

VIRGINIA.

EFFECTS OF THE FRESHET.

Houses and Bridges Swept Away by the Torrent.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—Superintendent Kates, of the Western Union Lines, telegraphs this morning that a number of buildings at Lynchburg have been swept away, and that both the gas and water works there are submerged.

Houses from the country above have been floating by the city all morning and during last night.

The new iron bridges of the South Side Railroad were carried away this morning.

LATER. RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—The highest freshet ever known there is now prevailing at Lynchburg. The passenger bridge across James River, a quarter of a mile long, washed away last night.

The depots of the Orange and Alexandria and Virginia and Tennessee Railroads are submerged. The canal is submerged, and the boats are going about over the tow-path and through the lower streets of the city.

The water washed up the main gas pipe last night, at 11 o'clock, and Lynchburg was suddenly thrown into total darkness.

A large number of employees on the South Side Railroad are cut off on an island below the city.

The freshet will reach Richmond about two o'clock to-day. The river here has already risen a foot.

Merchants are busy in the lower part of the city removing their goods in time.

The telegraph wires are down in all directions.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—The flood reached here at 12:30 P. M., in a wave five feet high, and in twenty minutes the river rose six feet. Great excitement prevails in the lower part of the city, where the removal of goods from places accessible to the water is progressing.

The Orange Hotel and Orange and Alexandria Railroad bridges, at Lynchburg, were swept away this morning.

A telegram from Gordonsville says the Rivana River is flooding all the surrounding country. Houses, barrels of flour and cattle have been washing down stream all morning.

At Gordonsville, to-day, the accounts that come in from the flood are more and more disastrous in their details.

The Orange and Alexandria Railroad bridge over Rockfish River is reported to have been swept away.

The bridges over the Rivana River and Moore's Creek, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, are also gone.

Burley's and Wells' two mills are both floating down the Rivana, with 400 barrels of flour around them.

A dwelling house, completely furnished, went by this afternoon.

The Rivana is filled with debris of furniture, barns, agricultural implements, crops, &c.

All the crops on the low grounds are a total loss.

The telegraph lines to Lynchburg and the west are badly damaged.

Vice President Wickham, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, is between Greenwood and Waynesboro', with two trains, unable to recede or advance.

Superintendent Vandegriff, of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, went to the break at Moore's Creek, with a train, this evening.

The water has risen here ten feet since noon. This water is from the Rivana. That from Lynchburg will strike here about midnight.

The water at Lynchburg is twenty-five feet higher than ever known before.

Official Statement of German Captures.

Up to August, the captures of French prisoners and war material amounted to 130 officers, 9,500 men and 61 cannon.

The fortresses surrendered during the first half of August increased these figures as follows: 107 officers, 6,088 privates and 16 guns. The engagements and battles at Nouart, Beaumont and Sedan, previous to the capitulation at the latter place, resulted in the taking of about 30,000 prisoners, besides several eagles and a large number of guns.

Beaumont alone cost the French 7,000 prisoners, two eagles, eleven mitrailleuses, twenty-two guns and a tented camp, and Sedan, previous to the capitulation, twenty-five guns, two eagles and nearly 25,000 prisoners, and Sedan gave the victors one Marshal of the Empire, 39 generals, 230 officers of staff, 2,095 line officers and 84,450 prisoners, besides 14,000 wounded.

All the eagles of the regiments were taken. Seventy mitrailleuses, 330 field guns, 150 fortress guns and 10,000 horses were captured. At Loon the loss is not reported, and may include 25 guns and many muskets.

A Berlin dispatch from Ferrieres states that on Thursday the King reconnoitered the French lines from St. Denis to Romainsville.

Late advices from Paris say the construction of barricades is rapidly progressing, under the supervision of Rochefort and Gustave Flourens.

Senator Drake, of Missouri, in opening the campaign, charged the Goliath Republicans with the design to break up the party and give the State to the Democrats.

The Havana journals, in Cuba, continue to advertise the sale of children, and contracts for life of slave labor, in gross violation of the emancipation laws.

It is reported that the collars are ready in Paris at 2,000 francs, as places of refuge in case of bombardment. The vast collars of the Cafe Anglaise, Hotel du Louvre and Grand Hotel are being fitted up into regular subterranean caravansaries.

New York, Sept. 28.—The Telegram's special from London says the Prussians on entering Meaux made a requisition for horses. They remained but a short time. It is evident that their intention is to sweep the south of France.

It is stated that Marshal Le Boeuff, late Napoleon's chief of staff, sought death in the battles around Metz, displaying the most reckless valor. He admits that France was unprepared for war, and confesses that he did not dare to tell the Emperor before the war commenced what a state the army was in.

Tours, Sept. 27.—On the 17th, Bismarck seemed to entertain Favre's idea of an armistice. Favre asked for fifteen days. Next day Bismarck handed Favre the conditions, adding that the Germans must have the forts commanding Paris, more especially forts Dumont and Villers. Favre replied it would be more simple to demand Paris at once. Bismarck said if these terms were not satisfactory, the French must seek other arrangements.

A young rural lawyer in Illinois is going to take the stump during the fall campaign, and proposes to gasp a ray of light from the orb of day, spin it into threads of gold, and with them weave a shroud in which to wrap the whirlwind which dies upon the bosom of our Western prairies.

THE GRAND ENTREE IN PROSPECTS.—A correspondent of the London Times, writing from Rheims, says: "I do not apprehend any bloodshed at Paris, nor suppose the Prussians are so unwise as to attempt defense, or the Prussians so barbarous as to proceed to extremities. Nothing can prevent the latter going to Paris, nor will they suffer the King to enter the city with the army. Every one seems bent on entering Paris in pomp. All the petty sovereigns of Germany are making endeavors to be present, and it is difficult to say what their vanity may lead them to. It is hoped the good sense of the King and Bismarck will put a veto on these proceedings."

If you want Bill-Heads gotten up in the best style, go to the CHRONICLE Job office.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Victor Emanuel will soon enter Rome. Good order is preserved in Paris.

The Prussians have entered Orleans. Insubordination continues in the French army.

The blockade of the Elbe has been removed.

The Pope dismissed his Italian guard of honor.

10,000 visitors were at the Cincinnati fair yesterday.

Dispatches from Prussian headquarters are rather pacific.

Russian war preparations continue unceasingly.

A volcano, in active eruption, has broken out in San Rafe Valley, California.

Jules Favre is accused by the press of acting under secret instructions.

One case of yellow fever at Galveston, Texas.

The new iron-clad steamer, Triumph, was launched yesterday at London.

Admiral Farragut's remains have been landed at Boston.

Brussels papers denounce Bismarck for untruthfulness.

The fall of Strasburg is denied by the French Consul at Basle.

Belgian journals deny the reported charges of inhumanity.

A Board for the revision of the Bible is in session in London.

The schooner Sarah Fish was abandoned full of water.

Rome is tranquil, and the Pope and Cardinals appear in public as usual.

The city of Marseilles is displaying its accustomed patriotism.

Ex-Gov. Packer, of Pennsylvania, is dead.

Confidence is returning to the garrison and people of Paris.

Excellent discipline is maintained among the Prussian troops around Paris.

New breech-loading cannon have been placed on the ramparts.

French prisoners are working on the canals in Hanover.

The Gardes Mobiles are armed with a new and wonderfully destructive engine of war.

The firemen here are being enrolled and armed, breech-loaders replacing inferior arms.

A telegram from Luxemburg says Mezieres is very strong, but it is thought cannot hold out.

Later advices from Paris say that the successful engagements increase the ardor of the defenders.

The vomito is spreading at Barcelona the people are leaving and business is suspended.

Keld is crowded with Refugees from Strasburg awaiting permission to return to the city.

Russia is making gigantic preparations for war. Great activity prevails everywhere.

The westward march of the Prussians has been checked. They are concentrating around Paris.

Victoria, yielding to public sentiment, has written a letter of condolence to the Empress of the French.

St. Petersburg official journal denies warlike preparations and says Russia's policy is peace and justice.

The Austrian Reichsrath, yesterday, voted confidence in the Ministry by a large majority.

A special train collided with the express near Middleton, N. Y., and one man was killed.

A diversity of opinion prevails in Germany as to the terms of peace with France.

Jules Favre says the Germans are determined on further conquests before making peace.

An armistice of 48 hours was entered into at Mezieres last Monday, for the removal of the wounded.

Five hundred Garibaldians have arrived. They were enthusiastically received, and marched towards Tours.

The French fleet has returned to Cherbourg, except a squadron left in the North Sea and English channel to protect the French coast.

The duel expected to take place between Col. Kelly, of the Louisville Commercial, and Gen. Burbridge will be settled amicably.

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REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EAST TENNESSEE.

Hon. George Andrews, Hon. A. M. Cate, George W. Ross, James A. Galbraith and W. F. Yardley.

MIDDLE TENNESSEE.

Hon. Horace H. Harrison, Col. Thomas Waters, Gen. T. J. Harrison, Capt. John Ruhm and Moses R. Johnson.

WEST TENNESSEE.

Col. L. B. Eaton, Hon. W. W. Murray, W. T. Kennedy, J. J. Winfield and Isaac C. Reavis.

PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES.

The Republicans of Tennessee, in Convention assembled, have met to counsel as to the best interests of our State, and in a spirit of mutual forbearance, do declare the principles and measures which we deem necessary to a safe, wise and politic administration of the affairs of the State.

Resolved, That the Union of the States, making them a Nation, was intended to be, and shall be, perpetual; and the Republican party (having already maintained it against armed rebellion and attempted revolution) hereby pledges its maintenance against the heresy of State Sovereignty and Secession, taught and practiced by our Democratic opponents, the former of which was reasserted, and the latter not disavowed, in the platform of the recent Democratic State Convention.

Resolved, That the Administration of President Grant, and the policy of the Republican Congress, in increasing the revenues, by a faithful and impartial collection, while at the same time reducing the rates and objects of taxation; in diminishing expenditures and thereby improving the public credit; in assimilating the national currency to the coin standard, and largely decreasing the public debt; in securing to all citizens their just rights and equality before the law; in restoring civil government and unexampled prosperity to the States torn and desolated by rebellion and civil war; by an honest and wise enforcement of the laws; by maintaining rigidly the demands of international law, so foreign nations, yet sympathizing with all peoples struggling for free government, have secured the confidence and are entitled to the support of the American people.

Resolved, One of the specified objects of the American Union is to maintain domestic tranquility, and one of its express powers to protect against domestic violence, and any State Government which culpably fails to guarantee to the citizens of all classes, colors, and opinions, life, liberty, property, the free expression and enjoyment of their opinions and the untrammelled exercise of all their civil and political rights, is unworthy to be recognized as valid by the Government of the United States.

Resolved, That the honor and credit of the United States, and of the State of Tennessee, must and shall be faithfully upheld in the payment of every dollar of the State and National indebtedness, and that we view with abhorrence every proposition, directly or indirectly, to reduce any portion of the just obligations of the State or Nation.

Resolved, That knowledge, learning and virtue being essential to the preservation of Republican institutions, and the diffusion of the opportunities and advantages of education throughout the different portions of the State being highly conducive to the promotion of this end; it should be the duty of the General Assembly in all future periods of this Government to cherish literature and science. That it is the duty of the State to see that facilities for education are provided for the children of the poor, as well as for the rich, and that a well regulated system of common schools is essential to the welfare and prosperity of the State.

Resolved, While we deplore the evils of the unprovoked and causeless war now ravaging some of the fairest portions of Europe, we congratulate the educated and intelligent people of Germany and the friends of civilization and progress upon the results, alike honorable to the former, and encouraging to the latter.

Resolved, That migration having been a great source of prosperity to those parts of the country which have received it, the Legislature, the administrative policy and the public sentiment of our State should combine to invite settlers from every part of our country and from foreign lands to participate with us in the great natural advantages possessed by our State.

Resolved, That we utterly disapprove of the course of the present Legislature in repealing the liberal common school system adopted by the Republican party in depreciating the credit of the State by failing to provide for the payment of the interest on her public debt, thereby adding annually and largely thereto; in repealing all Republican legislation in behalf of the laboring classes, including the law exempting a given amount of wages from garnishment; in their hostility to immigration; in repeal of laws for the protection of the colored man, and in refusing to ratify the 15th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and we appeal to the people of the State to elect a Legislature that will remedy these evils and legislate in the interest of humanity and justice.

Resolved, That we oppose as unwise and as an unwarranted restriction of the elective franchise—the law requiring every voter to vote in his civil district—and we demand its prompt and unconditional repeal.

Resolved, That the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States being a part and parcel of that instrument, the law passed by Congress to enforce the provisions thereof should be executed, and we call upon the Administration for a rigid and faithful execution of the same.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Convention that the Congress of the United States should grant material aid to what is known as the Southern Pacific Railway.

Resolved, That the National Republican Party of the United States is the great avenger of progress in the country, and ignoring all party political differences, we hereby cordially invite all good citizens, whatever they may have been or have done in the past, to unite with us upon the broad and liberal platform of that party.

Just before the adjournment of the Convention, the following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of three, one from each of the grand divisions of the State, be appointed by the chair to receive subscriptions and to establish and conduct a newspaper in the city of Nashville as the organ of the Republican party of the State of Tennessee.

THE KING'S OBJECT IS THE WAR.—GOTHM records state that Bismarck was not averse to make arrangements with Favre; but the King, in all remonstrances, replied that he had a debt to pay the memory of his parents, and that France will make peace as she once forced the Prussians to make peace—in her own capital, and in the palace of her sovereign. He says he is bound in honor to the Emperor not to recognize his overthrow through an advantage taken by his enemies of the victories of Germany.

Knoxville Iron Column.

KNOXVILLE IRON COMPANY!

Manufacturers of BAR IRON, RAILROAD SPIKES, CASTINGS, MACHINERY, NAILS, &c.

MINERS AND DEALERS

IN THE Celebrated Anderson County

COAL AND COKE.

Three Hundred Sizes of BAR IRON!

Suitable for Farming and Mechanical Purposes.

Particular attention given to REBUILDING AND REPAIRING

STEAM ENGINES, MACHINERY,

Reapers, Threshers,

Saw, Flour and Bark Mills.

WROUGHT AND CAST

SHAFTING, PULLEYS

Gears, Pinions.

ONE HUNDRED SIZES GUDGEONS.

Hollow - Ware!

BOLTS, BOLT-ENDS, CAST AND WROUGHT WASHERS,

All Kinds of

FORGINGS!

The COMPANY now manufacture the BEST NAIL

In Market. All Sizes—from 3 to 60 Penny.

Their Stock of

Bar Iron is More Uniform

Than ever before, and Warranted.

A CAST

Is made at the Foundry every working day

WORK DONE PROMPTLY

Satisfaction Guaranteed!

Orders Promptly Filled!

TERMS CASH!

Office and Manufactory,

—ON— EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD,

West of Depot,

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

and 3 t

COAL! COAL! COAL!!

A. S. MARINER, (Successor to the Knoxville Coal Company, and to Mariner & Brown)

BEARS LEAVE TO INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Knoxville and vicinity that he will continue the

Coal and Wood Trade

As heretofore, at the Coal Yard, CUMBERLAND & CLINCH STS.,

And respectfully solicits a share of the trade. He will not allow himself to be excelled in the

QUALITIES

of Wood and Coal he may keep, and will promptly fill orders with which he may be favored, delivering fuel to all parts of the city.

Terms Cash.

Office on Gay street, next door to Captain Walley's Tobacco Store. A. S. MARINER. Knoxville, Tenn.—sept10-14

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its curing many of which are truly marvellous. Inveretate cases of Scrofulous diseases, without exciting a single morbid action, seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections, and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicted, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of embolism or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this Sarsaparilla: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions visible to the eye. Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Pile, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing the disease, and for the use of any medicine. But long-continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved, and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism, Gout, when caused by accumulation of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This Sarsaparilla is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Dejected, Bileless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

For sale by all Druggists and Merchants generally. E. J. SANFORD & CO., Wholesale Agents, Knoxville, Tenn.

May 25-wly

FARMERS

Look to Your Interests!

I HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE A SMALL quantity of

Ramsdell Norway Oats,

CLEAN, SOUND AND UNMIXED.

September and October is thought by many who have tested the Oats to be the proper time to sow them.

LIBERAL DEDUCTIONS

Made to purchasers taking TEN BUSHELS or more.

25¢ Per bushel apply to

WILLIAM F. HOSKINS,

NEW MARKET, EAST TOWN.

Seed Warranted as Above Represented.

sept10-w2m

Original Attachment.

A. J. Housley and D. Fields vs. Daniel Marlor.

THE PLAINTIFFS SWEAR THAT THE DEFENDANT is indebted to them, and that the defendant has absconded, and so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served, and an attachment being returned before me, levied on the estate of the defendant, and the same having been returned by me until the 6th day of December, 1870. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Knoxville Chronicle, a newspaper published in Knoxville, Tennessee, notifying the said defendant, Daniel Marlor, to appear at my office in Maynardville, on the 6th day of December, 1870, and defend said suit, or the same will be heard ex parte as to him. HARDIN SKAGGS, J. P. sept10-w11

Original Attachment.

Isabella Graves vs. Daniel Marlor.

THE PLAINTIFF SWEARS THAT THE DEFENDANT is indebted to her, and that he has absconded with the State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him, and an attachment being returned before me, levied on the estate of the defendant, and the same having been returned by me until the 6th day of December, 1870. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Knoxville Chronicle, a newspaper published in Knoxville, Tennessee, notifying the said defendant, Daniel Marlor, to appear at my office in Maynardville, on the 6th day of December, 1870, and defend said suit, or the same will be heard ex parte as to him. HARDIN SKAGGS, J. P. sept10-w11

Attachment.

Drew Dossell vs. Joseph English. Before F. H. Bagley, a Justice of the Peace for Anderson County, Tennessee.

IN THIS CASE THE PLAINTIFF HAVING filed a writ that the defendant is indebted to him, and has absconded, and the plaintiff being given bond according to law, and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said defendant, made returnable before F. H. Bagley, a Justice of