

KANSAS COMMENT

Bank Cashier a Suicide. — James Major, cashier of the Carlton State bank, shot and killed himself in the back room of the bank. He was a cripple and despondency is supposed to have caused the deed. The bank is in good condition.

Was First Prison Governor. — Brigadier General Edmund Rice, who died recently at Wakefield, Mass., was for many years stationed at Fort Leavenworth, and was the first governor of the military prison there.

Bread for the Troops. — A Junction City milling company has been awarded the contract for 100,000 pounds of flour to be used by the regular and state troops during the maneuvers at Fort Riley.

Soldier's Victim Dies. — Martha Arterbridge, who was shot by Private Robert J. Tellies of the Ninth Cavalry band at Fort Riley, died. Tellies was captured and will be turned over to the United States marshal.

Eight Hour Law is Violated. — W. D. Robinson, assistant secretary of the Society of Labor and Industry, has returned from an investigation of charges of violation of the eight-hour law. He found that the law was violated in Emporia by the contractor who is paving the street and that it is violated in Olathe and Newton on the new county buildings.

Sale of the Kimball Estate. — The last chapter of several years' litigation over the old Sam Kimball estate near Manhattan was closed when the property was sold at sheriff sale the other day. The estate included several fine farms and city property which brought over \$25,000 in cash. It will be divided among the Kimball heirs.

Will Bridge the Kaw. — The quartermaster's department at Fort Riley notified the war department that an appropriation of \$18,500 had been made for building a bridge across the Kaw river at the post. Fort Riley had a bridge over the Kaw until it was wrecked by the flood and since that time the south part of the reservation across the river has been of little use in the operation of the troops in practice.

New Salt Company. — A charter has been granted to the Hutchinson Chemical and Alkali company, a concern with a capital of \$600,000, which proposes to establish a new salt manufacturing plant at Hutchinson. The directors of the new company are C. N. Sentney, J. B. Mackey, L. A. Bunker, Stephen A. Coloday, Emerson Carey, C. V. Donovan and C. M. Williams of Hutchinson and John Faulkner of Bay City, Mich.

Jurisdiction to be Tested. — The board of railroad commissioners will have an opportunity to test the provision of the railroad law giving the board supervision over irrigation ditches. U. T. Tapscott, of Syracuse, has complained of the damage done by an irrigation ditch which has been affected by a new culvert constructed by the Santa Fe. The ditch is said to be flooding farms every time there is a rain in that part of the state.

His Skull Was Crushed. — Roy Nottingham, a 12-year-old boy, was killed while operating a manure spreader on the farm of Frank Honnall, three miles south of Everst. The team took fright and ran away, throwing the boy off the machine. The one wheel passed directly over his head, crushing his skull and breaking one arm, killing him instantly. The boy is a son of George Nottingham, who is also employed by Mr. Frank Honnell.

Died During Fit of Coughing. — Joseph Zimmer, known as "Jo" Tucker, died during a fit of coughing in the wash room of the Mahan hotel in Wichita. Death was due to exhaustion. A letter was found on the body dated at Cincinnati, March 17, and addressed to "My Dear Brother, Joseph." The letter was signed "Caroline Zimmer." Zimmer came to Wichita from Kansas City two years ago. He was a pastry cook. He was 60 years of age.

Sedgwick Has Most Cash. — There is more money in the banks of Sedgwick county than in the banks of any other county in Kansas. This fact is shown by the figures given by the assessors in the 105 counties in this state. Returns of Sedgwick county assessors show there was in the banks of the county in actual money \$267,515 the first day of March. Mortgages held in that county at that time were valued at \$124,965. As the assessment is only on about one-fourth of the actual amount the figures show this county has more than a million dollars in actual money in its banks.

Paid \$18,000 For a Farm. — One of the largest real estate transactions in Clay county for a number of years was made the other day when W. S. Bradbury, ex-representative from Clay county, sold his ranch in the eastern part of the county, comprising about 780 acres, to Fred Mullen of Clay Center for \$18,000.

LaCygne Votes School Bonds. — LaCygne has voted bonds to build an \$18,000 school house. Only eight votes were recorded against the proposition. The old school house was struck by lightning June 21.

Glass Factory for Caney. — The Cheyenne Glass Company was organized at Caney with a capital of \$50,000. The new company will put up a thirty blower tank factory of the latest improvements for the manufacture of window glass.

Shows Ambition to Grow. — The business men of Herington have formed an organization to reach out after more improvements for the city. The town will be advertised all over the East and improvements and new enterprises will be sought. The population is now nearly 4,000 and growing faster than any town in that part of the state.

Is Now a Millionaire. — Claude E. Leppleman, a dry goods clerk in Wichita, has been notified that he is among the heirs to an estate valued at nearly \$38,000,000. According to a letter received by Mr. Leppleman his share of this estate will be about \$3,000,000, he being one of eleven heirs. It was by the death of a grand uncle, J. C. Ingraham, of New York City, that Mr. Leppleman will become independently rich.

Pumping Station Burns. — Fire of unknown origin badly damaged the pumping station of the municipal water works system at Burlington, but did not materially damage the pumps which were in a deep pit and were soon covered with water from a burst pipe. The boilers also escaped serious damage. The entire roof was burned off and the brick well damaged. The plant was able to resume operations.

Properties Will Be Closed Out. — The properties of the Devlin estate will be closed out completely by the first of next year, is the announcement which Cyrus Leland, one of the trustees of the estate, made. This will take with it the discharge of the trusteeship of the estate. In less than two years the entire estate of over \$3,000,000 will have been closed out to the satisfaction of numerous creditors.

Lucky Wichita Man. — Miss Helen Gould has written to a Wichita man, Fay W. Stevens, who has invented a child's seesaw, and requested him to go to New York and there place one of his amusement apparatuses in every public playground in that city. These seesaws are to be paid for by Miss Gould. Mr. Stevens will leave for New York as soon as he can make arrangements to have the machines delivered to him there.

Held Without Bail. — The coroner's jury empanelled to hold an inquest over the remains of John Dauron, the Crawford county farmer, who was shot and killed on his farm near Cherokee, rendered a verdict charging his wife, Mrs. Pella Dauron, with the murder. The inquest was held before Justice of the Peace C. L. Norton and upon receiving the verdict of the jury Justice Norton issued a warrant charging Mrs. Dauron with murder in the first degree and ordered her committed to the county jail at Girard without bail, pending her preliminary hearing.

Goes Mad From Cat Bite. — Seth Day, a farmer living seven miles southeast of Topeka, was taken to the county jail a victim of a cat bite received sixteen years ago. He is a raving maniac and has been locked in the padded cell of the jail. Physicians say that he has every indication of hydrophobia. Sixteen years ago Day found in his barn a cat which seemed to be having a fit. Mr. Day picked it up by the tail to throw it out of the barn when it bit him on the wrist. His arm began to trouble him and he went to Kansas City, where he was told that he had hydrophobia. A mad stone which was applied adhered for forty-eight hours. Physicians also told Day that he was liable to suffer a return of his trouble. He has brooded over this prediction and members of his family believe this is partly responsible for his present condition.

Would Build Inter-Union Line. — J. P. Carroll, of Kansas City, is trying to interest the Salina Commercial Club in an inter-urban street railway from that city to Concordia. The club has not yet taken any action.

McCroskey Goes to Wellington. — The board of trustees elected Professor W. C. McCroskey, for several years principal of the Sumner county high school to succeed Professor T. W. Butcher, who resigned to accept the presidency of the Central Oklahoma normal.

E. H. Phillips Commits Suicide. — E. H. Phillips, proprietor of the South End Feed Mill and Grocery Company of Winfield, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. The act was the result of a fit of exasperation at being served with a bench warrant for failure to appear as a witness in a liquor case. Officer Dick Kreuger served the papers and Phillips refused to recognize him because he was an ex-joiner and had been indicted for gambling. Mr. Phillips was a respected citizen and was a carpenter and contractor for years.

Veterans at Dodge City. — The 12th annual reunion of the Southwestern Association will be held on August 28, 29, 30, 31 and September 1, 1905, in the Wright park, at Dodge City.

Baccus May Give Bond. — A writ of habeas corpus ordering the sheriff of Barber county to release Otho Baccus on bail was issued by Chief Justice Johnston of the supreme court. Baccus is charged with the murder of John Mills at Harper, June 1. Mills was found at the rear of a livery stable, his head crushed by a blow from a neckpoke.

Contract Let for Book Stocks. — The contract for the book stocks in the new Baker university library was let. The contract reads that the shelving capacity shall be 48,000 volumes and ready for use in eighty days.

Claim They are Obeying the Law. — Dr. S. J. Crumblin, secretary of the state board of health at Topeka, has received assurances from all of the packers and food manufacturers that they are complying with the new rules issued by the department.

Goat Meat Sold For Mutton. — The investigation of the packing house in Wellington has been taken up by the county commissioners of Sumner county. F. E. Knowles, one of the proprietors of the packing house, was before the board and admitted that such preservatives as "freezeene" and "preservaline" are occasionally used in the sausage and meat. He said that the use of these preservatives did not injure the meat. Jake Moeser and William Bell, butchers employed by the company, told of having killed goats which were sold for mutton and lamb.

Shot Wrong Man. — As the Missouri Pacific Flyer No. 2 pulled into Lindsborg two harvest hands from Knoxville, Tenn., were walking along the track. The conductor pulled a revolver and shot presumably to frighten the bum but in the darkness he struck Ed Beam, one of the men going by. The bullet struck him on the left side of his head and passed around under the scalp to his left temple and when found was flattened. The people of Lindsborg raised \$37 for the injured man who left with his partner, Mr. Griffin, for their home in Tennessee. Beam will very likely sue the company for damages.

Found Dead on His Wagon. — With the lines still gripped in his hands, Thomas Freeman, of Wichita, lay dead on a wagon load of sand and his team kept to the street until stopped by a pedestrian who saw the driver was a corpse. With other sand haulers Mr. Freeman drove into the sand pits. After loading his wagon he took his place in the line of wagons as they drove from the pit. He was the second in the line. When he turned into the street from the pit he lay back on the load of sand dead and the team traveled five blocks unguided. Freeman was 46 years of age. Death was without apparent specific cause.

Jointists Are Sentenced. — For the first time in the history of the fight against jointists in Cowley county three men charged with violations of the liquor law pleaded guilty at Arkansas City when they were sure that such a plea would mean a jail sentence. The men are Frank Speers, Corey Leedon and Henry Mann, whose places of business at Geuda Springs, Kan., were raided and the fixtures, together with all the wet goods, seized. The men entered their pleas and were sentenced to thirty days in the county jail. They were also fined \$500 each and the costs of the prosecution. In addition to this they were put under peace bonds of \$1,000.

Mulvane Man Suicides. — James M. Kuhn, who lived on a farm five miles northeast of Mulvane, in Sedgwick county, took his life by shooting himself through the head with a shotgun. The only reason given for his act is the fact that his father, Captain E. J. Kuhn, an old Mexican war veteran, who had made his home with his son since the death of his aged wife several months ago, had become imbued with the idea that he was no longer wanted at his son's home, and had made arrangements to leave for the old soldier's home. In spite of the protests of his son and family the old gentleman packed his belongings and started for Mulvane. Evidently this was more than Mr. Kuhn could bear, and going into the orchard on the farm ended his life.

Two Engineers Injured. — The Santa Fe limited No. 3 ran into a freight engine in the yards at Hutchinson and Engineer James Chaffant, of the freight engine, was seriously bruised about the face and head. He will recover. Engineer Lou Wait-house, of the limited was also slightly injured. None of the passengers was hurt.

Big Increase in Taxes. — Kansas has made a remarkable increase in the value of taxable property within the past year, according to the reports of county assessors to the state board of equalization. A year ago the total taxable property of the state was \$381,976,887 as returned by the assessors to the county clerks and by the latter to the board. The increase has been \$22,094,805 and the total taxable property of the state is now \$404,071,692. Shawnee is still the wealthiest county in the state, with a taxable value of \$18,305,307. Wyandotte is a close second with \$18,158,440. Sedgwick is third with property valued at \$14,077,497. Grant has less taxable property than any other county in the state and its valuation is returned as \$263,771.

Newton Oil Company Sells. — The Newton Oil and Gas Company sold their stock to Stewart Griffin & Co. of Ohio, for \$120,000.

Despondent Widow a Suicide. — In a fit of despondency Mrs. Louise McGrady, a widow, aged 58 years, took poison and died an hour and a half later. Mrs. McGrady had been for some time making her home with her sister, Mrs. E. S. Bagby, who lives in Sumner county, nine miles southwest of Arkansas City. She formerly lived at Newkirk, O. T. She has frequently threatened to kill herself.

MADE QUICK WORK

Missouri Republicans Dispatched Business with a Rush at the Judicial Convention.

WELCOMED BY GOV. FOLK.

John Kennish and James T. Neville Were Placed in Nomination for Justices of Supreme Court on First Ballot.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 27.—The republican state judicial convention was called to order in the chamber of the house of representatives Thursday by Temporary Chairman Judge J. G. Park of Kansas city for the nomination of two candidates for justices of the supreme court, one for the short term of two years, and one for the long term of ten years.

Gov. Folk delivered an address of welcome. He put the convention into a jovial humor by saying "you may have noticed escaping gas, a thing never discovered here before". He said further:

"While we differ politically I welcome you as chief executive of the state. I have tried to be governor of no class but of all the people of the state. Parties should not attempt to win by partisanship but because they stand for something that is good for the people."

Temporary Chairman Park delivered a short address paying high compliment to the office of supreme court judge. Committees were announced and the convention took a brief recess.

Upon reconvening the convention adopted the report of the resolutions committee declaring that only men of high character should receive the support of republicans and endorsing the records of Jurists Scott and Napton irrespective of politics. The national and state republican administrations were endorsed.

Temporary organization was made permanent and a resolution was adopted to vote for both candidates for supreme judge at the same time, the one receiving the highest vote to be nominated for the long term and the next highest vote to nominate for the short term providing each candidate should receive a majority of the votes cast.

The candidates placed before the convention were: Assistant Attorney General John Kennish of Holt county; Judge James T. Neville, of Greene; N. D. Thurman of Callaway; and Charles C. Allen of St. Louis. Judge Edward Higbee of Kirksville was also named but withdrew in favor of John Kennish and Judge Neville.

John Kennish, assistant attorney general was nominated for long term and Judge James T. Neville of Springfield, for the short term, on first ballot.

Kennish received 496½ votes; Neville 445½; Allen 229½; Thurman 108½.

Mr. Kennish addressed the convention briefly declaring he had not made any effort to secure the nomination but accepted it and pledged himself that if elected he would decide cases that came before him strictly according to the law.

Judge Neville followed by saying that he did not get what he wanted but he now accepted what he got.

It was currently reported that the fact that Allen's law partner is an attorney for the Waters-Pierce Oil company militated against Allen's nomination. The convention adjourned sine die.

Kansas Democrats File Ticket.

Topeka, Kan., July 27.—The nomination papers of the democratic state ticket were filed at the secretary of state's office Thursday without protest of Mr. Burrows, the secretary. Mr. Burrows recently stated that he thought W. A. Harris, the democratic nominee for governor, was not a resident of the state and therefore it would be illegal to place Mr. Harris' name on the ballot.

Packers Take an Appeal.

St. Louis, Mo., July 25.—Transcripts and bills of exceptions were filed Tuesday in the United States circuit court of appeals by the Armour Packing company, Swift & Co., Morris & Co., and the Cudahy Packing company, which were convicted in the United States district court at Kansas City on charges of accepting rebates.

Missouri Editor Dead.

Clinton, Mo., July 27.—Charles H. Whitaker, Sr., editor of the Clinton Democrat, died here Thursday at noon. He was 70 years old and had been in the newspaper profession in Illinois and Missouri 52 years. He was a member of the Illinois legislative in 1877, when David Davis defeated John A. Logan for senator.

Unveiling McKinley Monument.

Canton, O., July 27.—Justice William D. Day, of the supreme court, has accepted an invitation to deliver the principal address on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument in honor of McKinley, which is being erected at Columbus. The ceremony will take place September 14.

The Cream Separator Exploded.

Lemars, Ia., July 27.—Three boys tried to make a cream separator go as fast as possible, when it flew to pieces. George Frerich, aged 17, was instantly killed; Fred Frerich was struck in the head and will lose the sight of one eye; Ernest Frerich has his arm broken.

EX-MISSOURI OFFICIAL DEAD.

Former Lieut. Gov. Brokmeyer Expires After Long Illness in St. Louis Hospital.

St. Louis, July 27.—H. C. Brokmeyer, former lieutenant-governor of Missouri and at one time acting governor, died at St. Lukes hospital Thursday morning. He underwent an operation Saturday and did not rally having been ill so long that his vitality had become practically exhausted. Mr. Brokmeyer was a nephew of the "Iron Chancellor," Prince Otto Eduard Leopold Von Bismarck on his mother's side. He was born August 12, 1826 near Minden, Prussia. He came to this country at the age of 18, his first occupation being that of a boot black in New York City. His education was received in the college at Georgetown, Ky., and Brown University, Providence, R. I.

In 1875, he was democratic lieutenant-governor. From 1876 to 1877 during the illness of Gov. John S. Fox he was acting governor. In the latter capacity he attracted considerable attention by pardoning Dick Little, a convicted member of the Jesse James robber band. He was an ardent debater with Carl Schurz during the crisis of '73 and was an elector-at-large on the Cleveland ticket of 1884.

NEW STANDARD OIL MOVE.

Federal Grand Jury Will Convene in Chicago August 6 to Take Testimony—New Evidence.

Chicago, July 28.—Standard Oil company methods of transporting its products are to be investigated August 6 when a federal grand jury will convene in Chicago to take testimony on that subject. The decision to draw a special grand jury was reached late Friday afternoon after an all-day conference between the government lawyers in the case and Judge Landis in the United States district court issued the order for the jury.

District Attorney J. J. Sullivan of Cleveland, Assistant District Attorney Francis Hanchett, Special Agent T. C. M. Shimpler, of the department of commerce and labor; Assistant District Attorney General Oliver E. Pagnin and Special United States Attorney C. B. Morrison were in the conference at which it was decided to call a grand jury instead of filing an information against the defendants to place them on trial. It is declared that new and important evidence was discovered Friday, bringing about the change of programme.

May Bar Bond Company.

Topeka, July 25.—The American Surety company, one of the largest and most powerful bonding companies in the United States, a company that probably bonds more railroad and express company employes than any other, may be barred from doing business in Kansas. C. C. Coleman, attorney general, rendered an opinion to C. H. Luling, superintendent of insurance Tuesday, saying that it was clearly within the power of the state's insurance department "to compel this company to comply with the state's laws or to declare its certificate and right to do business in the state forfeited." As a consequence the American Surety company is cited to appear before the superintendent of insurance and show cause why its certificate shall not be revoked.

Lower Rates on Wheat.

Kansas City, Mo., July 27.—A general reduction of rates on wheat for export from Kansas City and Missouri river points to Chicago, St. Louis, Memphis and the Gulf of Mexico was announced Wednesday afternoon. The Chicago & Alton named a rate of eight cents a hundred on wheat for export from Kansas City to Chicago, and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and the Missouri Pacific lines at once announced a similar rate. The Missouri Pacific made a rate of five cents from Kansas City to St. Louis.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Live Stock.

Kansas City, July 28.—Cattle—Beef steers, \$4.00@6.25; western fed steers, \$3.50@5.65; native cows and heifers, \$2.00@3.50 native stockers, \$2.40@4.00. Hogs, \$6.00@6.57. Sheep, \$4.25@5.50. Spring lambs, \$5.00@7.50. Chicago, July 28.—Cattle—Prime steers \$3.85@5.40; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.35 cows and heifers \$1.25@3.55. Hogs—mixed and butchers, \$6.00@6.57. Sheep, \$2.90@5.50 native lambs, \$4.75@7.70. St. Louis, July 28.—Beef steers, \$3.50@6.30 stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.00; cows and heifers, \$2.25@5.50; Texas steers, \$4.00@6.00 Hogs—pigs and lights, \$6.70@6.85. Sheep—Natives, \$2.00@5.50. Lambs, \$4.00@7.50.

Grain.

Kansas City, July 28.—Close—Wheat—Unchanged to ¼c higher; July 85½; Sept. 87½; Dec. 72½; cash No. 2 hard 74½; No. 3 69½@71½; No. 4 68@69; No. 2 red 72½; No. 2 71½@72; No. 4 68@70. Corn—Unchanged to ¼c lower; July 49½; Sept. 47½; Dec. 43½; cash No. 2 mixed 50½; No. 3 50; No. 2 white 51; No. 3 50½@51. Oats—Unchanged to ¼c higher; No. 2 white 34½@37½; No. 2 mixed 32½@34½. Chicago, July 28.—Cash—Wheat—No. 2 red 74½; No. 3 red 74½; No. 2 hard 75½@76½; No. 3 hard 74½; No. 1 northern 79½@80; No. 2 northern 78½; No. 3 spring 74½. Corn—No. 2 51½@52; No. 3 51@51½. Oats—No. 2 24½@25; No. 3 23½. St. Louis, July 28.—Close—Wheat—Firm; No. 2 red cash elevator 74; track 74½@75; Sept. 73½@74; Dec. 70½; No. 2 hard 73½@74; Corn—Weak; No. 2 cash 50½; track 51½; Sept. 50; Dec. 45½. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash 35; track 36½; Sept. 33; Dec. 34½; No. 2 white 37@38.

Produce.

Kansas City, July 28.—Eggs, 17½c per doz. Poultry—Hens, 34c; broilers, 32c; turkeys, 3c. Butter—Creamery, extra, 73c; firsts 14c; packing stock, 13½c. Potatoes, 25¢ per bu. Cabbage, \$1.00 per cwt. Tomatoes, \$1.00 per bu. Onions, \$1.25 per bu. Watermelons, \$1.00@1.25 per doz.

At a Township Primary.

Martin, who is very hard of hearing, arose in the caucus and nominated one Mr. Brown for the office of justice of the peace.

Mr. Brown promptly arose and declined the nomination with thanks, and while he had the floor he nominated Mr. Martin for the office.

Martin, not understanding what Brown said, but evidently thinking it some modest remonstrance, arose and said:

"Gentlemen of the Convention: We now have before the house a man who is not only worthy, but is in every way competent, and I move that nominations be closed, and he be elected by acclamation, and it be made unanimous."—Judge's Magazine of Fun.

Nothing Succeeds Like "EGG-O-SEE."

The man who preaches the best sermon; the man who tells the funniest stories; the man who keeps the best store; or the man who makes the best goods soon finds that people come to him. Merit is the best advertisement in the world. People speak well of things they know are good. They pass the good word along.

The best breakfast food is EGG-O-SEE, for it contains all the life-giving properties of nature's best food, which is wheat.

EGG-O-SEE is deeply in debt to the thousands of wives and mothers who use it in their homes, for these good women tell their neighbors about this great food.

Children and aged persons alike are friends of EGG-O-SEE.

Merit and common sense are the most that advertise EGG-O-SEE. EGG-O-SEE is cheap. A 10-cent package contains ten liberal breakfasts. EGG-O-SEE is sold everywhere. Grocers must keep it if they want to keep their good customers, for good customers insist on buying EGG-O-SEE.

The fact that no preparation, no cooking is required, makes EGG-O-SEE very popular. Open the package; put as much as you like in a dish; pour on milk or cream and eat. It is delicious. It is wholesome. It makes you strong.

A lot of interesting facts about EGG-O-SEE have been published in book form entitled, "Back to Nature." This book also has a course of physical culture—fully illustrated. Anyone wishing this book will receive it free by addressing EGG-O-SEE Company, 10 First St., Quincy, Ill.

CONFESSIONS OF DODD GASTON.

I have noticed that about the only place "silver threads among the gold" are really popular is in a song.

I feel reasonably sure of one thing: When I die nobody is going to claim that it was the result of overwork.

I do not much mind playing against a visiting man, but I do hate to be booked in competition with a baby.

Nothing would so completely reconcile me to death as the appearance, at my bedside, of some of my relatives.

I would really like to be fatter, but realize that I cannot afford it. Being fatter would mean a new dress suit.

I find that every young girl has a wild desire to wear her hair "up" and every old girl has the same desire to appear with "down."

I have noticed that the only time the banana does much business is at a season of the year when it has no competition.

I find that one of the hardest duties of the dramatic critic is to reconcile the average society play with the average stage furniture.

About all the ambition I have left is to grow rich enough to have a hack waiting for me while I lounge around inside smoking and "gassing."—Topeka Capital.

Boys will be boys, especially the gay old ones who have passed 60.

DIDN'T BELIEVE

That Coffee Was the Real Trouble.

Some people flounder around and take everything that's recommended but finally find that coffee is the real cause of their troubles. An Oregon man says:

"For 25 years I was troubled with my stomach. I was a steady coffee drinker, but didn't suspect that as the cause. I took almost anything which someone else had been cured with but to no good. I was very bad last summer and could not work at times.

"On Dec. 2, 1902, I was taken so bad the doctor said I could not live over 24 hours at the most, and I made all preparations to die. I could hardly eat anything, everything distressed me, and I was weak and sick all over. When in that condition coffee was abandoned and I was put on Postum, the change in my feelings came quickly after the drink that was poisoning me was removed.

"The pain and sickness fell away from me and I began to get well day by day, so I stuck to it until now I am well and strong again, can eat heartily, with no headache, heart trouble or the awful sickness of the old coffee days. I drink all I wish of Postum without any harm and enjoy it immensely.

"This seems like a strong story, but I would refer you to the First Nat'l Bank, the Trust Banking Company, or any merchant of Grant's Pass, Ore., in regard to my standing, and I will send a sworn statement of this if you wish. You can also use my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Still there are many who persistently fool themselves by saying "Coffee don't hurt me." A ten days' trial of Postum in its place will tell the truth and many times save life. "There's a reason." Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.