

Hardeman County Bible Society.

The 37th anniversary meeting of this Society took place at the Presbyterian church on Sunday, 13th inst., at which time the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: W. D. Wilkerson, president; Thos. C. Jones, vice-president; J. R. Bynum, Corresponding Secretary; J. T. Graham, Treasurer; R. S. Hardy, John Warren, W. T. Myers, J. A. Baker, and W. R. White, executive Committee. The following Resolutions, which passed unanimously, explain itself.

Resolved, That the Hardeman County Bible Society approve of the action of the Executive Committee, in the appointment of J. M. Finn as colporteur of this Society, and that the Society assist him in his work of distribution.

Article third of the Constitution of the Society provides: "All persons contributing any sum to its (the Society) funds shall be members for one year; those contributing one dollar, or more, shall receive (if called for within twelve months) a common Bible in return; those contributing fifteen dollars at one time, or twenty dollars at two payments, shall be members for life."

Mr. J. M. Finn having been appointed colporteur of the Society, he is earnestly commended to the confidence, sympathy and liberal co-operation of all the people among whom his labors are to be performed.

Loyal Indemnity.

As might have been expected, on last Monday, Aldridge, of McNairy, introduced in the Senate the identical loyal indemnity bill that came so near being made a law at the last session of the Legislature. The bill provides for the appointment of three commissioners in each grand division of the State, for a tax of one per cent. on property, and for the collecting and paying out of the moneys to the following class of persons:

- "First. All claims for property, (except slaves,) taken, used, destroyed, occupied, or injured by the national forces, during their occupancy of this State in waging war in putting down the rebellion.
"Secondly. All claims for property, (except slaves,) taken, used, destroyed, occupied, or injured by the rebel forces, in any part of the State during the war.
The bill passed its first reading, and will, no doubt, become a law.

The Legislature.

This rip-roaring body of loyal men—only two exceptions, if you please—met at Nashville last Monday week. Members of both branches were sworn in, and after prayers proceeded to business. On the 12th ballot D. W. C. Senter was elected Speaker of the Senate; D. M. Nelson, of Bradley, was elected principal Clerk; Wm. Baker, Engrossing Clerk; a man by the name of Cate was elected door-keeper, and another called Foster chose his assistant.

House—F. S. Richards, of Memphis, was elected permanent Chairman; militia Graham was elected principal Clerk, Ben Cunningham, Assistant Clerk, and "so on and so forth." Reader, the less you hear of the Legislature the better it will be, and so we bid the pesky thing a final adieu!

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?—Last Monday Mr. Jordan, member of the lower house of the Tennessee Legislature, introduced "a Bill to amend the election laws of the State, conferring upon the Commissioners of Registration the power to appoint Judges and Clerks of election, which bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee."

What is the matter now Mr. Jordan? It is a well-known fact that the "Commissioners of Registration," backed by the whole radical party, have been exercising the right to appoint Judges and Clerks of election for months past. Were they wrong? Mr. Brownlow said that they were right!

YELLOW FEVER.—As last it is certain that Memphis is afflicted with this terrible disease, though up to last Thursday only six or seven deaths had occurred per day. Thirty-seven new cases were reported for the twenty-four hours ending at noon Thursday. Nurses are on the way from New Orleans and Nashville. Owing to the fact that the season has advanced so far it is thought that the disease will not prove as bad as it has elsewhere. We hope to chronicle the disappearance of the fever in our next issue.

BRIGHT SPOT.—Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, has done nobly. Her official vote for Supreme Court Judge is as follows: Sherwood, Democrat, 9,988; Williams Radical, 1,540. Sherwood's majority, 8,348. No wonder that Stevens is about to die. A few more doses of this kind will take the wind out of healthier bodies than his. Sherwood beat the "hind sides" off of Williams throughout the State.

Mississippi Central Railroad.

Instead of five cents per mile as stated in our last issue, we learn from E. D. Frost, Esq. Gen'l Supt. that the tariff will be uniform over the entire length of the Road at six cents per mile on and after the 1st of November, one cent of which will be required to pay State and Government tax; thus reducing passenger fare 25 per cent.

PROBOSCIS CHANGE.—During the first of the present week Mr. Elliott, member of the State Senate, introduced a bill to regulate the rate of interest. The bill fixes seven per cent as the legal rate; but provides for as much as twelve per cent. when the parties contract in writing for that amount. All higher rates, either direct or implied, are denounced as unlawful. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

ITALY—Atio, and Garibaldi and others are creating quite a sensation throughout Europe in their attempt to forcibly restore Rome to Italy. A bloody war seems inevitable, in which, possibly, a number of powerful nations will engage.

The Louisville railroad is now charging one dollar and a half per bale on cotton from Nashville to Louisville.

THE REASON.

During the past eight or ten days the question has often been asked by disappointed persons, "why is it that cotton has fallen so low in price?" In a few words as possible, we will attempt to give a correct answer: Before the war this country supplied European manufacturers with cotton; then their machinery was so constructed that they manufactured but little short staple cotton; during the war, when the supply of American cotton was almost entirely cut off, the foreign manufacturers changed their machinery so as to accommodate the short staple cotton raised in the East Indies, Egypt and Brazil. For six or seven years the countries named above have been improving the growth of cotton, and now, should every particle of American cotton be cut off from Europe, manufacturers there could easily get along with the short, but now greatly improved Indian, Egyptian or Brazilian cotton. In fact, European manufacturers are, to a great extent, independent of the American staple, and will only buy it when it can strike a trade at their own figures. It is a fact beyond dispute that the three producing countries named above can raise cotton at less cost than the American planter, and as a matter of course, they rule the market. The sooner cotton is dropped in this country the better. There is no use in trying to compete, under present circumstances, with the cheap labor system of the Indies, Egypt and Brazil. The above facts, though clumsily thrown together, are worth millions to our people if they will only heed them. Many a man in this country to-day bitterly repents of having planted so much cotton and so little corn! Experience is a dear school, but it is one in which the most stubborn can be made to learn.

Milliken, the young gentleman who frightened the loyal Baum in LaGrange on election day, and who was arrested by the military, and brought before Judge Trigg on a writ of habeas corpus, was discharged from custody on the 16th inst. Delivering his opinion, Judge Trigg said:

There are two branches to a parole, the first, not to take up arms against the United States; the second the paroled prisoner is permitted to return to his home, and he will not be disturbed by the United States, so long as he obeys the laws of the State. The first is a military obligation. The civil authorities have no right to punish violations of the second. The second branch of the parole merely affords protection to the citizen from arrest and imprisonment by the United States so long as he obeys the parole. For violation of the military obligation in times of peace, the United States Courts are open. Military commissions are repugnant to our sense of justice, and the theory of our Government when civil courts are open. The offense disclosed in this return was a violation of the laws of the State, not of the United States, and was not an armed violation of a parole. The prisoner will be discharged, as he is illegally detained in custody by the military authorities.

OLD THAD.—A Washington telegram of the 14th says: "Letters have been received from Thad. Stevens, in which he declares his intention to urge upon Congress as great measures essential to the safety of the country. The first is a general impeachment law, defining and upon which an officer may be impeached, and expressly declaring that no officer shall continue to exercise the power of office during his trial. The second law in which Mr. Stevens intends to urge, will provide under the authority of the constitution and upon the principles of the Declaration of Independence, that no State shall have the power to prohibit citizens of the United States, whatever their race, color or religion, from voting for President or Congressmen. This law will establish impartial suffrage throughout the Union. Leading Republicans affirm that Mr. Stevens will be sustained by Congress."

Even if Congress does sustain Mr. Stevens it does not follow that the people will sustain Congress! Thad., like the Radical party, is tottering upon the brink of a grave dug by conservative picks and Democratic shovels.

The post Campbell makes the Scotch Wizard say to Lochiel: "This the master of life gives an mystical love, And coming events cast their shadows before." And so, we take it for granted that the impending dissolution of the radical party enables the editor of the Nashville Press and Times to give us an inkling into the state of the weather two or three months hence. He says:

"The Weather.—Large flocks of wild geese, ducks, cranes, and other water fowl, have been flying southward for some days past, and the weather seems to indicate the early movement of the southern tribes towards a winter of unusual severity. Their flight is also made at an unusual elevation. The same signs have been observed in Southern Europe."

Grove Charge Against a Magistrate.—A Magistrate of one of the civil districts of this county was brought before Justice Memahan yesterday, charged with the embezzlement of \$25, drawn by him from the county treasury for the benefit of a pauper. He gave bonds for further appearance.—Nashville Union and Dispatch.

If we owned Barnum's Gorilla we would bet him against a weasel that the "Justice referred to is a radical and that he thinks none but "loyal" men should rule. Of such is the penitentiary filled.

Just So.—The following paragraph, clipped from a Nashville paper of last Tuesday, will serve to show how a Radical Mayor takes the law in his own hands: "The Mayor visited the workhouse Sunday morning, in company with City Attorney Allen and released four millionaires, who had been incarcerated for various offenses. This, we believe, is the first instance in the history of Nashville in which a Mayor has taken it upon himself to release workhouse prisoners."

Henry and William Crockett, nephews of the Hon. John Bell, are on trial at Nashville charged with maliciously shooting into a squad of freedmen. The charge is a trumped up one, and no respectable person believes that the accused are guilty. Radical work.

A Conference of the colored preachers and members of the Methodist Church, within the bounds of the Memphis Conference district, will be held in Jackson, on the 20th of November.

The Nashville Union and Dispatch office was damaged by fire on the night of the 8th inst. to the amount of \$4,000, which, we are glad to hear, is fully covered by insurance.

A New York telegram says there is an utter want of confidence in the credit of Liverpool firms there.

OHIO.

This State, the home of Ben. Wade, S. P. Chase, and a host of other negro-worshippers, has undergone a great political revolution. Two years ago the radicals carried Ohio by 42,000 majority. Now the Democrats have seven majority on joint ballot in the Legislature. Of course this kills old Ben Wade and smashes the Presidential may of Chief Justice Chase! Speaking of the election, the Cincinnati Enquirer says:

THE WONDERFUL CHANGE.—The political sweep in the State is perfectly wonderful. Of the 42,000 Radical majority, which towered so high last year, hardly a vestige remains. There has been a change for the Democrats, in the total vote, of at least ten per cent. The most sanguine expectations of the Democracy have been more than realized. The Republicans putting confidence in the loud boasts and vain threats of their organs of racist intemperance, they would obtain are dumbfounded at the result. They had no pronouncement of the tremendous popular hurricane that was setting in. It struck them like a thunderbolt, deluging them with a clear sky. They now see the handwriting on the wall, which presages their future doom. Their acendency in Ohio is irrevocably broken, if only a moderate degree of sense shall set aside the Democratic party.

THE END OF S. P. CHASE.—The election in Ohio has settled forever the fate of this arch-tyrannical, Salmon P. Chase. He came here, a distance of seven hundred miles from Washington, and cast his vote for the whole Black Republican ticket and for negro suffrage. The result to him has been terrible, overwhelming. If Ohio had given her vote for negro suffrage, Chase, who climbed to his present position through blood and carnage of his countrymen, would have been the next nominee for President of the Radical negro worshippers of the United States. The people of Ohio have settled the question, and consigned this dangerous and subtle demagogue to his political grave. That is, it is impossible, at this time, however, for any one to speak with certainty, and perhaps only the official returns can settle the vote on Governor definitely. But even if the election of Judge Thurman should not be confirmed by an official count of the ballots, we have achieved a victory unprecedented in the political annals of the country, in having broken the prestige and destroyed the morale of a party which has hitherto believed itself invincible, and one which, sustained and animated by that belief, has set no bounds to its profligacy and oppression. Having achieved this much, defeated the negro amendment for 50,000, and knocked old Ben Wade out of time for the United States Senate, we can certainly fill the full measure of our triumph in 1868, even if we shall not have done it in 1867.

Starting Counterfeit Discovered—Millions of 7-30s Counterfeited.

New York, Oct. 10.—Considerable excitement was caused in the stock market this morning by the announcement that counterfeit 7-30s of the issue of June, 1856, had been discovered. Prices did not, however, fall off much. The discovery was made in Washington by the Chief Clerk of the treasury department, and Mr. Clark, the government printer, arrived this morning with a detective, who has been endeavoring to ascertain the amount issued, and the hands through which fraudulent notes have passed. Thus far, he has discovered one hundred and sixty thousand dollars worth of counterfeit money, and has identified a number of banks and banking houses, and he either now hold or have recently passed them.

The issues are all dated between the 21st of September and the 4th of October of this year; many of them are white, lighter than the genuine, the borders ruled wider and the star seal slightly larger, with larger rays.

There is a disposition to regard the excitement unwarranted by facts that the counterfeits which have reached this city have been almost entirely from Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Springfield, and a few other Western cities, in amounts of \$1,000 to \$5,000 at a time.

The Express says the notes are the best counterfeits ever issued of government securities, and that conjecture runs that the whole amount is from one-half to two and a half million dollars.

It is rumored that one house here has half a million. The counterfeit bonds are of the second series of seven-thirties, dated June 15, 1856, of the denomination of \$1,000. The Commercial says that as some of the largest dealers in the city have been deceived, it is highly probable dealers in other cities have been swindled by this paper also, and that the amount may reach millions of dollars.

COMMERCIAL.

MEMPHIS, October 17.—The Public Ledger of this evening says: "The market closed firm yesterday evening, with a bright look. During the afternoon trading went for 16 to 16 1/2; strict middling, 17 to 17 1/2; low middling, 15 to 15 1/2; good ordinary, 14 to 14 1/2. We heard of no transactions outside of these limits this morning, and all the business now doing is in a small way."

Bank of Tennessee, old issue, 28c; Bank of West Tennessee, do, Ban of Chattanooga, 10c. Corp. new corp, 70c/80c per bushel; clear sides, 20c/20 1/2; shoulders, 16c; canvassed hams, 25c.

New York, October 17.—10 a. m.—Gold opened at 143, advanced to 143 1/2, and is now 143 1/2. Cotton quiet, but steady. Uplands 19 1/2.

The Radicals throughout the country are making great exertions to have Grant nominated for the Presidency. Should he be foolish enough to adopt "manhood suffrage" and a radical programme, we take it for granted that he's the worst best man on the continent.

The New York Times of a late date thus refers to the result of the election in Ohio: "The news we publish from Ohio fills the measure of our hopes. The election is an indignant unanimous veto upon the policy of the party in power."

The first deaths in Galveston, from yellow fever, two in number, were reported on the 24th of July, from which time to September 28, including four deaths on that day, the total number of victims was 1,169.

A \$4,800 diamond, lost by a Memphis in Louisville several weeks ago was recently found upon the finger of a Nashvillean. Nashville, like Memphis, is proverbial for queer things.

Miko McCool and Joe Coburn have agreed to contend for the pugilistic championship of America at \$10,000 a side. It is not stated when the fight is to come off.

The people of Maury county are desiring messes to introduce into that county white laborers. They are satisfied that the negroes are unprofitable field hands.

On the 19th inst. Loffand, Mayor of Memphis, and Gen'l Forrest passed a few hard remarks, during the course of which the General denounced the Mayor in very strong terms. The Republicans of Maryland have nominated Judge Hugh L. Bond for Governor. Resolutions were adopted in favor of manhood suffrage, and of Gen. Grant for the next Presidency.

Private cable dispatches report the failures of F. & N. Balli and C. Campbell & Son, cotton dealers in Liverpool, whose liabilities are estimated at \$2,000,000 in gold.

Alabama and Louisiana both cast a majority vote "For Convention." So the Convention will assemble at the appointed time.

The yellow fever has made its appearance at Vicksburg and Jackson, Miss.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARMS FOR ONE DOLLAR

Subdivision of Plantations

CHANCES FOR ALL

Farms for the Million!

TICKET COSTS ONE DOLLAR

Dissolution of Partnership.

NEWBERN, TATE & CO., Bolivar, Tenn., Are now receiving their well selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS

GLASSWARE AND CUTLERY, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Family Groceries,

Attachment Notice.

Trust Sale.

Petition to Sell Land to Pay Debts.

Blank Book Manufacturers,

C. F. Chamberlin & Co., Stationers,

Book and Job Printers,

FOR SALE.

Wood & McNeal, sol's for petitioner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Wilkinson Brothers ARE AT THEIR NEW BUILDING Northwest Corner Public Square, BOLIVAR, TENN., And have on hand for sale, at low cash prices, a large and complete stock of

Fall and Winter Goods, Of all kinds, consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, Ready Made Clothing--all Kinds,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, NOTIONS, TINWARE, CANDIES, ETC., ETC.

SELLING FOR HIM WHO CAN AND DO OFFER BARGAINS. Thankful for past favors we respectfully solicit a call.

Cash House! BILLS & HILL, Have received their FALL STOCK

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Books and Stationery, Queensware, Hardware, Oils, Paints, Glass, Bagging and Rope, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Carpets and Rugs.

NOTICE. We call the attention of the Ladies to our Stock of Dress Goods, Cloaks, Etc. Etc. Which we will sell at reduced prices.

To My Old Friends and the Public Generally.

New Store. New Goods. G. W. SWINEBROAD, DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods

Of All Kinds, Southeast Corner Court House Square, Nearly opposite Pitzer Miller's old stand, Bolivar, Tenn.

Respectfully informs the public that he has on hand and for sale a complete stock of Dry Goods, Warms, etc., and that he is determined to give bargains to all who may favor him with their custom.

Swinebroad's Stock. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

"LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP."

CHOATE & CO., No. 232 Front Street, Memphis, DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, Iron, Steel, Nails, Chains, Anvils, Bellows, Hobs, Spikes, Tin Plates, Cutlery, Genl. Paints, Powder, Shot, Hoop, Belling, Plovers, Sewing Plates, Ropes, etc.

C. F. Chamberlin & Co., Stationers, Book and Job Printers,

Blank Book Manufacturers, 197 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

FOR SALE. The valuable LOT and RESIDENCE of Rev. W. H. Thompson, on the town of Bolivar, is hereby offered for sale.

THE BAPTIST. Why every Baptist in Hardeman county (and all the Southwest) should subscribe for The "BAPTIST,"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. CHILLS AND FEVER. Can the Chills be cured in every instance without affecting the head? Is there no medicine that will satisfy the people, that will permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its name and where can it be had?

DROMGOOLE & CO'S KING OF CHILLS. Is today, the most worthy and substantial Chill medicine now before Southern people. It never fails to give the most perfect satisfaction in every respect. Every plantation should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

BILLIOUS FEVER. Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes, bayous, swamps, etc., can be easily cured by using our "King of Chills" which immediately cures the biliousness, the stomach, opens the bowels, and never fails to cure the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly to suffer any longer.

Farmers and Planters. Everywhere could save much time and money among their hands by keeping a constant supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes quick and permanent cures without affecting the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a return.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS. A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared by a class of regular and experienced physicians who have been practicing medicine in the South for twenty years.

WIFE, MOTHER and SISTER. Read a few extracts from letters, "English Female Bitters cured me of falling of the Womb." "My wife carried six bottles to Pine Bluff, two bottles cured her of Leucorrhoea and she sold the remainder."

BLOOD AND BONES. Are composed of certain materials which become greatly changed from the effects of many constitutional diseases, such as Skin Diseases, Eruptions on the Face, Broken down Constitutions, Shattered Nerves, Effects of Mercury, Scrofula, Glandular Tumors and standing and all that class of diseases where the blood has become impure, and this condition of your blood must be changed, altered, before you can expect to get well, and for this purpose nothing is better than

DROMGOOLE & CO'S Constitutional Monarch! Which immediately purifies the blood and restores health.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER. Affections which are so common among all classes in the Southern climate, are immediately cured by the use of Dromgoole & Co's Fluid Extract.

Use Great Southern Preparations. Why? Because they are a class of medicines prepared by the regular Medical profession in the South, are genuine remedies, specially adapted to Southern diseases and are giving universal satisfaction.

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GREAT REMEDIES!

Bull's Cedron Bitters. AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS! Arkansas Heard From. TESTIMONY OF MEDICAL MEN. Stoney Point, White Co. Ark., May 23, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL.—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he also improved.

Dr. Coffee, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed the Cedron Bitters has given you great popularity in this as in so certain I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicines this fall—especially of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Ship me via Memphis, care of Puckett & Neely.

Respectfully, C. R. WALKER.

Bull's Worm Destroyer. To My United States and World-Wide Readers. I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my alma mater and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and regular physician in Georgia is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received.

DR. JOHN BULL.—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to give the wished-for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine directly from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line of M. D.'s, but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be so efficacious simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured for himself the right to use that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousand-fold worthless nostrums that flood the country, which purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms.

I am, sir, most respectfully, JULIUS P. CLEMENT, M. D.

Bull's Sarsaparilla! A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith. Read the Captain's letter and the letter from his mother: Benton Barracks, Mo., April 30, 1866.

D. JOHN BULL.—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case. I was wounded about two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not yet a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hip above C. B. Johnson's hip, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in any thing else. I wish that it were genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige

CAPT. C. P. JOHNSON, St. Louis, Mo. P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1865, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Capt. Johnson.

DR. BULL.—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. N. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon, and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson son to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhea and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. It cured him. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio, and Iowa, for scrofula, fever, sores, and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully, JENNIE JOHNSON.

DR. JOHN BULL. Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated Smith's Tonic Syrup in AGUE and FEVER

Chills and Fever. The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy, and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case will it fail to cure. It is found of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

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