

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN NEWS BY THE CABLE.

Miscellaneous and Washington News.

HOME NEWS.

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A "Hill in a China Shop"—Escape of a Criminal.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 17.—The express train on the Pan Handle road encountered a broken rail. A freeman was killed and the engineer badly scalded.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—A wild steer rushed through the streets and injured a number of persons, some fatally.

The government offers one thousand dollars reward for the re-arrest of Ballard, who escaped from the Ludlow jail. Ballard is considered the most dangerous counterfeiter in the world.

There are no signs yet of the vessel bearing Prince Alexis.

Jay Gould, discovering his bail of \$1,000,000 for Tweed does not prove legally satisfactory, withdraws it. Others were substituted.

The owner of Henry Bassett offers to run him against any horse in the world for fifty thousand dollars, from one to four miles.

A bonded warehouse was robbed of twelve thousand dollars' worth of silks, belonging to H. B. Clafin. No arrests have yet been made.

The custom house officers seized six thousand dollars' worth of diamonds, which some European gamblers attempted to smuggle through.

Marshal O. Roberts has written a letter to the Times, stating that he was misled by false accounts, furnished him by ring members of the city government last year, into signing the certificate endorsing the correctness of the financial books of the city.

He says that, at the time, neither he nor Messrs. Moses Taylor and J. J. Astor had any idea that the Controller was a cheat and a fraud, and takes much blame upon himself for falling into such a trap.

The counsel of Tweed has served a demurrer on Charles O'Connor, stating that the plaintiffs have not legal capacity to sue in the action; that the complaint does not state sufficient facts to constitute a cause of action; and that the complaint is defective because it does not include the Mayor and Aldermen, Supervisors and the commonality of the city as defendants.

The point raised is, that there is no legal right of the people maintained in such an action.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 17.—The three negroes who murdered the Park family a few days ago, near Henryville, Indiana, were taken from the jail at Charleston at two o'clock this morning, by a mob of a hundred and fifty disguised men, and hanged to a tree, about half a mile from town.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The official organ of the Western Union Telegraph Company states that the British Government has not commenced negotiations for the purchase of the Atlantic Cable and that no London syndicates have paid a dollar for the privilege of purchasing the cable within ninety days.

It also says the proposition to purchase the New York, New Foundland and London Telegraph, whose lines are in New Foundland, has not been entertained.

All the vessels arriving report very heavy weather off Barnegat. One vessel reports having seen a large amount of wrecked stuff, comprising planks, deck house, cabin, doors, barrels, etc., on the 14th and 15th.

HARTFORD, Nov. 17.—The Putnam Fire Insurance Company has filed an application of bankruptcy.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 17.—Accounts from all sections of the interior report the black frost, which occurred here Thursday morning to have been general throughout this and adjacent States, ice having formed here during the last two nights.

All danger from yellow fever has ceased, and the trains arriving are filled with returning refugees.

The thermometer at 4 A.M. was 29°.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Comparative cotton statement, total receipts from September 1st, 1871 are 671,054 bales. Same time last year 77,450 bales. Total exports from September 1st, 1871, are 257,963 bales. Same time last year, 850,150. Stock at all United States ports in 1871, is 326,712 bales. Same time last year, 311,068 bales. At interior towns in 1871, is 53,500 bales. Same time last year 61,244 bales. At Liverpool in 1871, 539,000 bales. Same time last year, 420,000 bales. American cotton affore for Great Britain 1871, is 84,000 bales. Same time last year, 10,000 bales.

WASHINGTON.

No Authentic News of Cochise.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Arizona advocate state that Cochise is and has not been on the reservation. Another Indian represented him before the peace commission, while Cochise is on the war path.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Datus Elean of Alabama, has been appointed Consul to Rio Janeiro.

The Civil Service Commission to-day considered the question as to what weight should be given the seniority in service in promotions.

The Treasury Department issues a statement contradicting the report that bonds forwarded to Europe, are assigned to Messrs. Jay, Cook, McCulloch & Co.

The statement asserts that every bond forwarded has been assigned and delivered to Richardson, the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has an office in London and a corps of clerks, whose duty it is to deliver the new bonds as they are required, taking in payment therefor the called bonds of 1862, cancelled and scheduling and packing the same in iron safes for shipment and final redemption at the United States Treasury.

No bonds are to be delivered by government officers until a full payment is received therefor.

Commissioner Douglas was before the Senate Finance Committee to-day in relation to new legislation upon the Internal Revenue law.

The Cabinet session was of three hours duration to-day. It is understood that the forth-

coming annual message was the subject of the conversation.

The President saw no visitors to-day, either before or after the Cabinet meeting.

Robeson has issued another order dismissing six cadets for hazing, and subjected others to different punishments for participation therein. He says he will, if necessary, dismiss the last cadet at the Academy who refuses to obey the regulations on this subject.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Labor Strikes in Spain, &c.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Strikes have commenced in various parts of Spain in obedience to reported signals from abroad.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—The Government of St. Petersburg is vigorously engaged in the enterprise of Russifying its province on the shores of the Baltic Sea. As a movement towards this end, it is declared that the Russian shall be the only official language used in public decrees, in courts and in churches.

How New Jersey Got Out of the United States.

The origin of the allusion to New Jersey as a foreign country is said to be as follows: After the downfall of the first Napoleon, his brother Joseph, who had been King of Spain, and his nephew, Prince Murat, son of the King of Italy, sought refuge in this country, and brought much wealth with them.

Joseph Bonaparte wished to build a palatial residence here, but did not desire to become a citizen, as he hoped to return to Europe. To enable him, as an alien, to hold real estate, required a special act of the Legislature.

He tried to get one passed for his benefit in several States, but failed. He was much chagrined, especially because Pennsylvania refused. After this he applied to the New Jersey Legislature, which hereby granted both him and Murat the privilege of purchasing land.

They bought a tract at Bordentown, and built magnificent dwellings, and fitted them up in the most costly manner. Rare paintings, statuary, &c., were profuse, and selected with care, and the grounds laid out with exquisite taste.

Joseph Bonaparte's residence was, perhaps, the finest in America. Thousands of people visited it from all parts of the country, and were treated courteously. He was profuse with his money, and gave a great impetus to business in the little town. The Philadelphians, finding that he had apparently no end of money, and that he used it to benefit business generally, regretted, when it was too late, that they had refused to let him locate among themselves; and, to keep up their mortification, would always taunt Jerseymen with having a king—with importing the King of Spain to rule over them. They were called Spaniards and foreigners on this account. But these taunts harmed no one, as the Jerseymen lost nothing by their alluring him to settle among them, and the term "foreigner" jokingly applied to Jerseymen, has come down to us long after its origin has been forgotten, except by a few men of the past generation.

Many years ago—during the reign of Louis Philippe, we believe—both Bonaparte and Murat found they could safely return to Europe, so they sold out and returned.

HOW TO BREAK ONESELF OF BAD HABITS.—Understand clearly the reasons, and all the reasons, why the habit is injurious. Study the subject till there is no lingering doubt in your mind. Avoid the places, the persons and the thoughts, that led to the temptation. Keep busy; idleness is the strength of bad habits. Do not give up the struggle when you have broken your resolution once, twice, ten times, or a thousand times. That only shows how much you need there is to strive. When you have broken your resolution just think the matter over and endeavor to understand why it was that you failed, so that you may be upon your guard against a recurrence of the same circumstances. Do not think it a little or an easy thing that you have undertaken. It is folly to expect to break off bad habits in a day, which have been gathering strength in you for years.

The porter on a western sleeping car, whose bread depended largely on the oscillations of his blacking brush, was greatly crestfallen to see a legless man take possession of one of the berths. At first he was decidedly stumped as to how he could collect change for blacking the boots of the maimed passenger, but he solved the riddle by polishing the ends of the crutches. The owner rewarded the ingenious porter with a fifty cent stamp.

Says the Gartenlaube: The Americans understand better than we how to give an appropriate covering to everything they use. Their medicines and drugs, for example, are not in all quarters of the globe, not because they are superior to ours, God forbid, the contrary is often the case, but because their boxes and bottles are neatly enclosed and labeled, so that they constitute an ornament for every drug store, and are, at the same time, easily opened and yet air-tight.

HENRY BERRY LOWERY.—This gallant Knight of the Bush, says the Carolinian of the 11th, recently captured a freight train, and compelled the conductor to "carouse" with him in a bar-room near at hand. After the spree was over, he allowed the train to proceed unmolested, and hands unharmed, except the conductor, who complained of being "drowsy" like.

According to Marco Polo, the Tartars, before they were converted to the religion of the Buddhists, never practiced almsgiving. Indeed, when any poor man begged them, they would tell him, "Go, with God's curse, for if He loved you as He loves me, He would have provided for you."

Success in stock keeping is usually gained by making the animals comfortable; they need shelter from storms and cold; they want fresh air; a variety of food, regular meals and undisturbed rest. They should not fear their attendants, nor be accustomed to different ones.

They were discussing a masquerade and endeavoring to select the characters in which they should go. "How shall I go?" said our very tall and slender friend, William. "Walk your head and go as a billiard cue," was the response.

INDEPENDENT SWITZERLAND.

Celebration of the 56th Anniversary of Swiss Independence.

Yesterday evening the Swiss Society celebrated the 56th anniversary of the Republic of Switzerland, at Turner Hall. There was a large audience of Swiss and American citizens present. The stage was draped with the Swiss and American flags, and decorated with cedars, interspersed with appropriate mottoes. The German band opened the exercises with "Meridian Sun March," by Prof. G. R. Knabe, followed by "Whispering of Love," by Kunkel.

The American National air to German words, was then sung by the Society, Miss Katie Staub presiding at the Piano.

Mr. P. Staub, President of the Society, then made an introductory address. They had met to celebrate the 56th birthday day of Switzerland, the oldest living Republic in the world.

The late Franco-Prussian war was a great trial to Switzerland. Her protection was her brave honesty and her honest bravery. He might say that the Swiss when they arrived here did not have to learn how to become orderly citizens of a republic. They learned that before.

They found in East Tennessee their Switzerland. Mr. Staub's address was followed by music from the society.

Mr. O. Benziger then delivered an address in the German language, followed by "Free Born Switzer," by the Alpine Glee Club.

Rev. F. Esperandieu delivered an address in the English language. They were Americans and no longer Swiss. Though far from Switzerland, they loved her as a mother. Switzerland was a small country, but the home of heroes.

In the beginning of the 14th century some small States formed an alliance. Austria sent Governors to oppress the people. Everybody knew the story of William Tell. After many hard struggles they broke the oppressors chain. Switzerland had exerted an influence among the nations by her schools and learned men and also her religious influence.

He then referred to the kind treatment which the Swiss had received in this country.

At the close of his address "Switzerland" was sung by the members of the Society. Judge T. A. R. Nelson then delivered a short address. He said that historians traced the spirit of freedom which characterized the Swiss people back to the time of Helvetius. He spoke of the contests and triumphs of the nation, their great men and their distinctive traits of character, which last those who had come among us still retained.

Mrs. Barton then sang, with piano accompaniment, "The Swiss Alpine Song," which was rendered very finely, and was received with rounds of applause.

Wm. A. Henderson, Esq., was next introduced, and, among other things, spoke of the mighty nation which surrounded Switzerland, how she had maintained her integrity against them all, and expressed the hope that she might exist until every monarchy which surrounded her should crumble away.

The "Alpine Horn" was rendered on the piano by Miss Kate Staub.

Rev. Mr. Esperandieu then made a very interesting address in the French language, followed by music, "Treboli Polka Mazurka," by H. Koubler, performed by the German band, which concluded the exercises.

The Mayor and Board of Aldermen, after the adjournment of the City Council, attended the meeting, in a body at the invitation of the Society.

After adjournment the hall was cleared for dancing, which was kept up until a late hour.

Special Attention.

We call the special attention of our readers to Dr. C. W. Crozier's advertisement. "Journal of Antiquity," edited by Messrs. Carpenter & Ross, advertisement of "Tennessee" made Brooms" to be found in another column.

A much bereaved widower in Zanesville, Ohio, who has just attended the funeral of his third wife, has the photographs of the three depicted in a group, within which his own picture is the center figure, and underneath is the touching inscription: "The Lord will provide."

A lawyer prosecuting a thief recently on circuit remarked that, "opportunity makes the thief." "Not always, sir," replied the innocent; "I found a big anchor and chain cable on the pavement once, and didn't touch it, and there was nobody about either."

An Irishman noticing a lady pass down the street, espied two stripes depending from under her mantle. Not knowing that these were styled sashes and were hanging in their right place, he exclaimed: "An, faith, ma'am, yer galluses are loose!"

Garibaldi declares the Roman priesthood the cause of more wars in Italy than the soldiers, and urges all young Italians who love peace to unite against the sacerdotal power and influence.

A druggist in New Hampshire threatened the local paper with a suit for putting an "L" in the place of an "a" in his advertisement of grape pills.

A Delaware shopkeeper announces "2th Pinks" in a placard so well written, as to show that the pamphship is far in advance of the orthography of the writer.

A young man generally gives a look of his hair to his sweetheart before he marries her. After marriage she sometimes helps herself, and doesn't use scissors.

The assertion of the New York Sun, that Gen. Sherman, Col. Audenreid and Lieut. Fred. Grant visit Europe at the expense of the Government is a positive falsehood.

Dobbs thinks that, instead of giving credit to whom credit is due, the cash had better be paid.

Railways are aristocrats. They teach every man to know his own station, and to sit there.

Why is a lawyer like a sawyer? Because whichever way he turns, down must come the dust.

The Apaches refuse to go on the reservations, and the War Department will be apt to use force.

Large numbers of deer are said to appear along the line of the Illinois Central Railroad.

The very latest style of note paper is of a light brown color, to be written on with green ink.

How many apples did our first parents eat in the Garden of Eden? Eva and Adam 2.

A Fish story—that of Hamilton's resignation.

Another novel by George Eliot is announced.

The tea plant has done very well this year in South Carolina, Tennessee and California.

Florida has a large crop of oranges this year.

Do not choose your friend by his looks. Handsome shoes often pinch the feet.

INDICTMENT OF GEN. STOKES.—On the 15th the grand jury of the District of Columbia found a true bill against Wm. B. Stokes, charging him with receiving fees while a representative in Congress. The indictment consists of eight counts, and charges that on the first day of March, 1871, he, being a representative in Congress, did, for a compensation, act as an attorney in procuring certain claims of a company known as Captain Beatty's company of independent scouts.

The indictment in the case of Powell charges him with receiving money while an officer of the United States, and is similar in its counts to that in the case of Stokes. The names of Eli Hatfield, Moulton and E. B. French, are endorsed on each indictment as witnesses.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE

GROVER & BAKER

Sewing Machine Company

No. 119 Gay Street,

(Up stairs over L. C. Hoss' old stand, between Clinch and Union streets.)

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

We shall always keep on hand for sale on the most reasonable and acceptable terms a large supply of the celebrated GROVER & BAKER MACHINES, by all pronounced

THE BEST

Family and Manufacturing Sewing Machine

IN EXISTENCE.

We also have on hand a full assortment of Needles, Hemmers, Tuckers, Braiders, Corders, Gatherers,

and all the usual attachments to a first-class Machine, as well as a full assortment of

THREAD, SILK, &c., of all sizes and colors.

We are also prepared to REPAIR ALL SEWING MACHINES of our make, and will also do all kinds of

Stamping and Embroidering, at the most reasonable prices.

Do not forget the place, and examine our Machines before purchasing elsewhere.

We offer for sale BLOW COAT, a large supply of home-made Children's, Misses and Ladies'

SHOES AND GAITERS, in all conceivable colors and styles.

BALL & NAHM, AGENTS FOR EAST TENNESSEE, nov18-71m.

CARPENTER & ROSS

WISH TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND Merchants generally that they have made special arrangements with Manufacturers for handling

BROOMS

in this market. They will have constantly on hand a full stock of all grades of the best

Tennessee Made Brooms, which they guarantee equal to Northern manufactured. They warrant the prices of these Brooms at least 5 per cent. lower than the same quality will be sold by any other house in town. nov18-71m

REMOVAL.

T. F. GRIMALDI, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, Corner Clinch and Gay Streets, (formerly corner of Church and Gay Streets.)

Respectfully informs his friends and old customers he would be pleased to see them at his new place. Orders solicited for all kinds of work and satisfaction guaranteed. sep12-71m

SOUTH DOWN SHEEP.

10 RAMS, one two and three years old. 6 RAM LAMBS, 20 BREEDING EWES, 15 EWE LAMBS.

The above are pure South Down, bred from the best imported stock. For sale by SAMUEL I. SHARPLESS, Street Road Station, Chester co., Pa., and 705 Walnut street, Philadelphia. aug16-71m

JOURNAL OF ANTIQUITY,

WITH CALENDAR AND DIARY.

To be Published Quarterly, in Pamphlet Form, containing Fifty Octavo Pages.

It is not designed to give the current news of the day; nor will it be connected with political affairs in controversy. The subject matter will be

Historical, Agricultural, Mechanical, Manufacturing and Miscellaneous.

The CALENDAR will comprise in the first number the months of January, February and March; the calculations made for the latitude of the Southern and Middle States. Blanks and ruled pages annexed to the Calendar, to be used for making notes and memoranda.

A few advertisements of a commercial and literary cast will be desired; and to insure insertion in the first number, should be sent before the 1st of December next. Price of the work, in advance, \$1 per year. Single copies 25 cents.

Advertisements one-fourth of page, in one number, \$2.50; per year, \$10. Same proportion for a large space. Three copies containing the advertisement sent to the advertiser free.

Will be published on or before the first of January, 1872. Address, C. W. CROZIER, M.D., Nov. 17, 1871. KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Chancery Court at Knoxville.

No. 2,333. W. B. Johnson et al.—Ex parte. IT APPEARING TO ME THAT W. B. JOHNSON, J. C. A. Nutting, Joseph E. Brown, Alfred Austell and C. M. McElhee, have filed their petition in the Chancery Court at Knoxville, in substance that under proceedings had in the Chancery Court at Nashville in the case of the State of Tennessee against the delinquent railroad companies, that they became the purchasers of the Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad, with all its property, rights and franchises, and the interest of the State therein; and praying to be substituted, to all the rights, privileges and immunities of the act of incorporation under which said railroad company was organized and acts amendatory thereof, and that the name of said company be changed from the Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad Company to that of the "Knoxville and Ohio Railroad Company."

Now, therefore, I hereby order publication to be made in the Knoxville Chronicle, a newspaper published in Knoxville, Tennessee, for thirty days, notifying all persons appearing a special term of the Chancery Court, to be held at the court house in Knoxville, on Friday, December 15th, 1871, to show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

M. L. PATTERSON, Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court at Knoxville. nov18-71m

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

NEW EAST TENNESSEE CLOVER. 500 BUSHELS NEW TIMOTHY. 200 " ORCHARD GRASS. 200 " BERKSHIRE RED TOP. 200 " KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. 2,000 SECOND HAND 2 BUSHEL BAGS. 3,000 " Just received.

Seed Wheat, Oats, Barley and Rye. BLANCHARD CHURN. FARM WAGON, \$100. HUGH & CURRIE, Seedsmen, aug18-71m

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMMONS' LIVER

The symptoms of liver complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, some alternating with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved. Cure the Liver with

DR. SIMMONS' Liver Regulator,

A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to strictly vegetable, and can do no injury to any one. It has been used by hundreds of persons for the last 40 years as one of the most reliable, efficacious and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering. It taken regularly and permanently it is

SURE TO CURE

Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick headache, chronic diarrhoea, affections of the bladder, camp dysentery, affections of the kidneys, fever, nervousness, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the blood, melancholy, or depression of spirits, heartburn, colic, or pains in the bowels, pain in the head, fever and ague, dropsy, bilious, pain in the back, &c.

Prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Druggists, Macon, Georgia. Price, \$1; by mail, \$1.25. For sale by all Druggists, and by wholesale at T. C. HUNTER'S, Knoxville, march1-dly

JOHN U. BENZIGER, —AT THE—

Atkin House Drug Store,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES THAT HE HAS opened a stock of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, And solicits the patronage of the public.

Prescriptions Carefully compounded at all hours. CHARGES VERY REASONABLE. We sell for cash only—keep no books. N. B.—We have no room for Loafers. sept5-71m

P. DICKINSON & CO.

OFFER TO TOWN AND COUNTRY TRADE their stock of new Fall and Winter Goods at very attractive prices.

Black and colored Silks, French Merinos, Serges, Poplins, Plaids, Blountines, Emptees Cloths, and the celebrated "Queen's Own" Black Alpaca, Cloths, Shawls and wrapings; Alexander's Kid Gloves, Hosiery, and Merino Goods for ladies' and children's underwear. Black Crape Cloths for mourning suits.

CARPET DEPARTMENT. In this may be found Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, 3 ply, Turin, Venetian, Wool Dutch, Hemp and Stair Carpets. FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—all widths. CURTAIN DAMASK and NOTTINGHAM LACES. Cornices in gilt and Rosewood and gilt. Curtains Fingings, Shades, Rugs, Mats, &c., &c.

PAPER HANGINGS. BED AND CRIB BLANKETS, BED AND CRIB COUNTERPANES, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4. LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS, New Patterns Turkey Red Tea Cloths, Towellings, Napkins, Doylies, &c.

Whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other organs, by one application in from twenty minutes. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain of Rheumatism, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous Neuralgia, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF Will, in from one to twenty minutes afford ease and comfort, and this medicine, so rapid in stopping pain, can be purchased for fifty cents per bottle, at almost every druggist's and country merchant's store in this continent, and within one hour's distance of almost every habitation in the United States.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA. If those who are now suffering pain, no matter what the cause may be, or by what name it is called, apply the Radway's Ready Relief to the part of the body where the pain is present. If internal, 20 drops diluted in water as a drink; when Cramps, Spasms, Inflammation, Congestion, Asiatic Cholera, Chills and Fever, the most violent, cramping and torturing pains will be stopped in from one to twenty minutes.

FEVER AND AGUE CURED. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarial, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other Fevers, (aided by Radway's Pills), so quick as Radway's Ready Relief.

Dr. Radway's Perfect Purgative Pills Perfectly tasteless—Elegantly Coated with Sweet Gum—Pure, Regulate, Purify, Cleanse and Strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from disease of