BRISTOL NEWS,
PUBLISHED IN GOODSON,
The Virginia portion of the town, by
I. C. FOWLER.

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The Editor of the News is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

JOB WORK
Executed with neatness and dispatch at New York prices.

Bristol News.

VOLUME XVI. BRISTOL, VIRGINIA & TENNESSEE, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1880. Whole No. 773. No. 2

ADVERTISING RATES
RATE FOR ONE YEAR.
First Inch $10 00
Each subsequent inch 4 00
To find the rate for a shorter time, first find the rate for one year; then
60 per cent. will be the rate for six months
40 " " three months
30 " " two months
20 " " one month
15 " " two weeks
10 " " one week
LOCAL ADVERTISEMENTS.
Transient, ... 10 cents per line.
Regularly, ... 5 " per line.
ANNOUNCEMENTS.
For Congress, Legislature, or County Offices, each $5 00
Town and District offices 2 50
The above rates will be strictly adhered to.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1880.

Now who is responsible for this split ticket, and MR. KOINER? Don't you know that if you and your friends had not for nine years resisted Readjustment there would to-day be but one HANCOCK ticket? You were told long ago you were doing a job that would split your party. And you chose to split rather than readjust. Now if you like splitting better than readjusting you can have your job. Were you not told that if Gov. HOLLIDAY chose to veto the people in the BARBOUR bill he would split the plank he stood on and split the convention that nominated him in '77? You put HOLLIDAY at your head and you got him to veto the people and veto the convention that nominated him. And now you have on your hands a job you can't manage. You sowed the wind and now you don't like the July whirlwind. Nevertheless it will surely sink you.

AND now the county of Bland is ablaze. Capt. Newberry naturally thought that as the Funders professed to have laid aside their Funder garments for the campaign, it would do for him to "lay aside his Readjuster garments" until the Presidential election was over. But Capt. Newberry got his eyes opened to the fact that the Funders had not laid aside Funderism at all, and he saw the proof of it when they went to Abingdon and ran into the sky the name of Trigg, a confirmed Funder for Congress. So Capt. Newberry will make the hills of Bland echo with Readjustment. He has again put on his Readjustment coat, and now Funderism having sown the wind can reap the whirlwind.

THE Funder convention at Abingdon having sat down on the counsels of the STANDARD it now has to try and sit down on Capt. NEWBERRY. And do you mark this. When they get up they will swear it was a hornets nest.

LOOK out for music from Bonnie Bland. The SOUTH AND WEST is humming at the rate of five thousand revolutions a minute. The May men swear it is a compound extract of wasps, hornets and bumblebees. And they will soon swear that Bland has abolished May and is determined to have perpetual July.

At Abingdon.

Russell man to Copper Creek man:—"Who have your constituents instructed you for to-day in the convention?"

C. C. Man—"Well—I don't hardly know."

R. Man—"Well who do they want nominated?"

C. C. Man—Well I don't know as they care much."

R. Man—"What did you come for then—have you no choice, and do you favor any nomination at all?"

C. C. Man—"Well you see I'm no politician. You see I'm just here sorter with the wagons anyway." Exit!

—*Bow man of Russell.*

SUICIDE IN SCOTT.

A Prominent Farmer Hangs Himself.

Mr. W. W. Nickels and Mr. M. L. Harris, of the Clinch Valley in Scott, have given us the particulars of the suicide of Mr. Jonathan Hartsock, a well known and esteemed farmer of Long Hollow, some three miles north-east of Nickelsville. He had been for some time suspected of mental aberation to a slight extent, and on Saturday evening the 18th inst, just after dark he slipped out to the orchard and with a rope hanged himself to one of the apple trees.—He was dead when found, and was aged about 45 years. He had a very attractive home, where he was living with his two children, his wife being dead.

The Magazines.

Blackwood for September contains, The Pillars of the State, Dr. Wortle's School. Part V—The Bayard of the East, A Week in Athens, A Lasting Memory, Bush Life in Queensland. Part X—New Novels.

To clubs of four or more subscribers a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed by the L. Scott Pub. Co. 41 Barclay St. N. Y. Price $4 a year.

For the Bristol News.

English Grammar—Methods of Teaching, etc.

WHAT IS CASE IN ENGLISH?

Rule VII. "A Verb must agree with its Nominative case in number and person." What does it mean? Well, our would be teachers say it means "a Verb must agree with its subject" etc.! Let us see which is right, the author or his would-be dictator! We take the verb—"forbids it." This does not express the the subject, for it is not stated what forbids it, whether God, man, or the law! But it shows very clearly that something forbids it, and therefore expresses a nominative case, but not the subject. Now let us supply a subject. Law forbids it. Hence we express a subject in the nominative case which is expressed by the Verb.

Again, law forbids. This does not express the object; for it is not stated what is forbidden whether swearing, theft or murder. But it shows very clearly something is forbidden, and therefore express the Objective case, but not the object. Now let us supply an object. Law forbids murder. Hence we express the object, in the Objective case, which is expressed by the Verb.

Rule VIII. "Active Transitive Verbs govern the Objective case." Our would be teachers dictate for the author, "Active Transitive Verbs govern the object." It can govern the object in nothing but Case, and yet when the false reasoning of *leo equum dilaniavit*, is exposed, at once their head is where their feet ought to be, in justification of *prudentiam simulatione stultiare texerant*. From mother Eve down to her latest son. When an error is exposed, its author shifts from one subterfuge to another, seeking for an excuse, until the "error wounded, writhes in pain, and dies amid her worshipers." While the unfortunate author forgetting *quid est in homine divinius*, sinks low down in the filthy pool, created by his own nasty excrescences, and there strangulates and dies in agonies, unnoticed and uncared for by all who feel themselves above the nauseating level. Yes sir, it is so even with ecclesiastical disputants; when whipped in argument, the conquered, (skunk like) begin to hirl the revolting excrescence of personal slang, and (bushwhacker like) shelter under some fictitious name. The public wants no better evidence of any oee's inability to carry on a discussion than this unmanly subterfuge. It is passingly strange that editors will publish such things, knowing the distaste the public has for them, and especially knowing their demoralizing effects and ruinous tendency. We assert (once for all) that we shall pay no attention to personalities in this discussion, or to any one who violates the rules of decorum. B. F. WHITE.

Lynching in Tennessee.

THREE MURDERERS PUT TO DEATH BY A MOB—DETAILS OF THE CRIMES FOR WHICH THEY WERE KILLED.

NASHVILLE, SEPT. 15, 1880.

A special dispatch from Springfield to the *American*, says:—"At 12 o'clock on Tuesday night a mob of a hundred armed men came into the town and began to batter in the doors of the jail, containing two negroes charged with the murder of the old man Laprade. The first cell reached by the mob was the one occupied by Ramsey, who two months previous had shot a young lady because she refused to marry him. This prisoner retreated behind the door and fought the mob with the leg of a chair. He was shot in the left leg, the ball severing the femeral artery. He fell and was dragged outside, where one or two more shots were fired into his body, which killed him.

The crowd then secured Jack Bell and Archie Jameson, negroes arrested a few days ago charged with the murder of L. S. Laprade, who lived about seventeen miles from Springfield. The mob placed these two prisoners on horses and left town with them by the same road by which they had entered it. They halted seven miles from Springfield and hanged the two negroes on dogwood trees about seventy-five yards apart. At seven o'clock this morning a lady passing along the road observed the corpses swinging, and at once notified the neighbors. The intelligence soon reached Springfield, and the Coroner, accompanied by a number of citizens, proceeded to the spot, cut the bodies down, held an inquest, placed the corpses in a wagon and drove back to town. The bodies were then taken charge of by an undertaker. The five others accused of complicity in the Leprade murder are under guard at Saddlerville. One of them named Higgins made confession implicating others and giving sickening details of the torture of Laprade to make him reveal where his money was kept. The excitement at Saddlerville is very great, and lynching of the prisoners tonight is apprehended.

AN ATROCIOUS MURDER.

For brutal cruelty the murder of L. S. Leprade, at Saddlersville supasses anything that has ever happened in Tennessee. Seven negroes went to his house and called him to his door; when he opened it they threw a rope over his neck and choked him, so that he was unable to give any alarm. They then hung him twice, demanding his money all the time. He only had $5, and this he gave them. After they found hanging would not accomplish their purpose, they took knives and mutilated his person. Then they caught hold of the rope and dragged him about in his yard.—After this they took an axe and broke his skull. Then they threw him into a sink hole twenty feet deep, where his body was found two weeks later in a fearfully decomposed condition. The way his body was found was through a negro's dream. He dreamed that he was robbed, hung, his person mutilated with a knife and then thrown into a sinkhole. By this means Laprafle's body was discovered.

INCARNATE CRUELTY.

The negro, Jim Higgins, who confessed to the Laprade murder, gave a terrible account of the tortures to which he and eight others subjected him. Laprade lived half a mile away from any other habitation in a small unpretentious cabin. He was a bachelor, eccentric in his habits and mixed very little with the outside world. He was in fact a hermit; outside of his own people he never looked upon a human being for weeks at a time. He owed his farm, and by his singular manner of life he was supposed to have a large amount of money. It was currently reported two days before the murder that Laprade and his two brothers had fallen heir to $9,000. Laprade did not believe in taking the life of man or animal, and there were never kept hogs or poultry on his premises.—After the arrest and incarceration of Jim Higgins, an old negro, it became evident that he knew all about the crime. He was taken out of the insecure prison by unknown persons, who applied fire to his feet to make him confess his crime. The fire produced such acute agony that Higgins confessed all. He said he and eight others went to Laprade's house and woke him up. Then one of the negroes, imitating his brother's voice to perfection, asked him to open his door, which he did. The black demons then rushed upon him, threw him violently to the floor and told him to give up his money or die. He declared he had only $5, which he gave then. Then followed a series of diabolical tortures. They first singed the hair off his body, when they again demanded his money. He declared he had spoken the truth. They then hung him until he was almost unconscious, when they dropped him and again asked him for money: but with all this he still told the same story. He was then repeatedly hanged and let down and the same question propounded, with the same answer. While this was being done the negroes uttered the foulest and blackest of oaths, in keeping with their brutal treatment of Laprade. Numberless tortures, too shameful for print succeeded each other. Disappointed and furious, they at last hacked him with knives and cut out the tendons of his legs, from the knees down, and then killed him. They then hid his body away under some bushes. On the following night two of the party became alarmed and carried the body to a sink hole in front of his house.

To the Voters of the Ninth Congressional District.

GENTLEMEN—I was advised by Mr. D. F. Bailey, who was my counsel to contest the election of Col. J. B. Richmond, to abandon the contest on the grounds that it would cost me thousands of dollars, and the Congress to pass on the case would be a hard money body, and I being a Greenbacker, let us do what we might they would give the seat to Richmond; and he advised me to stop and announce myself a candidate, and stated that I could beat any man in the District. This occurred in the law office of Capt R. A. Richardson, and he endorsed the advice of Mr. Bailey. Mr. Bailey and G. C. Gose, of Russell, called a convention at Abingdon to nominate a candidate. I have been invited by letters and many personal solicitations to become a candidate, and to gratify my many friends, I thus announce myself.

The next Congress will have to act upon the action of the new administration, hence the importance of selecting the best man you can.

The first question to which I will cal your attention is, Our Financial Condition. I am in favor of the Government increasing our currency with greenbacks to the extent of from $1,500,000,000 to $1,800,000,000. Four or five years ago we had $1,800,000,000 of a circulation, which was not too much money; that has been reduced to less than $600,000,000. Hence the scarcity of money, hardness of times and failure of so many business men. I am for making the silver dollar as good as the gold dollar, and the greenback dollar as good as either, a lawful tender for all debts due to the Government and individuals, receivable for impost duties; cut off the heads of all National banks; limit the rate of interest to six per cent; let the profits go to the government instead of the profits of the National bank currency to the bankers, brokers and shavers. We have $200,000,000 of gold and silver locked up in the Treasury, Sherman asking for an appropriation to extend the Treasury to lock up more. We will have this and next year $700,000,000 or $800,000,000 of bonds: let us apply the $200,000,000, to the payment of bonds, and pay the balance in greenbacks and stop the interest, let us pay the bonds as fast as they fall due, stop the interest, and refuse to refund any more bonds, and thus save the payment of millions of dollars of interest. We of the Southern and Western States need and must must have more money. Let the Western and Southern members of Congress unite and co-operate, and thus afford relief to those States.

It is well known that for thirty or forty years I have been the advocate of retrenchment and reform, and as a practical measure of my doctrine, I hereby incorporate in this letter my resolutions of instruction to J. B. Richmond:

"We, the citizens of the Ninth Congressional District, hereby instruct our member of Congress, J. B. Richmond, to introduce a bill to reduce the pay of the members of Congress from $5,000 to $3,000 per annum; likewise a reduction of the President's salary from $50,000 to $25,000; likewise a reduction of the Cabinet officers and Supreme Court Judges from $10,000 to $8,000; also, a reduction of 20 per cent, upon the salaries of all the officers of the Government, both military and civil, whose salaries are $1,500 and upwards. And we respectfully request our Senators and members of Congress from West Virginia to unite and co-operate in the passage of such a bill, and thus save thousands and millions of dollers to the taxpayers of the State and the Nation.

F. MCMULLIN."

We, the farmers, laboring men and mechanics, constitute over 70 per cent of the voting population of the country, and if we would unite and co-operate, we could control the legislation of the country. The lawyers have ruled this country for the last twenty years, until they have about ruined it. We had 240 lawyers in the Congress before the last, and 19 farmers; we had in the last Congress 266 lawyers and 12 farmers; in this Congress we have 214 lawyers and 16 farmers. The Book of books proclaims that "when the righteous rule the people rejoice, and when the wicked rule the people mourn." Such a time of financial mourning we have scarcely ever seen, and I charge it upon the lawyers. We have not one farmer in Congress from Virginia. Is it asking too much to give us one farmer? Smyth county is the daughter of Wythe and Washington; she has had nothing but the Judge of the Circuit Court—Hon. Judge Kelly—and myself a part of a session in the Confederate Congress, whilst Washington has had more Judges, members of Congress, Governors and Senators than one half of the counties of the District. Is it fair that one county should monopolize and engross all of the honors of the District? I have done whilst in the Legislature of Virginia and in Congress more than any man for the poor laboring men of the State; I got more positions for poor boys and fatherless young men than all the members of Congress from this District for fifty years. What I have done is ominous of what I will try to do if again elected.

When Gen. Terry ran against me the race, I had to pack Judge Hughes; in the next election I had to pack the lamented Geo. W. Henderlite. I withdrew in the contest with General Pridemore, upon the grounds that a convention of laboring men, farmers and mechanics had been called to meet at Bristol, to nominate a candidate against General Pridemore. It failed and I was left in the cold. In the last race with Richmond, Newberry and Campbell, I packed more weight and ran the best race I ever ran, but Richmond got the seat by improper and unjust means. I have spent more time and money in attending conventions, political, commercial and internal improvements, than any man in the State. I now appeal to gentlemen of all parties, to allow Col. A. Fulkerson to run with me a single-handed race, and if I am elected or defeated, I pledge myself never again to be a candidate for Congress. With the favorable record I made in Congress, I believe, if elected, I can do more for this District, the Southern and Western States, than any new man you may elect.

There is not a man in the State who feels and knows the want of and education more than myself. The perpetuation of our constitutional representation of Government, depends upon the virtues and intelligence of the people, and they cannot be intelligent unless they are educated. Hence, I am for a liberal system of education for the children, both white and colored.

Gentlemen, for your past confidence and support, and for your long continuance of me as your servant, agent and representative, I tender you my profound and heartfelt thanks. If you think that any other man can and will do more for you than I have done or can do for you, elect him, and I will cheerfully acquiesce in your decision.

Respectfully, F. MCMULLIN.
September 5th, 1880.

Godey's Lady's Book for October is full of interest for every reader. The lovers of artistic beauty will pause long over the first page, containing Darley's last masterpiece—a scene from 'Barnaby Rudge.' The ladies will perhaps hasten on a little to see the numerous pages of new and beautiful fashions, and many will be the Oh! and Ahs! of delight and satisfaction over the Novelty page, the dainty, pretty basket made out of—wonder of wonders—an old sunburnt straw hat. We shall hunt up all the straw hats stored away in the garret at once, for our wives and sisters to practice upon. The literary department is, as usual, from the pens of the most popular authors, and contains a most charming variety of stories and poems, with several pages of Christian Reid's latest and best novel, 'Roslyn's Fortune.' In every department we find variety, usefulness, and attraction for the use of the fair sex, the steady patrons of this most popular and attractive of Fashion Magazines. We will furnish the NEWS and Godey's Lady's Book for one year at the low price of $2,50, on application at this office.

Scribner for October has been received. We consider this a number of extraordinary merit. The Grandissimes, a story of wonderful interest, is concluded. Sidney Lanier contributed an article, "The New South," which will be highly appreciated, and a group of poems. The illustrated articles are, Jean Francois Millet—Peasant and Painter, Strasburg-town, Peter the Great, 100 Miles in a Mammoth Cave, and Sea-Side Lawn Planting. In illustrations, Scribner is behind no magazine in the world, and as to literary merit it is unquestioned.—The table of contents is unusually full this month, and full of interest. Published by Scribner & Co., N. Y. Subscription $4 per year; 35 cents per number.

Harper's Magazine for October Contains the following illustrated articles:

"The Ascent of Fujiyama, With Four illustrations.

Art-Needlework, with ten illustrations.

Keats: a Sonnet. Reminiscences of John James Audubon, with two illustrations.

A Romance of the Hebrides, with five illustrations.

An Autumn Holliday, with four illustrations.

A Demon-Hunt with St. Hubert in Touraine, with nine illustration.

Does Farming Pay? A Poem, with six illustrations.

The Metropolis of the Prairies, with twenty-two illustrations.

White Wings: A Yatching Romance, with two illustrations, together with a large amount of usual reading.

JUDGE—See here, prisoner, if you do any more lying you won't get off with three years. Prisoner—But, judge, how many years d'ye s'pose ye'd gim me if I told the trooth?

Draw a circle fifteen feet in diameter, place a mule in the center, and walk around him without getting out of the circle.

Modern skepticism.

Detroit Free Press.

A "hired man" who has been employed on a farm in this county for several months entered suit against his employer the other day for balance of wages, amounting, as he claimed to $32. The suit was on trial in Justice Alley yesterday, and it looked at first as if the plaintiff had a clear case. He gave dates and figures in a straightforward way, and seemed a very honest young man. When the farmer took the stand he said:

"I claim an offset for that $32. No man need sue me for what I honestly owe."

"What is your offset?" asked the lawyer.

"He's an unbeliever."

"In what?"

"Why, in the Bible."

"What has that to do with your owing him $32"

"It has a heap to do with it. I had six hands in my employ, and we were rushing things when we hired this man. He hadn't been with us two days when they stopped the reaper in the middle of the forenoon to dispute about Daniel in the lion's den, and in three days we had a regular knock down over the whale swallowing Jonah. The man who ran the mower got to arguing about Sampson and drove over a stump and damaged the machine to the tune of $18, and the very next day my boy broke his leg while climbing the fence to hear and see the row which was started over the children of Israel going through the Red Sea. It wasn't a week before my wife said she didn't believe Elijah was fed by the ravens, and hang me if I didn't find myself getting weak on Noah and his flood. That's my offset, sir; and if he was worth anything I'd sue him for a thousand dollars besides."

The Court reserves his decision for twenty-four hours.

It is a time-honored custom in Quincy Fla., to salute a newly married couple by firing a canon. This is to remind those present that the battle of life has fairly begun.

Some females have just been arrested in Kentucky for the manufacture of illicit whiskey. This is the first recorded instance of a woman keeping still.

The Fairs.

The South-west Virginia Agricultural Association, Wytheville, will hold their twelfth annual exhibition on the 6th, 7th and 8th of October.

The Abingdon Fair will come off September 29th and 30th and Oct. 1st.

The Jonesboro Fair will embrace Sept. 29th and 30th and October 1st.

The Lynchburg Agricultural and Mechanical Society has decided to hold their next Fair on the 18th, 19th 20th and 21st of October.

Public Speaking.

Hon. A. H. Pettibone, Republican Candidate for Congress, and Hon. R. L. Taylor, Democratic Candidate for Congress, will address the people of the First Congressional district at the following times and places:

HAWKINS COUNTY.
Stoney Point, Thursday, Sept. 30th.
Rogersville, Friday, October, 1st.
Bulls Gap, Saturday, " 2nd

HANCOCK COUNTY.
Kyles Ford, Monday, October, 4th.
Sneedville Tuesday, " 5th.

CLAIBORNE COUNTY.
Yellow Store, Wednesday, Oct. 6th.
Tazewell, Thursday " 7th.

GRAINGER COUNTY.
Thorn Hill, Friday, October, 8th.
Rutlege, Monday, " 11th.
Worley's Mill, Tuesday " 12th.

HAMBLEN COUNTY.
Morristown, Wednesday, Oct. 13th.

COCKE COUNTY.
Newport, Thursday, October, 14th.
Cosby, Saturday, " 16th.
Big Creek, Monday, " 18th.

GRENE COUNTY.
Caney Branch, Tuesday, Oct. 19th
Mosheim, Wednesday, " 20th.
Romeo, Thursday, " 21st.
Rheatown, Wednesday, " 27th.
Greeneville, Thursday, " 28th.

W. D. HAYNES,
Chm'n Dem. Ex. Com.

T. H. REEVES,
Clm'n. Rep. Ex. Com.

FOR RENT.

My Tobacco Factory on Lee St, Goodson, Va., is large and well arranged for the manufacturing of Plug Tobacco, as well as the leaf business. Well fitted up with steam and good drying rooms. Will rent or sell same on reasonable terms. For further information apply to me at Bristol. July 20 1880—2m. JOHN OYLER.

HOP BITTERS
If you are suffering from any form of intoxication, or any habit rendering life a burden, HOP BITTERS will be found a sure and complete cure.
HOP BITTERS
If you are young and imprudence has brought on premature decay and prostration, or any habit requiring a tonic, HOP BITTERS is the safest, purest and best tonic ever made.
HOP BITTERS
Whoever shall, by habitual violation of the laws of health and decency, become sick, HOP BITTERS will restore the sufferer to perfect health.
HOP BITTERS
Have you dyspepsia, biliousness, or any form of liver complaint? If you have, you will find HOP BITTERS the only medicine that will cure you.
HOP BITTERS
If you are troubled with any kind of a skin disease, such as boils, blotches, pimples, eruptions, or any other form of skin disease, HOP BITTERS will make a clear and healthy skin.
HOP BITTERS
It may save your life. It has saved hundreds. It will not do you any harm. It is a medicine, made of the purest and best materials, and is guaranteed to be all we claim for it.
R. S. HOPKINS, Rochester, N. Y.

Medical.

W. M. PHILLIPS, M. D., Wallace's, Va. | J. T. MARTIN, M. D., Mendota, Va.

PHILIPS & MARTIN,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
HAVE associated themselves together in the practice of their profession. Calls from either office will be promptly attended to. mch11'79-tf

DR. J. F HICKS,
Physician & Surgeon.
OFFICE on Fifth Street, two doors from Main
BRISTOL, TENN. & VA.
Offers his Professional services to the Public. Will give special attention to Diseases of the Eye, all Chronic diseases and diseases peculiar to females.
Aug. 11, 1874.—tf.

NEW GOODS
Shipped direct from the Eastern Markets
AT REDUCED RATES.
E. H. Seneker
Is daily receiving his Spring Stock of NEW GOODS,
which were bought before the recent advance in cotton, thereby enabling him to sell at the lowest CASH PRICES.
The public generally are invited to call and examine his goods before making their spring purchases. Money can be saved by buying when goods are bought low, and sold for small profits
I will not pretend to enumerate articles or prices, but invite my friends and the public generally to call and see me. I guarantee satisfaction.
E. H. SENEKER.
J. J. CHILDRESS, H. P. TAYLOR, } Salesmen.
july 22 '79—tf

J BUNTING JNO. R. DICKEY
BUNTING & DICKEY,
DRUGGISTS,
No 6 JAMES BLOCK
BRISTOL, TENN.
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Chemicals,
Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, and all Varieties of Druggist Sundries.
We solicit the orders of Country Merchants and Physicians Agreeing to Duplicate Bills Bought in any other Market.
We invite the attention of parties desiring
To Paint,
To Our Stock of PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, &c.
Any one needing anything in this Line will find it to their advantage to call on or write to us. Price list furnished on Application. Orders by mail solicited, and packages sent either by mail or express. feb 10, 1880—tf,

J. H. SWAN,
THE
House, Sign and Ornamental
Painter
BRISTOL, - - - TENN.
Kalcomining, Paper Hanging and Wall Tinting. Moderate Prices and First-class work is my motto. All I ask is a trial, and I guarantee to satisfy the most fastidious.
N. B.—All orders left at Dickey's City Drug Store will receive prompt attention.
Feb. 10, '80-3m

PLANTERS' HOTEL,
AT THE DEPOT,
ABINGDON, - - VIRGINIA.
FIRST rate meals and lodgings at reasonable rates, and prompt and polite attention to guests at all hours
BROYLES & JONES
uly22, 1879—tf

GOLD. Great chance to make money. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports taking 120 subscribers in a day. A lady agent reports making over $240 clear profit in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. Anyone can do it as well as others. Full directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. Anyone who engages fails to make great pay. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co. Portland, Maine. June22'79-6m.

GOODSON MALE ACADEMY.
(First Floor Masonic Hall.)
I WOULD respectfully announce to my patrons that G. M. Academy will open Monday, Aug. 23d, 1880. Goodson Scholars will have benefit of the public fund the first five months. The usual fee of seventy-five cents for contingencies, is required of each scholar on enrollment.
July 20 1880. C. C. MINOR.

Professional Cards.

R. R. BUTLER. B. G. McDOWELL.
BUTLER & McDOWELL,
Attorneys-at-Law,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
BRISTOL TENN.
OFFICE CORNER MAIN AND 5TH STREETS.
PROMPT attention gives to all business intrusted to our care. The collection of claims placed in our hands will receive special attention may 27 '79—tf

JOHN C. SUMMERS,
Attorney-at-Law.
WILL practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Washington, Scott, Smythe and Russell. Also in the Court of Appeals and U. S. District Court.
Special attention paid to suits in Bankruptcy. Office Main Street, Abingdon, Va. Sep. 23-1y

A. H. BLANCHARD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BRISTOL, TENN.
Office over King & Hill's Book Store.
WILL practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Washington, Russell, and Scott, Virginia, and Sullivan county, Tenn. Also in Court of Appeals and U. S. District Court at Abingdon. July 25, '76.—1y.

H. S. GOOKIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND
COLLECTING AGENT.
WILL attend all the Courts of Sullivan, Washington and Carter counties, Tenn. Office in Law Building on 5th St., Bristol, Tenn., in rear of Bailey & McCroskey's office. aug 8, '76—tf

H. C. ALDERSON,
Attorney-at-Law.
AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS,
TAZEWELL, C. H., VA.
Will be in regular attendance on the courts of Tazewell, the circuit court of Washington and Russell counties and Federal court at Abingdon. Special attention given to the claims of creditors against bankrupts in the Federal court at Abingdon

U. L. YORK. A. FULKERSON.
YORK & FULKERSON,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW,
PRACTICE regularly in all the Courts in Washington county, Va. and in Washington and Sullivan counties, Tenn. and attend to the collection of all claims in Southwest Va. & E. Tennessee. OFFICE, on Cumberland Street, Goodson, Va. sep 1 '70-tf

D. F. BAILEY. W. D. McCROSKEY.
BAILEY & McCROSKEY,
ATTORNEYS AND SOLICITORS,
BRISTOL, TENN. & VA.
Attend all the Courts in Sullivan and Washington Counties, Tenn., Washington and Scott, Va., and Federal Court at Knoxville and Abingdon. Aug 12—1y

FRANK T. BARR,
ATTORNEY AND COUNCELLOR AT LAW,
ABINGDON, VA.
Collections throughout S. W. Va.
Practices regularly in the Courts of Washington, Russell and Smyth, the Federal Court, Court of Appeals at Wytheville. Attention and presence given to business elsewhere when desired.

Dental.

DR. JAS. W. DUNN,
Resident Dentist,
BRISTOL, TENNESSEE.
OFFICE over KING & HILL'S Book Store
Jan. 13, '72, tf rgnd Feb 11, '782

DR. J. M. KING,
(Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.)
Will scientifically perform all Dental operations and guarantee satisfaction
WILL BE AT
BRISTOL, Tenn., from the 1st to the 9th of each month; Office, 7th street, 1st door for Main.
UNION, Tenn., from the 9th to the 16th of each month; Office, Main street, East End.
JONESBORO CITY, Tenn., the remainder of the month; Office, Dr. Sanford's old office.
May 11, '78.—1y.

DR. S. W. RHEA,
RESIDENT DENTIST
Office next door to J. P. Earle',
MAIN STREET, BRISTOL, TENN.
Will be at Blountville on the First Monday of each month. feb 19, '78—1y.

W. F. FOWLER, D. D. S
GREENVILLE, TENN.
WILL furnish partial or full sets of TEETH according to the most improved method, and where parties cannot visit his Office, will call and take impressions, Filling and Extracting done, and all work guaranteed. No work solicited except for Cash. Sept. 1 tf.

H. W. GRANT, M. D., D. D. S.
Formerly Professor in Baltimore Dental College,
Late Professor of
DENTAL MATERIA MEDICA
and THERAPEUTICS
in the New Orleans Dental College
Former President Southern (*now National*) Dental Association, and late President
Virginia Dental
Association,
ABINGDON VIRGINIA.
Will be at Bristol 1st week of each month, office Mrs. Pepper's, Main Street. aprl1'80-tf.