TENNESSEE PORTFOLIO 4

Knoxville Daily Chronicle.

VOL. VII. KNOXVILLE, TENN.: WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 27, 1876. NO. 114.

City Directory.

K. P.

HARMONY LODGE, No. 7, K. of P.—Meets Friday nights at Castle Hall, 3d floor, 108 Gay st. I N Phillips, C. C.; Peter Ritter, M. E.; F. C. Rischmond, M. F.; Jno W Dawes, K. R. S.

HOLSTON LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.—Meets Wednesday nights, at Castle Hall, 3d floor, 108 Gay st. D. Eldridge C. C.; Jas Morrison, V. C.; S. Gratz M.F.; Harvey Clark, K.R.S.

HERMIONE LODGE, No. 15, K. of P.—Meets Monday nights at 8 o'clock, at Castle Hall, 3d floor, corner Gay and Main street. J R York, C. C.; Alex Allison, K. R. & S

F. & A. M.

MAXWELL LODGE, NO. 433—Stated Communication upon first Thursday night of each month at Hall on Broad street.
J H Post, Sec'y. Jos H Shepherd, W M.

ORIENTAL LODGE, NO. 453—Stated Communication upon second Thursday night of each month at Hall in Masonic Temple.
E Bolli, Sec'y Geo H Smith, W. M.

MASTER'S LODGE, NO. 244—Stated Communication upon third Monday night of each month at Hall in Masonic Temple
E E McCroskey, Sec.'y. H M Aiken, W M.

PEARL CHAPTER, NO. 4, R. A. M.—Stated Convocation upon first Monday night of each month at Hall in Masonic Temple.
S J Todd, Sec'y. H M Aiken, H P.

ZABUD COUNCIL NO. 59, R. and S. M.—Stated Assembly upon fourth Monday night of each month in Hall at Masonic Temple.
Wm. Aiken, Rec'r. H M Aiken, Thr. Ill. M.

COEUR de LION COMMANDERY, NO. 9.—Stated Conclave upon second Monday night of each month. Meetings for drill upon Friday night of each week at Hall in Masonic Temple.
Emmanuel Bolli, Rec'r. N S Woodward, E. C.

I. O. O. F.

KNOXVILLE LODGE, No 138—Meets Thursday nights, at Odd Fellows' Hall, west side, Market Square. S. D. J. Lewis N G; J. A. George, V G; George E Williams, Secretary; M M Harris, Permanent Secretary; R M Staples, Treasurer.

EAST TENNESSEE LODGE, No. 34—Meets Tuesday nights, at Odd Fellows' Hall, west side, Market Square. A A Barner, N G; A Howes, V. G.; W H Salmon, R. S.; Jno S Warters, Treasurer; E W Adkins, Perm't Sec

CHURCHES AND MINISTERS.

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL—Corner Cumberland and Walnut sts. Rev. Thos Duncan, Rector. Church services Sabbath at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M., except first Sunday in each month, at 5 P. M. Seats free.

Business Directory.

J. F. BAUMANN, Architect and Builder, will furnish Plans, Specifications, and Drawings of every class of Private and Public Buildings, and superintend their erection as required, or will erect and complete buildings by contract at moderate prices. Office on Bellevue street, west of Broad street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

RUDOLPH SCHMIDT, Tonsorialist, Gay and Cumberland sts. Shaving, 10c.; Hair Cutting, 25c; Shampooning, 25c. Baths at all hours.

HOPE & MILLER, WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS, Corner Gay and Clinch Sts., Knoxville, Tenn. Especial attention to repairing Watches and Jewelry.

DAVID NEWMAN, Blacksmithing and Carriage Work, Prince street between Cumberland and Main.

G. H. NELSEN, Practical Lock and Gunsmith. Stocking and repairing of all kinds done. 259 Gay street, between Church and Cumberland.

W. F. CUMMINS, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, and all kinds of Musical Merchandise, 44 Gay street, Knoxville, Tenn. NEW MUSIC

A. C. BRUCE, Architect and Superintendent, Masonic Temple, Knoxville, Tenn. Special attention given to city and suburban residences.

G. HEINS, Boot and Shoe Maker, Prince street, opposite Presbyterian church. Repairing neatly done and satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

CHAS. H. BROWN, NOTARY PUBLIC, Office at the East Tennessee National Bank.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

E. C. LOCKE, No. 23, east side Market Square, Commission Merchant and dealer in Family Groceries Country Produce bought and sold.

PROFESSIONAL.

A. S. PROSSER, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Cowan's Building, corner Main and Gay sts., up stairs, Knoxville.

BAXTER & SON, Attorneys at Law, Exchange and Deposit Bank Building. Practice in the courts in Knoxville.

THORNBURGH & McGUFFEY, Attorneys at Law, and Solicitors in Chancery. Office on Main street, one block west of Court-house.

FELIX A. REEVE, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office: Room No. 5, Masonic Temple, Knoxville, Tenn.

FIRE INSURANCE.

F. F. ATWELL, AGENT

Home Insurance Co, N Y,	Assets	$5,754,214
Continental do do	do	2,606,235
Franklin of Philadelphia,	do	3,308,856

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TOBACCO, &c.

PETER RITTER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all grades of Tobacco, Cigars and Pipes No. 69 Gay street.

DRUGGISTS.

SANFORD, CHAMBERLAIN & ALBERS, Wholesale and Manufacturing Druggists. Proprietors of Dr. Hart's Family Medicines

Choice Periodicals for 1876.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Co.,
41 BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK,
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For Blackwood and three Reviews	13 00	do
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15 00	do

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus: four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for $12 80; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $48, and so on.

PREMIUMS.

New subscribers (applying early) for the year 1876 may have, without charge, the numbers for the last quarter of 1875 of such periodicals as they may subscribe for.

Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to clubs can be allowed unless the money is remitted direct to the publishers. No premiums given to clubs.

Circulars with further particulars may be had on application.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Co.,
cr1 St., New York

FROM LOUDON.

Houk and White in Joint Discussion

A Signal Victory by the Former

The Republicans Jubilant—Democrats Dejected.

Special to Knoxville Chronicle.

LOUDON, TENN., Sept. 26.

A field-day for the Republicans! In the discussion to-day between Judge Houk and Col. White, District Electors, Judge Houk achieved a signal victory for the glorious Republican cause, and made the Democratic fur fly. The Republicans are united and jubilant. Success awaits us in November.

Col. White fell far below and disappointed the expectations of his friends. Judge Houk excelled all expectation. White satisfied nobody—Houk satisfied all except Democracy. Republicans are proud and strengthened—Democrats look sad and say nothing.

Judge Houk's victory was even more crushing than Foote's over White. Houk's speech was a chain of argument drawn from the facts of history and put together so as to defy criticism. It was dignified and free from personalities.

The debate took place in the M. E. Church. The crowd was large, and the speakers seemed determined to say nothing unbecoming the place. Houk was frequently applauded—White not at all. H. F. D.

HOME NEWS.

A Surgeon Beaten Fatally with a Croquet Mallet.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—Several shocks of earthquake was felt between 12 and 2 o'clock, Monday morning, in southern Illinois.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 26.—The dead Northfield Bank robbers are Charlie Pitts, Bill Chandwick and Clem Miller. The prisoners are Col. E. Younger, Booth Younger and Al. Custer, the latter a noted Texan desperado.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—Dr. Chas. W. Woodbury, Assistant Surgeon at the McLean Insane Asylum, was beaten probably fatally over the head by a patient while playing croquet. The weapon used was a croquet mallet.

The ninth annual meeting of the American Academy of Dental Science was held here yesterday. Dr. D. M. Parker was re-elected President; Dr. E. G. Tucker, Vice-President; Dr. Geo. T. Moffatt, Corresponding Secretary, and Dr. W. L. Tucker, Treasurer.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 26.—The Greenback State Convention met here to-day. Wm. A. A. Corsy was elected temporary president.

After the appointment of the usual committees the convention took a recess.

SPOTTED TAIL AGENCY, Sept. 22.—All the Commissioners being present in council, Spotted Tail made a long speech, setting forth how treaties had been violated by the Great Father. He said: "This is the country where my people where born—where they have acquired all their property, their children and their horses. You have come here to buy this country of us, and it would be well if you would come with the goods you propose to give us, and to put them out of your hand so we can see the good price you prompose to pay for it." Concerning the war he says: "This seems to me to be a very hard day. Half of our country is at war, and we have come upon very difficult times. This war did not spring up here in our land. It was brought upon us by the children of the Great Father who came to take our land from us without price, and who do a great many evil things. The Great Father and his children are to blame for this trouble."

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—The races of the breeders' meeting have been postponed on account of the rain.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The damage caused by the heavy rains along the Virginia Midland Railroad have been repaired and trains are now running on schedule time.

Very Doubtful Sunstroke.

The Virginia (Nevada) Chronicle, in speaking of the heat of July 21st, related the following instance of what was called a sunstroke:

"*Wm. Kerrigan, a laborer, who was* sawing wood near Gould and Curry, fell also from the effects of the heat and was insensible for half an hour."

Mr. Kerrigan came to us and explains as follows:"

"It is thrue, I was lift insinsible, but whether it was the sunstroke or what it was remains to be investigated. I was sawin' wood for Mrs. McDennin. Mrs. McDennin several times came and looked at me as I was a-sawin' of the wood in her back yard, sayin' to me:

"William, it is awful hot to-day."

"Yer right there" says I, 'it's powerful hot, Mrs. McDennin."

"Then, ses McDennin—she standin' in the kitchen in the rear of the house at the time—ses she 'I finds nothin' like cowld tay for the hate,' ses she, and she tuck a taypot off the shelt and tuck a schwig.

"Well, she several times came out, and sayin', 'William, the hate is severe,' took a schwig from the taypot.

"Presently, finding the hate oppressive, I went in on my own invitation and took a schwig from the taypot. Thin I took another, and thin I took another, and whin I was finally lifted up from beside me sawbuck I told thim that was all I knew about the sunstroke."

The People's Choice.

Is the name of a new brand of smoking tobacco to be found at W. P. Tilson's tobacco and cigar store, corner of Gay and Clinch streets. We have sampled it, and found it first-class. Tilson keeps everything good in the tobacco line, and his place is the people's choice to trade, because he always gives bargains and knows how to treat his customers. Give him a trial and satisfy yourself.

SAVANNAH---BRUNSWICK.

Still Organizing Relief for the Sufferers

The Howard Association to the Front Again.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The grand total subscriptions publicly announced for Savannah and Brunswick amounts to $12,491.

The Savannah subscriptions at the Chamber of Commerce is over $10,000.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 26.—The Louisville Free Masons have subscribed $550 for the Savannah sufferers.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.—The Howard Association sent additional physicians and eight nurses yesterday to Brunswick.

JACKSONVILLE, Sept. 26.—There is not now nor has there been a case of yellow fever, or anything similating to it, here. The city is perfectly healthy.

MONTGOMERY, Sept. 26.—Drs. Stone and Mandeville, of New Orleans, with ten nurses passed through this city for Brunswick.

FOREIGN NEWS.

MADRID, Sept. 26.—The steamer Franklin will take Tweed and Hunt off this week. Nothing is known about Sharkey.

Isabella remains at the Palace of the Escurial until October.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The Legitimist Senator Limariac is dead.

BELGRADE, Sept. 26.—The Diplomatic Agents here presented notes to Prince Milan, Monday morning, announcing that the Porte had agreed to prolong the suspension of hostilities and to the terms of peace proposed by the Powers.

The Servian Government has asked their reply to the Porte's proposition for the extension of the suspension of hostilities.

The war party of Russian officers are working heaven and earth to prevent Servia from acceding.

There are much doubts as to the course Prince Milan will pursue.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A Berlin dispatch to the Times says the Russian Government has ordered the preparation of registers of horses at Dablo, to be seized in case of war.

Russia's war-like measures are evidently intended to support the construction that will shortly be placed upon the present arrangement by the St. Petersburg diplomacy.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Belgrade says that the Servian Government has given a formal notice to all its military commanders of the prolongation of the suspension of hostilities.

The Russian Consul, in an interview with Prince Milan yesterday, pointed out to him that Europe regarded the proclamation of the army declaring him King with displeasure, and advised him to summon Gen. Tchernayeff to Belgrade and explain to him that the acceptance of the royal title would cause fresh complications.

The Austrian Consul on Saturday asked for explanations concerning Gen. Tchernayeff's proclamation. Prince Milan replied that he was endeavoring to arrange the matter in a manner showing due consideration for the feelings of the army whose susport was absolutely necessary to him. He said that Gen. Tchernayeff's army adhered to the proclamation despite the dissuasion of the War Minister. He added that a definite resolution concerning the proclamation would be taken when the War Minister returned from the camp.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 26.—The Porte has telegraphed its representatives abroad that it has sent the destitute Bulgarians eighteen thousand Turkish pounds, and has also taken measures for a speedy rebuilding of their villages.

Turkish Outrages Upon Christians

To the Editors of the Chronicle:

It is no wonder that the people of England have at length been aroused to protest against the complicity of the British Government in the cruelties inflicted by the Turks upon Christian people in European Turkey—especially in Bulgaria. Through the indifference or the policy of the British Ambassy at Constantinople, Englishmen were kept for months in ignorance of those atrocities, and it was left to an American, Mr. Schuyler, United States Secretary of Legation, to enlighten them on the subject by means of a statement made by him to the Hon. Horace Maynard, of the facts of the case—facts, of which he learned the truth with his own eyes during a personal visit to the scene of the outrages. The Hon. Mr. Gladstone gives the United States the credit of having, through its representatives in Turkey, investigated the matter, and of authenticating the rumors of massacres of Christians, and the destruction of their villages. Any one who reads the narrative of Mr. Schuyler, confirmed since its publication by the statements of others, even by one from a special agent of the British Government, must be moved to pity for the unhappy Christian subjects of the British Empire, and to honest indignation at the inhuman conduct of their oppressors. While practicing their barbarities, the Turks have had the countenance and friendship of the professedly Christian nation of England, because of its jealousy of Russia and its anxiety about its East India possessions. But its policy is unjustifiable. The fact that it has so encouraged and sustained the Turks, that they have slaughtered, not only men, but thousands and tens of thousands of women and children, all of them professing the same faith in Christianity with the people of Great Britain, is a sufficient reason for its abandonment. And it is gratifying to learn that the English people are demanding of their rulers, that a more humane, enlightened and liberal policy shall be adopted, and be hereafter followed.

ANGLO-SAXON.

Cheap Havana-Filling Cigars.

F. Hockinjos, at his old stand, corner of Cumberland and Gay streets, is still selling the best five cent cigar in the city, a regular Havana filling cigar. He also has a large stock of fine meerschaum pipes and cigar holders, and the fine Turkish pipe, the only in the city. He also has a full stock of smoking and chewing tobacco and smokers' articles generally. Mr. Hockinjos understands the business thoroughly, and can sell as cheap, if not cheaper than any one else.

Republican Party Tools.

To the Editors of the Chronicle:

Is it possible that a person can not think and speak, that he can not set forth the truths of history without being charged of being party tools, as alleged by the Knoxville Tribune? It says:

"We need not go out of Knoxville for instances of this wholesale abuse that has suddenly taken the place of argument. The speeches of Houk, Foote, Pettibone and Gibson are full of it. The party organ here howls it day after day."

Listen to their Rheatown correspondent, and then quotes the following from Friday's CHRONICLE: "Yes, Col. Ingersoll, will you please tell to what party these old Democrats—who are stained with blood and treason, who waged a war to destroy the Union, who connived at assassins, riots and massacres, who boast that they will effect by the ballot what they lost by the sword—belongs?" etc. Then comments:

"Now, will any sensible man deny that all this is done without a purpose? Certainly not. The object is apparent. It is all written and spoken for the purpose of inflaming the public mind, to induce rioting and brawls."

Not at all, sir. Those are words of soberness, and freighted with the truths of history. It is no abuse—it is simply the unvarnished record of Democracy.

The days of the gag have past. We now have free speech, free thought, and a free press; a precious boon won by Republicans on the field of battle for liberty and humanity. Democracy asks that its record be covered with the mantle of charity, and accept its prospectus in good faith. Yet, at the same time it was the pen of slander, falsehood, abuse, and deception, and it claims to be the immaculate party of reform. That the hands of Democracy are stained with blood and treason, let history decide.

It seems I have seen a letter whose author is now the senior editor of the Knoxville Tribune, charging Isham G. Harris with the murder of Henchie, Fry, Haun and Harmon. If so is his hands not stained with blood, with innocent blood, or has the stain been erased? No! He may cry like Lady Macbeth:

"Out, damned spot! Out, I say!
What, will these hands ne'er be clean?
Here's the smell of the blood still; all the
perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten"
these guilty "hands."

And Isham G. Harris stands on the same plank with others of their leaders.

Are they not stained with treason? If not, all the lexicographers of the world are ignorant as to the proper definition of the word treason. But some of them have been pardoned by the magnanimous Republican party.

Did they not wage war to destroy the Union? Have they not connived at assassins, riots and cold blooded massacres since? Where is the Democratic paper that has not excused or endorsed every massacre and riot against Republicans, white and black, in the South. Not even those papers pretending to be religious, whose sentiments were Democratic, raised a hand or said a word against this wholesale murder that pales into insiguificance the outrages of the most barbarious and savage nation known in history. The bullet has slain the innocent and the knife has cut the unoffending.

Do they not in their bloody record? Did not B. Hill charge on the floors of the Nation's Capital, that the United States was the cause of the untold, indescribable, and horrible sufferings of the prison pens of Andersonville and Libby, entirely exculpating the Confederate Democracy? Does not Democracy claim that it will effect by the ballot what it lost by the sword? What does the following extract from ex-Gov. Humphries' speech, delivered at Meridian, Miss., Nov. 22d, 1875, mean?

"*We have surrendered none of our convictions, and still claim the right of vindication.* In looking back at our past actions and motives, and the wrongs we have suffered and are still suffering, we confess that we have no regrets for the choice we made between the 'higer law' license of majorities in the Union and the sacred securities of self-government in the States—between the Federal and the Confederate Governments. We are not conscious of a solitary dereliction of duty, either as citizen or soldier, and feel that truth, reason, and religion exculpate us from wrong-doing. We know we were right and though crushed to earth, we should remember and teach our children to remember our *cause* was *just!* We are still proud of the cause and glory in the fight we made. Posterity will yet decide that though we lost all but honor (and that is gone now), to save honor was better to have fought and lost than not to have fought at all."

Again, listen at Rev. Martin's speech, delivered May 5, 1876, at Charlotte, North Carolina.

"They speak of our cause as the "*Lost Cause.*" If so, shall it be lost forever?" No! A new generation *has* sprung up (I suppose Col. Ingersoll's young, pure, noble, Democracy), and at a not far distant day there will be stars and bars floating proudly over our Sunny South. * * * * * We are to-day united to the Puritanical host by an artificial tie; but we are a distinct people and God and the right will enable us to show to the world the truth and the equity of our claims. Our statesmen now in Congress (I suppose he means B. Hill and his Confederate colleagues) are the *cream* of that body, and are the only element that reflects credit on the United States. Is it not better to hang on to the Lost Cause than to stay in a Government of corruption?" (That is, to stay in the Union.)

Extracts might be quoted of a similar type *ad infinitum* from the speeches of the *tools* of the Democracy. But these certainly give the animus of the party which is offering to *reform* the Nation. It shows conclusively that we are to fight with the ballot the same party, prompted by the same motives, founded principles and led to battle by the same traitorous leaders that we met in the bloody fields of Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia in the late fratricidal war.

Democracy claims to be a party of progress and reform. What has it done that tends to improve civilization, elevate, enlighten and Christianize society? It clings, with the grasp of a Hercules, to the traditions, teachings and prejudices of the past. In the Southern mind slavery was the sub-foundation of all that was great and good. Churches made it the corner-stone of their salvation. The pulpit proclaimed it to be a divine institution. The saints, upon their knees, asked for its perpetuation and prosperity. The press defended it. The law made it a crime to oppose it. Scientists attempted to prove from the ebon shin and bulging foot that a negro was not human. They still cling to it with an affectionate rememberanc as the palladium of their lost greatness. One of their orators says: "We have fought for our rights, but in God's dispensation we are vanquished, but not cowed. *Slavery is a divine institution*, and we must have that institution, or the South will ever be bankrupt."

One writer has said: "The world went back six thousand years when Napoleon lost the victory at the battle of Waterloo." If it did, it went forward ten thousand years the day Abraham Lincoln, with a Republican pen, broke the shackles of American slavery and bid four millions go free. It was then that Liberty struck her highest note and awakened slumbering Hope in the hearts of the oppressed of all nations. It was then that Columbia, for the first time, could face monarchs, and without blushing, utter that grandest of all truths, "that all men are created equal, and are endowed with certain inalienable rights, life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Let us rally once again around the banner of Freedom, and strike down our foe.

I know they cry war, bloody shirt, etc., but who made the war, and who keeps the shirt bloody? The Democracy and the bloody shirt will prove more fatal in November than did the shirt of Necius. W. E. F. M.

Removal.

Nelson & Cruze have removed their store from the corner of Main and Gay streets to East side of Market Square, where they will be glad to see all their old patrons, and as many new ones as possible. vi23dtf.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 26.

Money easy, 1½a2. Sterling firm. Gold $1.10. Governments dull and steady; new 5's, 14⅞. States quiet and nominal.

Cotton quiet; sales of 871 bales at 11¾a11 5-16.

Flour firm, and a light trade for export and home use; superfine Western and State $4 25a4 85; closing quiet. Southern flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull, still in buyer's favor, and a limited export and milling demand: $1.10 for old winter red Western; $1.18 a1.20 for new do; $1.20 for new winter red St. Louis and Texas; $1 31 for extra new amber, Indiana, $1.25 for new white Indiana. Corn a shade easier and a moderate export home trade demand; 56½a59 for ungraded Western mixed, the latter choice; 59a60 for yellow Western. Oats, common new a shade easier, a moderate trade; good and prime old and new quiet and firm, 51. Coffee, Rio, very firm, 15¾a18¾ gold, cargoes; 15¾a20, gold job lots. Sugar dull and nominal, 8¾a9; fair to good refining and refined in fair demand; 10⅝ for standard A. Molasses quiet; 45a58 for New Orleans. Rice, a fair request and full prices. Tallow easier, 8½a8¾. Pork quiet; new, $16.80. Lard dull, closing steady; prime steam, $10 42½a10.45. Whisky steady, $1.11½.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26.—Oats scarce and firm; prime Southern, 40a43c. Rye firm and quiet. Provisions firm and unchanged. Coffee strong and active; prices unchanged. Whisky firm, and held at $1.12. Sugar quiet.

SCHOOL
—OF—
ELOCUTION AND ORATORY.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE OPENED on Monday night, October 2d, 1876, in the commodious room over the store of Messrs. Williams & Zimmerman, on Gay street. The room has been fitted up expressly for the School, and is furnished with Shoemaker's New Charts, illustrative of all the principles of Education. The Readings, Recitations, and Lectures will correspond, in the main, with those of the celebrated National School of Elecution and Oratory, in the city of Philadelphia. Ladies and Gentlemen who may wish to acquire a graceful style of conversation and reading, an effective delivery, in general, may obtain material by attending upon the exercises of this new and important Institution. The attention of Teachers and Public Speakers of all kinds is very respectfully invited to this School. Those who complete the course of instruction will be entitled to a regular certificate of graduation. For terms and other particulars apply to THOS. C. TEASDALE.
Principal.

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W. W. WOOD

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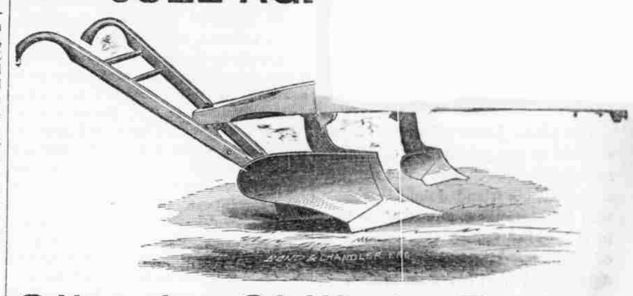

Oliver's Chilled Plows,
Fairbank's Scales,
Dupont's Rifle and Blasting Powder,
Disston's Circular and Mill Saws,
Boston Rubber Belting Company,
Hall's Fire and Burglar Proof Saf
Sinclair Cutters and Shellers,
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Champion Fanning Mill,
Trion Factory's Cotton Rope---All Sizes.
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