

BULLOCK AND HIS FRIENDS.

The heavy editorial writer of our contemporary writes himself into a sea of froth and foam in this morning's issue over the tribulations and woes of Arizona's governor. He says: "Everything goes to prove that a deeply concerted plot has been entered into to defeat his confirmation by the senate of the United States, and that an underground telephone line exists between imaginary foes in Arizona, who are working to defeat his confirmation and foes who are worthy of his steel who are actively engaged in opposition to him in New Jersey. We doubt if there is a man woman or child in Arizona—certainly not a republican who cares a straw whether Zulick is confirmed or not. He has already done the territory about the harm he is capable of doing. While he is a poor specimen of the party he represents, there are still a few worse than he in the party who are just as likely to be appointed in his place if he were defeated of confirmation. If the people of Arizona had any hopes, in case of the non-confirmation of Governor Zulick, of having the president recognize the plank in the Chicago platform and appoint a resident of this territory to the position, a man who, thoroughly understood our people and the wants of the territory, whose interests are identified with those of our territory there would then be some object in people here opposing the confirmation of the present incumbent. No such hope however exists, and as a "carpet-bag governor," (his is a favorite democratic expression) Zulick might not be the worst,—to offense meant to the party. The opposition to Governor Zulick does not come from citizens of this territory but from citizens of Newark, New Jersey, his home, where, our contemporary says: "he has held the respect and confidence of the people of that district, as well as of the State of New Jersey; elected to public position, always running far ahead of his ticket when a candidate for office," but where a candidate of fact he was defeated for the nomination for governor by his own party, and at a later date received the nomination for surrogate and was defeated. As for the people of Arizona wanting B. Frank Hill for governor we are quite sure that is not the case, as their experience with a governor who "jarts his name in the middle" has been of such a nature as to lead them to boycott such candidates.

DOES OF DENYING IT.

The charges experienced by the governor of this territory at the action of the administration in transporting the captured hostiles from the territory, instead of turning them over to the civil authorities for trial and punishment, as he had repeatedly promised the citizens would be done, will only be interested by reading the following sarcastic remarks of the Phoenix Gazette in reference to it: "The Apaches who recently surrendered to General Crook have been transported, as prisoners of war, to San Augustine, Florida. By this means we are relieved of all danger from about twenty fighting Chinuchas. The administration at Washington seems to be in full accord with Governor Zulick's recommendations, and are determined to suffer no mere foolishness from these Indians. Governor Zulick has won a great victory for the people of Arizona. A greater step for our protection and progress was never accomplished than the action of the government in removing hostile Apaches from our soil. For this Governor Zulick has labored faithfully, and all credit is due him for the accomplishment of the object." The policy of the governor has been well defined, on this subject having taken an hour and again to assure our people that he would see that the Indians if captured were returned over to the civil authorities and he no doubt acted in good faith in the matter as he went in person accompanied by the U. S. Marshal and the sheriff of Pima county to demand them of the military on their arrival at Fort Huachuca and it is even said that it was the knowledge of this reaching the ears of Geronimo that induced him to escape. For the keen shafts of ridicule and sarcasm to be aimed at him as is apparent in the above paragraph from the Gazette is to say the least unkind and particularly so coming from his own partisan papers. That the government did all in its power to bring these bloody cut-throats to trial by civil law there is little doubt. That the government treats them with the distinguished consideration of being prisoners of war instead of criminal outlaws is no fault of his. Next to hanging them the government has done the best thing for the territory that they could—sent them to Florida.

A short time since a communication was received from T. S. Bullock in regard to our railroad, asking certain concessions as the part of our citizens, assuring them that with compliance thereof, work would be immediately commenced and pushed through to a rapid completion. Messrs. B. Shoford, Goldwater, Hazlet, Kelly and others took hold of the proposition and have carried it through to a successful termination, and the prospects are now good for the early construction of the road. With the increased facilities which it will afford, it will not only be a benefit to Prescott but to the entire country surrounding it as well. The boycott is un-American in principle.

THE TUCSON GRAND JURY.

While Marshal Meade's democratic convention was in session in Tucson last fall in the guise of a grand jury the Citizen maintained an ominous silence in regard to it and its methods although it was the subject of numerous adverse criticisms from the territorial and California press. These criticisms were not confined to republican papers alone as some of the ablest and most influential democratic papers denounced the doings of the body in unmeasured terms. The Citizen comes out now and shows the whole up in its true light except that it does not mention the very important item that the expense to the United States amounted to from \$12,000 to \$15,000. It says: "The dismissal by the United States court in this city of several indictments found by the United States grand jury last fall, and the certainty of the dismissal of the remainder of the political indictments, exhibit some of the facial features of a legalized masquerade conducted almost solely for the purpose of venting personal and political spite at the expense of the United States, with a brief reference to legitimate business. The grand jury in question was in session for one month, and they had completed all the legitimate work before them in four days' time. U. S. Attorney J. A. Zabrick had all the proper matters for their action, and their further work was mainly devoted to matters of personal and political nature, all of which, upon review by the court, have been found to constitute no offense under the law or too frivolous for consideration. The long and expensive inquiry into alleged election frauds, to which the sorry attempt was made to fasten guilt upon republicans and to ignore positive information against democrats, is a specimen of the work that the court has thrown out as not being proper or worthy of its consideration. The political indictments against Col. Zabrick, Col. Wolfly, and General Johnson for contributing of their private means to a campaign fund, are monuments of the plastic consistency of that body, and upon them was based the order for the suspension of these officials, notwithstanding the fact that the democratic president of the United States and his private secretary, were both guilty of the same offense, if it can be termed such. The jury lent itself as a political weapon for the creation of pretexts for the removal of republican officials, and utterly ignored similar circumstances affecting others whose positions were either not covered or had been voluntarily surrendered. This is the kind of work that was accomplished by a body of men summoned under the laws of the United States to inquire into the infractions of its laws. From the fourth day of its session until it adjourned through the limitation of time, it became a political conspiracy, made more formidable by the power with which it was vested as a portion of legal machinery of the government."

AMORAL MEN.

There is a remarkable case before the House committee on Military affairs at Washington. It is a bill to remove the charges of desertion from the record of Frank Thompson, alias Mrs. Sarah E. Seelye. A woman named Sarah E. Seelye, Edmonds, prompted solely by patriotism, served for two years as a soldier in the Federal army. At the outbreak of the war she was living at Flint, Mich. She assumed male attire, became a private in Company F of the Second Michigan Infantry, went to the front, was in the battle of Bull Run, served through the Peninsula campaign, then under Gen. Pope, and then with Burnside at Fredericksburg, and then went west with the regiment to Kentucky.

There the young soldier was prostrated with chills and fever contracted on the Peninsula, a leave of absence was refused, and fearful that her sex would be discovered, she left the army, and returning to Oberlin, O., resumed her woman's garb. Though participating in over forty battles large and small, she never was wounded. Opposite the name she bore the word "deserter" had been written on the army records. This she seeks to have removed. She married in 1867. She is fully identified by members of her own company and regiment. She is now living at Fort Scott, Kans., and the bill proposes to give her a clean record with back pay and bounty. It is asserted that Mrs. Seelye is an invalid as the result of her exposures and hardships in the army. The committee favors Mrs. Seelye's bill because "it cannot be objected to on ground that it is likely to set a dangerous precedent." This remark has a more spicy flavor than anything else in the document.—Ex.

When people come to know the Mormons better, says Editor Milner of the Orion Era, they will think better of them. The following piece of information is not likely to incite any very sympathetic feeling towards this "much abused" and "persecuted" people of which Editor Milner is one. A correspondent of the Winnemucca, Nevada, Silver State writes that Natches, the Pute chief, says the Mormons have been endeavoring to persuade the Ute Indians to go to war with the whites and get all the tribes in Colorado, Utah and Nevada to join them, assuring them of Mormon support. Natches advises his people to pay no attention to the Mormons, but mind their own business. He says: "Mormons no good; too many women all the time."

Despite the assurances of our chief executive that he would see that the captured hostiles were speedily tried and summarily punished by civil law they have been sent as prisoners of war to Florida. In this instance the secretary of war proved himself a bigger man than our governor.

Frank Leslie's Weekly refers with apparent pride to the statement that "in the recent awarding of contracts for Star Route service in nineteen states and territories, a saving of \$287,639 over the last year's cost was effected by the postal authorities, while at the same time the efficiency of the service has been increased. Many new routes have been established, others have been expedited, and none that were really necessary have been discontinued." If the editor of that metropolitan weekly were to live on the frontier for while and hear the imprecations against the postoffice department on account of reduced mail facilities he would write differently. The fact is that while in a few cases contracts have been let at reduced prices over previous years the great economy shown by the above figures has been wrought by curtailment of the mail facilities of citizens of the territories and other places along the line of these star routes. Arizona has suffered considerably in this respect from democratic economy.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Champion, argues that because the salaries paid to county officials for the first quarter of this year amounted to over \$3,000 more than the fees turned in that the salary bill is more expensive than the fee system. The simple comparison of salaries with the fees is not a just one for as the salary bill is concerned. While we are not able to state whether the salary bill will effect a saving to the county or not it must be borne in mind that the fees reported are for civil business alone. Under the fee system the county paid to the district attorney, sheriff and clerk of the court fees in criminal cases. If an estimate of these were made and placed against the \$3,741.01, salaries paid in excess of fees would in all probability place the balance on the side in favor of the county. They certainly would if they are in proportion to previous years as the sheriff's fees alone for a single quarter have amounted to as high as \$7,000 and \$8,000 under the fee system.

The San Francisco Call in reference to our new military commander, and the campaign against Geronimo, says: "General Miles, it is stated, will take the field in person. This will inspire confidence in his troops. It is to be hoped he will not fall into Crook's error of employing Indian scouts, who will betray him at every step of his progress against the enemy. If he must employ Indian scouts, and wants those upon whom he can rely, let him send to Pima villages, where he will find Pimas and Maricopa Indians who have been the life-long enemies of the Apaches. It will be expected of General Miles when he overtakes Geronimo and his warriors, that he will accept no other terms from them than unconditional surrender, and it is hoped that after surrender they will be handed over to the courts for trial."

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Rumsey, of St. Louis, did not live happily together. He was jealous and she was quick tempered, and they disagreed continually. Often she would try to bring about a better state of affairs, and one day made an unusually strong effort to effect a reconciliation. As last he parted from her with words of affection, telling her to be sure and be at home at 4 o'clock that afternoon, when he would send her something nice. She was very happy, and stayed at home anxiously waiting for the present. It came promptly on time, and proved to be the copy of a petition for a divorce filed that morning by her husband.

General Black is receiving a pension of \$100 a month for services during the war, on the ground that he is "a mental and physical wreck." Yet the commissioner of pensions is constantly revoking pensions granted to disabled union soldiers on the ground that the disability under which their pensions were granted has ceased to exist. And it is claimed that if Gen. Black is the "mental and physical wreck" upon which his pension was granted, he is unfit for the duties of his present position.—Ex.

The following paragraph from the Tucson Mining Index, contains good solid truths: "Arizona is probably the richest mineral country in the world. The earth here is full of ore; but as agglomeration is what troubles us. Whilst in other regions gold is found in a vein by itself and is free milling, and silver and other metals likewise, here the ore veins commonly carry all the minerals in combination. Wherever a ready and cheap process is discovered by which the ore from these agglomerated lodes can be readily treated, the road to general wealth will be open."

An effort will be made to but a bill through congress to prohibit foreigners from acquiring title to real estate in the United States. Wealthy Englishmen have already become the owners of large tracts of land in the west and northwest, and unless we want a system like that which is the curse of Ireland, it is time a halt was called. If a man is not willing to cast his lot with Americans, he should not be allowed to become the owner of the soil. English noblemen already have more land in America than the whole area of the Emerald Isle.—Herald.

Isadore Seidebaum, a lad 18 years of age, entered the bedroom of Miss Annie Rorenstein, of Milwaukee, a young lady 15 years of age, at an early hour this morning, and shot and instantly killed her. After doing the deed, he placed the revolver in his own head and sent a bullet crashing through his brains. Seidebaum was a guest of the house. Cause unknown.

A farmer in Passumpsic, Vt., made \$100 apiece from milk of his 25 cows last year, and the same cows gave him \$4,400 during 1894.

It is currently rumored that an attempt was made by Governor Zulick and Judge Shields to use United States District Attorney Rouse as a tool for the persecution of republicans under the guise of the law, but the honorable gentleman indignantly refused to become a party to such a dirty scheme. The consequent rupture has resulted in a determined effort to prevent his confirmation by the senate. They don't seem to want an honorable man in that position, but they will hardly succeed in their scheme.—Citizen.

Delegate Bean is not making much fuss about what he is doing in Congress but he is getting in some good solid work for the territory. It was to him that the president said that we should have peace and security for life and prosperity in Arizona "if it took the last man in the United States army." This was made in reply to his appeal for aid to subdue the hostile Indians, the credit for which, as well as for securing additional troops, a territorial official of the territory undertook to appropriate.

It was Grover's sympathetic feelings which upset our governor's policy in regard to the Indians. A recent Washington telegram says that President Cleveland's strong convictions in favor of treating the surrendered savages as conquered foes and not murderous desperadoes overcame the desires of the members of his cabinet most of whom desired to see summary justice meted out to the hostiles.

It is not true that the new superintendent of the Territorial prison, in a speech to his "constituents" told them that if they did not behave themselves as gentlemen should, he would discharge every mother's son of them. He simply said he was glad to meet so many friends and complimented them upon their pleasant surroundings and congenial occupation.—Citizen.

The Albuquerque Nat. bank has been reorganized with the following directory: John A. Lee, M. Folsom, Dr. G. W. Harrison, E. D. Bullock, A. M. Cudington, Henry N. Jaffe, and H. H. Streeter. The list is a good one, composed of the best business men in the city. The bank opened Saturday under the most favorable circumstances.

The newspapers are full of advice to General Miles as to how he should conduct the campaign against the hostiles and as to whether or not he should employ Indian scouts. We imagine that the General understands the business better than his advisers and will act on his own judgment.

It is reported that proceedings are about to be instituted in Germany against a number of persons styling themselves "doctors" on the strength of diplomas purchased from America in absentia. In Berlin alone there are said to be 3,400 of these "doctors," either of medicine, philosophy or law.

The D. um Lummon mine, near Helena, Montana, has just declared a dividend of \$80,000 for March. This is a regular monthly dividend, but it is not distributed among the Montanians because they permitted Englishmen to take it right from under their noses.

The newspapers and the "intimate friends" of General Miles are already beginning to outline a policy for him. We imagine that General Miles will attend to that business himself and that he is not likely to publish it through either the newspapers or intimate friends.

A correspondent of the Citizen, writing in regard to the escape of Geronimo says: "In heaven's name, will the Crook-ed-lar-ee cease? Way did no, Governor Zulick accompany General Crook and the photographer and surround the red devils with a proclamation and a copy of the Tucson Star?"

A recent invention of a sheet iron covering for cotton bales is exciting some attention in the south. The covering can be used again and again until it is worn out. If the invention proves to be successful it will be of great value, a much cotton is burned while in transit and several pounds from each bale is lost in various ways.

The Druggists' Circular for March says that notwithstanding the fact that the consumption of cocaine is steadily on the increase and that new uses for it are found every day prices have declined rapidly.

A legend says that the devil gave a hermit the choice of three great vices, one of which was drunkenness. The hermit chose this as being the least sinful. He became drunk, and then committed the other two.

A fight between officers and strikers in East St. Louis resulted in the killing of seven strikers, and the wounding of others.

The Army and Navy Journal says that General Crook was relieved at his own request of command in this department.

News, Items and Comments.

The commissioner of the general land office has recommended an expenditure of \$15,000 for the survey of land grants in New Mexico.

Politicians in Washington predict that Tennessee will go republican at the next election.

Gladstone has pronounced in favor of Home rule for Ireland and a dissolution of the cabinet is imminent.

"Dr. Schlemmer says the women of prehistoric Greece undoubtedly wore corsets."

"How my dear, and it ought to teach you a lesson."

"How many ex-convicts have been appointed to Federal offices since the reform administration came in?" inquires a Delaware correspondent in a letter to the National Republican. We cannot state the number with any degree of precision but feel sure that it is less than half of the total of the appointments made.—Washington Republican.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

His room here to let. Apply to No. 1. 2nd St.

We will furnish the WEEKLY JOURNAL- MINER and the Weekly Star Francisco Call at \$8.00 a year.

K. sticky sour mash whiskey, double standard goods, and genuine Tennessee whisky sold at the Cash Wh.

LOCAL INTERESTS.—Fish (system) at received a new lot at Beaman's Oceanic store 21st St.

"Our Oshaha," only 5 cents, and 100 in any 10 cent cigar in the town, at Little's Cigar Store.

Who has gone to Tucson? Geo. H. Fisher, a "curry" and "tobacco" in charge during absence.

In one week E. J. O'Brien has opened a saloon in one month, which will not be broken in three years, which is an assurance in an hotel and town, the out of court.—Colonel O. M. Holliday, says, N. Y. (See adv.)

For ten or twelve years I have been afflicted with catarrh. Never cure since each decided relief on from my O'Brien balm. I consider myself cured.—J. W. BURTON, Mohanville, Pa. (Price 50 cents).

Shortness in taught entirely by mail, with better results in any given time, than by oral methods. Send one cent stamp for "Declaration of Independence" and terms.

RALPH E. CLARK, 1077 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Mention paper.

Nervous Exhaustion Men are allowed a free trial of thirty days. Use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Tablets with Electric Suspensory Appliances will speedily relieve and permanently cure Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality and Exhaustion and all kind troubles. Also for any other disease. Complete restoration of health, vigor and strength guaranteed. Price incurred. Illustrated pamphlet, full information, terms, etc., mailed by addressing Valde's Belt Company, 1077 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

Washing and Ironing. A woman who understands the business, and is willing to work cheap, desires to take washing. Apply to Mrs. Smart, last corner on north end of Montezuma St. if The Board Women.

For five years I was a great sufferer from my eyes. My vision was so sensitive I could not bear the least bit of dust, it stung as if the blood would run, and I could hardly breathe. After trying many things without benefit I used Dr. Dye's Ointment. I am a living witness of its efficacy. Peter Brown, Farmer, Ithaca, N. Y. Easy to use, price 50 cents.

Home to Let. Home of seven rooms to let. Centrally situated. Apply to L. Beal and Co.'s.

Cure of Fluoritis. 90 Main Street, Gloucester, Mass. April 16, 1898. Allcock's Porens Plasters have been used in our family for the last three or four years with very beneficial results. Previous to that I had been subject to attacks of a severe pain in my left side. Hot cloths and treatments afforded temporary relief, but after a while the pain always returned, I was advised by a friend to try Allcock's Porens Plasters on my side, which greatly benefited me. After that I tried several kinds of plasters to see which was best, and finally decided that Allcock's suited my case the best. I have worn them constantly on my side ever since, and have never been troubled with the pain, except when I let them off for a few days. We always keep a supply in the house, and whenever a pain comes any of us, in any part of the body, we just apply an Allcock's Plaster, and our pain is instantly removed.—JAMES FERRIS.

PURE PRICE CREAM. MOST PERFECT MADE. Dr. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS. MOST PERFECT MADE.

Waldo House. Centrally located on Montezuma street. A few doors north of the Plaza. First-class rooms good, clean and best of accommodations for the traveling public.

Palace Saloon. Wines, Liquors & Cigars. FIRST-CLASS MUSIC EVERY EVENING. J. J. GUNN, Prop.

Cob Web Hall. Imported Segars. F. M. FISHER, Proprietor.

For Sale A THE PLAZA STABLE. 30 head of Horses and mules of all kinds from \$50 to \$200 each.

Centrifugal Roller Quartz Mill. Concentrators and Ore Crushers. F. A. HUNTINGTON, 45 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

J. Q. STEPHENS. Successor to Douglas & Stephens, PROPRIETOR OF THE The Tragic Meat Market. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALT MEATS SAUSAGES OF ALL KIND CHOICE CORNED BEEF AND PORK A SPECIALTY.

AFTER THE FIRE! The Cottage Hotel at Ash Fork. REOPENED. The undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Arizona and the public generally that they have re-opened near the Railroad Depot at Ash Fork.

L. C. Palmer. City Feed Yard. Precott, Arizona. Livery, Feed and Sale Stables. AND PLAZA STABLES. FIRST CLASS RIGS. The Peer Accommodated Free. Come and see us before contracting.

Pacific Brewery, JOHN RAIBLE, Proprietor. 3333. By the hogshead, barrel, keg or bottle.

White Laundry. The undersigned has opened a white laundry on Granite Street, near the corner Willis.

Montezuma Saloon AND LODGING HOUSE. Montezuma Street. Wines, Liquors and Cigars of the Best Quality ALWAYS ON HAND.

LUDWIG THOMAS, TEACHER OF MUSIC. February 25 1898.

Bank of Prescott, SUCCESSOR TO First National Bank, CAPITAL, \$50,000. T. J. BUTLER, President. F. W. BLAKE, Cashier.

TRADERS' BANK. KANSAS CITY, MO. Does a General Banking Business. JAS. T. THORNTON, President. NETH MARY, Vice-President. M. W. ST. CLAIR, Cashier. W. R. THORNTON, Assistant Cashier.

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Pioneer Shops, BRECHT & THRONE. At the Old Stand. Carry a full Stock of all kinds of Blacksmith and Wagon Material, and are prepared to do all kinds of

Blacksmith and Wagonwork. On Short Notice. Agents for the Osborne Iron Mower. Adams' Self Regulating Wind Mills.

SAMARITAN NEVER FAILS. NERVE WINE. THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. The most important weekly newspaper devoted to science, agriculture, engineering, domestic and foreign news, and general information.

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