

Bristol News

VOLUME XV. • BRISTOL, VIRGINIA & TENNESSEE, TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1880. Whole No. 760. No. 41

ADVERTISING RATES

RATES FOR ONE YEAR.	
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Transient, 25 cents per line per week.
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For Congress, Legislature, or County Office, each Town and District Office, 25 cents.
The above rates will be rigidly adhered to.

TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1880.

The Chicago Ticket.

We reprint a few of the comments made by Northern journals on the Republican Presidential ticket, preferring to let our readers see what they say of these two men to any comments we can make. (Ed. News.)

The Stungling Defense of Garfield.

New York Herald.

A bull in a china shop is a faint image of the part Gov. Foster has played, unless Gen. Garfield's pamphlet, addressed to the stupid-minded farmers of his district, can pass the ordeal of intelligent public criticism. It seems that the pamphlet did not satisfy even the limited Republican audience to which it was addressed. In spite of it Gen. Garfield lost nearly six thousand five hundred votes in the election which followed its publication. We never heard of this pamphlet until Gov. Foster took the bold risk of advertising it. He (Garfield) is on the defensive in any event until these grave charges are disposed of. If he can refute them, let him do it once for all. If he declines to make any defense the natural presumption will be that he has no defense which would help him. The case against him has a terrible ugly look as presented by his adversaries; the recent apologies of his friends are as damaging as the original accusations; unless he comes to the rescue he is beaten out of sight before the campaign is fairly opened.

Arthur's Testimonials.

"You have made the Custom House a centre of partisan political management."—R. B. Hayes to Collector Arthur, January 31, 1879.

"With a deep sense of my obligations under the constitution, I regard it as my plain duty to suspend you in order that the office may be honestly administered."—R. B. Hayes to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

"Gross abuses of administration have continued and increased during your incumbency."—John Sherman to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

"Persons have been regularly paid by you who have rendered little or no service; the expenses of your office have increased, while its receipts have diminished. Bribes, or gratuities in the shape of bribes have been received by your subordinates in several branches of the Custom house, and you have in no case supported the effort to correct these abuses."—Secretary Sherman to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

The Intelligence of Lancaster, Pa.

The New Era plumes itself that all the "slanders trumped up by the INTELLIGENCE against Gen. Garfield will be just as effectually disposed of at the proper time." There might be some consolation in this if the charges which affect Gen. Garfield were "slanders," or if there had not already ensued a long time which has failed to dispose of them. The Era, we presume, will not dispute what was officially proved before a Congressional committee, that one of the most notorious of the contracts of the Washington Ring was that with De Golyer and McClellan, of Chicago, in the spring of 1872, for two hundred thousand yards of wood pavement at \$3.50 per yard; that to obtain this, it was proved before the committee of investigation that the sum of \$97,000 was paid to different persons; that Garfield's friend, Richard A. Parsons, was paid \$15,000 for his services in the matter, of which he gave Garfield \$5,000 as "counsel," though Garfield was chairman of the committee on appropriations through which the money for Boss Shepherd's contractors had to come; that he rendered no service except to help this appropriation as a congressman, and that Childsden, the agent of De Golyer and McClellan, wrote on the 30th of May, 1872, in regard to Garfield after he had been secured: "He holds the purse strings of the U. S. treasury, and through his hands every dollar of money appropriated by Congress shall come."

Mr. Tilden's Letter of Withdrawal.

AN ABLE AND INTERESTING REVIEW OF THE POLITICAL HISTORY OF THE PAST FEW YEARS.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—To-night the New York delegation held a meeting at the Grand Hotel, and organized by choosing Dan'l. Manning as chairman, and S. B. Halliday secretary. Mr. Peckham read the following letter from Samuel J. Tilden:

"New York, June 18, 1880.—To the Delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention: Your first assembling is an occasion on which it is proper for me to state to you my relation to the nomination for the presidency, which you and your associates are commissioned to make in behalf of the democratic party of the United States. Having passed my earlier years in an atmosphere filled with traditions of the war which secured our national independence, and of the struggle which made our continental system a government for the people, by the people, I cherished to cherish the institutions

of my country, and was educated to believe it the duty of a citizen of the republic to take his fair allotment of care and trouble in public affairs. I fulfilled that duty to the best of my ability for forty years as a private citizen. Although during all my life, giving at least as much thought and effort to public affairs as to all other objects, I have never accepted official service except for a brief period for a special purpose, and only when the occasion seemed to require of me that sacrifice of private preferences to public interests. My life has been substantially that of a private citizen. It was, I presume, the success of efforts in which, as a private citizen, I had shared to overthrow a corrupt combination, then holding dominion in our metropolis, and to purify the judiciary, which had become its tool, that induced the democracy of the State in 1873 to nominate me for Governor. This was done in spite of the protests of a minority that the part I had borne in these reforms had created antagonisms fatal to me as a candidate. I felt constrained to accept the nomination as the most certain means of putting the power of the gubernatorial office on the side of reform, and of removing the impression wherever it prevailed that the faithful discharge of one's duty as a citizen is fatal to his usefulness as a public servant. The breaking up of the canal ring, the better management of our public works, the large reduction of taxes and other reforms accomplished during my administration, doubtless occasioned my nomination for the presidency by the democracy of the Union in the hope that similar process would be applied to the federal government. From the responsibilities of such an undertaking, appalling as it seemed to me, I did not feel at liberty to shrink. In the canvass which ensued the democratic party represented reform in the administration of the federal government and a restoration of our complex political system to the pure ideas of its founders. Upon these issues the people of the United States, by a majority of more than a quarter of a million, chose a majority of the electors to cast their votes for the democratic candidates for President and Vice President. It is my right and privilege here to say that I was nominated and elected to the presidency absolutely free from any engagement in respect to the exercise of its powers or disposal of its patronage. Through the whole period of my relation to the presidency I did everything in my power to elevate and nothing to lower moral standards in the competition of parties. By what nefarious means the basis for a false count was laid in several of the States I need not recite. These are now matters of history about which, whatever diversity of opinion may have existed in either of the great parties of the country at the time of their consummation, has since practically disappeared. I refused to ransom from the returning boards of Southern States the documentary evidence, by the suppression of which and by the substitution of fraudulent and forged papers a pretext was made for the perpetration of false count. The constitutional duty of the two houses of Congress to count the electoral vote as cast, and to give effect to the will of the people as expressed by their suffrages, was never fulfilled. An electoral commission, for the existence of which I have no responsibility, was formed, and to it the two houses of Congress abdicated their duty to make the count by law enacting that the count of the commission should stand as final, unless overruled by the concurrent action of the two houses. Its false count was not overruled, owing to the complicity of a republican Senate with the republican majority of the commission, controlled by its republican majority of 8 to 7. The electoral commission counted out the men elected by the people and counted in the men not elected by the people. That subversion of the election created a new issue for the decision of the people of the United States, transcending in importance all questions of administration. It involved the vital principle of self-government through elections by the people.

The immense growth of the means of corrupt influences over the ballot-box which is at the disposal of the party having possession of the executive administration had already become a present evil and a great danger, tending to make elections irresponsible to public opinion, hampering the power of the people to change their rulers, and enabling the men holding the machinery of government to continue and perpetuate their power. It was my opinion in 1876 that the opposition attempting to change the administration needed to include at least two thirds of the voters at the opening of the canvass in order to retain at the election. If after such obstacles had been overcome, and a majority of the people had voted to change the administration for their government, the men in office could still procure a false count founded upon frauds, perjury and forgeries, furnishing a pretext of documentary evidence on which to base that false count, and if such transaction were not only successful, but if, after allotments of its benefits made to its contrivers, abettors and apologists by the chief beneficiary of the transaction, it were condoned by the people, a practical destruction of elections by the people would

have been accomplished. The failure to install the candidates chosen by the people, a contingency consequent upon no act or omission of mine and beyond my control has thus left me for the last three years, and until now, when the Democratic party, by its delegates in national convention assembled, shall choose a new leader, the involuntary but necessary representative of this momentous issue, as such denied the immunities of private life without the powers conferred by public station, subject to unceasing falsehoods and calumnies from the partisans of an administration laboring in vain to justify its existence.

I have, nevertheless, steadfastly endeavored to preserve to the Democratic party of the United States the supreme issue before the people for their decision next November, whether this shall be a government by the sovereign people through elections, or a government by discarded servants holding over by force and fraud; and I have withheld no sacrifice and neglected no opportunity to uphold, organize and consolidate against the enemies of representative institutions the great party which alone, under God, can effectually resist their overthrow.

Having now borne faithfully my full share of labor and care in the public service, and wearying in the marks of its burdens, I desire nothing so much as an honorable discharge. I wish to lay down the honors and toils of even quasi party leadership, and to seek the repose of private life.

In renouncing a renomination for the Presidency I do so with no doubt in my mind as to the vote of the State of New York or of the United States, but because I believe that it is a renomination of re-election to the Presidency. To those who think my nomination and election indispensable to an effectual vindication of the right of the people to elect their rulers, violated in my person, I have accorded as long a reserve of my decision as possible, but I cannot overcome my repugnance to enter into a new engagement which involves four years of ceaseless toil.

The dignity of the Presidential office is above a mere personal ambition, but it creates in me no illusion; its value is as a great power for good to the country. I said four years ago, in accepting the nomination: "Knowing as I do, therefore, from fresh experience, how great the difference is between gliding through an official routine and working out a reform of systems and policies, it is impossible for me to contemplate what needs to be done in the federal administration without an anxious sense of the difficulties of the undertaking. If summoned by the suffrages of my countrymen to attempt this work, I shall endeavor, with God's help, to be the efficient instrument of their will."

Such a work of renovation after many years of misrule, such a reform of systems and policies to which I would cheerfully have sacrificed all that I feared, beyond my strength. With unfeigned thanks for the honors bestowed on me, with a heart swelling with emotions of gratitude to the Democratic masses for the support which they have given to the cause I represented, and their confidence in every emergency, I remain your fellow citizen.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

A Railroad Movement Which Will Equal the L. & N. Scoop.

New York Special to the Chicago Tribune.

A vast railroad combination, with the Richmond and Danville and the Richmond and York river roads as the basis, has been formed in the South, negotiations for which have been in progress for eighteen months. A number of prominent capitalists are interested in the enterprise, and have embarked in it more than \$20,000,000. Among these are Charles Clyde, Philadelphia; John and Daniel K. Stewart, Richmond; Messrs. Walters & Newcomer, Baltimore; H. B. Plant, R. T. Wilson & Co., N. Y.; Charles T. McGee, Tenn.; W. B. Clyde, N. Y.; Wm. H. Palmer, T. M. Logan, James T. Gray, A. Y. Stekes and Thos. Branch & Co., Richmond, and other well known gentlemen in the south and south-western States. This combination will seek to control all through traffic and from the Seaboard in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, northern Alabama, and Mississippi, striking deep water on the Chesapeake Bay, at West Point and Norfolk. This great system of railroads is the counterpart of the Louisville and Nashville system, which reaches the sea coast at Charleston and Savannah. The purchase some months ago, of the Charlotte Columbia and Augusta railroad, by the Pennsylvania railroad company, Richmond and Danville company, and Thos. and Wm. P. Clyde, was the beginning of this movement. The second step was the formation of a syndicate composed of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Richmond capitalists, controlling among them the Richmond and York river railroad, East Tennessee Virginia and Georgia, Memphis and Charleston, and Selma Rome and Dalton railroads, with numerous branches, extensions and connections. This syndicate was formed to purchase all railroad interests of the Pennsylvania company south of Richmond, which gave it the control of the

Richmond and Danville with its leased roads in North Carolina, running from Richmond to Danville, embracing the Piedmont road from Danville and Greensboro N. C., and the North Carolina railroad from Goldsborough to Charlotte, as a trunk line, thus affording an outlet through Richmond to deep water for the entire system. This was followed by the purchase of the controlling interest in the Greenville and Columbia railroad company of South Carolina, and by arrangements for securing the immediate completion of the Western North Carolina railroad, from Asheville, N. C., to Paint Rock, Tenn., which makes another link connecting the roads west of the Blue Ridge mountains, with those east of Blue Ridge, and at the same time affording the shortest practical route between the northwest and the States of the seaboard. The Richmond and York River railroad, composing a section of the trunk line of this combination, extends from Richmond Va., to West Point Va., on the Chesapeake Bay, a distance of 38 miles. The East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia railroad extends from Bristol Tenn. to Dalton Ga., a distance of about 270 miles, with about 21 miles of side-tracks. The Rogersville and Jefferson and the Cincinnati, Cumberland G. P. and Charleston railroads were purchased at a foreclosure sale for the non-payment of interest on the state mortgage lien in 1871. The line of the Memphis & Charleston road extends from Memphis Tenn. to Stephenson Ala., a distance of 271 miles. It has branches to Somerville Tenn., and to Florence Ala., making 363 miles of road. The Selma, Rome & Dalton road, also a part of this system, extends from Selma, Ala. to Dalton Ga., a distance of 237 miles. The effect of this combination will be, it is claimed, to give greater economy of operation and increased efficiency of service than has heretofore been possible under the old condition of things where the roads were independent and disconnected. Among the parties in this enterprise are those controlling the coast line system of railroads, including the new and short railway lines running from Charleston and Savannah to Florida, and also a number of steamship lines trading between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Southern coast ports. It also connects at Richmond and at Danville with the railway lines from those points to the northern and southern States for through passenger and express traffic, and at Norfolk and West Point with the steamboat lines to the northern and eastern ports for through and way traffic.

Letter from Estherville.

DEAR EDITOR:—

In our selfishness we wished for your presence at the closing exercises of Estherville Academy, on June 10th and 11th. It was indeed a practical application of the educational ability of Prof. J. Harr, of your State, and also the good natural talent of the pupils. The tree is known by its fruit, so we conclude that the present stock is positively good. It is said that the fathers in old Scotland were unable to realize large developments from their hard and sterile lands, so they built schools and colleges and grew men. In this hill country they are growing men and women too. We were struck with the fire and vim of the boys and girls as they rehearsed their soul-stirring pieces. And forcibly reminded of Washington, Jefferson and Patrick Henry and other grand men of this grand old State.

Yours, J. E. CROCKERY.

Obituary.

Died, near Maple Grove, Washington county Va., Mrs. Mary Minnie, consort of Mr. Isaac Minnie, in her 81st year. Few persons have lived for ever half a century in the same place and can have it said that they lived and died without an enemy. So even was her temper and mild her disposition that she endeared herself to all with whom she came in contact. She had been a communicant of the Presbyterian church for upwards of 60 years, having united with that church when quite young at the old Sinking Spring church, near Abingdon, then under the charge of Rev. Dr. Bovell. Like a sheaf of grain ready for the harvest, she has been gathered to her rest, where all is peace.

G. C.

Painted Accident To Hon. R. E. Withers.

Monday evening last Hon. R. E. Withers, while over-looking the mowing of a grass lot on Hedgefield, his pretty farm near town, met with an accident very painful in its nature but which is hoped may not result in any thing very serious. The horses were not doing their duty when Colonel Withers gave them a stroke of the whip and stepped back, as he thought, out of the range of the mowing blade; but the blade struck his head and cut deep into his foot. Dr. R. E. Moore was sent for and reported his condition as favorable, fever having left him yesterday evening, but the injury will cause our worthy friend and citizen to be bed-ridden for some time. Wytheville Enterprise.

Gold.

Great chance to make money. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. We suggest work of art given free to subscribers. The price is low the amount of work is small. You can get the agent reports taking 100 subscribers in a day. A few agents receive making over \$1000 a year in less days. All who engage make money fast. You can do so all year long to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home or night. You can do it well as nights. Full directions and terms free. Request and we will send you a copy. If you want, probably, send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the paper. No one who engages fails to make good. Address: GUY M. WHITTEN, 210 Portland, Maine. June 22nd 1880.

Blank deeds on tough Bond paper at the News printing office.

Godley's Lady's Book for July.

The July number of this ever popular magazine, which opens its 51st year, comes crowded with attractions suitable for the season. Darley contributes one of his selections from the poets, a scene from "Trowbridge's" "Vagabonds," full of power and pathos. For toilet suggestions "Godley" is always unrivalled, and this number contains both illustrations and chit-chat that will be a reliable guide for a Summer wardrobe of taste and beauty. The "Novelites" are especially attractive, and the embroidery on fun or belt can be altered in coloring to suit any costume, or can be worked as companion articles in the same flowers. Nothing finishes a light Summer dress more tastefully than one of the belts in contrasting or delicately harmonizing colors. We are sure the ladies will agree in this opinion. The literary matter, as ever, is the best, including two entertaining serials, stories and poems of great interest, and a most charming description of a Summer room of luxury and one of taste without expense. We will furnish the News and Godley's Lady's Book for one year at the low price of \$2.75 on application at this office.

Jesse E. Mitchell has been convicted in the County Court of Campbell county Va., for felony in exporting a gold watch from Miss Lizzie May Robinson, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

The trial at Marshall, Texas, of Currie, for the murder of the actor Porter, ended Saturday in a verdict of not guilty, on the ground of insanity.

Scribner for July has been received. There is no continent that sustains a higher standard of excellence than Scribner. This number is one of great interest and variety. Our crowded columns of to-day forbid an extended notice, but we would not overstep the bounds of propriety in describing the merits and excellencies of this great American magazine. Published by Scribner & Co., N. Y., at \$4 per year.

At the annual gathering of Tennessee editors at Jackson, last week, there was but one supporter of Gov. Marks—his personal friend, W. J. Tlatter, of Winchester Home Journal. The others were all against the Governor for a second term.

Gov. Garfield is a cousin of Maj. A. H. Pettibone, of Greenville, Republican candidate for Congress from the First District of Tennessee.

A Chance to Work.

Burdette, writing to the Burlington Homeopaths, says: One morning I walked out by myself. All along the marsh road the farmers were busy in the mowens moving and turning their hay. A couple of regularly obtained tramps, idle and aimless as myself, and much better acquainted with the road, passed me, and I lagged along in their lounging way. Presently the voice of a farmer came over the sweet-scented meadow: "Hallo!"

"The tramps halted. 'Hallo yourself!' shouted one of them.

"Do you want to hire?" yelled the farmer.

Judge of my astonishment when both tramps chorused back: "Yes!"

Well, I thought, they aren't American tramps, anyhow, or they wouldn't disgrace the profession in this way. But I stood still to listen and watch, for it was an unusual sight—two tramps going to work.

"Then come over here!" yelled the farmer; and the two fellows sprang over the fence and trudged across the meadow with the brisk air of men who wanted work and meant business. The farmer stood still, leaning on his pitchfork, gazing intently at my motionless figures. Presently his voice broke the silence once more:

"Don't that other fellow want to hire, too?" he yelled.

The two tramps turned and gazed at me for my reply. I shook my head sadly but firmly, and moved on, without waiting to hear the farmer's muttered comments on my laziness. An American may die, but he never works.

The placing of stamps upside down on letters is prohibited. Several postmasters have recently been severely injured while trying to stand on their heads to cancel stamps placed in this manner.

Medical.

W. H. PHILLIPS, M. D., J. T. BAIRD, M. D., Wm. H. VAUGHAN, M. D., Bristol, Va.

PHILIPS & MARTIN, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.

I HAVE associated themselves together in the practice of their profession. Calls from either office will be promptly attended to. mch1179-04

DR. J. F. HICKS, Physician & Surgeon. Office on Fifth Street, two doors from Main BRISTOL, TENN. & VA.

Offers his Professional services to the Public. Will give special attention to Diseases of the Eye, all Chronic diseases and Diseases peculiar to females. Aug. 11, 1874.—04.

NEW GOODS

Shipped direct from the Eastern Markets AT REDUCED RATES.

E. H. Seneker

Is daily receiving his Spring Stock of NEW GOODS, which were bought before the recent advance in cotton, thereby enabling him to sell at the lowest CASH PRICES.

The public generally are invited to call and examine his goods before making their spring purchases. Money can be saved by buying when goods are bought low, and sold for small profits.

I will not pretend to enumerate articles or prices, but invite my friends and the public generally to call and see me. I guarantee satisfaction.

E. H. SENEKER. J. J. CHILDRESS, H. P. TAYLOR, Salesmen, July 22 '80.—04

BUNTING & DICKEY, DRUGGISTS,

No 6 JAMES BLOCK BRISTOL, TENN.

DEALERS IN Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes, and all Varieties of Druggist Sundries.

We solicit the orders of Country Merchants and Physicians Agreeing to Duplicate Bills Bought in any other Market.

We invite the attention of parties desiring

To Paint,

To Our Stock of PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.

Any one needing anything in this line will find it to their advantage to call on or write to us. Price list furnished on Application. Orders by mail solicited, and packages sent either by mail or express. feb 10, 1880.—04.

J. B. SWAN. W. D. SURFACE.

SWAN & SURFACE, THE HOUSE, SIGN and Ornamental Painters

BRISTOL, TENN.

Kalsomining, Paper Hanging and Wall Tinting. Moderate Prices and First-class work is our motto. All we ask is a trial, and we guarantee to satisfy the most fastidious.

N. B.—All orders left at Dickey's City Drug Store will receive prompt attention. Feb. 10, '80.—04

OLD RELIABLE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Guy M. Whitten.

ESTABLISHED IN 1872. MAIN STREET - - BRISTOL.

A full and complete stock of the newest and most improved and approved Farm Implements kept always on hand at my Entomporium in Bristol. Nibbs, Sheppard & Co's Vibrator-Separators and new Horse Powers, and Steam Establishments, also genuine Pitts Threshers, Grain Drills, Mowers and Reapers. Hay Rakes, Chilled Plows, South Bend and Chatanooga patterns, Double Shovels, Corn Shellers, Portable and Stationary Engines, all sizes Circular Saw Mills, Pamphlets and Circulars free on application.

2,000 white oak spokes wanted for goods. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Full stock of fertilizers and solved Bone on hand.

GUY M. WHITTEN march 25/80-04.

PLANTERS' HOTEL,

AT THE DEPOT, ABINGDON, - - VIRGINIA.

FIRST rate meals and lodgings at reasonable rates, and prompt and polite attention to guests at all hours.

BROYLES & JONES. 1/22, 1879.—04

Professional Cards.

R. R. BUTLER, R. G. McDOWELL, BUTLER & McDOWELL, A ROYAL-AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, BRISTOL, TENN. OFFICE CORNER MAIN AND 5TH STREETS.

PROMPT attention given to all business entrusted to our care. The collection of claims placed in our hands will receive special attention. may 27 '79-04

JOHN C. SUMMERS, Attorney-at-Law. Will practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Washington, Scott, Smythe and Russell. Also in the Court of Appeals and U. S. District Court. Special attention paid to suits in Bankruptcy. Office Main Street, Abingdon, Va. Sep. 23-1y

A. H. BLANCHARD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BRISTOL, TENN. Office over King & Hill's Book Store.

Will practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Washington, Russell, and Scott, Virginia, and Sullivan county, Tenn. Office in Law Building on 5th St., Bristol, Tenn., in rear of Bailey & McCroskey's office. July 23, '76.—1y

H. S. GOOKIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND COLLECTING AGENT. Will attend all the Courts of Sullivan, Washington and Carter counties, Tenn. Office in Law Building on 5th St., Bristol, Tenn., in rear of Bailey & McCroskey's office. aug 8, '76-04

H. C. ALDERSON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT, TAZEWELL, C. H., VA. Will be in regular attendance on the courts of Tazewell, the circuit court of Washington and Russell counties and Federal court at Abingdon. Special attention given to the claims of creditors against bankrupts in the Federal court at Abingdon.

U. L. YORK, A. FULKERSON, YORK & FULKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT-LAW. PRACTICE regularly in all the Courts in Washington county, Va., and in Washington and Sullivan counties, Tenn. and attend to the collection of all claims in Southwest Va. & E. Tennessee. OFFICE, on Cumberland Street, Goodson, Va. sep 1 '79-04

D. F. BAILEY, W. D. McCROSKEY, BAILEY & McCROSKEY, ATTORNEYS AND SOLICITORS, BRISTOL, TENN. & VA. Attend all the Courts in Sullivan and Washington Counties, Tenn., Washington and Scott, Va., and Federal Court at Knoxville and Abingdon. Aug 12-1y

FRANK T. BARR, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, ABINGDON, VA. Collections throughout S. W. Va. Practices regularly in the Courts of Washington, Russell and Scott, Va., the Federal Court, Court of Appeals at Washington, and in all the Courts of business elsewhere when desired.

Dental.

DR. JAS. W. DUNN, Resident Dentist, BRIS T, TENNESSEE. OFFICE over King & Hill Book Store. Jan. 12, '79, 17. aug 10-11-79

DR. J. M. KING, Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery. Will scientifically perform all Dental operations and guarantee satisfaction.

WILL BEAT BRISTOL, Tenn., from the 1st to the 31st of each month. Office, in street, in front of Main Street. Other, Main street, last End. 2013-2015. CITY, Tenn., the remainder of the month. Office, in rear of the old store. May 11, '78.—1y.

DR. S. W. RHEA, RESIDENT DENTIST Office next door to J. P. Parie's, MAIN STREET, BRISTOL, TENN. Will be at Abingdon on the first Monday of each month. (Feb 19, '78-1y.

W. F. FOWLER, D. D. S. GREENVILLE, TENN. Will furnish partial or full sets of Teeth according to the most improved method, and where parties cannot visit his office, will call and take impressions, Filling and Extracting done, and all work guaranteed. No work solicited except for Cash. Sept. 17.

H. W. GRANT, M. D., D. D. S. Formerly Professor in Baltimore Dental College, Late Professor of DENTAL MATERIMEDICA and THERAPUTICS in the New Orleans Dental College (now National). Former President Southern Dental Association, and late President Virginia Dental Association. ABINGDON VIRGINIA. Will be at Bristol 1st week of each month. Office Mrs. Peppers, Main Street. apr 10-04

PHILIPS & MARTIN, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS. I HAVE associated themselves together in the practice of their profession. Calls from either office will be promptly attended to. mch1179-04

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A. H. BLANCHARD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BRISTOL, TENN. Office over King & Hill's Book Store.

Will practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Washington, Russell, and Scott, Virginia, and Sullivan county, Tenn. Office in Law Building on 5th St., Bristol, Tenn., in rear of Bailey & McCroskey's office. July 23, '76.—1y

H. S. GOOKIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND COLLECTING AGENT. Will attend all the Courts of Sullivan, Washington and Carter counties, Tenn. Office in Law Building on 5th St., Bristol, Tenn., in rear of Bailey & McCroskey's office. aug 8, '76-04

H. C. ALDERSON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT, TAZEWELL, C. H., VA. Will be in regular attendance on the courts of Tazewell, the circuit court of Washington and Russell counties and Federal court at Abingdon. Special attention given to the claims of creditors against bankrupts in the Federal court at Abingdon.

U. L. YORK, A. FULKERSON, YORK & FULKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT-LAW. PRACTICE regularly in all the Courts in Washington county, Va., and in Washington and Sullivan counties, Tenn. and attend to the collection of all claims in Southwest Va. & E. Tennessee. OFFICE, on Cumberland Street, Goodson, Va. sep 1 '79-04

D. F. BAILEY, W. D. McCROSKEY, BAILEY & McCROSKEY, ATTORNEYS AND SOLICITORS, BRISTOL, TENN. & VA. Attend all the Courts in Sullivan and Washington Counties, Tenn., Washington and Scott, Va., and Federal Court at Knoxville and Abingdon. Aug 12-1y

FRANK T. BARR, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, ABINGDON, VA. Collections throughout S. W. Va. Practices regularly in the Courts of Washington, Russell and Scott, Va., the Federal Court, Court of Appeals at Washington, and in all the Courts of business elsewhere when desired.

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DR. JAS. W. DUNN, Resident Dentist, BRIS T, TENNESSEE. OFFICE over King & Hill Book Store. Jan. 12, '79, 17. aug 10-11-79

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W. F. FOWLER, D. D. S. GREENVILLE, TENN. Will furnish partial or full sets of Teeth according to the most improved method, and where parties cannot visit his office, will call and take impressions, Filling and Extracting done, and all work guaranteed. No work solicited except for Cash. Sept. 17.

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