he did not think it anybody's business whether he owed \$25 or somebody owed him \$20.

Corkhill desired to prove by witness that Giteau borrowed \$15 to buy the pistol.

The witness was cross-examined. He thought that Giteau looked seedy and hungry.

The prisoner showed much feeling, and frequently interrupted the witness by asserting that he lived in first-class style and wore a million-dollar suit of clothes.

John O'Meara testified as to selling the pistol to Giteau.

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THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN VIRGINIA.

The United States Senatorship—Constant Riddleberger the Leading Candidate—The Pledge Given by Readjuster Legislators—Court of Appeals Judgeship.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 14.—The United States Senatorship is attracting considerable attention not only among readjusters but democrats.

The best informed of the former assert with positiveness that Mr. Johnson's successor will be a readjuster.

Riddleberger's chances are decidedly better than any other aspirant yet named.

A meeting of the readjuster leaders will be held here next Monday.

Gen. Malone will preside. Among other things that will be recommended to this meeting will be the old Massey school bill, which provides that all taxes for school purposes shall be paid in funds instead of coupons.

It will be urged that this measure shall be passed in three forms: First, as a separate act; secondly, as an independent section of the Riddleberger bill; thirdly, incorporated in the annual appropriation bill.

It is thought that it will be judicious to give it three chances.

The Virginia Beverleys.—Up in Fauquier county, Va., there is a cattle ranch of 12,000 acres, which, in its management is met its owner, Cal. Robert Beverly, in Richmond.

He keeps about 3000 steers, and sells for the Philadelphia, New York and Liverpool markets.

His shipments of cattle on the hoof to England have until recently been very large.

But the wretched accommodations provided by the steamship companies greatly increasing the risks and percentage of loss on the cargo, and the short-sighted policy of the English Privy Council in requiring American cattle to be slaughtered at the port of landing within a specified time, leaves hardly any advantage in favor of export over domestic sale.

Col. Beverly buys his young stock in Eastern Tennessee. On his Fauquier county farm cattle receive pasturage during seven or eight months of the year, and through the winter, when partial feeding is required, they have the range of vast cornfields and find abundant fodder.

The waste of the steers is eaten by hogs; a pig to every steer is the rule of the estate.

The owner of this great estate is a man of massive frame, and in New York would be taken for two Williams and five Roberts, who have been Americans by settlement or birth, he traces his ancestry back to his English home.

He is himself the fourth Robert, and his son the fifth and seventh in the American line.

The son now lives on an estate in Essex county, on the Rappahannock, which has been handed down through these seven generations.

Left to Col. Beverly, the fourth, by his uncle who died childless, it was by him—he being already established on his twelve thousand acres in Fauquier county, and having no present use for more land—given to his son Robert. This estate is held in the family by a title of which few American families can show the like.

Coming into the possession of the first Beverly who settled in America by grant from the crown, sometime in the sixteen hundred and forties, when Sir William Berkeley, the Loyalist, was Governor of the colony, it has never had any other owner than a Beverly.

The old family mansion in Essex county was built of bricks brought over from England in the colonial times, and is as strong as a fortress. The great hall by 70, is as large as an ordinary house lot. The walls are three feet thick, of solid brick.

Col. Beverly was on Gen. Lee's staff. He has nine children and seventeen grandchildren, though not more than fifty-five years old, and looking even younger. There is evidently no danger of this old English stock becoming extinct in Virginia.—[New York Times.]

We charge Virginians that they never forget our two noble standard-bearers in this fight—Daniel and McKinney. They have gone down under the blows of the negroes and their allies, but they might ably, nobly, untriflingly. They have now the thanks of all true Virginians, and when the white men have her in charge once more they will just as certainly "have their reward" as "truth is mighty and will prevail."—[West Point Star.]

HANNIBAL, Mo., November 14.—A gentleman from New London, Ball county, tells the following story, which he vouches for: He says that there is a colored man in New London, who for years has claimed that he had a scorpion upon his skin, and that it crawled from place to place over his body.

A few days since Drs. Sprague and Ralls, of London, a couple of scientists, coaxed the ducky to submit to a surgical operation for the removal of the varmint.

They distinctly traced the animal under the ducky's skin from his wrist over the left shoulder, and thence back again to a position between the thighs and above the right leg.

Clasping the knob above and below where the animal seemed to be, they administered chloroform to the man, and, making an incision in the leg, took therefrom a living scorpion, but something resembling a lizard. It was placed in a vial of alcohol, and the doctors had several efforts for its purchase. The ducky avers that a colored man conjured him when he was a boy, and that he has been tormented with this animal ever since.

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MARKETS.

WASHINGTON MARKETS. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. F. SAUM & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 325 LOUISIANA AVE., COR. 9th & 10th Sts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 18, 1881.

Wheat—No. 1, 1.25; No. 2, 1.20; No. 3, 1.15; No. 4, 1.10; No. 5, 1.05; No. 6, 1.00; No. 7, 0.95; No. 8, 0.90; No. 9, 0.85; No. 10, 0.80; No. 11, 0.75; No. 12, 0.70; No. 13, 0.65; No. 14, 0.60; No. 15, 0.55; No. 16, 0.50; No. 17, 0.45; No. 18, 0.40; No. 19, 0.35; No. 20, 0.30; No. 21, 0.25; No. 22, 0.20; No. 23, 0.15; No. 24, 0.10; No. 25, 0.05; No. 26, 0.00; No. 27, 0.00; No. 28, 0.00; No. 29, 0.00; No. 30, 0.00; No. 31, 0.00; No. 32, 0.00; No. 33, 0.00; No. 34, 0.00; No. 35, 0.00; No. 36, 0.00; No. 37, 0.00; No. 38, 0.00; No. 39, 0.00; No. 40, 0.00; No. 41, 0.00; No. 42, 0.00; No. 43, 0.00; No. 44, 0.00; No. 45, 0.00; No. 46, 0.00; No. 47, 0.00; No. 48, 0.00; No. 49, 0.00; No. 50, 0.00; No. 51, 0.00; No. 52, 0.00; No. 53, 0.00; No. 54, 0.00; No. 55, 0.00; No. 56, 0.00; No. 57, 0.00; No. 58, 0.00; No. 59, 0.00; No. 60, 0.00; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; 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