

Slavery the Natural Condition of Laborers

"SLAVERY IS THE NATURAL AND NORMAL CONDITION OF THE LABORING MAN - WHITE OR BLACK. The great evil of the Northern free society is, that it is burdened with a SERVILE CLASS OF MECHANICS AND LABORERS unfit for self-government, and yet clothed with attributes and powers of citizens. Master and slave is a relation in society as necessary as parent and child; and the Northern States will yet have to introduce it. The theory of free government is a delusion!" - Gov. Hammond.

Gov. Hammond is a leading member of the Democratic party, and one of the most prominent members of the United States Senate. He is an authorized exponent of the views, and principles, and plans of the Democratic party. What he says, therefore, is Democracy, and there it stands at the head of this article! Laboring men of Detroit and Michigan, look at it! There you are told by one of the trusted Democratic leaders that Slavery is your natural condition. Not only you, but all of our Mechanics are stigmatized as a servile class "UNFIT FOR SELF-GOVERNMENT," and only fit of course, for SLAVES. How do you like the idea of being treated and spoken of as SLAVES of the men who employ you - your masters, according to the definition of this expounder of Democracy? You are plainly told by Gov. Hammond that you will have to come to it, because it is your "natural condition."

This is not an idle threat coming from such a quarter, for the South has ruled the country for more than three-fourths of the whole period of our national existence. Whatever policy it has dictated has finally prevailed. They consider and treat all laborers as slaves, and at the South all non-slaveholders are even more degraded than slaves. The rapid tendency of the policy the Government is now pursuing, is to reduce northern laborers in reality to the condition slaveholders now assign them. The Dred Scott decision, which in effect, has transferred every foot of soil in the United States into slave territory, is one long step towards that end. It may be years, or it may be ages before the prediction of this Democratic leader will be technically fulfilled. But at the rapid rate the sentiment of the South is now progressing, and the rapid strides slavery is making, it cannot be long before it will be partially so.

Free labor is degraded just in proportion to the increase of slave labor. As we have said already, free white laborers are more heartily despised and more absolutely degraded in all Southern States, than are the slaves. They have not a single civil, social or political right except that of voting to uphold slavery. This is the condition of things to which all laborers are tending just in that ratio that the sentiments of slaveholders prevail. It does not even need that slavery should be brought into direct competition with Northern labor to degrade it to this point. It only requires that Northern sentiment should be moulded into the form it has taken at the South. The Democracy, or the pro-slavery portion of it, have already come to look upon "laboring men" as little better than slaves, only fit to work and vote, and their feeling of contempt for laborers and mechanics prevails just in proportion to the zeal with which they advocate "the rights of the South," and have adopted its opinions.

This is not mere assumption. Their whole course proves it to be true. They have adopted a policy in regard to American Manufactures especially designed to injure and degrade the laboring classes. The whole policy of the Government while in the hands of the Democratic party has been at war with the interests of Northern laborers and mechanics. Hundreds of thousands of men are at this moment out of work, because the Government chooses to adopt a policy that removes our work-shops and manufactories to Great Britain. And now they would degrade labor and debase the laborer by bringing into competition with slavery. Four millions of slaves are now doing the work that ought to be done by free white laborers. Not even satisfied with all these wrongs upon free laborers, they would even reduce them to slaves!

A Contrast.

Locofoco papers are pleased, or things, to howl about the and advertising. Compare a with that of the Republican cost to advertise the and under the Locofoco \$241,780 00 under the law of 15,000 00 saving to State \$226,780 00 ing was made directly, and ings were made indirectly. Commissioner of the State Land ice visited the different points in the States for the purpose of receiving affidavits of lowest settlers, and did receive and fifty of such affidavits lowest estimate, twenty each applicant, or in the at \$3,000 00 to men who are the money. Upon the ew alike of the provisions as well as the manner in commissioner has performed l duty, the permanent e State have been well cared for, while the rights odation to actual settlers son lost sight of - indeed, dential, for whatever generous settler helps a com- State. - Lansing Rep.

While the Little Gifford fell blast at Galesburg, and both sides of his mouth, two and two side by side, were questioning and answering one another thus: "What is that on each side of Mr. Douglas's mouth?" Said the other, "Oh! he has been taking some of Mr. Lincoln's milk, and it has soured on his stomach!" - Knox Republican.

THE CASS COUNTY REPUBLICAN.

W. H. CAMPBELL, Editor & Proprietor. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY. DOWAGIAC: Thursday Morning, October 21, 1858.

For Governor, MOSES WISNER, of Oakland. For Lieutenant Governor, EDMUND B. FAIRFIELD, Hillsdale. For Secretary of State, NELSON G. ISBELL, of Livingston. For Treasurer, JOHN MCKINNEY, of Van Buren. For Auditor General, DANIEL L. CASE, of Ingham. For Commissioner of State Land Office, JAMES W. SANBORN, of St. Clair. For Attorney General, JACOB M. HOWARD, of Wayne. For Superintendent of Public Instruction, JOHN M. GREGORY, of Washtenaw. For Member of the Board of Education, WALTER J. BAXTER, of Hillsdale. For Member of Congress, 2d District, HENRY WALDRON, of Hillsdale.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET. For Senator, GEORGE MEACHAM. For Representatives in State Legislatures, First District - GEORGE NEWTON. Second District - EDWIN W. REYNOLDS. For Sheriff - JOSEPH N. MARSHALL. For County Clerk - CHARLES G. LEWIS. For County Treasurer - WILLIAM W. PECK. For Register of Deeds - ARIEL E. PECK. For Prosecuting Attorney - ANDREW J. SMITH. For Circuit Court Com. - CHAS. W. CLISBEE. For County Surgeon - AMOS SMITH. For Coroners - GILMAN C. JONES. JESSE G. BEESON.

On Friday last the last name was affixed to the Republican Ticket of this section, by the nomination of Geo. Newton, Esq., as candidate for Representative in the 1st district, and we call upon all true Republicans to vote the straight ticket. There is not a name on the Republican ticket, from Coroners up, that we cannot point to with pride; and there is not a man whose name is on the ticket, but what is entitled to, and should receive the undivided support of every honest voter in the party. While we would not lose sight of success in the result of any office, from Coroners up, yet we would particularly recommend united action in the support of our candidates for Senator and Representatives. Every true Republican must acknowledge that the ultimatum of his desires, is to elect a firm and true friend of freedom to the United States Senate this Winter. This will be one great step toward a National victory in 1860. Our candidates for Representatives - Geo. Newton in the 1st, and Edwin W. Reynolds in the 2d district - are well fitted for the place, both politically and morally, and we believe that their constituents will never regret the choice of their representatives in Convention.

As only a few days remain to prepare for the coming election, we would impress on the mind of every Republican the necessity of improving that time in perfecting organizations in each Election District, in appeals to honest and doubting voters, and in convincing lukewarm Republicans, if such there are, that the State and National issues on which a verdict is to be rendered are deeply interesting to them and the whole country. Arrangements must also be perfected, and perfected early, to see that every Republican vote is deposited in the ballot box. That is the only place where they will count in securing the happy and glorious result which we hope to accomplish on the 21 day of November. Conveyances should especially be provided for the aged and the feeble, and for laborers at a distance who have little time to spare. If in any town in this county there is an elector calling himself Republican, so lost and dead to a sense of duty as not to be decided in his determination to deposit his vote, let the case immediately be made known to his friends, that his judgement may be reached by argument and his will by persuasion. There is not an honest Republican, we venture to say, whom some kind and earnest friend cannot reach, and who may not thus be made not only a live voter, but a worker in the cause of truth and righteousness.

ARE YOU READY? - The day of election is near at hand; Questions of great importance are to be decided by the result of the contest. We say then, to our Republican friends, and to all who are opposed to the corrupt influences of the present party in power ARE YOU READY? Have you organized your counties, townships and districts?

HON. CHAS. FRANCIS ADAMS - The distinguished son of a distinguished father has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the district so long represented by the illustrious New England Statesman. His nomination may be considered equivalent to an election.

Locofoco County Convention.

On Saturday last, the great "un-terified," "united," and so called "Democratic" Convention assembled at Cassopolis for the purpose of nominating County officers. Some of the towns were fully represented, but quite a number had only one or two Delegates, who were authorized to cast the whole vote of their towns.

The Convention organized at 11 o'clock A. M., by the appointment of E. C. Smith, Esq., as Chairman, and the appointment of a Committee on credentials.

S. N. Gantt - who, it will be recollected, a few weeks ago, denied being a Locofoco - now arose and offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Convention adjourn to Saturday, the 23d day of Oct. instant, when they should again meet in mass convention for the purpose of nominating a "peoples ticket."

Had a thunderbolt fallen in the midst of them, the delegates could not have been more astonished than they were when the resolution was read, but as it was near dinner hour, and as we suppose, they imagined they could do it more justice after eating, the resolution was laid upon the table to be taken up on re-assembling at the afternoon.

Mr. Gantt then moved that the Convention now adjourn till 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of listening to the speech of Hon. Chas. E. Stuart, which was carried.

Upon re-assembling in the afternoon, the resolution offered by Mr. Gantt in the morning, was taken from the table, and was declared by the Chairman to be open for discussion. Mr. Gantt immediately arose, and said he hoped the resolution would pass; that if the "Democracy" met in mass convention and nominated such a ticket as he wished, many Republicans would be induced to vote for it, thus insuring its triumph, but if, on the other hand, the ticket was composed entirely of old line Democrats, he was afraid they would meet with a signal defeat.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Gantt publicly gave in his adhesion to the Locofoco party. He acknowledged that he had wandered from the household of the faithful and had been following after strange gods. He was, in the language of the poet,

Disabled, stalled in habit's deep-worn rut, My labor is a vain and empty strife - A useless toiling at the wheels of life. After the vital tensions all are out; I have no plea, no argument to make - Only your love can save me for love's sake!

But he was now a Democrat, and as such he hoped the Convention would follow his advice, and nominate a ticket composed of himself and friends.

Mr. George Redfield "hoped the resolution would not pass. If the Democratic party was to be defeated this fall, he, for one, preferred being defeated with good, true, and reliable men on the ticket - men who were always to be found fighting for "Democratic" principles - men who had never deserted the party, and men in whom the Democracy had confidence, and of whom, even in a defeat, he would not feel ashamed."

Squire Merritt thought there were plenty of good, sound Democrats in the party to put in nomination, and he was decidedly opposed to going outside the ranks to procure nominees. That while he was willing to receive Mr. Gantt into the party, and extend to him the right hand of fellowship, still he believed that Mr. Gantt should be taken in as a penitent, and be made to serve a probationary term. That it was well understood the Republican party had opened wide its doors at both ends, inviting Mr. Gantt to walk out, and while the Democratic party were willing he should enter into the fold of the faithful, still he hoped that if the Convention had any doubts in regard to the sincerity of Mr. Gantt's professions of repentance, they would not put him in nomination for any office.

Mr. Merritt's remarks settled both Mr. Gantt and his resolution at the same time, and the Convention proceeded to nominate County officers, as follows:

Cyrus Bacon, for State Senator. For Representative, Mitchell Robinson. Nathaniel Monroe received the nomination for Treasurer. For Sheriff - Joel H. Smith. For County Clerk - Michael Howson. For Register - H. F. Beals. For Prosecuting Attorney - Daniel Blackman. For Circuit Court Commissioner - E. B. Sherman. For County Surveyor - Sampson Norton. For Coroners - James A. Lee, H. Dykeman.

The Convention was a timid, weak affair. It was evidently under the control of a few very pullers who dictated all the nominations. We heard considerable disaffection manifested as to some of the nominations. Our Republican friends have but to organize and attend to bringing out the voters and they have an easy victory before them.

Hon. Chas. E. Stuart.

Some two hundred of the un-terified assembled at the Eagle Hotel on Saturday last, to hear Mr. Stuart expound the great principles of the "Democracy." He commenced by making an apology for being there, and then slid on to the State Finances. He read copious extracts from a pamphlet that has lately been issued by the "Democratic" State Central Committee, in the whole of which there was not one word of truth. He then resuscitated "Squatter Sovereignty," that every body thought was knocked in the head by Buchanan and the Dred Scott decision. He declared that Popular Sovereignty was the platform upon which he stood. Of course forgetting entirely, his declaration at the State Convention that he endorsed all the acts of Buchanan. Slavery was settled as far as regards the territories - the people having the power to regulate their own affairs in their own way, without interference from any quarter. This declaration sounded far different from what he said when he accepted the nomination. He then proceeded to read a letter written by him, in answer to the attacks of the opposition press. He then wished he could visit the people in their homes, exchange opinions with them about their cattle, wheat, farms, &c., utterly forgetting how shamefully he treated these same "sovereigns" when they visited Washington, with the expectation that he would do the agreeable; and finally wound up with, "Who's afraid?" We must confess that we were sadly disappointed in regard to the speech. We had expected something different from a man of Mr. Stuart's acknowledged abilities. An old Democrat, who sat near us, said, "Well, this will never pay me for coming ten miles, I thought Charley could do better." We shall notice some of the statements of Mr. Stuart more at length next week.

It is said that the important considerations which led to the nomination of Joel H. Smith at the Democratic convention last Saturday, was the assertion on the part of some of his warmest friends that in the event of his nomination, two hundred Republicans in Dowagiac and vicinity would vote for him. We do not know of a single Republican that will support him. It is possible that he may have a few warm personal friends that will give him their vote; but to suppose that any considerable number will do so, is simply absurd.

The same story was afloat two years ago, when he ran for the Legislature. The same, also, four years ago, when he was a candidate for sheriff; and what was the result? Why, he ran just about up with his ticket in this part of the county.

He is a bitter, partisan, an unrelenting Locofoco; constantly sneering at the Republican party, defaming their best men, and belching their principles; and is not worthy, nor can he command any republican support.

Attention! Republicans! Hon. Kinsley S. Bingham, will address the people of this village and vicinity, on Saturday next, at 1 o'clock P. M. We earnestly hope that every voter who can possibly spare the time, will come out and listen to Governor Bingham, and hear the lies which the slave party are sowing broadcast over the state, in regard to our State affairs, exposed and refuted as they deserve.

Hon. Henry Waldron, our candidate for Representative in Congress from the Second District, has made the following appointments for Cass County: At EDWARDSBURGH, Tuesday, Oct. 26, at 1 o'clock, P. M. At VANDALLIA, Tuesday Eve., Oct. 26th, at 7 o'clock P. M. At SUMNERVILLE, Wednesday, Oct. 27th, at 1 o'clock P. M. At DOWAGIAC, Wednesday Evening, Oct. 27th at 7 o'clock P. M. Rally, Friends of Freedom, one and all, and by a vigorous effort, wipe sham Democracy forever from the county.

JOSEPH N. MARSHALL - We understand that the Locofocos of Cassopolis are very busy circulating reports to the effect that the Republicans of this village intend to cut the name of the above gentlemen from their ballots. The report is false, and has no foundation in truth. We have yet to see a Republican who intends to scratch the name of Mr. M. from his ticket on account of any petty local difficulty about some moonshine railroad. Every true Republican will vote and work for the whol ticket, and will not inquire where the candidate hails from. Mr. Marshall is a true friend of freedom, and well worthy the support of every Republican.

A Good Nomination. The Republicans of the Second Senatorial District of Wayne, composed of the 2d, 5th and 6th wards of the city of Detroit, have nominated Henry Barns, publisher and editor-in-chief of the Daily Tribune, for the State Senate.

Hon. CHOLEBA - It is stated that J. J. Allison, of Tipton county, Tenn., has lost 600 hogs by "hog cholera."

CASSAPOLIS, Oct. 16, 1858.

EDITOR CASS CO. REPUBLICAN: - Dear Sir - The great Locofoco Mass Convention came off here to-day. Hand-bills had been Paraded all over the country, and the faithful everywhere had been warned to come out and hear the great defender of Squatter Sovereignty, Mr. C. E. Stuart, who it was stated, would positively be on hand to show to the wavering, distracted and disjointed democracy, that they must still cling to their party, and not run away any more after black republicanism. In order to secure a decent show for a Convention this afternoon was set apart for making the County nominations; for it was well understood by the leaders, that something must be done to make a noise, or they could not get out a Baker's dozen to their Convention. As it was, but few towns were fully represented, some had four, or five, others less, and one had none at all.

Well, the weather was very fine, and on came Squatter Sovereignty with Stuart and a few ringleaders, but the people did not come. A few fuglemen could be seen in knots about town, making out the programme, among whom I noticed Lybrook, Post Master Lee, and Joel H. Smith, from Dowagiac, they being the only ones allowed to pull ropes from your quarter. How-ell was applying the screws as usual. Andrew Woods seemed to be pecking around to discover what was going on. Henry Tietzort looked as though he was crying for split milk, while Dan Jones went looting about, hawling out State Finances; by the way this is a favorite hobby of his, on which he expects to be nominated to the Legislature this afternoon; when! Joseph Smith stood a little back, shaking his head behind his spectacles, and looking very wise; the Major, evidently, is not now entrusted with the secrets of the party; an ex-editor, (whose democracy is not doubted), having but a short time since, gently admonished the young justice that he must dry up, or leave the party, as they did not want, nor would they have any Freedom-shriekers, or Maine Law men, among them. Curiosity is now on tip-toe to see what effect this terrible castigation of the ex-editor will have upon the youthful magistrate. He winces some frets and scolds a good deal, but generally stands it like a major. It is feared however, that eventually, he will dry up. Pleasant Norton, is toeing it about with his best coat on, chewing tobacco and snapping his eyes wherever he goes; he is fishing for a nomination for Representative in the 2nd District. This fellow, Pleas, is one of the B'hoys; there is as much variety in him just before election, as was ever found in the Irishman's Rabbit. A noise resembling strokes upon a tin pan, a broken kettle or a cow bell, drew us in front of the Court House just in time to hear S. N. Gantt, (a near relative of the Small Woods,) propose to bawl at a little piece of red cloth sticking up in a wagon, which was done. Gantt had but just arrived, and here he took charge of the whole thing. To this, Joel H. Smith, and a few other wire-workers, objected; but Gantt would not give in; Joel declared Gantt was no democrat, that in heart, he was a black republican. Post Master Lee, was also blabbing that Gantt could not be trusted; that he changed politics oftener than the leopard changed his spots. A general rumus here ensued, but fortunately, just at this moment our friend Baldwin set his gong a ringing, and they all scattered off to dinner.

Now for the speech; a small squad of men and boys got into the shade on the north side of Graham's Hotel, and the Senator began. He spent nearly a half hour in trying to convince them that he was as good a democrat as anybody. Gantt then proposed three cheers for Stuart. Some of the boys not knowing how things stood, did squeal a little. But Joel H. Smith, Lee, Howell, Andrew Wood, and Dan Jones, were determined this thing should stop. They called Gantt off, and we heard no more noise. Charley said he did not want to hear anything more about Kansas; he had heard enough of that; (we thought so too,) he wanted the dear people to get their minds off the subject of slavery. He did not want them to think any more about a nigger. He wanted them to confine themselves upon their farms, and in their work-shops, and not let their minds wander so far from home; and said if he had time, he would like to come and see them at their homes and talk with them about their Horses, their Cattle and their Lands. As much as to say, those exciting subjects which the black republicans talk so much about, you must not think of; they are not subjects for common people to meddle with; just let them alone; elect me Governor, and then send me to the United States Senate, and I will take care of these matters for you. Poor, deluded man! why do you spend one moment's breath in trying to be elected Governor? Your prospects are decidedly better for a Lunatic Asylum, than for the Gubernatorial Chair.

After having made some general charges against the present State administration, (none of which could he sustain,) he said he was done, apparently to the gratification of every one present. Mr. Stuart, can't you do any better than this at speech-making? Why, we have plenty of boys in this county, that would show up all your miserable sophistries about State matters, in twenty minutes, and prove conclusively to any intelligent man, that in this matter you are playing the part of a low demagogue.

Now a rush was made for the Court House; Gantt leading the van. The Hall was soon filled with Democrats, Republicans, curious persons, and delegates all mingling together. Gantt now seized the Bull by the horns, and moved to postpone the nominations one week, and then meet, and make out a People's Ticket. This was no go; the fuglers rushed in and put a stop to the movement; Gantt was down. At this moment was performed one of the most solemn and impressive ceremonies it was ever my pleasure to witness. It was none other than the formal reception of S. N. Gantt into the Democratic fold. The stool of Repentance was brought forward, upon which the applicant was invited to sit. Geo. Redfield, and W. R. Merrit, had been selected to perform the solemn rites. These two distinguished personages then stood up and declared in the name, and by the authority of the un-terified present, that their platform was open at both ends, (yessays Gantt and in the middle too,) upon which they again invited the penitent to sit; (damnd! if I do, says Gantt.) These chosen exponents of the true Democratic faith then said in the most solemn manner, that they wanted all to vote the Democratic Ticket, (no doubt of that, says Gantt,) and they wanted peace and harmony to prevail in the ranks. (The devil you do says Gantt,) then why didn't you adopt my resolution.) Gantt then told them it would not do to nominate such old political hacks as Joel Smith, Bacon, and Robinson; the people had already set their feet upon their miserable necks, and were only waiting for an opportunity to do so again; that if they nominated such men they might have all the glory of electing them; he and his friends didn't swallow the pill; Gantt was here silenced. They then went through the contemptible farce of voting for candidates; the green ones really thinking they were doing some great thing, when in fact the nominations were all known here long before the convention met, and had been the subject of general conversation for a whole week. This fizzle out the great Locofoco County Convention. CITIZEN.

Mr. Stacy at Cassopolis. The meeting of the great "un-terified" on Saturday evening was a perfect failure. There was just 102 men, women and children in the house, and that was all. There were about 30 boys and 25 women, and of the balance of the hundred and two, at least one half were Republicans. Mr. Stacy caved in on Dred Scott, and said that he did not regard the decision as binding upon him, either as a lawyer, a democrat or a private citizen. The Democrats felt very sore about exhibiting so weak a candidate. One was overheard on Saturday night to say, "If Stacy was not a fool he would stay at home." Not a cheer, not even an effort at applause, was heard or made either while he was speaking or when he finished.

The Essex Standard thus pithily sums up the whole matter thus: "ONE DAY TO FREEDOM! This is the watchword now, and pro-Slaveryites, conspirators and buncob politicians will seek safety in flight! TWO WEEKS OF ACTIVITY - useful political labor, - and THIRTY THOUSAND MAJORITY over the Democracy will reward our labors. The Republican party throughout the Union will be inspired and stimulated by the verdict we shall send them, and all through Kentucky, and Tennessee, and Missouri, and Virginia, and Maryland, the friends of Republican principles will rejoice that soon, very soon, they may throw the Republican flag to the breeze, and under its broad folds show FREEDOM AND VICTORY."

FEMALES AND THE MINISTRY. - At the Universalist Convention, at Providence a resolution advising the admission of females to the ministry was laid over to the next session, (to be held at Rochester, New York,) by a vote of fifteen to ten.

A TALL CHIMNEY. - A chimney, two hundred and thirty-five feet in height, is in process of construction at the Navy yard, Charleston. It is brick, about twenty-four feet square at the base, and eleven at the top.

CROSS THE UNION IN THREE DAYS. - A railroad is now approaching completion through Missouri which will enable passengers to go from Boston to Kansas in three days.

First Representative District Convention.

The Convention met pursuant to call, in the Hall over G. C. Jones & Co.'s store, in Dowagiac, on Friday, October 15, 1858, and was called to order by Hon. A. Garwood, when, on motion, Charles W. Clisbee, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and John Hain, Jr., Secretary.

On motion, a Committee of three on credentials were appointed by the Chair, consisting of A. Garwood, W. Clyburn, and E. Buell. The Committee on credentials soon after reported a list of legally elected Delegates, nearly all of whom answered to their names. The report was accepted and adopted.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to an informal ballot for a candidate to represent the First District in the Legislature.

On motion, the Chair appointed J. Lofland and Emmons Buell as Tellers. The result of the first informal ballot was announced as follows:

E. H. Jones 4
A. B. Copley 1
J. Lofland 1
B. W. Schermerhorn 1
George Newton 17

On motion, George Newton was declared unanimously nominated. On motion, the Chair appointed a District Committee for this District, consisting of J. Lofland, M. B. Gard and J. M. Spencer.

On motion, Convention adjourned sine die. CHAS. W. CLISBEE, Chairman. JOHN HAIN, JR., Secretary.

The State Elections. - Ohio True to Freedom. - Pennsylvania wipes out Buchanan. The result of the elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, are most cheering to every lover of our country and the cause of freedom. In Pennsylvania there has been a democratic loss of eleven members of Congress; Old Buck's especial pet, Glancy Jones, among the number.

Berks Co., which gave Buchanan 10,000 majority in '56, now cannot save him. There has been a Republican gain of nearly 4000 in Schuylkill Co. In Philadelphia city the Buchanan tickets are defeated by 5000 majority!

The New York Tribune estimates the election of 21 Republican, and 2 Lecompton Congressmen; Anti-Lecompton Democrat 1. The present delegation stands Buchanan, 15; Republican 10. The Republicans have gained 11 members of Congress.

Ohio. - The Republican State ticket is elected by 15,000 majority and we gain three members of Congress. Lewis D. Campbell, Rep., is defeated by Vallandigham, Adm., for Congress in the 9d District by 180 majority. Sun-Set Cox, (Lecompton) is re-elected to Congress from the Columbus District. Among the Republican Congressmen elected we notice the names of Messrs. Corwin, Wade, Hutchesin, Ashley, Sherman, Trimble, and others.

The returns shows the election of 14 Republicans and seven Democrats. The present delegation stands 13 Republican and 9 Democrats. In Indiana, the Republicans have gained four members of Congress, and elected their State ticket? Among the returns from Indiana there is nothing we hail with more pleasure than the re-election of Colfax. Every power in the hands of the slave party, was put forth to defeat him; but he is triumphantly elected.

Iowa. - Returns indicate Republican gains since 1827. The Republican State and Congressional candidates are elected. Three cheers for the Hawk-eyes. LAKE SUPERIOR. - William E. Dickinson, the Republican candidate for Senator has been elected by 1,000 majority. Glory enough for one day.

Why is it there is so much consumption in the country? Because, in this fast fortune making age, health is too often considered of secondary importance. A cold is neglected, trusting to the strength of a good constitution to work it off. A cough is the result, and incipient consumption steals upon you. Had you commenced with that excellent expectorant, Dr. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs you would be in the enjoyment of good health. Call upon the authorized agent and get a free Almanac.

For sale in Dowagiac by A. Huntington, and N. B. Hollister; and by agents in every town in the county. See advertisement. HOSTETTER. - Three bottles of Hostetter's Vegetable Stomach Bitters will create an appetite, force off the impure bile, purify the blood and invigorate the system; two bottles will cure the worst form of Liver Complaint; one bottle will dissipate that weakness at the pit of the stomach, give color to the countenance, impart tone and strength to the system, and lend cheerfulness to the mind. Every family should have Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. No article is so peculiarly adapted to the depressing effects of our climate. Sold by druggists and dealers generally.

The following notice, says the Salem Gazette, may be seen on a blacksmith's shop in the town of Essex, "No Horses Shod on Sunday, except sickness and death." Epitaph in Dunmore church-yard, Ireland: "Here lies the remains of John Hall, grocer. The world was not worth a fig, and I have good reasons for saying so." George W. Curtis, says the Boston Transcript, is engaged in writing an historical account of the Hudson River.