

## WRECKED BY A BOMB

### ATTEMPT MADE TO KILL GOV. A. J. SMITH.

His Residence Dynamited—House Badly Damaged and Mrs. Smith Injured—Joseph W. Oliver, a Veteran, Who Left the Home Recently, Under Arrest.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., June 12.—Between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday morning a cannon-like report was heard at the Soldiers' home, and the beautiful residence of Governor Andrew J. Smith, commandant of the home, was all but demolished.

Dynamite was employed in the outrage and the explosion aroused many residents of this city and houses trembled as if in an earthquake shock. In the barracks the shock was terrific enough to throw veterans from their cots, and prompt work was required on the part of the commandant to prevent a serious panic. One veteran, who was occupying a seat on the lawn, was thrown to the ground.

Mrs. Smith's escape from instant death was miraculous, the explosion was directly beneath her bed chamber. She usually sleeps upon a couch, but Thursday night occupied a bed in the same room, but on side farthest from the outer wall. She heard the shutters rattle, but saw no one. A moment later the explosion followed, and she found herself in the midst of flying furniture and shattered window panes. One entire side of her room was torn away. The couch she usually occupied caught the full force of the explosion and was hurled across the room, passing directly over her bed and landing upon a bureau.

Governor Smith and daughter, Miss Daisy Smith, occupied rooms on the second floor, and were far enough removed from the seat of the explosion to escape the serious consequences suffered by Mrs. Smith.

Besides being cut and bruised by broken glass and pieces of flying furniture, Mrs. Smith was completely prostrated by the shock and is now in a precarious condition. Mrs. Smith has been in delicate health for years.

The scene at the governor's residence is one of wreckage and confusion. The brick walls are shattered and torn, the east side being almost wholly blown out, the windows broken and debris is scattered over the ground.

The whole interior was wrecked, bric-a-brac scattered about the various apartments, and furniture tossed about and piled up in a confused mass.

About one hour after the explosion the police authorities arrested Joseph W. Oliver, a dishonorably discharged veteran, for the crime. He was found in his room at a Cherokee street boarding house where he had just arrived after having been out all night. Many persons are ready to believe he is implicated. His trousers were bedraggled, showing he had walked through tall grass, and his shoes were soaking wet and covered with blue grass seed. He was in a surly mood and when taken into custody expressed regret that Governor Smith had escaped death.

Afterward he refused to say anything. Another dishonorably discharged veteran is suspected of complicity, but has not been apprehended. Oliver is a tough character, and a few months ago was arrested and punished for deliberately shooting into an electric car. A few nights ago John Biringer's powder magazine was robbed, and it is believed the robber is the one who caused the explosion.

It is the universal opinion in this city that the outrage is a direct result of the persecution waged against Governor Smith for the past five or six years by certain persons in Leavenworth and elsewhere in Kansas. Threats to blow up the governor have been freely made by discharged veterans since the national board of managers made the order transferring Colonel Smith to the Pacific branch home at Santa Monica, Cal.

**Try to Dodge Investigation.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The members of the committee on contingent expenses of the Senate have agreed to report adversely the Tillman resolution for an investigation of the alleged speculations in sugar. It is not known when the report will be made to the Senate. The report, it is understood, will go fully into the merits of the question, showing such investigations as that proposed to be generally barren of results.

**Town Statesmen Fight.**

NEVADA, Mo., June 12.—Mayor C. O. Graves and Alderman J. A. Daly of the Fourth ward came to blows in the streets here yesterday afternoon, but were separated before much damage was done. The encounter resulted from a difference of opinion in the matter of street improvements.

**Famous Turfman Passes Away.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 12.—Byron McClelland, the famous turfman, died last night. He was 45 years old, worth \$300,000, all made in racing in about fifteen years. He leaves a wife and an adopted child. Badge, Sallie McClelland, Henry of Navarre, Halma and Prince Lief are among the horses he brought out.

**For an Inheritance Tax.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The Democratic members of the Senate committee on finance have agreed to offer as an amendment to the tariff bill a provision for an inheritance tax. The amendment was prepared by Senator Turpie.

**Another Russian Royal Baby.**

ST. PETERSBURG, June 11.—A daughter was born to the czar and czarina of Russia at noon to-day at the Peterhof palace. The first child of their Majesties was born November 3, 1895, and is also a daughter, the Grand Duchess Olga.

## TO ANNEX HAWAII.

The President Will Submit a Message to Congress on the Matter.

CHICAGO, June 12.—A Washington dispatch to the Daily News says: A convention is on foot looking to the annexation of the republic of Hawaii to the United States as a territory, and the details of the plan are so nearly complete as to warrant the belief that they will soon be submitted to Congress.

The articles of convention of the proposed scheme of annexation are interesting. Hawaii is to become a territory of the United States, ceding all her ports and crown lands in exchange for protection. She is to be known in the galaxy as the territory of Hawaii. The United States, it is proposed, shall assume the debt of the Hawaiian republic to the limit of \$4,000,000.

Friends of annexation in Washington declare that the President will submit a message to Congress on the subject before the adjournment of the present session. There is the highest authority for the statement that Hawaiian annexation is one of the settled features of President McKinley's foreign policy.

The effect of excluding from citizenship in the United States the Asiatic population is considered the most serious feature of the proposed annexation. If adhered to, in the opinion of many public men here, it would lead to a straining of diplomatic relations with China and Japan.

## JURY STOOD 7 TO 5

Foley Murder Trial at Liberty Ended—Majority for Conviction.

LIBERTY, Mo., June 12.—The jurors before whom William S. Foley was tried at Liberty for the killing of his aged mother, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Foley, on November 17, 1896, disagreed and were discharged by Judge Broadbent at 5:20 yesterday afternoon, after being out twenty-three hours. The disagreement had been expected. They stood 7 to 5 for conviction.

It is the intention of prosecuting Attorney Woodson to keep Foley in jail at Liberty until the November term of the circuit court of Clay county at Liberty, and to then put him on trial for the murder of his sister, Miss Fannie Foley.

There was some talk at Liberty last night of lynching Foley, but the better class of citizens advised against it, saying that Foley was still in the custody of the officers of the law and that his next trial might result in a conviction.

Foley was much encouraged by the disagreement, and says he confidently expects acquittal in November.

## BATES SOPER IN JAIL

Archie, Mo., Murderer Arrested at Ashland, Ore.—A Full Confession.

ASHLAND, Ore., June 11.—Bates Soper, of Ashland, who murdered his wife and two children at Archie, Cass county, Mo., six years ago and escaped, has been arrested here and is in jail. He has made a full confession of the crime. Soper was a butcher, of quarrelsome disposition, and somewhat eccentric. He slew his family with a butcher knife, and, although closely pursued, got away. Various reports as to his whereabouts were circulated at different times, but he was never definitely located until he was arrested here today.

The absence of any known motive for the crime led many Cass county people to believe that Soper was crazy, but his confession proves the incorrectness of that theory.

## 500 CHINAMEN DROWNED.

Storm Overwhelms Hundreds of Fishing Boats Off the Coast of China.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 11.—Meager particulars were brought by the Empress of Japan of a disaster which befell the fishermen of Chusan archipelago, off the coast of China. On May 6, when all, or at least most, of the fishing boats were out on the fishing banks a terrible gale sprang up. Of the several hundred boats out at the time, very few returned, and it is estimated that some 500 men lost their lives.

**St. Louis Swelters.**

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 12.—This city sweltered yesterday under a temperature which the government's thermometer called 87 degrees, but which every wilted citizen stands ready to declare was considerably hotter. For the last two weeks the weather has been abnormally cool, and a sudden change to a street temperature of over 80 degrees, has caused discomfort. Samuel Steakey, a laborer, was prostrated by the heat while he was working, and was taken to the hospital. His condition is serious.

**Farmer Shoots Himself.**

BOONVILLE, Mo., June 12.—At an early hour this morning John Ritehey, a well-to-do farmer, living two miles south of Clark's Fork, near this place, was found dead. His death was undoubtedly the work of his own hands. A shotgun had been placed in his mouth and the trigger pulled. Family troubles are supposed to have been the cause.

**Because She Wouldn't Elope.**

PIESTONE, Minn., June 12.—F. N. Blivin, of Piestone, killed himself after fatally wounding a daughter of Frank Weigel, a German farmer living in Moody county, S. D. Blivins asked the girl to elope with him. Upon her refusal, the tragedy followed.

**Inheritance Tax Knocked Out.**

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—Judge Penrose to-day filed an adjudication in an estate dispute in which he takes occasion to decide that the direct inheritance tax is unconstitutional. The law was recently enacted.

## SPLIT IN A CHURCH.

### REFORMED EPISCOPALIANS DIVIDED.

Forn Up Over the Question of Black or White Surplices—Bishop Cheney and Others Thereupon Resigned—Income of \$15,000 a Year Withdrawn.

NEW YORK, June 12.—At yesterday's session of the general council of the Reformed Episcopal church, the substitute motion of Bishop Campbell, permitting any Presbyter to use either black or white surplice, and, in the case of a bishop, a rochet, in place of Dr. Asher's motion, which allows only those now using the white surplice to continue to do so, was taken up, and a lengthy discussion ensued.

At the afternoon session the vestment question was taken up again, and after a long debate the council proceeded to vote on the original motion to make the black gown the vestment to be used on all occasions, except by those who are now using the surplice. It was voted on "by orders," and the result was a victory for the black gown by 26 to 15 among the clergy and 31 to 22 among the laymen. The joint vote was 57 to 27.

Bishop Cheney of the synod of Chicago then announced that he would himself read a letter which ordinarily should be read by the secretary, but which, under the peculiar circumstances, he should prefer to read to the council.

The conclusion of the letter was as follows: "Such a destruction of the larger liberty which this church has enjoyed from its birth hour and such a departure from the solemn pledges of Bishop Cummins compel me to enter my earnest protest.

"I cannot with good conscience hold any office in the gift of the council which I am convinced has laid the ax at the root of all Christian liberty in this church.

"I, therefore, most sadly, but positively, resign my position as a member of the special church extension trust, as trustee of the Theological seminary, as member of the committee on doctrine and worship and any other place which I may hold by the authority of the general council."

Bishop latans, with an expression of regret at Bishop Cheney's action, had hardly secured the acceptance of the resignation by the council when Mr. C. M. Morton of Philadelphia announced to the council that Miss Harriet S. Benson had delegated him and William Tracey to state that on account of the action of the council in regard to the vestments she would withdraw, until further notice, the income from her contribution to the special church extension trust and the special synod trust. These trusts provide an income to the church of \$15,000 a year.

Finally Bishop Fallows called for an immediate meeting of the general committee of the church and adjournment of the session. The council then adjourned.

Bishop Fallows was asked what the prospects of the church were under the crisis. He was inclined to take a hopeful view. The trouble was serious, he said, but he did not apprehend the breaking up of the church.

## STOPPED BY POLICE

Maher-Sharkey Fight Ends in a Draw in the Seventh Round.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Peter Maher and Tom Sharkey fought last night at the Palace Athletic club for a \$15,000 purse. At the end of the seventh round the police interfered and the contest resulted in a most unsatisfactory draw. Never in the history of the ring has there been such an enormous attendance at a boxing bout in this vicinity. There were about 10,000 persons squeezed into the big building at One Hundred and Seventh street and Lexington avenue.

The relative merits of the men is just as much of a puzzle as ever, and until they meet again and get a definite decision their adherents will not be satisfied. It was said that over \$40,000 was taken in at the box office, and, judging from the number of people in the house, this was a very conservative estimate.

## MINISTERS APPOINTED.

President Names John G. Leishman for the Swiss Mission.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: Henry L. Wilson of Washington to be minister to Chili, William F. Powell of New Jersey to be minister to Hayti, John G. Leishman of Pennsylvania to be minister to Switzerland, John P. Govey of Washington to be consul general at Kanagawa, Japan.

Henry L. Wilson of Washington is a brother of Senator Wilson of Washington. Mr. Leishman is a resident of Pittsburg and ex-president of the Carnegie Steel company. Mr. Powell is a colored man who lives in Southern New Jersey.

**Circus Employes Killed.**

WAMPETON, N. D., June 12.—While the canvas men were at work on the big tent of Ringling Bros.' circus the center pole was struck by lightning. Charles Walters and Charles Smith were killed by the shock and four other employes shocked.

**Cheyennes Are Quiet Again.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—A telegram received at the war department from headquarters at St. Paul states that all is now quiet among the Indians in southern Montana and that it is safe to withdraw the troops sent from Fort Custer and Keogh, which will be done.

**Bristow Exerts Himself.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—To-day "Headman" Bristow broke his high water record. He appointed 157 postmasters, four more than the record he made himself a few days since.

## MUST SERVE UNCLE SAM.

Secretary Long Declines to Permit Naval Cadets to Resign.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—For the first time in many years the secretary of the navy has interposed his veto upon the application of a junior officer to leave the naval service. In the present case three of the cadets at Annapolis—George Weber of Arkansas, H. L. Collins of Pennsylvania and P. I. Pratt of Illinois—sought to resign. They had completed four years' service at the academy, the last year being devoted to the engineering branch, and desired to leave to engage in private business.

Secretary Long, however, found that the engineer corps was badly in need of officers, owing to the rapid depletion of the ranks of the older engineers in late years, and he decided that as these young men had been educated at the expense of the government they should render service in return. The cadets upon admission to the academy are required to pledge themselves to serve the government not less than eight years, so these men now will be obliged to take the usual two years' cruise, which rounds out the Annapolis course, at the end of which time they will receive their commissions as assistant engineers in the navy and as regularly assigned to duty.

**Harris' Union Pacific Resolution.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Harris of Kansas introduced a resolution stating the status of affairs relating to the Union Pacific railroad and expressing the sense of the Senate that the secretary of the treasury should take steps to pay off the liens prior to those of the government and then to operate the road, and if that was not deemed expedient to adopt foreclosure proceedings in the courts. The resolution went over.

**Fatal Benzine Explosion.**

PUEBLO, Col., June 12.—Mrs. John Cameron, wife of the superintendent of the Valley coal mines, and a prominent society lady of this city, was fatally burned by the explosion of a can of benzine with which she was cleaning furniture. Her son, 18 years of age, was badly burned in trying to save her.

**Yellow Journalism in Atlanta.**

ATLANTA, Ga., June 12.—Terrell Hudson, colored, sentenced to hang at Decatur to-day for murder, has been respited two weeks by Governor Atkinson. Katherine Germaine, an opera singer, has arranged to witness it and write her impressions for the Atlanta Journal.

**Refused a Diploma for Insulting Ladies.**

WARRENBERG, Mo., June 12.—Several days ago William Atkinson of Rea, Mo., a student in the normal school, who was to graduate in the advance course, made insulting remarks to two ladies. Since his offense other similar acts on his part have come to light, and the normal board of regents took the matter up, with the result that the young man was not allowed to graduate with yesterday's class.

**New England's Flood.**

BOSTON, Mass., June 12.—After a day of good work the reports from the Northern, Eastern and Central sections of New England show flooded rivers and lakes. The two days' record will include nearly a dozen lives lost and great damage to railroad and mill property aggregating at least \$500,000.

**Took Strychnine for Love.**

SEDALIA, Mo., June 12.—Edward Emery, aged 24 years, attempted suicide last night at his home at White station, six miles south of Sedalia. Because a young lady refused to marry him, he swallowed a dose of strychnine. Dr. E. F. Gresham succeeded in saving his life.

**Cyclone Destroys Silk Worms.**

ROME, June 12.—Dispatches from Verona announce that a terrible cyclone accompanied by hail, devastated the Valley of Caprino yesterday evening. All the crops, including the Mulberry crops, were destroyed, entailing a great loss of silk worms.

**A Missouri Girl Honored by Cornell.**

COLUMBUS, Mo., June 12.—Miss Lalla Rook Rogers, a graduate of the University of Missouri, has been awarded a scholarship in the school of philosophy at Cornell university. She is the first graduate of Missouri university to receive such honor.

**Governor Barnes' First Pardon.**

GUTHRIE, Okla., June 12.—Governor Barnes issued his first pardon last night to Ira Taylor, sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for horse stealing in Grant county. He had served fourteen months. His wife interceded for him.

**Ten Coal Miners Killed.**

LONDON, June 12.—In consequence of over-winding a terrible accident has occurred in the Gaith colliery at Maesteg, Glamorganshire, Wales. The cage was precipitated to the bottom of a shaft 360 feet deep. Ten men were killed.

**Another of Weyler's Generals Resigns.**

HAVANA, June 11.—Another of Weyler's generals, Lono, inspector general of the civil guard forces in Cuba and military governor of Havana, has resigned in disgust and expects to leave the island by the transatlantic liner sailing June 30 for Spain direct.

**Fraternal Neighbors in Session.**

WARRENSBURG, Mo., June 12.—The supreme lodge of the Fraternal Neighbors, an insurance order, is in session in Warrensburg this week. W. H. Dada of Kansas City is supreme president of the organization.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The first test vote on the sugar schedule was taken in the Senate yesterday, resulting in the adoption of the Republican amendment changing the House rate of 1.50 per pound, by the close vote of yeas 32, nays 30. The affirmative vote was made up of 29 Republicans, 1 Democrat, McEnery of Louisiana; 1 silver Republican, Jones of Nevada, and 1 Populist, Stewart of Nevada. The negative vote was made up of 25 Democrats, 3 Populists and 2 silver Republicans.

It was the closest vote so far taken on an issue of importance, and was accepted as showing that any amendment having the sanction of the caucus was assured of adoption.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The long deferred debate on the sugar schedule of the tariff bill came on abruptly at 1 o'clock yesterday, after the Senate had disposed of the cereals in the agricultural schedule. Senators and spectators soon lapsed into a state of indifference as the speeches dealt with a labyrinth of technical details, of vital interest, though, to the sugar refiner and expert.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas opened the debate, to some extent answering Mr. Aldrich's statement on the sugar schedule. It was argumentative and lacking in any severe denunciatory features. The Senator held that the rates proposed gave the refiners an excessive differential and pointed out how they had thrived on the one-eighth differential of the present law.

Mr. Vest severely criticised the Sugar trust and argued that the rates were a further tribute to its vast resources. Mr. Caffery of Louisiana also opposed the schedule as a whole.

Early in the day Mr. Tillman of South Carolina made a lively speech in favor of the amendment giving an export duty on agricultural products.

After some running debate a vote was taken on the Cannon amendment, providing an export bounty for agricultural products, and it was defeated—yeas, 10; nays, 59. The affirmative vote was given by Messrs. Allen, Butler, Stewart, Harris of Kansas, Helfield, Populists; Cannon, Mantle, Pettigrew, silver Republicans; Roach and Tillman, Democrats.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota gave notice that he would offer his amendment to admit free of duty goods made by trusts at the end of the sugar schedule.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The house passed two comparatively unimportant resolutions to-day and then adjourned till Monday.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Republican members of the finance committee will withdraw the amendments for an additional tax on beer and for the duty of ten cents a pound on tea. The question of revenue is giving the committee considerable concern and if there should be a withdrawal of the increases on tobacco as well as those on beer and tea the bill would not meet the needs of the government as a revenue producer. For this reason it has been practically determined to make a bank check stamp tax.

The Senate had a period of tariff speeches yesterday, and as a result little progress was made on the bill.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—By the decisive vote of 42 to 19, the Senate yesterday adopted an amendment to the tariff bill placing raw cotton, the great product of the South, on the dutiable list at 20 per cent ad valorem. It is the first time in the history of tariff legislation that a duty on cotton has been incorporated in a bill. The amendment was proposed by Mr. Bacon, Democrat, of Georgia, on his individual responsibility, and without the approval of the finance committee, which thus far has been requisite to the success of every amendment, except a minor one which went through by default.

The amendment led to a spirited debate, Democratic Senators disclosing a wide difference of views and at times exchanging sharp personal criticisms. On the final vote, six Democrats, Bacon and Clay, of Georgia; McEnery of Louisiana; McLaurin and Tillman of South Carolina; and Rawlins, of Utah, voted with the Republicans for the Bacon amendment, while the negative vote was solidly Democratic, with one exception, Kyle, Populist.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The Senate yesterday disposed of the lumber paragraph, which has been more stubbornly contested than any feature of the bill thus far, by defeating the motion of Senator Vest to place white pine on the free list—yeas 20, nays 38. The contest was mainly significant in breaking party lines, which have been maintained with few exceptions during the early stages of the debate. On the final vote, eight Democratic Senators voted against Mr. Vest's proposition; namely, Messrs. Bacon and Clay of Georgia, McEnery of Louisiana, McLaurin and Tillman of South Carolina, Martin of Virginia, Rawlins of Utah and White of California. On the other hand, Mr. Carter, Republican, and Messrs. Cannon and Mantel, Silver Republicans, voted for the Vest motion. Following this, a vote to substitute the Wilson lumber schedule was defeated—17 to 37—and the schedule was agreed to as reported. The debate preceding the vote was at times very breezy, owing to the break of political lines.

**A College President Sued.**

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 11.—Suit was begun in the federal court here to-day for \$100,000 libel by the American Book company against President George A. Gates of Iowa college, Grinnell. Professor Gates is one of the foremost educators of the country.

**Sophie Zela Dead.**

BOSTON, June 11.—Sophie Zela, wife of Edward O. Achorn, a leading lawyer, died here yesterday. Previous to her marriage Miss Zela was a well known singer.

## A WISE PHYSICIAN.

BROAD OF OPINION HETHROWS PREJUDICE TO THE WIND.

Dr. J. L. Limes Endorses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Because He Has Found Them Efficacious. Believes the First Duty of a Physician is to Cure His Patients.

From the Capital, St. John, Kansas. Hearing that Dr. J. L. Limes of St. John, Kansas, had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in his practice with great success, a reporter called upon and interviewed him regarding the matter.

Your reporter found the doctor a very pleasant and affable man of probably fifty years of age. We were much impressed with his manner, as it was kindly and dignified. When we broached the subject of our call, he became enthusiastic at once and proceeded to give us the following publication:

"My attention had been called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by several persons of my acquaintance who had been greatly benefited or entirely cured by their use. I determined to give them a trial in my practice and if they proved to be satisfactory I would adopt them and use them regularly. Since I began prescribing them I have never had cause to regret my determination. I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a number of cases of nervous troubles, neurasthenia, rheumatism, etc., and in every case have been exceptionally well pleased with the results, and I can honestly and conscientiously recommend Pink Pills for the above diseases.



"I shall continue to use them and recommend them to my patients. For I consider there is nothing better for the diseases they are recommended to cure than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you desire to use this for publication you can attach my name. I am well known in this part of Kansas and also in Fayette County, Ohio. I am Secretary of the U. S. Pension Examining Surgeon's Board for Stafford County, Kansas, and Chairman of the Republican County Central Committee for the above named county. Yours faithfully,

JESSE L. LIMES, M. D.

We also ascertained the doctor's standing in St. John by a few interviews with prominent people, which we herewith publish along with the doctor's statement regarding Pink Pills.

"I am well acquainted with Dr. J. L. Limes and know him to be an honorable and straightforward man, and what ever he may say can be relied upon. E. R. BENEFIELD, County Supt. of Schools, Stafford County, Kansas.

ST. JOHN, KANSAS, July 14th, 1896. I have known Dr. J. L. Limes for a number of years and can recommend him as a prominent physician, and a man well liked in this vicinity. HOWARD GRAY, Cashier Commercial Bank.

I have known Dr. J. L. Limes for several years, and as a physician he is very prominent, and his reputation for honor and integrity are too well known to be questioned for an instant. H. J. CORNWELL, Editor St. John News.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of influenza, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Prof. Gabriel de Mortillet of Paris maintains that a careful study of the geological data bearing on the question of the antiquity of man does not allow us to assign it a more recent date than 230,000 years ago.

## CYCLING AND CYCLISTS.

Jones, Coulter, McCrea, Boyden and Zeigler will be suspended by the L. A. W. for competing in the Sunday races at San Francisco.

Though Australians are said to prefer American makes of bicycles, England exported \$70,000 worth of wheels to Australia last week in March.

Professional cycling events in England are taking a strong hold on the public, while the interest in amateurs is declining, according to latest reports.

An attempt on the part of the managers of the southern circuit to reduce the size of the prizes for professionals has inaugurated something close to a strike on the part of the riders.

## FROM THE POINT OF THE PEN.

If the Supreme court thought it had knocked out the railroads by its anti-pool decision, it has probably discovered its mistake by this time.

Easter bonnets are enough to make a young man turn his head, and there is no knowing how many young women have their heads turned by the sight of Easter bonnets in the show windows.

The motion of a member of the Kentucky legislature to remove that august body to Louisville to avoid smallpox in the penitentiary must have been a joke. What show would smallpox have in the Kentucky Legislature?

## GRAINS OF GOLD.

They who clamor for their rights, multiply their wrongs.

When liquor goes into the stomach, love goes out of the heart.

The true bone of contention is generally found on the free-lunch counter.