GREETING!

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year to all, and a cordial welcome to call and see my Unique Novelties in the Extremest Styles. Piano-fortes and Parlor Organs. I have now on exhibition the most elegant Cabinet Grand Piano ever introduced in the city.

Office: Union Street.

J. A. GILBERT.

The Daily Chronicle.

VOL. XIII. KNOXVILLE, TENN.: WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1882. NO. 167.

HAVELY & THOMPSON,

HOUSE,

SIGN & FRESCO PAINTERS

Wall Paper Dealers and Hangers.

Furnishing and Hanging NEW and ARTISTIC Paper a Specialty.

OFFICE—In rear of Merchants' Bank, Gay Street.

READ what is said elsewhere about the Methodist University.

1882 is beginning to get weak in the knees. It can't stand many more *weeks*.

It will soon be going to the Tribune's favorite retreat—the graveyard.

THE Tribune says that the editor of the CHRONICLE "can*not* open his mouth *either* way."

The CHRONICLE says that the editor of the Tribune *can* "open his mouth *either* way."

We will admit almost anything to keep you out of the graveyards.

THE CHRONICLE will make it a point of honor to keep the public fully informed of the extent of the smallpox in Knoxville. Every new case will be promptly published, and every death noted. There shall be no concealment, no wasion, no exaggeration, no extenuation; but the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

THE dolesomeness of the lugubrious monotone that emanates from the queremonious organ of the graveyards will infect its readers with a funeral melancholy, likely to result in hypochondriacal contaminstion. Dreadful, indeed!

In the meantime, the CHRONCLE beats the lively drum of progress, and blows 'forward march' upon the merry bugle. Rub-a-dub-dub! Tra-la-la-la!

AND now the Tennessee legislator scratcheth his head behind his ear, and getteth him a pencil and paper, and prepareth the little bill he promised his constituents to introduce.

And when these little bills are introduced, the committee will wink its right eye, and quietly put them into the wastepaper basket, and they will be heard of no more forever.

And when the legislator is asked why his little bills did not pass, he will look wise and say solemnly, 'I was only one man in one-hundred and thirty-two.'

THE Tribune says that the people now emigrating from East Tennessee to the West and elsewhere "may well be spared as *a thriftless set* who give place both to new capital and *industry*."

These emigrants and their friends will no doubt thank the Tribune for this complimentary letter of introduction it sends along with them to their new homes and new neighbors.

The Tribune was born under an unlucky star. If it attempts to move forward it stumbles and falls on its face; if it attempts to move backward, it falls at full length into a graveyard.

Poor Tribune!

THE Tribune, yesterday, made another visit to the graveyards of the past, and groans, and bewails, and sheds tears, and paws up the earth and howls, about the "incendiarism, murder and mob violence" that raged in East Tennessee "*fifteen* years ago."

It is ludicrously solemn to behold the Tribune get down among the corpses, skeletons, bones, worms, shrouds and coffins, of "fifteen years ago," and there, like some insane wizard, go through its incantations, and utter its agonizing lamentations, and beat its breast and tear its hair, and pour rivers of salt-water from its grief-reddened eyes.

Oh, Mr. Tribune, we fear you are in a bad way—a very bad way. We urge all your friends to administer consolation. Indeed, we fear you are exhibiting unmistakable symptoms of insanity. Your great brain cannot long endure the agonies of "fifteen years ago."

THE Tribune having surrendered, and acknowledged that we were in the right in our railroad discussions; and the Judge having decided in our favor on the question of paying the National Debt, we were more than satisfied with our laurels.

But now the Tribune comes forward and gives us the credit of writing the communication signed "Progress." Thank you, for the compliment, Mr. Tribune.

Truth, however, compels us to inform you that "Progress" is one of the livest, most progressive and most energetic friends the business interests of East Tennessee have ever had.

"Progress" is also a prominent Democrat. Mr. Tribune, it would make your eyeballs turn green to know how the business men of Knoxville and of all East Tennessee are indorsing the CHRONICLE, without regard to national politics.

The platform of business politics the CHRONICLE is standing on has ample room for all liberal, progressive business men.

Come over, Mr. Tribune, and we will do thee good.

Political Assessments.

WASHINGTON December 18.—The Supreme Court of the United States rendered a decision this afternoon in the political assessment case of N. M. Curtis. The constitutionality of the law under which General Curtis was convicted is affirmed and a petition for a writ of habeas corpus denied. Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the Court, Justice Bradley dissenting.

TALK OF THE TELEGRAPH.

News From the National Capital

Items of Interest From Other Parts of the Country.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 18.—First Comptroller Lawrence has decided in the case of the claim of Representative Shelley, of Alabama, that he was not entitled to the extra compensation asked for from May 17th to July 20th, 1882, for which time he had already received his salary.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 18.—Senator Sherman, from the committee on finance, reported a substitute for the House bill providing for the entry of distilled spirits on distillery warehouses. Senator Sherman asked the immediate consideration of the bill, but Senator Ingalls objected. Senator Sherman gave notice that he would call it up to-morrow.

Senator Allison, from the committe on appropriations, reported the consular diplomatic appropriation bill, with amendments.

Senator Jonas, of Louisiana, gave notice that on Wednesday he would move to take up the bill to amend an act in relation to the revival of causes from State courts.

On motion of Senator Morrill the House bill to amend an act to repeal the discriminating duties on goods produced east of the Cape of Good Hope was taken up and passed.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill granting the right of way over public lands to the Rome and Decatur Railroad. Referred to the committee on public lands.

Senator George, at his own request, was excused from further service on the committee on claims.

Senator Hoar gave notice that at the earliest possible time he would call up the bill to provide for the performance of the duties of the office of President in case of death, resignation or disability of the President or Vice President.

The Senate took up the Indian appropriations bill. Senator Dawes, in charge of the bill, made a brief statement of its provisions. The estimates for the year he said was $6,625,000. The bill as it came from the House appropriated $5,208,000, and the Senate committee added $154,200. The amount appropriated last year was $5,475,000, so that the appropriation this year would be $1,362,000 less than the estimate, and $112,248 less than the appropriation last year. The bill was read and nearly all the amendments reported by the committee on Indian affairs were agreed to.

Senator Brown rose to a personal explanation and had read at the desk an article in a Washington paper stating that the committee of Senators and Representatives who attended the funeral of Senator Hill, of Georgia, had traveled in a special car; had been extravagant generally, and had incurred bills amounting to $3,800.

Senator Brown said the committee had not traveled in a special car and had not been extravagant, their whole expenses being only $1,025. It was true, he believed, that the undertaker had presented to the Sergeant-at-Arms, a bill of over $3,000 for the funeral expenses of Senator Hill, but not with the approval of the family or friends of the deceased. There was no precedent for the payment by the United States of the burial expenses of Senators or Representatives, and Senator Hill's family and friends asked nothing but what was customary.

Senator Hoar, from the committee on the judiciary, reported with amendment the bankruptcy bill, which was recommitted to that committee last week.

The House resolution of sincere sorrow on the death of Representative Orth, was received and laid before the Senate.

Senator Harrison said the announcement of the death of Mr. Orth would bring sorrow to a very wide circle of friends, and as a token of respect to one who had had a long and very honorable career in public service, he moved that the Senate adjourn.

The presiding officer appointed as the committee on the part of the Senate, to attend the funeral: Senators Harrison, Lapham and Saunders.

The Senate then, at 4 o'clock, on Harrison's motion, adjourned.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—A bill was introduced by Senator Harris to repeal the 10th section of the act to prevent the introduction of contageous diseases into the United States. Referred to the committee on epidemic diseases.

The President appointed Senator Barrow to fill the vacancy on the committee on claims and Senator Harris to fill one on the committee on rules.

Senator Plumb offered an amendment providing that the appropriation for the education of the Indians at Carlisle shall cover the cost of their transportation. Agreed to.

The following amendments were agreed to:

By Senator Dawes: Appropriating $5,000 to enable the Secratary of the Interior to complete negotiations with the Sioux.

By Senator Beck: Directing the removal of the Crow agency to some point east of the Big Horn River, in the vicinity of Fort Custer.

By Senator Call: Providing that the Seminoles still remaining in Florida shall receive their share of the money appropriated to pay the interest due that tribe under the treaty stipulations.

By Senator Logan: Providing that any disbursing officer or other person who shall present any voucher, account or claim to any United States officer for approval or payment, containing any material misrepresentation of facts, shall not receive payment for any part of such claims, this being in addition to the penalties provided by the existing law. The bill was then passed, and unfinished business, the civil service bill, came up, and Senator Sherman obtained unanimous consent to lay it aside, and take up the bill reported by him yesterday from the finance committee, for the withdrawal of the spirits in bonded warehouses.

Senator Ingalls moved to amend the bill adding the provision that from and after the expiration of 13 years from the entry of any distilled spirits now in warehouses, five per cent. interest shall be collected upon such spirits, to be computed down to the time of withdrawal. Agreed to—yeas 39, nays 17.

At 5:45 o'clock, on motion of Senator Morey, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

ORTH'S DEATH NOTICED.

WASHINGTON, December 18.—The death of Mr. Orth, of Indiana, was referred to in a few touching words by the Chaplain of the House, and the desk of the late Representative was appropriately draped in black.

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, offered a resolution reciting the fact that the agitation of the question of reducing or abolishing the internal revenue

TAX ON TOBACCO

greatly injured, and continues to injure the trade in that article, and that the allowance of rebate on the stock on hand will prove a damage to the trade mentioned, and therefore declaring it to be the sense of the House that in case the internal revenue laws be amended so as to reduce or abolish the internal revenue tax on tobacco, provision shall be made for allowing a rebate of the tax paid on the stock on hand at the time such law goes into effect, provided that such stock is stamped and in unbroken packages.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, objected to the present consideration of the resolution. The tobacco manufacturers, he said, were just like anybody else affected by taxation.

Mr. Butterworth declared the tobacco trade simply paralyzed by agitation.

Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, said the House could have an opportunity of discussing the whole question immediately after the consideration of the appropriation bill now pending, if it so desired. It was his purpose to relieve the tobacco trade of this agitation by having action on the question at the earliest moment.

The resolution was referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Page, of California, chairman of the committee on commerce, favorably reported back the bill of the joint shipping committee, and it was placed on the House calendar and made a special order for Wednesday, the 3rd of January.

Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported back, without recommendation, the resolution for holiday recess from December 22nd to January 3rd.

Mr. Hiscock, of New York, inquired whether the business of the ways and means committee would be facilitated if the House should remain in session during the holidays.

Mr. Kelley replied that both the business of the country and of the ways and means committee could be facilitated. After a long discussion the resolution was lost—yeas, 105; nays, 123.

Mr. Robeson then offered a resolution fining every member absent without leave from the 22nd of December, 1882, to the 3rd of January, 1883, $50.00 for each day's absence. Adopted—yeas, 111; nays, 102.

Mr. Brown, of Indiana, announced the death of Hon. Godlove S. Orth, of Indiana, and in respect to the memory of the deceased the House at 2:50 adjourned.

Owing to the resolution for a holiday recess coming up as a privileged question and to the long debate which ensued thereon, as well as to the fact of the early adjournment of the House, neither States were called for bills, nor committees for propositions to suspend the rulese, a circumstance which is almost without a precedent since the adoption of the new rules.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Nolan, of New York: To abolish the internal revenue tax on fermented liquors.

By Mr. Joyce, of Vermont: For the regulation of telegraph and cable companies.

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, from the committee on appropriations, reported the army appropriation bill and it was referred to the committee of the whole. Mr. Butterworth stated that he would move its consideration as soon as the post office appropriation bill was disposed of.

The Speaker laid before the House the request of Mr. Davidson, of Florida, for leave of absence.

There was objection, but by a vote of the House leave was granted, after an explanation by Mr. Davidson as to the cause of his request.

After a number of leaves of absence had been granted, in reply to the question by Mr. Robeson, of New Jersey, the Speaker stated that there were fifteen additional requests for leave; and Mr. Robeson thereupon offered a resolution for recess from the 22nd of December until the 2nd of January. After discussion the resolution was adopted—yeas 127, noys 10.

Mr. Scales, of North Carolina, introduced a resolution directing the committee on ways and means to inquire into the expediency of so amending the internal revenue laws as not only to abolish the tax on tobacco, but also on all brandies made of apples, peaches and grapes, and to reduce the tax on whisky to 50 cents a gallon. And further, to inquire into the propriety of abolishing the present complicated, expensive and odious system of collecting said tax. Referred.

At 2:05 the House went into a committee of the whole, Mr. Calkins, of Indiana in the chair, on the post-office appropriation bill, the pending amendment being that offered by Mr. Robeson, of New Jersey, providing that rrilroad companies, which have received bond subsidies, in addition to grants of public lands, shall receive as compensation for carrrying the mails, 50 per cent. of the amount now allowed to them by law for that service.

Without reaching a vote on the amendment, the House, at 5 o'clock adjourned.

The Mississippi Improvement.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The special committee on the improvement of the Mississippi River examined this morning Maj. Henry Richardson, State engineer for Louisiana, in charge of the levees. His examination was confined to his specialty, and his testimony was that he had considered the levees in his operations as the means of protecting the land from overflow, and not as an improvement to navigation, though he thought it would incidentally be an improvement.

The Tobacco Trade.

LYNCHBURG, VA, December 19.—The report of the secretary of the tobacco association shows that 1,679,920 pounds of tobacco have been sold in this market since October 1st, a decrease of nearly 1,000,000 pounds as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The falling off was occasioned by the bad weather. Prices have been above the average of last year.

Screws Screwed Up.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The President has approved the act for the relief of W. W. Screws.

DeLong's Mistakes.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 18.—The Carson Appeal publishes a long statement made to Senator Jones, of Nevada, by Capt. Verbaum, a Russian captain in the service of the Alaska fur company, with regard to the death of Capt. DeLong and his comrades in Siberia. Capt. Verbaum was the last man to see the Jeannette before she entered the Arctic Ocean, and supplied her with dogs, furs, &c. He attributes the death of DeLong and his men entirely to their ignorance of what it was necessary to do. He says that they should have taken the best possible care of their dogs, instead of killling them, because the keen scent of these animals would have led them to the places in Lena Delta where the provisions were stored, or had been cached by the natives He says, too, that they could have subsisted themselves upon birds, if they had had shot guns to kill them with, but that DeLong refused to take the shot guns which he (Captain Verbaum) offered him before the Jeannette left Alaska. They could also have kept themselves alive by fishing, but they had no fishing takle. "I do not believe," Captain Verbaum says, "that DeLong knew anything about the undertaking he was grappling with."

Bond Circular.

WASHINGTON, December 18.—A circular is to be issued to-day suspending the exchange 3½ per cent. bonds into those from December 30th to February 1st, 1883. The interest on bonds exchanged after February 1st will be adjourned to and from that date.

The Secretary of the Treasury announces that the three months' interest due February 1st, next, on bonds embraced in the 119th call, will be paid by checks forwarded to the registered owners, the fractional interest from that date to February 10th being paid, with the principal of the bonds at the time of redemption.

The assistant treasurer at New York is instructed to continue the redemption called in uncancelled extended bonds, without rebate interest; but after January 1st he will require a redeposite of the three months' interest due February 1st.

Great Fire in Canton.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 18.—The steamer Belgic, from Hong Kong, via Yokohoma, which has just arrived, brings the following intelligence:

HONG KONG, November 22.—There was a great fire at Canton, November 7th and 8th. Eight hundred houses were destroyed. Many lives were lost, including firemen, who were burned to death. The viceroy visited the scene with a body of soldiers, to prevent robberies, and fierce fights occurred between thieves and citizens. The viceroy himself was placed in danger of his life, his party bein jammed in narrow streets. There were two fires in Foo Chow, November 4th and 5th They consumed each about 200 houses and five lives were lost. Prince Kung's death may be looked for at any time.

Parnell Speaks.

LONDON, December 18.—Parnell, in a speech at the banquet given in his honor at Cork yesterday, said he would always oppose any attempt of the government to land emigrants in a helpless and penuiless condition on the shores of the eastern States of America. He said if England desired to promote the emigration of Irishmen, let them be placed on land in America provided with houses and means to raise a crop the first year of their residence. He advocated relief for the congested districts, by purchasing for the people vast tracts of grazing land in Ireland which were peopled before the famine. There was no reason, he said, why they should not be peopled again.

One of the Big Lions of Virginia Dies.

RICHMOND, VA., December 18.—Hon. James Lyons, the oldest and one of the most prominent lawyers in this city, died at his residence here this evening, aged 81. He was for many years in public life. In 1824, he went to New York with a Virginia committee to receive and escort Marquis De LaFayette to Richmond. He was a member of the State Legislature, and also of the Confederate Congress. For some years past he had been in bad health, which forced his retirement from active pursuits. He was held in high esteem by the people in this community.

Whisky in Bond.

WASHINGTON, December 18.—The finance committee of the Senate this morning authorized Senator Sherman to report to the Senate, a bill, prepared at the Treasury and recommended by the Secretary, to extend for two years the per cent. within which persons having whisky in bond must pay the internal revenue taxes thereon.

Two Men Lynched.

DALLAS, TEX., December 18.—Two brothers, George and James Fraley, the latter a mere boy, were arrested in Comanche County charged with stealing cotton and placed under guard at Hazell Dell. At midnight a mob arrived with shot guns, overpowered the guard, took the prisoners to the woods and hanged them on the same limb of a tree.

Chinese Badly Beaten.

LONDON, December 18.—A Paris dispatch says: "Unofficial news from Tonquin, reports that a body of 10,000 Chinese, who were marching against the French, were surprised in a defile by the the mountaineers and their rear guard cut to pieces. The Chinese then returned to Kuansi.

Bobert Watkins, Bristol, Tenn., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters greatly relieved me when suffering with palpitation of the heart."

Signal Service Weather Report.

KNOXVILLE, December 19, 1882.

Time	6.32 a. m.	10.32 a m	2.32 p m
Barometer	30.32	30.34	30.21
Therm'ter	24.	33.	38.
Wet Bplb	23.	30.	35.

Maximum thermometer 41.; minimum thermometer 38.; rainfall, 0.00 inches.

Indications—For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley: Threatening weather and rain; east to south winds; lower barometer; stationary or slight rise in temperture.

Functional derangement of the female system is quickly cured by the use of Dr. R. V, Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." It removes pain and restores health and strength. By all druggists.

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected at Harmony Lodge, No. 11, F. A. A. M., colored, on Monday night, for the ensuing year: W. H. Ogburn, W. M.; Thornton Evans, S. W.; Richard Warwick, J. W.; Shederick H. Carter, secretary; R. Horton, treasurer; Edward Chancellor, S. D.; John Halley, J. D.; Andrew Kidd, tyler; Lee Earbs, chaplain; Green Fields, S. S.; Daniel Powell, J. S.; Sharpe McClellan, marshal. These officers will be installed on the 27th of December.

A pint of the finest ink for families or schools can be made from a ten-cent package of Diamond Dye. Try them.

OVER THE STATE.

An Anglo-German settlement is to be established in Fentress County, this State.

The budget for ordinary expenses of the city of Nashville for 1883, has been fixed at a total of $411,400.

"Texas or bust" was written in bold letters on a canvassed wagon that passed through Somerville a few days since.

Rockwood furnace No. 2 made 72 tons of iron on Wednesday last, being the largest run ever made in one day by this furnace.

Thieves are on the rampage in Nashville. Three houses in that city were robbed Saturday night, and it was not much of a night for thieves either.

Missionary Ridge, near Chattanooga, is becoming a great peach orchard. Numerous investments have been recently made in its lands for this purpose.

The St. Louis papers record the death, on the 29th ult., of General George P. Dorris, of that city, worth something over a million dollars. General Dorris was born in Robertson County, Tenn., Oct. 16, 1807.

The three men who are in jail at Loudon, charged with blowing open and robbing the Loudon County safe and stealing nearly $3,000, confessed on Saturday of having committed the crime. They will be tried the 26th of December.

The Lynchburg Sentinel says Moore County has a dog, owned by Wm. Bruce, that crows like a rooster. That's nothing strange, Madison County has a two-legged dog that can crow like a rooster or talk like a man. Unfortunately nobody owns him.—Jackson Sun.

The Southern Wire Works at Chattanooga turn out 2,000 pounds of barbed wire a day, the city's blast furnace makes forty two tons of iron, and its handle factory 250 dozen wooden handles of various kinds, and the South Tredegar works 70,000 pounds of rails and spikes daily.

At the internal revenue collector's office, tax paid spirit stamps were received to the amount of $283,500 yesterday. This is one of the largest amounts of tax stamps ever received. The collections yesterday at the same office reached the enormous sum of $64,048.81.—Sunday's Nashville World.

A Tennessee law prohibits the sale of loose cotton between sunset and sunrise, the object being to protect planters from the theft of their cotton by night. Under this law thirty indictments were returned against G. N. Trust, doing business near Memphis, who had been buying loose cotton at night.

The post-office at Union City was entered Saturday night at about half-past 1 o'clock, the safe blown open and rifled of its contents. An entrance to the building was effected by prizing open the rear door with a chisel or some other piece of hard metal, the imprints of which are left in the door. The burglars secured about two hundred dollars' worth of stamps. They also carried off three pocket-books containing money and papers.

Capt. Ed. Cox, who was recently pardoned by Governor Stephens, of Georgia, passed through Chattanooga, Saturday, en route for Atlanta. He was accompanied by his wife, who carried the pardon to him at the Dade coal mines, where he has been at work for three years. He has served part of a life sentence for the murder of Col. Robert Alston. The case has attracted universal notoriety on account of the high standing of the parties. Cox is a good looking man, heavy built, but wore the garb of a miner to-day. His hands and general appearance indicated that he had been hard at work. The meeting between husband and wife was very affecting.

On Tuesday night last two fine hogs were stolen from Rev. A. A. Baker, of Concord neighborhood, and the next morning they were tracked by the blood to the house of a negro living in the neighborhood and one of them was found under the bed. The negro was arrested and brought to Columbia Wednesday night by Hamp Joyce, Lit. Beard and Mr. Baker. It is said that when the party reached the jail the negro asked if that was the jail, and some one replied yes, and he had better get all the fresh air he could before he went in, when he cooley remarked, "Good evening, gentlemen," and skipped. Several shot were fired at him but without effect.—Columbia Herald.

It has now been about three months since the Department notified the postmaster at this city that upon proper preparation by the city authorities a free delivery of mail would be established here. The city council was promptly notified, and there the matter appears to rest. No progress is being made toward platting the town and numbering the streets, so that it will be possible to put on carriers. Knoxville is actively getting ready, and it seems as if the usual comparative degree of enterprise in the two towns has been reversed in this case. It is rumored that the recommendation of the department will be soon withdrawn, in view of the fact that the city does not wish the carrier system introduced.—Chattanooga Commercial.

Thirty Negroes Arrested in North Carolina—a few More Supposed to be at Large.

LINCOLNTON, N. C., December 19.—Thirty negroes have been arrested and lodged in jail for being concerned in a riot at this place several days ago. The trials will begin this week.

The town is still guarded by citizens and patrols, but the negro incendiaries have made several attempts to burn it.

Starving on Indian Meal.

DUBLIN, December 18.—It is stated that a famine prevails in Cornick County, Donegat. The people are living on Indian meal. 2,400 persons are in danger of starving.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, December 19—11 a. m.—The stock market opened irregular without any marked change from yesterday's closing prices. The market after opening became strong and an advance, ranging from ¼ to 1½, took place, in which Louisville and Nashville, Union Pacific, Michigan Central, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and Denver and Rio Grande, being most conspicuous in the upward turn. At 11 o'clock the general list receded ⅜@¾, led by Louisville and Nashville.

NEW YORK, December 19.—The speculation on the Stock Exchange has been very dull, but in the main strong, and the general list shows some improvement over yesterday's prices. The market opened irregular, but the changes from yesterday's closing quotations were unimportant. Up to about 11-o'clock the market was strong, and recorded an advance of ¼@1¼, in which Louisville and Nashville, Union Pacific, Denver and Rio Grande, Michigan Central, and Delaware, Lackawana and Western were the leading features. After this the market became very dull and generally heavy, and at noon prices fell off ⅜@1⅛, Omaha, Louisville and Nashville, and Pacific Mail being most conspicuous in the downward turn. After this, although still dull, the market was generally strong, and on preferred recorded an advance of 1¼; common, 1⅜; Western Union, 1½, and for the rest of the list, ¼@¾, the latter for Erie preferred. Prices then receded ⅜@¾, after which the list again sold up ⅜@¾, led by Western Union, but in final dealings most of this was lost, and the market closed dull and in the main heavy. The final sales show an advance over those of yesterday, of ⅜@¾, Union Pacific, Western Union, St. Louis and Nashville, and Michigan Central being most prominent therein. Transactions aggregated 325,000 shares.

French-American Claims Commission.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The French-American Claims Commission made an award in the case of Pierre A. Latourneir, against the United States, for $340, with interest at 5 per cent., from January 1st, 1863. In the case of Charles Guerenean against the United States, the commission announced that the judgment rendered in that case against the claimant ought not to be construed to prejudice any claim he might have, to the amount of $78.84, alleged to be in the custom-house of the United, the proceeds of the sale of certain property claimed by him.

The cases of the following persons were dismissed for want of jurisdiction: Joseph V. Darmure, the widow of J. N. Jude, L. Grandeury, Mrs. J. E. Garandy, Estelle A. Veque, Jane Berdon, L. J. B. Delcazel, D. F. Phillippe, A. Socola, administrat r, and Mrs. J. Meyer.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Constipation, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all **Malaria, Bilious attacks,** Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, **but is no intoxicating beverage.**

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or **sleepless** at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe **purgative, alterative** and **tonic** can never be out of place. The remedy is **harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.**

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,

And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.

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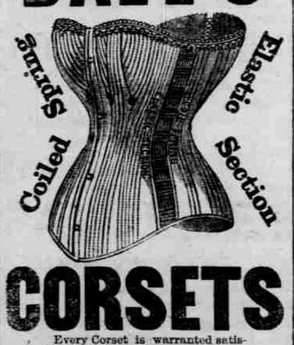

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