

IMPORTANT MINING DEAL CONSUMMATED.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

After negotiations lasting several days one of the most important mining deals of the month was consummated here Monday afternoon, when the title to the Jim Crow mine passed under bond from Sam Foran, Henry Stoddard and John S. Reilly to H. H. Von Slick, president of West & Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa., who at the same time secured a bond on the Columbus mine, an adjoining property, from Sam Foran, Henry Stoddard and J. J. Hawkins. The consideration of the transfers were not made public, but the amounts are known to be large ones, involving cash payments at an early date.

The Jim Crow mine will be equipped with a large hoisting plant at an early date and its development commenced on a pretentious scale, in accordance with the terms of the bond. The deep shaft, which is now down to a depth of 200 feet, will be retimbered and enlarged into a double compartment one, each compartment measuring 4x5 feet, and sunk to a depth of 500 feet. Drifts will be run from the different 100 foot stations and the vein opened in a minerlike way. A shaft house will be erected and other improvements made on the ground necessary for the development of the mine.

The location is among the oldest in the district. It is the northeast extension of the McCabe-Gladstone mines, which are now producing four car loads of ore a day, which average in value from \$35 to \$50 to the ton in gold and silver. The great McCabe-Gladstone vein, which is opened to a depth of almost 1,000 feet, for three-quarters of a mile, passes through the ground, and it was this fact that induced John S. Reilly, while superintendent of the McCabe mine, and familiar with its underground workings, and the trend of its vein, to purchase an interest in the property from the other owners who were not possessed of sufficient means to develop it.

The vein runs in a northeasterly and southwesterly direction, and can be traced for a distance of over two miles, being located for the entire distance, all of the claims covering it being held under United States patent. Two short drifts run from the 85 and 125 foot levels of the shaft on the Jim Crow show a well defined paystreak which samples well in gold and silver. The ledge is also developed by a 40 foot shaft, upon which work was abandoned some years ago, and which is now caved in.

In addition to the mineral rights, the claim includes within its boundaries a spring in which there is a never failing supply of pure water at all seasons of the year.

The Columbus mine lies immediately southeast of and adjoining the Jim Crow. It is developed by a 600 foot shaft, sunk on a parallel vein to the ledge traversing the Jim Crow claim.

Both properties are held under United States patent, their surface being the townsite of the town of McCabe, the business portion of the town being situated on the Jim Crow.

A good wagon road passing through the town connects the camp and surrounding district with Huron, the nearest accessible railroad station on the Bradshaw Mountain railroad. The preliminary survey for a railroad from the main line passes over the claims and the prospects are that its construction will be commenced in the near future, as a number of other properties in the district are entering the producing class since the great revival in the district caused by the blowing in of the plant of the Arizona Smelting company at Humboldt, only four miles to the east, which created a home market for the product of the mines.

COPPER MARKET CONTINUES STRONG.

Copper continues extremely strong. Lake and electrolytic are quoted at 22 1/4 to 23 cents per pound for December and January delivery, and 22 1/2 to 22 3/4 cents for deliveries during February, March and April. It is declared on excellent authority that there is no copper left for delivery between now and the middle of January. All that has been sold lately for nearly shipments represents the output of two lots which were resold by consuming interests.

An urgent foreign demand and difficulty experienced by producers in getting copper through to delivery points sufficiently early to satisfy domestic consumers are important features of the situation. There are no surplus stocks of copper in Europe, and every contract calling for raw material brings a consumer into the open market as a buyer. Notwithstanding the extremely high level of prices, there are few if any consumers who are willing to make

contracts for advance delivery of equipment before they know positively where their supply of metal is coming from. As the situation stands, therefore, it would seem that the present level of prices would be maintained for at least six months to come.

As predicted frequently during the past two or three months, speculation and investment has begun to turn from railroad and industrial stocks to the coppers, and last week witnessed splendid advances in several of the better and a few to take a hand in every movement started. It aided in putting up Osceola, bought Arcadian on the reaction, made a boom of its own in Mohawk, and then turned about and bought Parrot, forcing the price up nearly five points in the face of extremely unfavorable reports from the mine itself. The significance of the recent trading in that the public is at last awake to the splendid opportunity for investment and speculation offered by the copper share list. The situation is now ripe for the development of a broader, more active and stronger market in coppers than has been witnessed previously in several years. The only possible obstacle to such activity will be a severe pinch in the money market, and some of the good authorities now declare that the danger of such a development is passed.

WILL SECURE LAND FOR CEMENT FACTORY.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

At a special meeting of the City Council, held last evening, the matter of appropriating a tract of the Duke ranch to Elliott & Drescher, upon which the latter desire to erect a large cement factory, came up for discussion, and the City Attorney was instructed to draw a lease for the land to Elliott & Drescher, to be considered at a subsequent meeting.

The City Attorney reported that he desired a postponement of the hearing in the District Court of the temporary injunction recently granted restraining the city from erecting a municipal electric lighting plant, on account of the absence of City Engineer C. C. Glass, at present in Pasadena, who is an important witness, and the Mayor and Council acquiesced to his suggestion. City Clerk Moden was ordered to advertise for bids for the renting of the Del Rio ranches belonging to the city, and Mayor Goldwater called the attention of the Street Committee to the fact that a street crossing should be built at the crossing of Goodwin and Marina streets for the reason that a large number of school children residing in the southern portion of the city were obliged to walk two blocks around in going to school during bad weather.

Councilman Wilson stated that he believed that a sidewalk should be built on the east side of Granite street, between Goodwin and Gurley streets, and the City Attorney was instructed to notify property owners whose lots fronted on that side of the street to construct the sidewalk at once.

After the discussion of other matters of minor importance, the Council adjourned.

CANDIDATES ENTER RACE FOR OFFICE AT THE COMING ELECTION.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The coming municipal election, to be held January 8, is already assuming the proportions of a real battle of the polls, and it is safe to say that no election held in recent years will attract as much attention, or have as much partisanship displayed, among the citizens of Prescott, as will the coming one.

So far, the City Treasurer's office is attracting the most attention from aspirants for the honor, three already having announced, Richard E. Butler, Exalted Ruler of the local Elks' organization, being the latest candidate to enter the race. Mr. Butler is a well known young business man of the city and his friends feel confident of his ultimate success.

Shirley Balderson, connected with the Prescott Electric company, is also a candidate for the same office, as is Archie Lockhart, and both of the last named gentlemen are making strenuous efforts among their many friends to land the office. W. J. Murphy, assistant postmaster, is also an aspirant for the office.

J. E. Russell has announced for the office of City Recorder, and it is understood that P. J. Farley will also enter the race for this position.

It will be well for the candidates and those wishing to vote at the coming election to remember that the Council has ordered a re-registration of the qualified voters of Prescott, and that unless prospective voters are so registered they will not be allowed to vote. The re-registration books are open at the office of E. B. Moden, City Clerk.

COMPANY ATTORNEY WEDS COMPANY SECRETARY.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

As the culmination of a romance, which had its inception when the rather elderly attorney for the Little Brother Gold Mining company met the young and prepossessing woman Secretary of the same company some two or three years ago, came the announcement that Judge J. E. Hall, who has been in the city the past two weeks attending to legal matters for the Little Brother company, and Miss Emma Baldwin Tavener, stockholder and Secretary of the same company, were united in marriage at the residence of Homer K. Woods, Monday evening, in the presence of a few of their intimate friends.

The groom, who has passed the three-score mark in the road of life, is a well known attorney, having his residence at Palestine, New Mexico, and the bride, Miss Tavener, is a native of West Virginia, 32 years of age. Shortly after the Judge became identified with the Little Brother Gold Mining company, Miss Tavener, who had become financially interested in the same company, left her Virginia home to accept the position of Secretary with the company. Her youth and beauty, and noble traits of character, were the magnets which attracted the Judge, now become lonely in his bachelor life, and with all the fervor of a lover of 21, and with far more persuasiveness than he ever displayed in a case at bar, the eloquent Judge argued his case so successfully that the marriage, Monday, was the result.

Originally, Judge Hall is from Mobile, Ala., but New Mexico and Arizona have been for some time past, and will continue to be, his home, the newly-wedded pair intending to make Prescott their home in the future.

The many friends of the Judge and his wife extend congratulations and wishes for many years of conjugal bliss.

HENRY L. STODDARD DIES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Henry L. Stoddard, aged about 65 years, and a native of New York, died yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at Huron, after an illness of only a few days, the fatal malady being pneumonia. His remains were brought to this city last evening, to be prepared for interment. He leaves no immediate relatives in this county, but a number in New York and Pennsylvania, who were notified of his death, which was entirely unexpected and a shock to his many friends here.

Deceased came to this Territory over thirty years ago, since when he followed the occupation of miner and prospector, up to the time when attacked by the fatal malady. As a proof of success he leaves valuable mining interests in the Big Bug and other districts, and it was only the day before his death that the representative of an eastern syndicate bonded the Jim Crow and Columbus mines in the town of McCabe for a large amount, he being a large owner in both properties, which he had held in his possession for many years, only to die before enjoying the fruits of his labor and good judgment.

He was a man of genial personality, of a kind and generous nature, brave and charitable, and endowed with the characteristics of manhood of the pioneers who blazed the pathway for a modern civilization in this Territory and assisted in subduing the wily Apache.

Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

BRINGS THREE PRISONERS FROM JEROME TO SERVE TIME.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Deputy Sheriff John Merritt returned yesterday from Jerome Junction, having in custody Harris Thompson, N. Chavez and Peter Ruiz, sentenced to terms in the county jail by the Justice of the Peace of Jerome.

Thompson is the young man arrested in Phoenix Saturday last on the charge of having obtained money under false pretenses from a friend in Jerome. He was sentenced to serve 100 days in the county jail. Chavez, who is said to be an ex-convict, was sentenced to serve six months on the charge of having fired a shot into a house in Jerome while intoxicated, and Ruiz will enjoy a seclusion of 60 days for petty larceny.

Charge Dismissed.

A female denizen of the Red Light district was arrested yesterday and arraigned before Justice of the Peace Keohane on the charge of having appropriated \$20 from the pockets of a male visitor to that part of the city at an early hour yesterday morning. She claimed the stranger presented her with the money but agreed to return it if the charge against her was dismissed. As there were no witnesses to the transaction except the two interested parties, the case was dismissed after the twenty plunks were refunded.

CARRIGAN TO TAKE ACTIVE CHARGE OF MINE.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

That a new era of development is about to be inaugurated at the Carrigan mines in the Bill Williams River range, the force of miners employed there increased, and operations continued on a more pretentious scale than ever before attempted, appears from the statement of T. J. Carrigan, who, with a party of capitalists, passed through here last evening, en route to his camp, from Los Angeles.

"On my arrival on the ground," said Mr. Carrigan, "I will assume the management of affairs. The camp will be put in shape for the accommodation of a much larger force to be employed as soon as possible. The mines are turning out better than expected, some startling discoveries having been reported last month. Ten sacks of ore sent to the Los Angeles office surpassed in gold values any ever taken from the mine, the pieces fairly glistening with gold. The foreman in charge of operations reports that the working shaft is now down 165 feet, the entire bottom being in ore sampling 16 per cent in copper on the average. This report has encouraged the company to such an extent that ample capital has been subscribed to develop the property in to the producing class, on the same general plans as outlined when the work now under way was commenced."

Mr. Carrigan is accompanied by Henry Daly, a Los Angeles capitalist, W. R. Denmore, a leading financier of San Francisco, Jack McDonough, a New York mining man, and his son, T. J. Carrigan, Jr., who will assist him in the management of the company's affairs.

The discovery of the property was made about eighteen months ago by Mr. Carrigan, when the wonderful richness of its surface ore deposits attracted miners and prospectors from all over the West to the district, who subsequently made many valuable discoveries in the range.

TWO INSANE MEXICANS LODGED IN COUNTY JAIL.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Deputy Sheriff John Merritt returned last evening from Cedar Glade, having in custody an insane Mexican, who terrorized the residents of that place during the early portion of the day, threatening all with whom he came in contact with bodily injury. He was lodged in the county jail, pending an examination into his sanity.

Another Mexican, who is believed to be insane, was arrested in the Palace saloon about 7 o'clock last evening, and lodged in the county jail for the second time within the past month. After being incarcerated there he appeared to grow better, but after his release from the jail he showed further signs of mental weakness, and last evening, in the Palace, insisted on kneeling on the floor and kissing the shoes of a number of persons present. Night Officer Consins placed him under arrest and lodged him in the county jail.

McCLURE'S FOR 1907.

In the January number of McClure's will begin the Life of Mary Baker G. Eddy and the History of the Christian Science Movement. For the first time a complete, impartial and true story of Mrs. Eddy and Christian Science is to be had—it will run throughout the year. Georgine Milmine has written the story—for nearly three years she has pursued her study of the subjects. Five other writers of McClure's staff have worked with her to make this story accurate, fair, unbiased and complete. In view of the fact that for some months the press has been full of diverse and conflicting news and statements regarding Mrs. Eddy, it is evident that accurate knowledge concerning her is difficult to obtain in a short time. Consequently McClure's long and thorough preparation of its series will give us for the first time a true history and account of her and her cult.

SCHOOL GIRL DIES.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Yesterday morning, at 9:30 o'clock, Inez Love, aged 14 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Love, died at the home of her parents, on South Montezuma street, from a complication of diseases, after an illness of three weeks. Deceased was born and raised in this city. She leaves surviving, besides her parents, three sisters. She was a member of the Sunday school of the Baptist church for the past eight years, and at the time she was stricken was a pupil in the Eighth grade of the city schools.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock, from the family residence, Rev. Taft of the Baptist church officiating. Six of her girl classmates will act as pall bearers. Interment will be had in the Citizen's Cemetery.

SPECIAL ELECTION IN MOHAVE IS OPPOSED.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Reliable information reached here from Kingman yesterday that opposition is gradually developing against holding a special election for the purpose of electing a member of the Council from that county to succeed P. F. Collins, who was elected to that position and who recently died at Needles. Tuesday petitions were circulated in Kingman, Chloride and other large precincts praying the Board of Supervisors not to issue an order for the election on account of the great expense attached to it, believing that the county's interests would not be injured in any way by the lack of a representative in the upper House of the Territorial Legislature. However, the move towards stopping the election is said to be provoking much opposition among the leading members of the Democratic party, some of whom are ambitious to succeed the deceased Councilman, and from a number of the taxpayers who are anxious that the county be represented in the Legislature, even at a financial loss, for the reason legislation of vital interest to the Territory will come up for discussion at the next session, and that the interests of the whole people will be subserved better by a full representation in the upper House, as provided in the organic laws of the Territory.

The election of a Councilman from Mohave county will not affect the political complexion of the upper House, which is now composed of seven Republicans and four Democrats, with the result of the special election in doubt.

Attorneys who have investigated the matter give as their opinion that there is no legal way of choosing a successor to Collins except by special election.

ROMANTIC HISTORY OF THE RED METAL.

The romantic, sensational, modern history of the metal, copper, has been made in America and is still being made here. The United States is the largest producer (65 to 70 per cent of the world's supply) and greatest consumer of it. Copper mines all over the world are becoming exhausted, while those in this country are each year giving up a greater quantity of the metal. Europe is now as dependent on our copper as she is on our cotton. A famine of the ore would stop electrical progress in Germany, France and Holland as completely as a curtailment of the South's staple checks the looms in the mills of Manchester. Only a generation ago Europe supplied her own needs. Then they took but a paltry \$500,000 worth of copper from us. In 1905 her bill for the metal was \$86,225,000. At the present rate of expansion it will be \$100,000,000 before 1910. In the same period the American yield has grown from 27,000 long tons a year to 421,982 tons. Reduced to the grade unit of measure, this means a growth of from 60,000,000 to 925,000,000 pounds. Ten years ago the value of our copper was a round \$50,000,000. By 1899, the birth year of the great "copper trust," it was \$71,000,000. It dropped to \$76,563,000 in 1902, when the bubble burst and the metal fell nearly 10 cents a pound, but was up to \$146,000,000 in 1905, and will be nearly \$185,000,000 this year. Coal and pig iron are the only two products of the American mines that realize a greater value than copper. The money difference between copper and gold in 1905 was \$69,000,000. With the enormous expansion in production—470 per cent in twenty years—it would seem as though an over supply of copper is inevitable. As a matter of fact, the American consumers of it are absorbing, month by month, more of the metal than is mined. Old stocks are being called upon to fill the void. It is predicted that, the world over, 1,500,000,000 pounds will be worked up into different shapes in the twelve months ending next December; also that, until 1912, production and consumption will be practically equal, with, perhaps, consumption a little in the lead. For the next twenty years the total use of copper is reckoned at 12,000,000 tons, compared with a total consumption in the last century of 10,000,000 tons. Altogether the questions of the supply of copper for future generations is one of the most interesting in economics. This is an electrical age. Therefore, copper is one of the most accurate barometers of trade. In some respects it is a better gauge of developments in the industrial world than are iron and steel. Between 1895 and 1905 the production of it increased 150 per cent. In the same ten-year period the output of iron and steel rose 145 per cent. Copper, as a medium, is doing in many ways what iron and steel used to do. Its position is somewhat analogous to that of concrete as related to brick. The new form produces the same results as the old and at a lower rate of cost.

Ferry's Seeds advertisement with logo and text: 'Ferry's Seeds are not an experiment, but with proper cultivation, they assure success...'

E.E. Burlingame & Co. Assay Office and Chemical Laboratory advertisement: 'Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples sent by mail or express receive prompt and careful attention...'

MINE WARNING NOTICE.

To whom it may concern: The Golden Key Mining company, the following named mining claims, wit: Golden Key, Golden Jewel, Golden Gem, Golden Crown, Mountain View and Bedrock, situated in Greenwood or Eureka mining districts, Mohave or Yavapai county, Arizona, will not be responsible for any debts contracted for labor performed or material furnished or for accidents sustained by above-named claims under bond to the parties at present working on same.

G. CHARLES DAVIS, ALICE E. DAVIS. Dated Feb. 1, 1906.

MINING APPLICATION NO. 193. -United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, October 20, 1906. Notice hereby given that the Standard Copper Company, by Isaac T. Stoddard, its attorney-in-fact, whose possibilities include Phoenix, Arizona, has made application for patent to the Anglo-Saxon Expansion Lode claims, Mineral Survey No. 2307, situated in the Agua Fria Mining District, Yavapai County, Arizona, in approximately T. 12 N., R. 2 E., S. 8 & S. R. B. & M., described as follows: ANGLo-SAXON LODE - Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence U. S. M. N. 1 lbs. N. 56 degs 54 mins E. 4662 feet, thence S. 83 degs 30 mins W. 6 feet to Cor. No. 2, thence S. 6 degs mins E. 1500 feet to Cor. No. 3, thence N. 83 degs 30 mins E. 600 feet to Cor. No. 4, thence N. 6 degs 30 mins W. 12 feet to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning. EXPANSION - Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence U. S. M. N. lbs. N. 75 degs 29 mins E. 4213 feet, thence S. 83 degs 30 mins W. 600 feet to Cor. No. 2, thence S. 6 degs 30 mins E. 1500 feet to Cor. No. 3, thence N. 83 degs 30 mins E. 600 feet to Cor. No. 4, thence N. 6 degs 30 mins W. 12 feet to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning. The location notices of these claims are recorded in the Mining Records in the office of the County Recorder of Yavapai County, Arizona, as follows: Anglo-Saxon, Book 59 of Mines, pg. 283; Expansion, Book 59 of Mines, pg. 284. The adjoining claims are as follows: 1st S. Ext. of Copper Mountain Survey No. 440, and Copper Mountain Survey No. 439, on East, owned by applicant herein.

MILTON R. MOORE, Register. First publication October 24, 1906.

WARNING NOTICE.

To All Whom It May Concern: My undivided one-half interest in the Silver Coin, South Extension 800' Coin and North Extension, situated Turkey Creek Mining district, Yavapai county, Arizona Territory, will be responsible for any debts contracted for labor performed or material furnished by the parties working on same now under an option and agreement.

O. J. GRAHAM. Dated this 10th day of November 1906.

MINE WARNING NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, owner of the Neiman group of claims, and located about 30 miles west of Hillside and adjoining the patented claims of Lawler & Wells, the Eureka mining district, Yavapai county, Arizona, will not be responsible for debts of any kind contracted for labor and improvements on said property while it is being worked under bond.

GUY ALLEN. By S. J. Gnaah, attorney-in-fact. 7-4-06.

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SANTAL-MIDY advertisement: 'Santal-Midy is a powerful remedy for all urinary ailments...'