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## Editorial Comment

### The Dawn of Better Days.

Within a year the wires of the Arizona Power Company will be carrying power, 45,000 volts to the wire, to every section of the territory within a radius of fifty miles of the power plant which is being erected 20 miles from Camp Verde. The company will furnish power at such a rate that scores of mines now shut down because of the cost of fuel and power, can again resume operations, shipping hundreds of thousands of tons of ore yearly to the smelters which cannot be worked at a profit under present conditions.

The company promises to have its lines in operation in Jerome and Prescott early in 1909. It is doubtful if this section of Yavapai county fully realizes what the opening of the line means. Thousands of men will be employed in mines now idle. An impetus will be given to prospect Yavapai county which is lacking now. Systematic prospecting means the discovery of many new mines. The discovery of new mines means a big increase in the demand for mining machinery. The demand for mining machinery means the employment of many thousands of men in the mines where the machinery is to be placed. It means a big increase in the business of the railroad companies, and that increase means also the employment of many more men by the railroad lines.

It is more than probable that the reorganization of the Consolidated Arizona Smelting Company was inspired by a knowledge of the plans of the Arizona Power Company, and that the reopening of the smelter under eventually largely decreased cost of operation is assured within the next three or four months. It will be early in the next year before the lines of the Arizona Company reach Humboldt, but the plans of the Smelter Company are not to wait until then, but to resume and be in readiness for the big mining boom which is certain to follow the advent of the wires of the Power Company.

In another column of this edition the Journal-Miner gives in considerable detail the plan of operations of the Arizona Power Company. While going into these editorially, it is a pleasure to note that the Arizona Power Company was the only company financed in New York city after the advent of the financial panic. For many years the enormous possibilities of harnessing the power of Fossil Creek have been known to local capitalists, but the plum waited thirty years or more, to be finally picked by a body of wide-awake New Yorkers. They only had to come and see. The legitimacy of the scheme and its assurance of dividends were so apparent, while at the same time its advent would be a vast benefit to Arizona industrially, that no trouble was experienced in raising the big sum of \$1,250,000, and at a period when if reports be true, and they have never been denied, the Vanderbilts were unsuccessful in raising a loan of a like amount from Hetty Green with the family jewels as security.

There is a big lesson in the successful financing of the Arizona Power Company. Other enterprises just as promising are all over Northern Arizona to be developed. An enterprise only needs to be legitimate to appeal to capital. Millions are idle for want of a legitimate place to put them. The new regime which President Roosevelt has inaugurated in the conduct of the great public utility corporations of the country only needs to be applied to the mining industry to eventually secure all the capital needed to take the treasure from the earth. The Arizona Power Company is certain to be a great magnet to eastern capital in this section of the great southwest. A square deal for that capital when it comes on its mission of investigation is as certain to result in investment as in the case of the Arizona Power Company.

The advent of the Arizona Power Company may well be regarded as an epoch in the development of this wonderfully rich section of Uncle Sam's dominion. Nowhere should the beneficial effects be felt more than right here in Prescott. Its location should make the future Prescott the City Beautiful of the American Southwest. Its climate is the finest in the world. It is located in the midst of one of the richest mineral sections on earth, and this means that with the reopening of scores of mines, the opening of many new ones, it will be the center of a great hive of industry with a per capita circulation as large or larger than that of any other section in the United States. By reason of its beautiful location, its delightful climate, every breath of which is one of health and vigor, Prescott is sure to become the educational center of the great state that is to be. It is to be the site of hundreds of beautiful homes, for where is there a spot within a thousand miles of Prescott that offers such inducements for artistic home development? Fortunes are going to be made in Prescott real estate in the next ten years.

No all hail to the Arizona Power Company, and its wonderful possibilities of ushering in an era of unprecedented prosperity in Yavapai county and all northern Arizona.

## Prescott's Future.

Throughout the eastern section of the United States are living hundreds of thousands of families whose heads have made fortunes and who in their declining years are looking for places of abode where the most can be obtained out of just simple living. The doctrine of the simple life is spreading with wonderful rapidity among the solid element of the world's prosperous population who think. We are apt to misjudge the tendencies of the times by reason of the glitter and glare, the fass and feathers of the very rich. Venerated vulgarity has ever been a great deceiver, but to the intellectual and cultured it makes no appeal except to be condemned. Millions never made an Eben Holden, but never an Eben Holden who did not revel in the simple life, life out of doors, away from the cares and worries of crowded humanity, out under the sunlight of a perfect day, under the balmy skies of a perfect night, acquainted with the planets, the constellations, finding pleasure in companionship in all forms of life.

Where in all this great country of ours can so much be obtained out of just living as right here in this city a mile high, where the skies are the bluest, the stars the brightest; where the days and nights from January to December invite one to live in the open and breathe the air laden with the health giving fragrance of the pine? Climate alone is a resource on which Prescott can afford to spend thousands in making it known to the wealthy denizens of the east, who freeze in winter and perspire in summer, and are bound by rock ribbed conventionalities which have no place in the manly and womanly social freedom of this western country.

Surely the time is ripe for a concerted effort on the part of the substantial resident of Prescott and Yavapai county to advertise to the world the attractions Prescott has to offer. Rest assured that for every dollar expended for legitimate advertising of Prescott's attractions as a residential city, ten will be returned. Location and climate cannot fail to appeal with irresistible force to men and women looking for a place in which to get the most out of just living. As one of the speakers at the Yavapai Club banquet the other night stated, the climate of Colorado and of Southern California is not to be compared to that of Prescott, yet in those two sections it has built the beautiful cities of Denver, Colorado Springs, Los Angeles, Redlands, Riverside and Pasadena, each with their palatial hotels filled to overflowing from years end to years end, and mostly with people who seek a place just to live.

Prescott not only has the climate which makes it an ideal residence and health resort, but it is surrounded by a mineral region probably second in richness to no other on the American continent. These resources have scarcely been touched. It is the climate which most first induce people of wealth to live in Prescott, and it is the money of these people which is needed to develop the resources of Yavapai county. The class of people to be attracted are the shrewd, business heads of eastern communities, men with eyes wide open for profitable investment, and not afraid to take a chance in any legitimate enterprise which promises liberal returns.

Get together, people of Prescott. Send word out to the east which is about to enter upon its humid period that while their parks and beaches are crowded on hot summer nights with hundreds of thousands of sweltering humanity gasping for air, the people of Prescott, a mile in the blue, are enjoying a constant feast of the east's ideal days in May and September. Let them know that when the eastern winter comes, with the built pressed far below the zero mark, the people of Prescott are out in their shirt sleeves, breathing the air laden with the scent of the pines and the electric thrill which makes work play and life continuous youth. It is a splendid message Prescott has for the world. Get busy and tell it.

## MOVEMENTS IN BUMBLE BEE TOWN

### WILLIS KENDRICK PASSES TO TURKEY ON A TRADE TRIP.

BUMBLE BEE. (cont.)—Marshall and James Young, Bill Morgan and Mark Hardy stayed here over night with a bunch of cattle on their way to Phoenix.

Mrs. C. E. Goddard, Mrs. Lizzie Moo and son Walter, passed through here on the way to Canon, Mrs. Goddard's home, Monday.

Wm. Carren has arrived from Poland to work on his mines. Mrs. W. W. Snyder and grandson, Willis Kendrick, were business visitors to Turkey Friday.

O. H. George was a visitor in this city for supplies several times this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Parker and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hardy were welcome visitors from Turkey Saturday.

J. L. Davis and Tom Ross stayed here over night on their way to Phoenix Monday.

Joe Crathers has arrived from Castle Creek, where he has been working on some mines for Mr. Johnson, of Mayer. James Tipton left on a vacation trip to Mayer Friday.

O. H. Graham was a Sunday visitor for his mail.

Henry Doumont was a visitor for supplies Sunday from his camp on Soap Creek.

James Robens passed on his way to Phoenix Saturday.

## ROOSEVELT WILL TAKE STUMP FOR TAFT

(Continued from Page One.)

When James G. Blaine was the candidate in 1884 he took the stump, and though he failed of election it was not the opinion at the time that he lost more than he gained by reason of his speech making. Undoubtedly Bryan polled a much larger vote in 1896 than he would by reason of the great personal enthusiasm his speeches aroused.

With the president of the United States and both the leading candidates for president making speeches the people would fairly revel in oratory. Their appearance on the stump would make it difficult, of course, for orators of lesser note to attract attention to themselves, but that is not a matter over which the public at large need be seriously concerned.

Republican Material. The republican party, especially, has a reserve supply of oratorical big guns upon which it could draw for campaign purposes. After the Chicago convention there are going to be half a dozen or so unsuccessful aspirants for the presidential nomination, and the probabilities are each will make one or more speeches for his successful rival. It is not regarded as necessary to make an exception even in the case of Senator Foraker, though it would not be reasonable to expect his utterances to be wildly eulogistic of Taft. But

Foraker is a good party man and unless present plans go all awry the factional row in Ohio will be sufficiently patched so that there will be no open revolt at the polls. Republicans, it has been more than once observed, have a way of getting together when it comes to a question of fighting democracy, and there is not now any apparent reason why this year should prove an exception.

Just how many of the men who have been discussed for the democratic nomination would make speeches for Bryan remains to be disclosed. Governor Johnson has announced that he will support the nominee of the Denver convention, and undoubtedly his support would involve the making of a number of speeches. Judge Gray is yet to be heard from on the subject, but the fact that he is a federal judge would afford a convenient excuse for avoiding participation in the campaign.

The prediction was made months ago that the campaign of 1908 would be one of the most interesting of recent years, and as convention time approaches indications multiply that this will be so.

## WIRES READY IN THE SPRING OF 1909

(Continued from Page One.)

when President Vile set forth what has already been accomplished in the development of plans which will have no small part in revolutionizing the mining and other industries in Yavapai county, and other sections within a radius of 50 miles of the company's mammoth plant on the Verde river. The enterprise involves the expenditure of a million and a quarter, probably more, before the company realizes one dollar of income from its investment. The company has no stock for sale. The money is already in the treasury for development purposes. The power of Fossil creek, whose tremendous values have been a matter of common knowledge in these parts for thirty years or more, are being harnessed by a company of wide-awake, energetic New Yorkers. They have gone down in their pockets for the money to develop the enterprise, because being level headed business men, they know that the expenditure of the vast sum in hand is certain to bring splendid returns on the investment, at the same time proving a boon to the mining industry of the section where the plant is to operate.

With the expenditure of about \$1000 on the road between here and Mayer, the Board of Supervisors will have solved the problem of a good road all the way into the Verde Valley. Last February President Vile and party took two days to go from Sycamore Creek to Verde Valley. They covered the same distance yesterday in ten hours. The same weather conditions prevailed. By the expenditure of about \$5000 the company has built about twenty miles of fine road as there is to be found in Arizona. It is open to the public now, with only the trouble of turning out when meeting the company's teams.

"We have built from Sycamore Creek to the Rim about fourteen miles of first class road," said President Vile. "From the Rim to the valley is about eight miles, with a drop of 3,000 feet from the Rim to the river. One can stand at the bottom and see our road in ten different places as it winds in and out, up and down. We left the Rim at 7:15 in the morning, changed horses at Mayer, took dinner and got here at 7:15 last evening. Last February the same trip took us two days under practically the same weather conditions. The road from here to Dewey is in fair shape, but it is high in the middle in places, and might give some trouble to low-gear autos. I am satisfied that with the expenditure of not over one thousand dollars by the Board of Supervisors a splendid auto road can be opened right into the Verde valley.

"I have seen nothing in Arizona, barring the Grand Canyon, to compare with the grandeur of the view from the

Rim overlooking Verde Valley. There is plenty of vegetation, good fishing close by, and some day some enterprising hotel man is going to gobble the sight up and erect a resort which will appeal to the same class of people who expend large sums to see the Grand Canyon."

Back of the Prescott gas works may be seen a number of steel towers, placed there for inspection and selection by the experts of the power company. There will be 750 of these towers in all. They are to carry the wires of the company, each of which will carry a voltage of 45,000. The company is developing 7,500 horse power, and the main plant will be located away off from nowhere about twenty miles north of Camp Verde. The plans involve twelve miles of ditches and tunnels, and a bore of 2900 feet through the mountain, contracts for which have already been let. When the work is complete, Fossil Creek will have been effectually harnessed for the benefit of mankind.

The city of Jerome will be the first where the power currents are turned on. The company will be able to furnish power at an enormous saving over the cost of plants at the individual mines.

This means that hundreds of thousands of tons of ore which cannot be treated at a profit now because of high cost of power and fuel, will be treated when the company's plant is in operation.

The company expects to have its wires through Prescott early in 1908. While the company has no plans in view contemplating competition with the local light and power company, its advent cannot fail to be of huge benefit to industries operating their own plants, as the power will be continuous, 24 hours every day and 365 days in the year.

Discussing good roads President Vile said: "We would be more than glad to cooperate with the Board of Supervisors. We have spent over \$5000 already. We have cut out a lot of hills and pitches, and between Sycamore Creek and Verde Valley have about twenty miles of splendid road. We have come in contact with no previous interests and do not expect to. The benefit of our enterprise is universal and has been recognized as such. Many mines will be opened which cannot afford to open now. That means a big increase of ore tonnage for the railroads. The same principle operates along every other line of industry affected by power cost. We have in operation about thirty-five miles of telephone line, and every resident along the route has been allowed a connection free of charge, with the understanding that the line is only to be used in emergency cases."

## S. P. CO. ACCUSED BY JURY OF REBATING

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For making this payment the railroad is charged with rebating.

It is claimed by the district attorney's office that no other fruit shipping firms were shown such consideration constituting discrimination. The indictment contained two counts.

The second indictment, after counts, covered many shipments of hides from Arizona and Texas points on which an alleged rebate of ten per cent was given the Harris Newmark Company. The third indictment contains eleven counts. Three local Chinese firms imported a large amount of merchandise from China via San Francisco. The merchandise was shipped to Los Angeles on bond, the government claims, under the regulations as to foreign commerce until it reached here. Rebates were granted the Chinese firms, it is claimed, in violation of the federal law. The Southern Pacific claims that the goods ceased to be foreign commerce as soon as they reached San Francisco.

Those indicted in connection with the Imperial case are Hiram W. Blaisdell, Paul H. McPherrin, Herbert C. Oakley, and John W. Oakley, all of Los Angeles.

# Rings Round Eyes

The illa peculiar to women, take different forms. Some ladies suffer, every month, from dark rings round their eyes, blotches on their skin and tired feeling. Others suffer agonies of pain, that words can hardly express. Whatever the symptoms, remember there is one medicine that will go beyond mere symptoms, and act on the cause of their troubles, the weakened womanly organs.

# Wine of Cardui

Mrs. M. C. Austin, of Memphis, Tenn., writes: "For five (5) years I suffered with every symptom of female disease, but after using the well-known Cardui Home Treatment, I was entirely well."

WRITE US A LETTER Write today for a free copy of valuable 64-page Illustrated Book for Women. If you need Medical Advice, describe your symptoms, stating age, and reply will be sent in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.