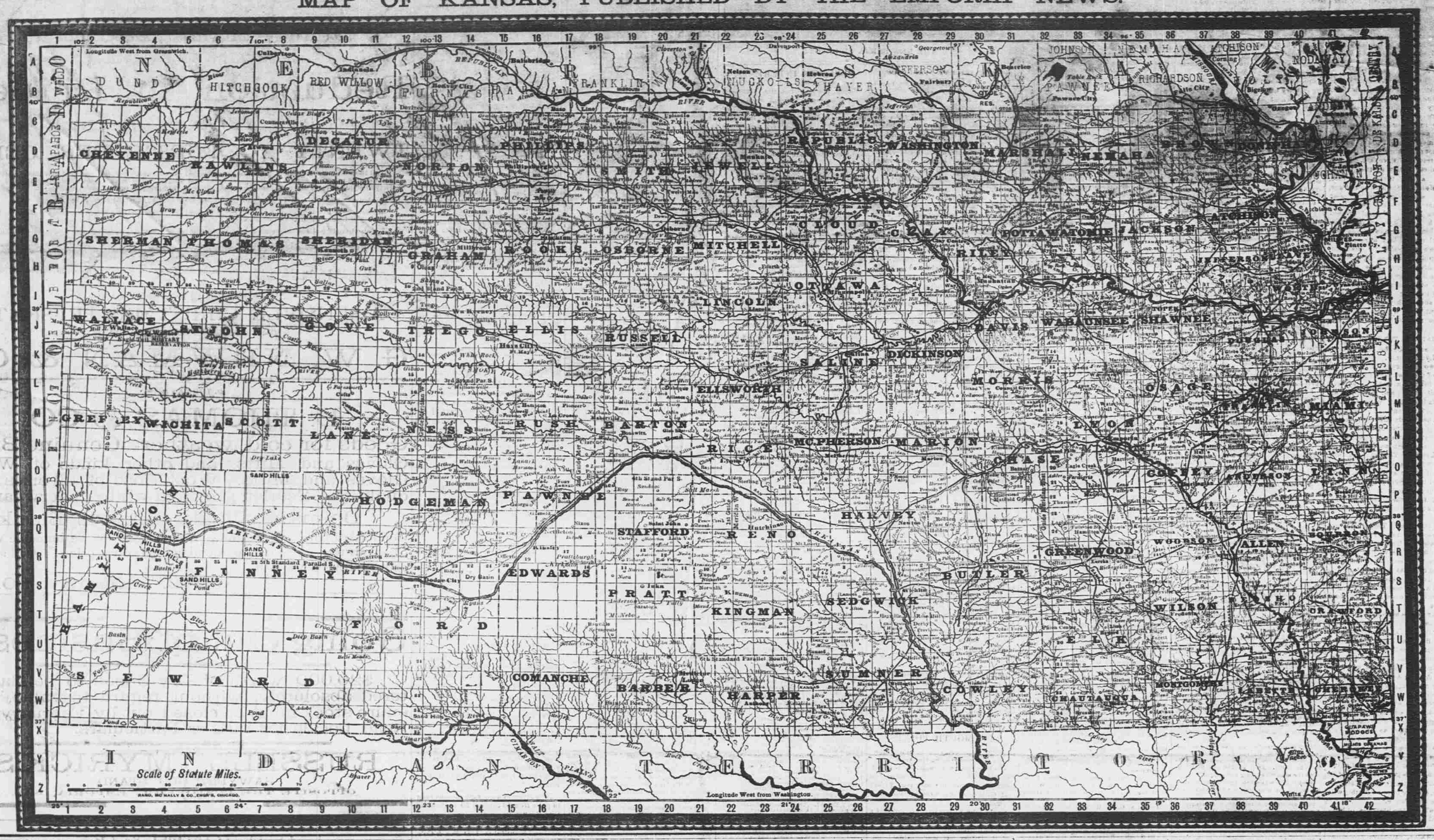
The Emporia Weekly News.

1883. HOLIDAY EDITION. 1884.

MAP OF KANSAS, PUBLISHED BY THE EMPORIA NEWS.



OUR HOLIDAY PAPER.

In the language of the Republican resolutions, "we point with pride" to to our paper to-day. We think it will pay our readers not only to give it careful attention, but it will be a valuable ause to lay away for reference. It contains information which is reliable, and which every man who desires to keep himself posted about county and city matters, wishes to refer to quite frequently. We lay open to view the financial condition of the county and city by publishing the county balance sheet, and a complete statement of the condition of the various funds of the city treasury. We give a complete list of all the various branches of business, trades and professions carried on in the city; accurate maps of the state and county, from the latest plates made, which will be found very valuable; cuts of three of the finest buildings erected in the city during the year, leaving out all the stale ones which have been published so often, for two or three years; descriptions of Lyon county, towns and neighborhoods outside of Emporia; a full and accurate list of the improvements of the year; the annals of the leading local events; information about the churches and schools, and in fact just such an exposition of home matters as will show what we are in all particulars. The boys and girls will, we think, find in our large Holiday supplement something to please them, in the way of stories and pictures; also the old folks who are young enough to enjoy such things.

The issue of this edition has been made at an extra expense of several hundred dollars, and a large amount of extra labor, and this paper is laid before the Emporia and Lyon county public as an acknowledgement for the generous patronage extended THE NEWS during the year, and the hope is expressed that this Holiday Edition may prove beneficial to both city and county.

OUR RAILROAD FACILITIES.

No town in the state is more favored in the matter of railroad facilities than Emporia. When the Kansas City and Emporia road is finished to the first named point, as it will be in a few weeks, and when the St. Louis & Emporia road is built, as it undoubtedly will be within the next eighteen months, we shall have four roads leading to our city from the east, giving us quick connection with the trunk lines east, with the leading business marts of the country, and with in easy reach of valuable coal fields and a plentiful supply of timber. So far as our own state is concerned Emporia will have the means of egress and ingress of every section of it—the north, north-east, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest. When our present system is completed we will be the principal railroad center of the state, and will have important railroad works and facilities which will be unrivaled by any point in the interior of the state. This speaks well for the enterprise of our people, and is full of promise for the future.

BRASS BANDS.

Emporia is essentially a musical town, and that art is cultivated here to a large extent. We have three brass bands—the Knights Templar, John Egan leader, with seventeen pieces; the Knights of Pythias band, Charles Holmes leader, twelve pieces; and the Wandering Star band, with Charles Page as leader, with thirteen pieces. The first-named organization is famed throughout the entire country and the other two which have been more recently organized are attaining a great degree of skill. Emporia is justly proud of her bands.

EMPORIA.

The history of Emporia has been so often written up in THE NEWS that it is not worth while now to dwell upon that feature of the city. Suffice it to say it was located in 1857, and had a slow growth until the advent of railroads in 1869. It grew rapidly till the crash of 1873, from the effects of which it suffered in common with all other towns. It began to improve perceptibly in the fall of 1876, since which its growth has been rapid and substantial. There has been no unnatural stimulation, but a healthful, steady improvement. This growth has come from the fact that Emporia has become an important railroad center, many of the accessions to our population being connected with our various railroads, and from the fact that it is the natural center of a wealthy farming and stock raising region. Many have been drawn here, also, in consequence of our beautiful and healthful location, and our superior educational advantages. Emporia is to day recognized as the leading railroad, business, and monied center of all the region south of the Kansas river. From the very start Emporia has been known as an energetic, progressive town, pushing to the front, demanding her rights and looking after her interests. She has impressed herself on the history of the state. All this has resulted well, as is evidenced on every hand She has to-day the best streets, churches, schools, water works, opera house, hotels, residences and business houses to be found in any town of her size in the west In the list published elsewhere is mentioned the places of business of nearly four hundred individuals or firms, which is a sufficient evidence of the large volume of her business. If the figures of the amount of business done in all the branches represented in that list could be given, it would amount to something worth boasting over. That her future as a large and important town is assured, no one acquainted with the situation for a moment doubts.

From accurate lists of the buildings erected each year, as ascertained by THE NEWS, we are enabled to give the amount of money invested in buildings in each of the past four years. It is as follows:

1880	$215,000
1881	395,000
1882	520,000
1883	530,000

making in four years over a round million of dollars.

Emporia is in a condition financially, morally and socially befitting its importance and rapid growth. While there has been a large and constant influx of new people there has been little of the rough feature which has commonly been an unpleasant condition in town building in the west. A few hideous crimes have blackened our fair fame, but they have been committed, not by residents of our city, but by tramps and criminals from abroad, who did not share in the general pride of our good name, or the general respect for law which is a striking characteristic of our citizens. Our city affairs have been generally well managed, and our finances are in satisfactory shape. While it is shown by an official statement in another column that the city is in debt something over $124,000, we are glad to know that we have something to show for this debt—enough good property in fact to balance the indebtedness. We are undoubtedly now in shape where we will not be required to create further debt, but can gradually decrease the amount. The following is a list of property owned by the city, which will show that the investments for which the debt was nearly all created were wise and judicious:

Gardeld school house	$60,000
Five other school buildings	27,000
City water works	70,000
City building	2,500
City lots	4,000
Total	$164,500

The present city government has paid $4,487 of the $8,000 of floating debt which existed when it came into office in April, and our city scrip is now at par, instead of 90 cents, which it was selling at on the 1st of April. This sort of business management, will serve begin the reduction of the city debt, and the citizens should see that it becomes the permanent policy of the city.

THE YEAR'S WORK IN KANSAS.

The people of Kansas may feel well satisfied with the progress made in all her interests for the year just closing. No state in the union has made more rapid strides in the accumulation of all that makes life desirable. The public health has been good; the seasons have been propitious; the lands have produced large crops of fruit and grain; the flocks and herds have largely increased; prices for labor and the productions of the farm and shop have been good and payment prompt; the towns and country have grown together; every section has received large accessions to its population; thousands of new farms have been opened and new homes established, and there has been a reign of prosperity and growth in every quarter of the state. Railroad lines have been extended into new sections, and new depots, side tracks, etc., have been added to the facilities at many points which already had roads. Mercantile pursuits have been generally prosperous. New churches and school houses have been built, and their good influences have extended in every neighborhood. The fruitage of the year in every industry has been very encouraging, and our people are as prosperous as those of any section of the country.

The population of the state for the year up to the time of taking the spring statistics, had increased 58,000. For the year 1883 the number will be largely in excess of this. The good crops of the past season, as well as the development in every direction will have a telling effect on the immigration to the west next season, and Kansas will receive immense benefit from this source.

The year has done more than any of its predecessors to put all the growing industries of the state upon a solid basis, and to deepen the faith, not only of older settlers, but of strangers, in the capabilities of Kansas for becoming a great and rich commonwealth. As proof of this, there has probably been no year in the past when there has been so much money invested in Kansas land, not for mere speculative purposes, but for improvement and for stock ranches. Not withstanding the prices of land have ranged higher this year than heretofore thousands of men have sought investments in our soil for present and future occupancy. This furnishes one of the best evidences of solid and permanent growth. Another evidence is the character of the improvements which have been made in the cities and towns. The public improvements this year have been of a character, generally, far above those of former years in the style of architecture and in the amount of money put into them. The same may be said of residences and business houses. It has been but a few years since any of the Kansas towns thought that $2,000 to $4,000 spent in a residence was a fine improvement. Now $6,000 to $10,000 residences are quite the fashion. A larger number of these have been erected in Kansas towns during 1883 than in any former year.

The dream of the early Kansas has been more than realized, and he sees each year the accumulations of enterprise, prosperity and culture piling up about him, which is the outcome of years of faithful toiling, and he looks upon the picture with surprise and delight There has been five or six years of uninterrupted prosperity in Kansas, but none have accomplished so many telling results on her future as that of the good year 1883.

OUR INDUSTRIES.

What is Being Done in Emporia in the Way of Manufacturing.

We do not know of a point in Kansas that offers better facilities for manufacturing than Emporia. With two great railroad thoroughfares passing through it, and with two additional lines of road in process of construction, which will open up to us the great desideratum of cheap fuel, there is no reason why the town should not become in time an important industrial center. As yet there has been comparatively little accomplished in this direction. The question of a paper mill, a packing house, a woolen mill, and other enterprises have been canvassed, but never with any definite results. The Cottonwood river offers a fine water power, and with the resources of this county in the way of stock, wool and straw, there is every reason to believe that either of the industries named would prove remunerative. The great need of Emporia is something which will permanently foster labor, and this must come next year if we expect to maintain our present rapid growth. Our present industries afford, in the aggregate, employment to quite a large number of men, but the possibilities in this line have not yet been sufficiently developed. Prominent among our manufactories is the furniture factory of

ARNOLD & CO.,

located on the south bank of the Cottonwood opposite Soden's mills. It employs ten men, and turns out a class of furniture which has found a ready sale, not only in this city, but in several of our neighboring states. There is talk of enlarging its capacity in the spring, and we trust this may be done.

THE WATER MILLS

of W. T. Sales, established in 1869, are among the best in the state. They are located on the Cottonwood river, a mile south of the city, and are really "beautiful for situation." During the past season they were fitted up with a complete roller process at a cost of $5,300, and are now turning out a quality of flour which can successfully compete with the best brands in the state. They employ eight men, and their daily capacity is 150 barrels.

THE CITY STEAM MILLS

of Dr. Thomas Armor are located on Mechanics street, between Third and Fourth avenues. They were completed in February, at a cost of $10,000. They are furnished with a combined system of burrs and rollers, and have a capacity of 75 barrels of flour per day. They turn out the best of flour and all sorts of feed.

THE EMPORIA FOUNDRY,

owned by Jos. C. Jones, is located at the corner of Third avenue and Mechanics street. It affords employment to seven men, and has had a prosperous season. It turns out castings of all kinds, and does all sorts of repairs in iron.

THE SORGHUM FACTORY

at Dunlap is operated by Emporia capital, being owned by Dr. Sherburne, who has in it an investment of nearly $6,000 The mill turns out 1,500 gallons of first-class syrup per day, in the manufacture of which 25 men are employed.

CIGAR FACTORIES.

Robert Jeff, at No. 110 Commercial street, employs ten men, and annually turns out over 400,000 cigars.

James Smith, at No. 126 Commercial street, employs eight men, and manufactures over 300,000 cigars per year. The goods of both establishments are in demand wherever they have been introduced, and are strictly first-class.

FRANCIS & HEWTON,

last season, put in at No. 106 Commercial street, machinery for the manufacturing of all sorts of summer drinks, such as pop, ginger ale, sarsaparilla, &c., and have established a large trade in the city and in many of the adjoining counties. They expect to enlarge their capacity next season.

HOLMES BROS.

operate a planing mill on Sixth avenue, between Market and Mechanics street which affords employment to seventeen men. They do all sorts of cabinet work, build and finish houses, and send work to all parts of the state. This season they enlarged their shops and put in new machinery, and contemplate further improvements next year.

E. F. SPRAGUE

is an extensive contractor and is proprietor of a planing mill on Commercial street between Seventh and Eighth avenues. He has built many of the finest houses in the city, and gives employment to 25 men. He put up this season the residence of Major C. Hood, the finest in the city.

CARRIAGE SHOPS.

T. L. Ryan, whose place of business is on Sixth avenue, employs 12 men, and turns out a class of work that is in demand all over the state.

Keller & Babcock, in the same business, employ seven men who are kept constantly busy.

W. H. Hollandsworth, at his establishment on Twelfth avenue, keeps ten men going, and his business is rapidly spreading out. His wagons are very popular wherever they have been introduced.

SADDLERY

H. V. Bundrem, the pioneer saddler of Emporia, built quite an addition to his establishment at the corner of Fifth avenue and Commercial street this last summer, and has it well stocked with goods of his own manufacture and imported article. He employs eight men.

P. J. Heilman, at No. 134 Commercial street, employs 12 men, and manufactures a branch establishment at 112 Commercial street. He has a large local trade, and fills orders every day from points outside of Emporia.

THE DUNLAP STONE AND LIME COMPANY

was incorporated in July, with a capital stock of $50,000. It will put in machinery here in the spring for sawing stone, and will maintain a lime kiln at its quarry at Dunlan. It will employ from 30 to 50 men, and is backed by ample capital to make it a success.

THE SAND BANK

of Col. David Taylor, west of the city, affords employment to 25 men, and supplies the city with an excellent quality of sand, which is mined after the manner of coal, at a depth of 24 feet.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

In the above name line G. P. Jones & Co. have built up a trade which demands the employment of sixteen hands. They receive orders from all parts of the state and have many regular customers from Chicago, Kansas City and other large places. Their establishment is one of the most extensive of the kind in the state.

LEWIS BROS.

are engaged in the same trade and their volume of business is rapidly increasing. They handle all varieties of imported and domestic piece goods and afford employment to ten persons. They have a first-class cutter and turn out the best of work.

THE STEAM LAUNDRY

located at the corner of Market street and Second avenue, J. H. Coley, proprietor, is fitted up with first-class machinery and employs eight men.

THE SOUTHWESTERN MARBLE WORKS,

at No. 94 Commercial street, employ eight men and send out work to all parts of the state.

Aside from the manufactories above named, there are a number of brickyards in the vicinity of Emporia, and a variety of smaller industries which are noted in our business directory.

OPERA HOUSES.

Emporia is exceedingly fortunate in the possession of a beautiful opera house —Whitley's—which was completed in January, 1882, by a joint stock company, at a cost of of $35,000. It is a very handsome structure of brick, 65x90 feet with a stage 36x60 feet. It has a seating capacity of 1,000 and is beautifully finished and handsomely furnished. It has done much to advertise the town, and is one of its most creditable ornaments.

Jay's opera house, at the corner of Commercial and Fifth, is much used for festivals, dances, lectures, political gatherings, and is an institution which is associated very closely with the growth and progress of the city. During the year a large addition has been built to it making it the largest building in the town.

RESIDENCE OF MAJOR C. HOOD.

A MODEL HOME.

Description of the Dwelling House of Major Calvin Hood.

The picture of the elegant new residence of Major C. Hood, which appears in this issue, affords some idea of the architectural beauties of that splendid improvement. It is most eligibly located on the south side of a block of lots on State street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, owned by the Major and Senator Plumb. The ground is high and this augments the imposing effect of the building. The cost of the structure is estimated at $35,000. It is constructed of pressed brick, trimmed with cut stone of the finest quality. The house rests upon a foundation of diagonal ashler work four feet from the ground, and has two stories exclusive of the basement and attic. The outside dimensions are 61x80 feet. The style of architecture is Queen Anne, and the proportions are such as to compass the largest possible measure of harmony and effect. The verandas and balconies are very attractive in design and furnish an element of ornamentation that at once arrests attention and commands admiration. At the north side of the house is a covered carriage way which is as convenient as it is pleasing to contemplate.

Upon entering the house the visitor finds himself in a spacious hall in the shape of an "L," the dimensions of which are 10x35 feet. The longer arm runs east and west, the shorter one turning north, at the end of which the stairs are located. An open grate lends an air of hospitality to this part of the house, which is diffused throughout the other apartments. The parlor, which is on the south side of the hall is 16x30 It is finished in mahogany, has an open grate with a wooden mantel of elaborate design, and tile hearth, and commands an unobstructed view east and south.

The dining room is on the north side of the hall, and its dimensions are 19x24 feet. It is furnished in burr oak and like the parlor has an open grate. The family bed-chamber, which is 18x22 feet, is finished in walnut, and the hall is finished in cherry. The dining room, which is on the north side of the house, is 16x22 feet, and is elegantly finished in red oak. At the south end is a large niche, in which will be placed a massive side-board. The kitchen, which is 14x18 feet, is separated from the dining room by a china closet of ample dimensions.

The upper floor, which is divided into sleeping apartments, is almost a duplicate of the first story in the matter of arrangement, and the rooms are beautifully finished in woods of different varieties. The windows throughout the house have upper panels of stained glass, which impart an exceedingly elegant effect to the interior of the building.

The house is heated by a Gould steam furnace low pressure, and is furnished throughout with gas and water service. It is likewise provided with water closets and bath rooms, and every convenience which the architect could suggest has been supplied. It is a model home, and the improvement is one which reflects large credit upon the taste and public spirit of the possessor.

The architect of the building was E.T. Carr, of Leavenworth, and the contractor was E. F. Sprague, of Emporia. L. W. Lewis, of this city, did the stone work and it cannot be excelled for beauty any where in the state. Mr. Sprague has given the entire work his personal supervision, and its great excellence is apparent to all who have visited the house, which will be ready for occupancy in about two weeks.

Three pairs of twins have been born in Aldine within the past few weeks. They are those of Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. Hodge, and Mrs. Bridges. Only a short time since the same event happened to Mrs. Rule and also to Mrs. Watson. We wish to state here that it was a former proprietor of this paper who offered a copy free to those reporting twins, but fortunately for us we have never made such a ruinous offer.

Real estate transactions must be lively in Greenwood county. The Herald publishes over a column of "Transfers" for the week ending December 9.

THE COUNTY POOR FARM

Is located about two miles southwest of the city. It contains 80 acres of land and has on it good buildings, including a brick house to which an addition has been built this year at a cost of about $1,000. There are at present twelve wards at the institution, and the number seldom exceeds that at any one time. The superintendent is E. Brown, who has occupied the position for many years with great acceptability. The average cost of keeping the inmates in food is about 14 cents per day.

Mr. W. C. Farrow, who took the photographs from which the cuts of the new depot and the residences of Major Hood and A. M. Blair, were made is one of the best artists for for taking views we ever met. He is a new comer here, but thoroughly understands his business. His residence is on Pine street in Ruggles addition.

THE COURTS.

Summary of Business Transacted During the Year.

During the past twelve months there have been filed in the district court 220 civil cases; 49 abstracts of judgment, and 66 criminal cases. Court was held on 117 days, and 220 cases were disposed of. During the year 30 divorces were granted, a very large proportion of the complainants setting forth gross neglect of duty.

The record of criminal cases tried in the district court during the year is as follows:

LIQUOR CASES.

Kansas vs. Lewis Macke; dismissed.

City of Emporia vs. Jos. Hice; not guilty.

Kansas vs. John Perrier; not guilty.

Kansas vs. Catherine Wind; jury failed to agree and cause continued.

Kansas vs. Allman; dismissed for want of prosecution.

Kansas vs. O. Pfefferle; jury failed to agree and cause continued.

Kansas vs. P. J. Crawford; not guilty.

Kansas vs. Chas. Groth; verdict of guilty; defendant fined $250 and costs and committed.

Kansas vs. Rowland Hughes; verdict of guilty; defendant fined $100 and costs and committed.

Kansas vs. John Perrier; not guilty.

City of Emporia vs. Catherine Wind; dismissed by city attorney.

Kansas vs. Harry Leibriied; jury failed to agree and cause continued.

Kansas vs. A. Gudekunst; verdict of guilty; defendant fined $250 and costs and appeals to the supreme court.

Kansas vs. Geo Cade; defendant pleads guilty and is fined $100 and costs.

Kansas vs. Lewis Macke; defendant found guilty and fined $250 and costs and takes an appeal.

Kansas vs. P. J. Heddrick; verdict of guilty; defendant fined $250 and costs, and takes an appeal.

Kansas vs. Lewis Macke; motion to dissolve temporary injunction sustained; defendant ordered into the custody of the sheriff and appeals to the supreme court.

Kansas vs. August Cochenett; jury failed to agree and cause continued.

City of Emporia vs. Rowland Hughes; dismissed by county attorney.

City of Emporia vs. John Wind; dismissed by the county attorney.

OTHER OFFENSES.

Kansas vs. J. P. Kelley, petit larceny; defendant found guilty and fined $10 and costs and committed until paid.

Kansas vs. Jas Conwell, disturbing the peace; guilty and defendant fined $1.00 and costs.

Kansas vs. Jules Raymond, peace proceeding; recognizance discharged and $15.25 costs taxed to defendant.

Kansas vs. E. D. Mosely and Mary Isabella Martin; murder in the first degree; verdict of guilty and sentence of death pronounced

Kansas vs. B. A. Wilson, assault; jury failed to agree.

Kansas vs. Reuben Harris, grand larceny; verdict of guilty; defendant sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

Kansas vs. Chas Wilson, verdict of guilty and defendent sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

Kansas vs. Jas Richardson and Chas. Sargent; assault; guilty and defendants sentenced to pay a fine of $200 each and costs.

Kansas vs. Irwin Bridges; grand larceny; verdict of guilty and defendant sentenced to the penitentiary for four years.

Kansas vs. D. W. Sturdevant; keeping house of ill-fame; verdict of guilty and defendent fined $500 and costs.

Kansas vs. Seiling; keeping gambling rooms; dismissed.

Kansas vs. Carney Green; peace proceeding; recognizance forfeited.

Kansas vs. J. S. McKeown; assault; recognizance forfeited.

PROBATE COURT.

There have been issued in the probate court during the year thirty letters of administration and twenty letters of guardianship.

Courts of inquiry have been held in the cases of six persons, all of whom have been adjudged insane.

Marriage licnses have been issued as follows: January, 16; February, 15; March, 13; April, 6; May, 17; June, 30; July, 13; August, 12; September, 19; October, 20; November, 23; December, 16, making a total of 189 against 30 divorces granted by the district court.

JUSTICE FLETCHER'S COURT.

In the court of C. Fletcher, J. P., the following is a summary of business transacted during the year:

Number of cases, civil and criminal	478
Number of civil cases	378
Number of criminal cases	100
Aggregate fines in criminal cases	$475.00
Number of appeals	2
Number of fines paid in criminal cases in justices court	$ 64 05
Number of liquor cases	7
" " " appealed	3
" " " dismissed	2
Number of liquor cases in which defendant was acquitted	2

The criminal complaints are classified as follows:

Kidnapping	1
Selling mortgaged property	3
Drunkenness	1
Trespass	1
Illegal voting	1
Keeping house of ill fame	1
Delivering intoxicants to prisoners	1
Wounding and maiming animals	1
False pretense	3
Rape	1
Robbery	3
Assault	26
Larceny	19
Burglary and Larceny	2
Peace proceeding	4
Disturbing the peace	1
Murder	1
Bastardy	1
Embezzlement	2
Search warrant	1
Fraud	1
Selling Liquor	7

POLICE JUDGE ELSTUN'S COURT.

R. W. Elstun took the oath of office, April 10th, 1883, and there were filed in his court up to December 24, 1883, 245 complaints, classified as follows:

Liquor cases, 92; drunk, 74; breach of the peace 27; assault and battery, 17; obscene and offensive language, 9; carrying concealed weapons, 4; keeping disorderly house, 4; throwing missiles, 2; indecency, 3; gambling 2; discharging firearms 3; refusing to work street tax, 2; street walking, 3; riding across sidewalk, 2; depositing filth, 1; assuming role of policeman 1

There were nine acquittals, twenty-one commitments, five dismissals, one bond forfeited, and one case—liquor—appealed.

The net cash turned into the city treasury on liquor cases, after all legal costs were paid, was $2,755; from other cases, $260; total, $3,015. Judge Elstun reports that when he assumed the duties of his office seventeen saloons were running in the city of Emporia. Ten of these have been closed out, and two new ones have been opened, making nine still running, a net reduction of 8 drinking places. These figures are worthy of careful attention.

COURT OF JUSTICE PAYNE.

The record in the court of F. P. Payne, J. P., shows the following business for the year:

Number of cases, 417; civil, 362; criminal, 55.

The criminal cases are classified as follows:

Grand larceny, four; three bound over to district court and one not guilty.

Petit larceny, five; three fined one cent, and costs and one not guilty.

Bastardy, three; two parties married and one defendant made provision for child.

Assault with intent to rape, one; bound over.

Violation of prohibitory law, six; three fined $150 and costs, one jury disagreed, one plea of guilty and mittimus issued, four appealed.

Public indecency, two; one fined $10 and costs and one fined $5 and costs.

Burglary, two; dismissed at defendant's costs.

Forgery, one; default and bond—$600—forfeited.

Administering poisonous drugs, one; bound over.

Obtaining money under false pretenses, two; one default and bond forfeited; one dismissed.

Adultery, two; one dismissed; one committed for 30 days.

Keeping bawdy house, one; bound over.

Assault and battery, ten; one dismissed at costs of plaintiff; two fined one cent and costs; one committed to jail for five days; two fined $5 and costs; four fined $1 and costs.

Assault with deadly weapon, one; bound over to district court.

Drunk in public highway, one; fined $5 and costs.

Defacing public property, one; fined $5.00 and costs.

Killing domestic animals two; one fined one cent and costs, and one fined $5 and costs.

Disturbing the peace, ten; seven bound over to district court; one committed to jail for ten days; one fined one cent and costs; one not guilty.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

The different secret orders are well represented in Emporia, and all of the societies which have been organized are in a flourishing condition. The Masons own a magnificent temple at the corner of Fifth avenue and Merchants street, which was erected last year at a cost of $18,000, and was dedicated the second day of February with appropriate ceremonies. The Odd Fellows meet in a beautiful stone hall of their own on Commercial street, near the court house, the cost of which was $10,000.

The Masons have a total membership of 175; the Odd Fellows, 127; the Knights of Honor, 160; the A. O. U. W., 217; the Knights of Pythias, 80; the Red Men, 70; the G. A. R., 125, and the Legion of Honor, 30. The following is a complete directory of all the secret orders in the city:

MASONIC.

Emporia Lodge, No. 12, A. F. and A. M.—Meets at Masonic Temple the first Friday of each month; T. N. Sedgwick W. M.; F. Hirth, secretary.

Emporia Chapter, No. 12, R. A. M.—Meets at Masonic temple the second Friday of each month; R. E. Torrington, high priest; F. Hirth, secretary.

Emporia Commandery No. 8, Knights Templar—Meets at Masonic temple the third Friday of each month; D. A. Stahl, E. C.; F. W. Hirth, recorder.

Miriam Chapter No. 1, O. E. S.—Meets at Masonic temple the fourth Friday of each month; Mrs. A. McKinney, W. P.; Mrs. M. H. Buck, secretary.

ODD FELLOWS.

Union Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets at hall at 103 Commercial street every Tuesday evening. G. A. Biddle, N. G.; F. W. Hirth, secretary.

Emporia Encampment No. 17, I. O. O. F.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. P. G. Hallberg, C. P.; F. W. Hirth, scribe.

Rebecca Lodge No. 27, meets at Odd Fellows hall on first Monday of each month. Mrs. M. R. Roblee, N. G.; Mrs. C. Fletcher, secretary.

Wandering Star lodge No. 1925, I. O. O. F. (African) meets first, third and fourth Thursdays of each month at the hall at No. 88 Commercial street. Frank Rogers, N. G.; Robt. Bradley, secretary.

Household of Ruth No. 233, I. O. O. F. (African) meets at hall No. 88, Commercial street second and fourth Tuesday of each month. Mollie O'Dair, M. N. G.; M. E. Duncan, W. R.

A. O. U. W.

Emporia Lodge No. 3, meets every Monday at the hall at No. 144 Commercial street. W. Hodgson, M. W.; T. F. Davenport, recorder.

Union Lodge No. 2 Select Knights, meets at hall at No. 144 Commercial street the second and fourth Friday of each month. C. L. Burge, S. C.; L. S. Page, recorder.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Central Lodge No. 781, meets first and third Monday of each month on second floor of Masonic temple. W. S. Jay, D.; S. B. Riggs, R.; D. W. Morris F. R.

Martha Washington Lodge No. 463—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month on second floor of Masonic block Mrs. R. A. Rhuland, W. P.; H. E. Fox, secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Damascus Lodge No 11—Meets second floor of Masonic temple every Wednesday of each month. J. W. Feighan, C. C.; D. Hall, K. of R. S.

LEGION OF HONOR

Emporia Lodge—Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month on second floor of Masonic temple. Col. David Taylor, commander; S. B. Riggs, R.

RED MEN.

Neosho Tribe No. 4—Meets second floor Masonic temple every Thursday. Dr. W. P. Parr, sachem; R. W. Elstun, chief of records.

G. A. R.

Emporia Post No. 38—Meets first and third Saturdays of every month at Weaver's hall. Col. D. Taylor, commander; Dr. J. A. Young, adjutant.