Knoxville Daily Chronicle.

VOL. IX. KNOXVILLE, TENN.: THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 20, 1879. NO. 233.

Business Directory.

J. F. BAUMANN, ARCHITECT
AND
Supt. of Buildings.
OFFICE:
Over E. T. National Bank.
Gay Street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

F. F. ATWELL, AGENT
Home Insurance Co. N. Y. Assets $5,754,214
Continental do do do 2,606,235
Franklin of Philadelphia, do 3,308,866
x19d1y

FAMILY GROCERIES.

E. C. LOCKE, No. 23, east side Market Square. Commission Merchant and dealer in Family Groceries Country Produce bought and sold.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

CHAS. H. BROWN, NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office at the East Tennessee National Bank.

PROFESSIONAL.

WM. M. BAXTER, (successor to Baxter & Son) Attorney at Law, office Exchange and Deposit Bank Building. Practices in the Courts in Knoxville.

O. P. TEMPLE, Attorney at Law, at his Old Office, East side of Gay Street, near the residence of S. T. Atkin. Charges moderate.

"THE IMPERIAL"
Coal Cooking Stove
AND
"The New Capitolia"
Wood Cooking Stove
HAVE EVERY
IMPROVEMENT OF
Utility, Value and Beauty.
THEY ARE NOT
Surpassed by any Stoves
sold in
East Tennessee.
Call and examine, or write for prices.
HAVEY, ROLEN & CO.,
Stoves and Tinware,
MARKET SQUARE,
Knoxville, Tenn.

Daily Weather Report.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Feb. 18, 1879.

Time of Observation.	Barometer corrected for Temp. and Elevation.	Thermometer.	Wet Bulb Thermometer.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity in miles per hour.	Rain Fall since last report in inches	State of the Weather
7 A. M.	30.33	37°	28°	N.	3		Clear
11:32 "	30.32	49°	39°	N. W.	8		Fair
2:00 P. M.	30.17	46°	41°	S. W.	12		Clear
P. M.	30.14	48°	41°	W	18	0.00	Fair

Maximum Thermometer 49°, Minimum 29°.

F. HOUGH,
Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. Army.

INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, areas of rain and snow, winds mostly from west to north, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature and partly cloudy weather.

THE question of specie resumption and the National Banks is settled at last. The Tennessee House of Representatives did it yesterday. They should now take up the Chinese question, and when they get through with that, they might turn their attention to the Afghan war.

REPRESENTATIVE LUGGAN, of Sevier county, has introduced a bill in the Legislature, to provide for repairing and keeping up public roads, a copy of which bill is before us. It provides for a radical change from the present no account system, and while we have not had time to examine it carefully, we are prepared to endorse it as a great improvement over the present law. It provides for dividing counties into convenient road districts, and for an overseer for each district, who shall be paid one dollar per day for his services, while actually employed, his accounts to be approved by the Justices of the Peace for his district. The County Courts are required to levy a tax on personal property and real estate to be expended for the improvement of roads. The bill is a good one, and we sincerely trust that it or something like it may become a law.

MINOR DISPATCHES.

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 19.—Bishop Foley died a few minutes before four o'clock this morning. The funeral services will be held in this city on Friday, after which the remains of the late Bishop will be taken to Baltimore.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The election of Supervisors for Jefferson county yesterday, resulted in the election of fourteen Republicans and thirteen Democrats, a Democratic gain of two.

HARRISBURG, PA., Feb. 19.—Mayor Patterson (Republican) was re-elected yesterday by over 300 majority, and Treasurer Shelsby by abour 500. The Controllership is undecided. The Democrats elected both branches of the Councils.

The CHARTER OAK can not be excelled.

Get a CHAMPION MONITOR, at HAWKINS, BUTT, DE PUE & Co's.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Miscellaneous Proceedings of the Tennessee Legislature.

They Refuse to Buy a Flag, Table the 50 Cent Compromise, Etc.

The A. M. & O. Railroad in Court on a New Point of Law.

A Denial of the Existence of Yellow Fever In New Orleans.

Death of Bishop Foley in Chicago Yesterday.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 19, 1879.

Special to the Chronicle.

In the House the resolution to purchase a flag for the use of the State was rejected by a vote of 40 to 27.

The resolution declaring as the sense of the Legislature that specie resumption should be retained as the permanent policy of the Govment was tabled.

Mr. Hall's resolution to compromise the State debt at fifty cents, with four per cent. interest, was tabled by a vote of 52 to 12.

The bill requesting Congressmen to secure the passage of a bill providing for the retirement of National Bank notes and substituting greenbacks, was adopted by a vote of 51 to 14.

Senate bill repealing the law allowing the Comptroller to employ a clerk at the expense of the State passed third reading.

House bill to change the line between Washington and Greene passed third reading.

House bill reducing the salary of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction was amended making the salary nineteen hundred and ninety-five dollars. As there is only five dollars difference between that and the Senate bill the salary will be fixed at that sum.

The Insurance bill was not placed in the Governor's hands until yesterday, and he will have until the twenty-third to take action on it.

XLV CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.

The Senate passed the House bill to fix the pay of letter carriers and the Senate bill to incorporate the United States Railway Mail Service for the mutual benefit of the Associaticn.

The Senate renewed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill.

The Senate to day confirmed Wm. L. McMillan as Postmaster at New Orleans, and Algernon S. Badger as Collector of Customs at New Orleans.

HOUSE.

The House is in Committee of the Whole on the Legislative Appropriation bill. The point of order made last night against the amendment offered by Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, to repeal the juror's test oath and regulating the mode of drawing and pay of jurors, was discussed at some length, and was overruled, the chairman, Mr. Blackburne, of Kentucky, deciding that it was not in order.

The Committee of the Whole agreed, by a vote of 129 to 85, to the amendment offered by Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, to the Legislative Appropriation bill fixing the pay and regulating the manner of selecting jurors, and repealing the juror's test oath.

The question then arose upon an amendment offered by Mr. Southard repealing the sections which authorize the appointment of Supervisors of Election. A long and interesting debate followed. Messrs. Hale, of Maine, and Garfield, both speaking for the Republican party in the House, declared they would use every parliamentary device to defeat the proposed amendment. The discussion was of an excited character, and the members on both sides earnestly declared their purpose to stand firm in their views, either for or against the measure. The proposed amendment was pending when the House adjourned, and, as the Democrets insist upon its adoption, the indications are that the bill will fail. This will necessitate an extra session.

During the debate Mr. Wood of New York, recited the history of the laws which were proposed to be repealed. They were but a portion of a series of laws passed in order to keep the Southern States as stipendiaries of the Republican party; that it had been intended for the South, but it was now applied to the North. The gentleman from Maine (Mr. Frye) assumed to speak for his party when he said that he would resist by every means in his power the repeal of those laws. He (Mr. Wood) could not speak for his party, but he could speak for one man when he said that he did not care what become of the appropriation bills. He believed that it was a higher question than that of appropriating money. He could stay in the House as long as any gentleman. The Democratic party could resist as long as the Republican party, and he would not consent to vote for a dollar until this amendment should be engrafted in the bill.

Mr. Garfield, of Ohio, said he had not spoken on the points of order, because he did not regard the question as one that was being considered deliberately. Ordinarily this was a Hall of deliberation, but now they were called upon merely to register the edict of a party caucus under the rule of a person who was under orders to decide that the amendment came in under the rule. This remark caused an immediate explosion of anger on the Democratic side and there were calls to order and a demand that the obnoxious sentence be reduced to writing, and read at the Clerks desk, but the Chairman (Blackburn, of Kentucky,) expressed a wish that no point of order should be made, but that he (Blackburn) should be permitted to respond, and that wish was acceded to.

Mr. Garfield proceeded with his speech, exhibiting in its delivery much feeling and determination. He said: The Chair will perfectly understand that I meant no reflection on him personally (derisive laughter on the Democratic side). What I mean to say is that where a party caucus resolves against the will of its own minority that its whole party must act as one man here without regard to its opponents within its own party; then it csases to be free deliberation, and it becomes dictation from outside and not the deliberation of statesmen.

Mr. Blackburn having left the chair came on the floor and reading the objectionable extract from Mr. Garfield's speech asked the latter if he still stood by that. Mr. Garfield replied that the extract did not show his full meaning, that all he said or meant to say was that the Democratic side of the House (including the chairman) was acting under the morol duresse of caucus dictation, and that in saying so he meant nothing personal. Mr. Blackburn then said that he accepted the explanatian freely and ungrudgingly. He denied, however, that he was acting under any instructions from the caucus, and stated that he had never seen or read the amendments until they were presented in the committee, and that no member was bound by the action of the caucus. There was a good deal of excitement throughout the discussion, and Mr. Blackburn was frequently applauded on the Democratic side, as Garfield had been on the Republican side.

Before the actual opening of the filibustering proceedings (which appear now be inevitable), the committee arose, without action on the amendment, and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Alfred A. Tufts was nominated for Receiver of Public Monies at Camden, Arkansas.

Major Morris, Special Agent of the Treasury, who has recently returned from Alaska, received a telegram yesterday from Surgen Minor, of the Marine Hospital service at Puget Sound, stating that the commander of the British gunboat, Osprey, would take his vessel from Vareoma Island to Sitka if the American Consul would request it. The latter declined to take the responsibility. Major Morris then telegraphed to the Consul for particulars, and has received the following reply:

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 18.—Citizens of Sitka supplicated the commander of Her Majesty's ship Osprey for protection from Indians representing that without immediate protection fears of indiscriminate massacre were entertained. The commander signified his readiness to go on an official request if instructed that the situation was urgent. No objection was made nor was protection asked as necessary and so informed the commander, and the Osprey left for Sitka to-day at noon.

[Signed] ALLEN FRANCIS,
U. S. Consul.

In response to Collector Ball's appeal for aid, Secretary Sherman has telegraphed to the Collector of Customs at Port Townsend, W. T., to direct Capt. Seldin to proceed to Sitka as soon as practicable in his vessel, the revenue steamer Oliver Wolcott, and preserve the peace.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Feb. 19.—The House of Delegates to-day adopted the report of the Committee on Courts of Justice, embracing a resolution declaring the State of Virginia not liable for certificates issued under acts of '71 and '72 for one-third of the public debt apportioned to the State of West Virginia, except as expressed on their face to provide for the payment of such proportion of the amount thereof as may be derived from a settlement with West Virginia in regard to the debt as it existed at the time of the dismemberment of the State.

The discussion of the bill providing for a settlement of the State debt was begun in the Senate today, and the House will take it up to-morrow as the special order. The indications are that it will pass in the Senate without much opposition, but in the House the fight will be obstinate.

In the United States Ceurt today in the suit of Skiddy, Duncan and Barlow, Trustees, vs. the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ghio Railroad, a petition was filed by a number of dissatisfied stockholders in Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Company, asking leave to bring suit against Messrs. Perkins and Fink, Receivers of the first named road, and others. The petitioners also filed a bill which assails the validity of the sale of State stock, and the claims made by the Board of Public Works. Impeaches as fraudulent and imperative the fifteen millions dollars margage, and asks that the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Company be restered to its independence and autonomy and the possession of its separute property and franchises. Judge Hughes permitted the petition be filed, and stated that a day would be fixed on which to hear argument after consultation with Judge Bond.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 19.—Reports having been recently published of the existence of yellow fever in New Orleans a statement is made that such reports are untrue, no cases or deaths from yellow fever having occurred there during this year. The statement is signed by many prominent citizens and officials including Dr. Samuel Choppe, President of the Board of Health, Gov. Nicholls, Mayor Patton and Perry Nugent, President of the Cotton Exchange.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The 3rd battalion and 60th Rifles left Colchester this morning for the Cape of Good Hope. The streets were decorated with flags, evergreens and mottoes The corporation presented an address to the troops, wherein hope was expressed that they would recover the colors of the 24th regiment. Col. Pemberton replied. The troops marched to the railway station, accompanied by four regimental bands.

Chancery Court at Knoxville.

No. 3174.

P. M. Williams against H. D. Lee and wife and others.

IN THIS CAUSE IT APPEARING FROM the amended bill, which is sworn to, that the defendants, H. D. Lee and wife, S. J. Lee, E. B. Jennings and wife, A. P. Jennings, W. A. Wray and wife, Ellen E. Wray, William Danron and Margaret E. Danron are nonresidents of the State of Tennessee so that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them, it is therefore ordered by the Clerk and Master that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville on or before the 3rd Monday of March next, and make defense to the A. bill filed in this cause or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered that this notice be published in the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle for four consecutive weeks. This 29th day of January, 1879. A true copy, test.

feb5wkt M. L. PATTERSON, C. & M.

In Bankruptcy:

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Tennessee.

In the matter of Samuel C. Bush, Bankrupt, at Knoxville, in said District, on the 25th day of January, 1879.

TAKE NOTICE THAT A PETITION HAS been filed in said Court by Samuel C. Bush of Hamilton county, in said District, duly declared a Bankrupt under the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that Monday, the 17th day of February next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of Register Wm. M. Baxter, in the town of Knoxville, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at said time and place.

jan31ltw2t HU. L. McCLUNG. Clerk.

The Chronicle Job Office will print Envelops, Business Cards, Tags, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, &c., &c., as cheap as they can be printed anywhere We will not be underworked.

H. W. CURTIS,
JEWELER,
Has received a full line of Goods, consisting in part of
Watches, Sets, Rings, Pins,
Sleeve Buttons, Chains,
BRACELETS, GOLD AND SILVER
SPECTACLES.
SOLID SILVER SPOONS,
Forks, Etc.
A large line of
Silver-Plated Ware, &c.
Prces Low. Call and See.
Cor. Gay and Church Streets,
Knoxville, - Tennessee.

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WHIG AND CHRONICLE
STEAM
JOB OFFICE
DOES ALL KINDS OF
BOOK AND JOB
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AT THE
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Not To Be Excelled.
WE WILL KEEP A FULL STOCK OF
BUSINESS CARDS,
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And will furnish them as low as they can be purchased anywhere in the State.
ORDERS BY MAIL
PROMPTLY FILLED
Address
Whig and Chronicle Pub. Co

In the Chancery Court at Knoxville.

N. 3,220.

John M. Reisk II. Executor of Wm. Reiskell Deceased and others against Martin Shea and others.

IN THIS CAUSE IT APPEARING FROM THE bill, which is sworn to that the defendants, W. B. Johnson, C. A. Nutting, Joseph E. Brown, Alfred Antisell and John A. Scott are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is therefore ordered by the Clerk and Master that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville on or before the 3d Monday of March next, and make defense to the bill filed in this cause, or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered that this notice be published in the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle for four consecutive weeks. This, 15th day of February, 1879. A true copy, test.

feb19wkt M. L. PATTERSON, C. & M.

Chancery Court, Knoxville, Tenn.

No. 3,219.

Rachael E. Young against Anderson T. Young

IN THIS CAUSE IT APPEARING FROM the original bill, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Anderson T. Young is a non resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon him, it is therefore ordered by the Clerk and Master that the said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville on or before the 3d Monday of March next and make defence to the bill filed in this cause, or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered that this notice be published in the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle for four consecutive weeks. This, 15th day of February, 1879. A true copy, teste.

feb.9wkt M. L. PATTERSON, C. & M.

Chancery Court at Knoxville.

No. 3192.

C. Rutherford against E. A. Sawyers and others.

IN THIS CAUSE IT APPEARING FROM the A. & S. Bill, which is sworn to, that the defendant, E. A. Sawyers, is a non resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon him, it is therefore ordered by the Clerk and Master that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville on or before the 3d Monday of March next, and make defense to the A. & S. Bill filed in this cause, or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered that this notice be published in the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle for four consecutive weeks. This 23th day of January, 1879. A true copy, test.

feb5wkt M. L. PATTERSON, C. & M.

COFFIN, WILSON & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
Corner Gay and Reservoir Streets,
Keep the Largest Stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY
GROCERIES,
KEPT IN
EAST TENNESSEE,
AND
Allow no one to Undersell Them.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
HAZARD RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

WE
HAVE
REMOVED
OUR
ENTIRE
Stock of Goods
TO THE
LARGE
Store-room
SITUATED
—ON—
GAY STREET,
FOUR DOORS
SOUTH
OF THE
ROUND HOUSE,
—AND—
NEXT DOOR
—TO—
Jos. T. McTeer's.
MATT. NELSON & CO.

Spring-First New Goods-1879
For the Early Spring Trade.
ALVIN BARTON
Has just opened the handsomest lot of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings ever seen in Knoxville.
White corded and figured French Piques; beautiful new Silk Ties and Bows; very handsome new Neck Ruchings; black and white SILK AND THREAD LACE TIES;
Collars, Cuffs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs.
New lot of Black French Cashmeres,
Guinet's Black Silks, direct from Lyons, $1.00 to $3.00 per yard, warranted to be as cheap as they can be purchased in the U. S.
Samples of New SUMMER SILKS on exhibition (from which to fill special orders), New Mohairs, and French wool Beiges, Bleached Domestics, Sheetings, Pillow Casings, Counterpanes, Hosiery, Corsets and Notions. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Socks, Drawers, Collars, Gloves, Ties, etc.,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS
Beautiful new Curtain Shades in 6, 7 and 8 feet. Carpets made and laid. Shades hung.
Best Anker Boiling Cloths,
Nos. 3 to 11, constantly on hand.
Latest Fashions received every week in the DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT, and Suits made as stylishly as in Boston or New York, and at much less expense.
All orders by mail promptly and faithfully attended to.
ALVIN BARTON,
GAY STREET,
Opposite the Lamar House,
KNOXVILLE, TENN
aprilldly

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is the simplest, easiest running, fastest and most perfect press ever invented, and guaranteed to be Thoroughly Reliable. Any smart boy can manage it, and do hundreds of dollars worth of work a year. It saves business men all their printing bills. Presses as low as $3. For business printing, $10 to $35. Rotary foot power, $100 to $100. Over 6,000 now in use, and a Prize Medal awarded at the Paris Exposition.
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GREAT CHANGE IN BUSINESS.
The oldest CLOTHING HOUSE in town has dissolved and
N. STERN
Keeps the business at the OLD STAND. The large stock of
CLOTHING
—AND—
Gents' Furnishing Goods
Will and must be sold in 60 DAYS far below cost for cash. My stock is paid for and therefore I am able to sell GOODS lower than any other House in the City.
Now, if you want to buy Good Clothing, for CASH, at a LOW PRICE call at my store at once as my stock must be sold.
I keep the EAGLE WHITE SHIRT at $12.00 per dozen, open FRONT and BACK, all sizes, and offer
$25.00
to any one who can beat the same SHIRT in Price and Quality.
Call and convince yourself before buying anywhere else, as I mean NO HUMBUG.
Goods sent to any point C. O. D. with the privilege to return the same if not satisfactory.
NATHAN STERN,
110 GAY STREET. Opposite the Central House.