

ESTABLISHED 1886.

GOODLAND, KANSAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1900.

NO. 10.

THEY FORM AN ALLIANCE.

Great Britain and Germany Will Work Together in China.

Pledges to Prevent Disembarkment of Empire and Keep Ports Open—United States Will Agree, as It Follows America's Expressed Desire.

London, Oct. 21.—Germany and England have formed an alliance to maintain the territorial integrity of China and to keep ports open. The terms of the agreement, which was arrived at October 15 between Lord Salisbury and Count von Hatzfeldt, German ambassador to England, are officially given out as follows:

The German government and her British majesty's government being desirous to maintain their interests in China and their status generally, and to the end of which they have agreed to observe the following principles regarding a mutual policy in China:

Firstly—It is a matter of joint permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain free and open to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the peoples of all countries without distinction, and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory as far as they can exercise influence.

Secondly—Both governments agree that they will not on their part make use of the present complication to obtain for themselves any territorial advantage in Chinese dominion, and will direct their policy towards maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese empire.

Thirdly—In case of another power making use of the complication in China in order to obtain under any form whatsoever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to come to a preliminary understanding regarding the eventual step to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.

Agreeable to the United States.

Washington, Oct. 23.—It is authoritatively stated that the United States government views with distinct favor the principles enunciated in the Anglo-German agreement relating to China, and that a formal response to that effect will be made at an early date to the invitation extended to this government to accept the principles. Mr. Hay expressed his satisfaction at what had been done, saying he felt it to be in complete harmony with the policy this government had pursued. An open door and the integrity of the Chinese empire are apparently secured in the ultimate settlement with China, and it is confidently believed that the interests of the United States are to be guaranteed equal recognition.

THEY FIRE FROM AMBUSH.

A Box of Gen. Lee, Just Back from Luzon, Tells How the Tagals Are Waging Warfare.

San Francisco, Oct. 21.—Among the invalid soldiers who arrived on the transport Sherman is First Lieut. G. W. Lee, of the Thirty-ninth Infantry, son of Brig. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, now at Havana. He is suffering from disease contracted in the jungles of southern Luzon. Lieut. Lee says the Filipinos usually fire from ambush, aiming at the officers. He saw Capt. W. L. Murphy, of his regiment, shot down by natives concealed in a hut.

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MAKING RAPID PROGRESS.

Gov. Wood Tells of Public Schools in Cuba and Other Reforms to Make Better Conditions.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood yesterday made the following statement as to the contents of his civil report as governor general of Cuba:

Every town of consequence in the island has been provided with a hospital well equipped with all necessary supplies and appliances. Asylums for orphan children have been established wherever necessary. It is the purpose of the insular government to establish four state institutions, two for girls, two to be industrial and agricultural, and two to be correctional and industrial. The prisons have been overhauled and repaired from one end of the island to the other, and the sanitary conditions vastly improved. Courts have been stimulated and urged to a prompt performance of their duty, and the result has been that many persons have been practically employed. Great improvement has been made in the conduct of criminal cases.

During the present year over 2,000 public teachers have been established—3,800 teachers are employed in them and 150,000 children are in the schools. This number is constantly increasing, and by the end of the present school year it is believed we shall have 250,000 children in school.

Public buildings throughout the island have undergone extensive repairs. Sanitary work has been carried on from one end of Cuba to the other. A thoroughly efficient mail service has been established and is being conducted with efficiency and economy. Public works involving millions of dollars have been taken up and completed. A complete overland telegraph has been established throughout the island. Many industries have been taken up and are growing daily. Many modifications have been made in taxation, all with the purpose of benefiting the taxpayer. A most efficient customs service has been established and the quarantine service is thoroughly equipped and rigidly enforced.

The condition of the people of the island, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is one of content, and they realize that wonderful progress has been made and they feel as a people, kindly toward and have faith in the people of the United States.

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TO LAY WASTE AN ISLAND.

The Week's Truce Granted the Rebels of Marinduque Who Ambushed Capt. Shields' Party Has Expired.

Manila, Oct. 23.—The week's truce granted by Gen. Hare to the rebels in the island of Marinduque, on the occasion of the surrender by them of Capt. Shields and 51 men of company F, Twenty-ninth infantry, expired at ten o'clock Sunday morning and, in accordance with his threat to annihilate them if they did not surrender at the end of the amnesty, Gen. Hare made every preparation to move against them at once if they do not lay down their arms. Five gunboats, including the Bennington and Castine, will cooperate with Gen. Hare. The warships will destroy the ports of the island, while the troops will drive the population into the mountains, where it will be impossible for them to obtain provisions in any quantity.

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OUT FOR BRYAN.

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"For 12 years the Republican has been a republican newspaper. Since 1888 it has made as best it could a clean, honest, manly fight for republican policies and measures, and has supported republican nominees for national, state and city offices. Proud of its affiliations with the party of Lincoln and Sumner and Seward and Chase, of Grant and Blaine, and Garfield and Harrison, glorying in the record these great leaders have made and in the ideas of American government for which they have stood, the Republican has lent their party cheer and loyal support. We can accord that support no longer. From now henceforth the Republican will be found advocating the election of the man who stands for the same fundamental principles for which Abraham Lincoln lived and died—William J. Bryan, of our own state of Nebraska."

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Ex-President Kruger Embarks on a Dutch Steamer Because He Feared an Attack from His Own Countrymen.

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