PUBLIC DIRECTORY.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE INSERTED IN this Column at 75 cents a line per month.

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T. L. BEARD. S. N. CAYCE. E. H. WORD.

BEARD, CAYCE & WORD,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

285 MAIN STREET,

Northwest corner of Madison street (up stairs).

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THE SELMA TIMES,

Published

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

Cor. Broad and Alabama Sts.,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

IS A MOST EXCELLENT MEDIUM through which the business men of Memphis can, by advertising, establish business relations with the people of Middle Alabama.

Terms of subscription for Daily per annum, $15 00.

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Is one of the LARGEST AND BEST papers published in the State.

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Payments to be made invariably in advance. Address all orders to

WILLIAMS, CHAMBLISS & CO.,

5 Proprietors Times, Selma, Ala.

JOSEPH GOODMAN,

Watchmaker

—AND—

JEWELER,

No. 190 Main street, between Washington and Poplar streets.

A FINE STOCK OF WATCHES, CLOCKS and jewelry always on hand; also a large variety of spectacles and eye-glasses, suitable for all ages. All work in my line repaired in first-class style and warranted. Give me a trial and you will be satisfied. Charges moderate, to suit the times. 63

HAVING MADE SUGGESTION TO THE County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., of the insolvency of the estate of E. G. Atkins, deceased, notice is hereby given for all persons having claims against said estate to appear before the County Court Clerk and file the same, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the 10th day of October, 1867; and any claim not filed on or before said day, or before an appropriation of the funds of said estate is made, shall be forever barred, both in law and equity. Done by order of the County Court of Shelby county, this April 11th, 1867.

JOHN W. TODD,

36-61 Administrator.

RICHARD HIMSELF AGAIN!!

JOS. S. LEVETT & CO.,

Having secured the commodious Store

Cor. of Main and Union Streets,

WILL OPEN, ON THE FIRST OF MAY, their new and extensive Spring stock of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, made to order for city trade, being unsurpassed for quality and prices since the war, both in wholesale and retail departments, where we shall be pleased to see and serve our old friends and the public as in days of yore. Also some specialties direct from France. JOS. S. LEVETT & CO.,

61 Corner Main and Union streets.

ARKANSAS GAZETTE,

(Established in 1819.)

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Circulation Larger than any Paper in Arkansas.

Daily, in advance	$10 00
Tri-Weekly, "	6 00
Weekly, "	4 00

Published by

WOODRUFF & BLOCHER,

State and City Printers.

Job Work at Memphis prices. 61

THE RALEIGH PROGRESS.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

J. Julius Guthrie, Jr., Editor and Prop'r.

THE OLDEST DAILY IN RALEIGH, and the cheapest and best paper in the State. That it is a Journal the people of North Carolina most desire and appreciate, is fully evinced by its rapidly increasing circulation. It contains all matters of importance, News and Miscellany; is independent in its politics; bold and fearless in its expression of views on State and National diplomacy; swayed by no party or popular prejudice; has something every day interesting to all classes of the community, and that will make it an acceptable and agreeable visitor in the Family Circle, the Private Boudoir, the Counting Room, the Store, the Workshop, and the Sanctum of the Student. It devotes a large portion of its space to Agriculture and Mechanics, as well as to Science and Light Literature. It is classic in its style and religiously moral in its tone. In fact, it is a newspaper that should be read by every one.

Daily, per annum, $7; Weekly, per annum, $3. Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms.

ALLEN HOUSE,

Cor. Washington and Second Sts.

ALLEN BOYS AT THE DESK.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IS OURS. Charges are moderate. No trouble or expense shall be spared to

MAKE ALL COMFORTABLE,

and all for $2 50 per day, or ten dollars per week. Also, have a number of fine rooms suitable for families fitted to order.

25-96 M. ALLEN, Proprietor.

PUBLIC LEDGER.

By Whitmore Brothers. LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION. Ten Cents Per Week.

VOL. IV. MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 10, 1867. NO. 59.

PUBLIC LEDGER.

PUBLISHED

EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY,

—BY—

WHITMORE BROTHERS,

—AT—

No 13 Madison Street.

The PUBLIC LEDGER is served to City Subscribers by faithful carriers at TEN CENTS per week, payable weekly to the carriers.

By mail, SIX DOLLARS per annum, or Fifty Cents per month, in advance.

Communications upon subjects of general interest to the public are at all times acceptable.

Rejected manuscripts WILL NOT be returned.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

First Insertion	10 cents per line
Subsequent Insertions	5 " " "
For One Week	30 " " "
For Two Weeks	45 " " "
For Three Weeks	60 " " "
For One Month	75 " " "
Each subsequent month	60 " " "

Displayed advertisements will be charged according to the SPACE occupied, at above rates—there being twelve lines of solid type to the inch.

Notices in local column inserted for twenty cents per line for each insertion.

Special Notices inserted for ten cents per line for each insertion.

To regular advertisers we offer superior inducements, both as to rate of charges and manner of displaying their favors.

All advertisements should be marked the specific length of time they are to be published. If not so marked, they will be inserted for one month, and charged accordingly.

Notices of Marriages and Deaths will be inserted in the PUBLIC LEDGER as items of news. But anything beyond the mere announcement will be charged for at the rate of 20 cents per line.

Advertisements published at intervals will be charged ten cents per line for each insertion.

All bills for advertising are due when contracted and payable on demand.

All letters, whether upon business or otherwise, must be addressed to

WHITMORE BROTHERS,

Publishers and Proprietors.

JOKE ON AN EDITOR.

The Indianapolis *Herald* gets off the following good hit:

Lingle, of the Lafayette *Courier*, is a healthy editor and a good average feeder. He is also a polite gentleman, with a keen sense of what is due from bearded humanity to the angelic sex. Lingle is a good financier, and a fair editor, but it is in the making of a salad that he shines resplendent. He beats an egg with a scientific vigor, apportions salt and vinegar with a delicate discrimination of judgment, and manipulates oil and mustard with the most ravishing grace. Impugn his veracity and he laughs at you; but disparage his salads, and you put him on his muscle at once. So much by way of preface.

A few days since Mr. Lingle found himself, with a few select friends, in the enjoyment of a good dinner at the Tremont House, in Chicago. He literally threw himself away on salads. He compounded salads, each one of which was a dish for the gods, for his friends. His *chef d' œuvre*, however, was a lovely salad, upon which he had bestowed unusual care, destined for a lady who was sitting at a neighboring table. Having finished the salad, he regarded it complacently and lovingly for a few brief moments, and then called a waiter: "Here, boy," said he, "take this salad to that lady (pointing in the direction) in the blue silk dress, with Mr. Lingle's compliments. Mind, now, with the compliments of Mr. Lingle." The waiter smiled audibly and took the salad. It so happened that a colored family were refreshing themselves at a table near Mr. Lingle's table, and among them was a young colored lady, gorgeously arrayed in laces, chignon and *a blue silk dress*. The waiter took the precious salad, and with many bows and scrapes, sat it down before the fair daughter of Africa, with the "confidence of Mr. Bingle." The face of the sable beauty beamed with gratified vanity, and the parting of her ripe, full lips revealed two rows of the whitest ivory, as she acknowledged: "Mr. Bingle?" said she; "who's Mr. Bingle?" "Dat good lookin' white gemman over dah," returned the waiter. In the meantime poor Lingle's hair began to erect, as he saw the turn affairs had taken, and when the dusky belle rose, turned full around and dropped him a graceful "courtesy," he fell in a dead faint. He was recovered, however, by a glass of water dashed in his face, and immediately opened negotiations to have the joke suppressed. He offered six baskets of champagne and drinks for a year. Just as he was about to close the contract with his tormentors, he glanced furtively around and saw his African friend laboriously mixing a plate of cut onions and cucumbers. Having salted, peppered and vinegared it to her taste, she called the same waiter to her. She whispered something in his ear, and with a horror which thrilled through every fibre of his frame, Lingle saw the waiter take the dish and start toward him. With a frantic bound he started from the table, overturned two or three chairs, and a couple of guests, and bolted as if the devil was after him.

He has already had three fights, and spent about sixty dollars in drinks, and he isn't through with it yet.

Snow in the Sierra Nevada—Great Loss of Life.

The following is an extract from a letter written March 9, on the top of the Sierra Nevada mountains, by one of the officers in the employ of the Pacific railroad company:

For some weeks past I have been stationed in the Sierra Nevadas, in charge of the engineering of some tunnels that are being constructed very near the summit. We are completely environed by snow. I doubt if the oldest inhabitants of California realized until lately the full extent of the snow fall in those mountains.

The wildest stories I have heard are no exaggerations. My snow gauge, a few days ago, showed nineteen feet four inches on a perfect level. I have seen places near the wagon road where it is piled up more than fifty feet. Avalanches, or snow slides, are frequent and fatal. In one case a camp of Chinamen was covered up, and seventeen of them killed. At another time the snow came down on a camp of white men while they were asleep. Eleven of them were buried fourteen hours, and afterward dug out alive; three were killed. Many other, though less extensive, accidents have occurred. It seems strange to be surrounded by this condition of things, when I know that in five hours' time I may be in the Sacramento valley, where spring is in full bloom, and wheat is growing in the fields waist high.

The snow is a serious impediment to the railroad. It is proposed to cover all the cuts in the snow country; yet I fear communication will always be very much interrupted by it.

THE "POLITICIAN."

Of all the specimens in the zoology of creation we defy the production of a more treacherous animal than the little-souled politician of the present age.

By the genus "Politician" we more especially allude to that class of bipeds which are ever on the hunt for office, and when successful, and while in office, grasp with the desperation of the drowning at whatever of the least value may continue to float within reach, forgetful of dam or groom.

There are many classes of the genus "Politician," each of which is more or less different from the other in rapacity and greediness, but exhibit a common relationship in the matter of violated honor, disregarded pledges and professions, and more particularly *in ingratitude*.

We have given much thought to this subject, as the many specimens have been boastingly trotted out before our eyes during the many years past with a view to advertising their qualities, and we flatter ourself that we are prepared to do at least one or more of these zoological specimens the fullest justice from actual knowledge of natural instincts, qualities, and peculiarities.

There is, we find, a remarkable combination of the meaner instincts of other animals possessed by the "Politician," which separately develop themselves and approach greater distinctiveness after the animal has been installed into new quarters.

The first impression left by the politician is very favorable. Great suavity of manner; warm expressions of personal friendship; a well-improved air of meekness of style and grandeur of purpose; oily words smoothly spoken; comely appearance; wise looks; unselfish protestations; unruffled temper and clean shirt bosom—all these and more strike the beholder with full effect on being first seen on the track for a two-mile heat, best one in fifty, for an extra allowance of fodder at the coveted stall.

When, however, the race is over, the prize being secure, and the genus politician goes into his new stall, a perfect transmogrification takes place. Politician now exhibits the unmistakable signs of the genus to which he belongs. It is not seldom that he forgets the good treatment of his groom and kicks backward and forward, belaying those who "backed him up" in the race through which he has come out, by their fidelity and care, first best! It often also happens that the politician loses his former sight, in so far as his friends are concerned, or at least closes his eyes on them in a drowsy sleep, while his sight improves for those who bet against him.

This looks strange, but nothing may be said to look strange with the politician, and the smaller the soul and lower the body, the more frequent these remarkable peculiarities.

It, however, rarely occurs that this complete transmogrification does not destroy the opportunities of the specimen, particularly when he gives full scope to his natural instincts. It rarely happens that specimens of this character are permitted to retain the stall any great length of time, no matter how the entrance to it may be obstructed apparently.—*Western paper.*

Waterspout Disaster on the Colorado Desert.

The correspondent of the *Alta Californian* gives the following account of the recent singular disaster on the Colorado desert:

The unusual storm of Sunday, 10th inst., a notice of which I sent you by steamer, was not confined to this immediate locality. On the Colorado desert, on the afternoon of the same day, in what is here known as a waterspout, a government train was lost. The train consisted of 11 wagons, was known as Chandler's train, and was accompanied by one company and a detachment from another company of the 14th United States infantry, under the command of a lieutenant. They had encamped in the bed of, and just below the forks of a deep and broad wash. The troops were marching to Date Creek and Skull Valley, in Arizona. The camp was about nine miles east of Dos Palmos, at Canyon Springs. While thus encamped, a small black cloud suddenly appeared above the horizon, from which lightning and thunder proceeded. A sufficient time hardly elapsed to observe this cloud when it, or another one teeming with electricity, made its appearance in the opposite direction. The whole heavens were overcast, and amid the vivid flashes of lightning and deafening peals of thunder, a shower of hail commenced falling, which soon became a shower of flat pieces of ice, from two to four inches square. The mules instantly fled before the pelting storm to some neighboring hills, while the men sought shelter under wagons and the high banks of the wash. An employe who came in with an express from the command to the quartermaster at Wilmington, says he took shelter in a wagon, and in a few moments a huge volume of water, the face of which was nearly or quite three feet high, came rushing down the wash. This was soon followed by an additional one which came pouring onward, and which presented a front still higher above the waters of the first. The water rose in the wagon in which he was until it nearly reached the top of the bows of the covering, only a few inches of air being left for him to breathe beneath the wagon cover. Two men of the 14th were drowned, and the commanding officer was carried down the wash in the angry and boiling flood, and was only rescued from drowning by an Indian vaquero who, standing on the bank, saw the lieutenant completely exhausted from battling with the wild waters, amid the wreck of the trees, and threw his riata over his head and drew him to the shore. Six wagons were irretrievably lost, together with nearly all the harness of the whole train, and the rest of the wagons were washed down the torrent, overturned, broken, bruised, and scattered for miles. Commissary stores, with which the train had been laden, were carried into the Salt Lake (the great basin of the Colorado desert), a distance of eighteen miles from the scene of disaster. The command and the train are unable to move until resupplied with wagons, harness and provisions from the depot at Wilmington. The provisions were nearly all lost. Canyon Springs are about two hundred miles from this city, on the La Paz road, by which route and place the command was marching."

Radicalism in Virginia.

From the Richmond Times.]

The attempt of the lawless, merciless and unscrupulous Northern fanatics, who had exhausted the resources of the most ingenious cruelty, to build up a Radical party upon the ruins of the civil and political rights of the people of Virginia, has kindled a blazing, consuming fire of fierce and terrible indignation all over the State. That these murderers of our sons and brothers, calumniators of our women, oppressors of the living, insulters of our honored dead, disfranchisers of our leaders, enfranchisers of our late slaves, despoilers of our cities and towns, desolators of our plantations and destroyers of our constitutional rights to life, liberty and property, should ask us to support and aid them, fills every heart with loathing and horror. The dead heroes of our noble armies would rise from a hundred battlefields, made glorious by their valor, and curse the degenerate and dishonored survivors who would grasp fraternally the hands of men whose legislation has been as pitiless and unsparing as was the battle wrath of Tamerlane and Atilla. All classes and parties scorn affiliation with the men who have pressed, without a pang of pity, the power of the conqueror.

We thank God that there is life in the old State yet to spurn and trample under foot all proposals for a union with the party which has stripped us of all which once made us a proud and great people. *Let our people remember that the Radical demagogue—and not the Federal soldier—is the author of all the insults which have been heaped upon a disarmed people.*

The soldier did not disfranchise our best men; enfranchise our late slaves; abolish our State governments; trample our liberties under foot; blot out the name of Virginia; deny our soldiers decent sepulture; torture us with two years of merciless legislative persecution; systematically defame and traduce us and strive in every possible way to break our spirit and make us dishonor the cause for which our bravest and purest men lost their lives. All this was the work of the Radical party after the war was at an end. All this was done by men of the type of Wilson, who fled, like timid hares, from well contested battlefields, but who have heaped upon a disarmed people insults which have made the Federal soldiery blush with shame.

Feudalism in Tennessee.

A Nashville correspondent of the Cincinnati *Times* writes at follows:

Encounters in sections of the State, between men who have served in the rival armies, occur occasionally, but they are for the most part personal feuds, which had their rise during the war, and come to settlement as the parties meet. For instance, a few days ago, at a small town near Chattanooga, a bully, who had been a rebel guerrilla, and a former resident of the town, swaggered through the street with a navy revolver sticking out of his boot, drunk and eager for a quarrel. He went into a saloon and met an old and inoffensive citizen of the town, whose son this bully had caused to be hung during the war under the most atrocious circumstances. Going up to the old man in the most insolent manner, and slapping him on the shoulder, the bully remarked, "Where's your son now?" D—n you," said the exasperated father, recognizing the murderer of his boy, "I'll show you where my son is," and, drawing a knife, he stabbed the ruffian to the heart. The old man was put in jail, but afterward, quietly released, not even the ex-rebels denouncing his conduct under the well known circumstances which attended the case. I heard of a killing affair near Knoxville, not long since, in which two ex-Union soldiers came to their death through the settlement of personal wrongs. A Union and a rebel family lived neighbors, and the sons joined the respective armies that their sympathies were with. When the Union armies held that part of the country the two soldiers alluded to went to the house of their rebel neighbor, and forced the females of the house, who were without any male protection, to strip themselves naked and dance in their presence. The war being ended, they all returned, and at the first meeting of these men, the soldiers who had put this affront upon those women were killed. Correspondents desiring to do so, could easily magnify such a circumstance, by withholding the main cause of the killing into a desire and determination to destroy any person who had belonged to the army of the Union.

Felt Happy.

A clergyman in an adjoining town, who is being blessed with a revival of religion in his church, went one evening to attend a neighboring prayer meeting. The house was full, and all present seemed deeply interested in the exercises. At the close of the meeting he advised all those who desired to hold a personal conversation with him, as to the state of their feelings, to remain. Quite a number did so, and among them a "hardy son of toil," who we will call Mr. B. The good minister in his round of conversation with each one, came to him, and upon inquiring the state of his feelings, received the reply, that he "felt happy." "Ah, indeed," said the preacher, "I am rejoiced to hear you say so; may I inquire how long you have enjoyed this happy frame of mind?" "Perhaps, mostly since last week," said Mr. B. "Well, my friend," said the clergyman, "to what particular event, or circumstance, or occasion, do you trace this happy change in your feelings?" "Well, Mr. Minister," replied Mr. B., "I reckon, perhaps, the news of the election of Mr. English for Governor of the State of Connecticut, was about the spot to start from." The minister bit his lip and passed on to the next.—*Hartford Times.*

Daughter of Gen. Lee.

It may not be generally known that Gen. Lee's daughter has been stopping at the residence of Mr. Caskie, on Clay street, opposite military headquarters, for the past week. Partaking of that gracefully modest and retiring disposition so eminently characteristic of her great and distinguished father, her coming and her stay among us hardly transpired beyond the circle of the family with whom she is visiting. Miss Lee seems to be in excellent health, though thoughtful looking and betraying a peculiar quiet sadness of expression, looking at once both sympathy and interest. As yet owing to the fact that her arrival has not become known, but few of our citizens have called upon her, and perhaps even then the general disposition would be to disturb the privacy of her visit as little as possible.—*Richmond Times.*

TOURNAMENT.

MEMPHIS TOURNAMENT.

A GRAND TOURNAMENT AND CORONation will be held at the

MEMPHIS TROTTING PARK

—ON—

Wednesday, 22d of May, 1867,

The proceeds of which will be appropriated for the benefit of the

Widows and Orphans

—OF THE—

"LOST CAUSE."

LISTS OPEN TO THE WORLD!

The Knights of the Bluff City throw the gauntlet! Come all ye gallant and far famed Knights! Arouse your ancient chivalry, marshal your fiery steeds, and show yourselves worthy of the contest!

THREE SPLENDID PRIZES:

A Magnificent Diamond Ring, valued at $1000. This prize to be awarded to the most successful Knight tilting at the rings with the lance.

An Elegant Gold Watch and Chain, valued at $500, to the next most successful Knight.

A Splendid Saddle and Equipments to the third successful Knight.

Immediately after which will follow the contest for the handsome

SILVER PITCHER,

To be presented by the most graceful rider to

THE QUEEN OF MAY.

This contest to be determined by a committee of Young Ladies, who will be selected by the Judges—one each.

Orator of the Day:
Hon. WM. T. AVERY.

Awarder of Prizes:
D. H. POSTON, Esq.

Herald at Arms:
Capt. W. D. STRATTON.

Officers:
Capt. J. K. P. PRITCHARDS, President.
JACOB VOORHEIS, Secretary.
Capt. JACK HORNE, Treasurer.
N. E. HUGHES, Esq., Grand Marshal.
M. L. SELDEN, Assistant Marshal.
JAS. FLEMMING, Assistant Marshal.

Judges:
Lieut.-Gen. N. B. FORREST.
Gen. JNO. L. T. SNEED, Somerville, Tenn.
Col. T. S. TATE, Hernando, Miss.
NAPOLEON HILL, Esq., Memphis.
Col. M. T. POLK, Bolivar, Tenn.
Col. GEO. T. PORTER, Brownsville, Tenn.
Col. CAD. POLK, Helena, Ark.

Committee of Arrangements.
D. A. Williamson, Esq., Chairman, Memphis.
Hon. W. O. Lofland, "
John C. Lanier, Esq., "
Gen. Albert Pike, "
Gen. A. T. Stewart, "
Admiral Raphael Semmes, "
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W. H. Cherry, Esq., "
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D. Cockrell, Esq., "
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Larry Harmstad, "
Capt. J. West Sneed, "
Capt. James T. Bourne, "
J. C. Davis, "
K. J. B. L. Winn, "
Edward C. Jacobs, "
Dr. J. M. Keller, "
Simon Loeb, "
Capt. C. B. Church, "
J. W. Page, jr., "
Col. M. C. Gallaway, "
J. A. Menken, "
Col. St. Clair Dearing, "
Gen J. R. Chalmers, "
Col. J. H. McMahon, "
Col. Leon Trousdale, "
W. B. Galbreath, "
Newton Ford, "
A. Seessel, "
P. R. Cousins, "
Dr. W. N. Wilkerson, "
Col. M. Magevenv, jr., "
Col. John W. Dawson, "
Col. C. J. Selden, "
Col. A. Woodruff, "
Col. Frank White, "
Col. A. J. Keller, "
Col. Luke W. Finley, "
J. M. Burke, "
Ogden Fontain, "
Capt. R. A. Knox, "
G. E. Bayliss, "
B. M. Stratton, "
W. L. Cameron, "
John P. Wood, "
H. J. Ward, "
Dr. J. H. Howell, "
D. B. Molloy, "
A. Vaccaro, "
B. Bayliss, "
B. B. Waddell, "
Dr. R. W. Mitchell, "
Col. Gantt, "
Dr. John Erskine, "
R. A. Moon, "
Col. John J. Brown, "
Will. O. Woodson, "
Henry A. Montgomery, "
Gen. J. D. Ruffin, "
Hon. J. E. R. Ray, "
Capt. W. H. Rhea, "
W. M. Connelly, "
Capt. D. H. Todd, Huntsville, Ala.
Dr. Lindsley, Florence, Ala.
Capt. Pete, Tuscumbia, Ala.
Dr. Keller, Tuscumbia, Ala.
Gen. J. F. Fagan, Little Rock.
Col. L. C. Gause, Jacksonport.
Gen. R. G. Shaver, Jacksonport.
Gen. B. M. Bradford, Aberdeen, Miss.
H. M. Dillard, Clarendon, Ark.
Col. A. W. Johnston, Helena, Ark.
Gen. Wirt Adams, Grenada, Miss.
Col. Kinlock Falconer, Holly Springs.
Capt. Scruggs, Corinth, Miss.
Major J. D. Adams, New Orleans.
Major John H. Bills, Bolivar, Tenn.
Major E. P. McNeil, Bolivar.
Gen. W. H. Jackson, Jackson, Tenn.
Hon. W. H. Stephens, Jackson, Tenn.
J. T. Poindexter, Vaiden, Miss.
Nathan Adams, Haywood county, Tenn.
M. R. Parrish, Bolivar, Tenn.
J. M. Lawrence, Pontotoc, Miss.
M. S. Ward, Panola, Miss.
S. M. Thompson, Oxford, Miss.
J. A. Only, Raleigh, Tenn.
Dr. Alex. Thompson, Humboldt.
Col. J. B. Morgan, Hernando.
J. W. Williamson, Union City.
Dr. F. F. Voorheis, Union City.
A. J. Lawson, Union City.
Col. James A. Patterson, Augusta, Ark.
F. W. Lynn, Jacksonport.
Major W. E. Woodruff, Little Rock.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Ample arrangements will be made to seat ten thousand. All persons desirous of attending will please procure tickets, as there will be no money taken at the gate.

Tickets to be had at the different Hotels and Music and Book Stores.

The exercises will commence at precisely 9 o'clock a.m.

Those wishing to enter as contestants will make application to the Secretary, at No. 178 Main street. Married men not admitted as contestants. 56-td

The list closes on the 20th.

PEOPLE'S

BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS,

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, ... President.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. 1-79

INSURANCE.

STATE AGENCY

—OF THE—

Northwestern Mutual Life Ins. COMPANY.

The Only Truly Mutual Life Company that is Licensed to do Business in this City.

Assets, - $2,000,000

POLICIES ISSUED ON ALL THE DIFferent plans, and at lower rates than any other Life Company doing business in Memphis, and premiums paid in cash and notes, or all cash, at the option of the insured.

All insured are allowed to travel or reside any where in America or Europe without extra charge. J. S. CHAPIN, State Agent,

51-79 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

INSURE

—WITH—

Lindsey & Vredenburgh,

Agents for the following first-class companies:

Home Insurance Company,

of New York

Capital, - - - $3,765,503.

Security Insurance Comp'y,

of New York.

Capital, - - - $1,602,706.

Enterprise Insurance Company,

Of Cincinnati.

Capital : : : $1,000,000.

PARTIES DESIRING INSURANCE, EIther Fire, Marine or Hull, would do well to call upon

LINDSEY & VREDENBURGH

Before effecting insurance elsewhere.

No. 11 Madison Street,

2-81 Up Stairs, Memphis, Tenn.

CLOTHING.

EXCELSIOR

FURNISHING STORE.

E. G. BARNABY,

Dealer in

GENTS'

Furnishing Goods,

TRAVELING BAGS,

Trunks, Valises, Hats, &c

UNDER OVERTON HOTEL,

Main Street,

(Second Door North of Poplar.)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

43-68

SALES EXTRAORDINARY.

THE FINEST, MOST VARIED AND COMplete stock of

CLOTHING!

Formerly owned by J. H. WAGGENER, is now retailed

BELOW EASTERN COST!

—BY—

GEN. FRANK C. ARMSTRONG,

Agent of purchasers. The whole of this immense and varied stock of the CHEAPEST GOODS EVER BROUGHT TO MEMPHIS.

Must be Sold within Sixty Days.

Those who call first will have the first choice. Possession of the house must be given within sixty days.

CALL AT ONCE!

City and Country Trade supplied, Wholesale and Retail. 43-68

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Cor. Front and Jefferson.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST of Capt. J. W. Mancourt in this establishment, in entering upon the duties as proprietor, I promise that in the future, as in the past, our table will be supplied with

The Best the Market Affords,

While especial attention will be paid to the general comfort of the guests. My aim is to keep

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL OR NONE.

D. BRYSON,

24-59 Proprietor.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

—AT—

G. F. JUNKERMANN'S,

No. 34 Main Street,

Near the Memphis & Ohio Railroad Depot,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

BEING CONNECTED WITH SEVERAL wholesale establishments in the North, I am enabled to sell Furniture at little above Cincinnati rates. Mattresses of all kinds made to order. Loose Mattresses constantly on hand. Furniture repaired. Upholstering and Renovating done with neatness and dispatch. [22

INSURANCE.

THE ORIGINAL

TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPY,

—OF—

HARTFORD, CONN.,

MAKES ALL KINDS OF

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE

SEPARATELY OR COMBINED,

At Lowest Rates of Premium.

Net Cash Assets, Jan. 1, - $741,337 02

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL ACCIDENT POLICIES ARE written for any term from one month to one year, insuring against all forms of

Bodily Injury by Accident,

Fatal or non-fatal, whether the injury be received in traveling or not, whether in the store, office, shop, factory, on the street or farm, or in any of the ordinary avocations of life.

These polices guarantee the payment of a fixed sum, from $500 to $10,000, in case of fatal accident; or a stipulated sum per week, from $3 to $50, as indemnity for loss of time by *totally disabling* injury by accident, at an annual cost of $5 to $20 per $1000, according to occupation.

The TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD—the pioneer accident insurance company of the country—has, up to March 1, 1867:

Issued over NINETY THOUSAND Policies, and Paid FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS in Losses,

Including more than five thousand losses for non-fatal injury, and seventy-two total losses (by death), in which the sum of $208,000 was realized for less than $1200 received in premiums.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD also insures against loss of life from any cause, whether disease or accident, *with Weekly Indemnity for totally disabling accident*, at rates of premium lower than any other company. All approved forms of ordinary Life Policies written, whether TERM, ANNUAL LIFE, TEN YEAR NON-FORFEITABLE or ENDOWMENT Policies, either with or without indemnity for totally disabling bodily injuries, as the applicant may prefer.

Annual Premiums for Life.

Policies for Life insure against death from any cause, and the premium is payable annually during life. Rate per $1000:

Age of	20	25	30	35	40
Ordinary Life policy	$12.19	$13.90	$16.10	$18.97	$22.81
Com. Life and Accident	16.19	17.90	20.10	22.57	26.81

Other ages in proportion.

Ten Year Non-Forfeitable.

Ten Year Non-Forfeitable Policies insure against death from any cause, and the premiums are all paid up in ten years. Indemnity for accidents under this form of policy, holds until age of 75. These policies are non-forfeitable after two annual payments. Rate per $1000:

Age of	20	25	30	35	40
Ordinary Life policy	$26.14	$29.08	$32.66	$37.04	$42.44
Com. Life and Accident	34.58	37.40	40.70	44.74	49.73

Other ages in proportion.

Also, Term and Non-Forfeitable Endowment Policies at proportionate low rates.

The TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD was the first company in the world to combine Life and Accident insurance under one policy and premium. This form of policy meets with much favor, as it covers all personal hazards under one risk, and its cost is less than most companies charge for Life insurance alone.

JAMES G. BATTERSON, President.
RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.
CHAS. E. WILSON, Asst. Secretary.
Hon. ELI. WRIGHT, Consulting Actuary.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
H. P. STEARNS, M. D., Consulting Surg.

E. C. BARBOUR, Gen'l Ag't,

No. 11 Madison St.,

At Office of LINDSEY & VREDENBURGH.

1-28-106

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

HARTFORD, CONN

INCORPORATED 1819.

ASSETS, JULY 1, 1866.

Cash on hand, in b'k and with ag'ts	$ 257,320 09
United States Stock	812,277 25
Real Estate, unincumbered	90,358 95
State Stocks	497,690 00
New York Bank Stocks	734,170 00
Hartford Bank Stocks	270,810 00
Miscellaneous Bank Stocks	129,000 00
Railroad Stocks, etc	273,067 50
Mortgage Bonds, City, County and Railroad	1,611,136 66
Total	$4,675,830 55

LIABILITIES.

Losses unadjusted and not due	$ 221,236 35
Net	3,854,594 20
Income for last year net	2,923,399 94
A daily income of say	9,300 00
Losses and expenses	2,541,294 30
Tax paid, Government and State	179,173 34
Total Losses paid in 47 years	18,127,410 06
By Fire	17,243,000 99
Inland	1,884,409 07

Loss by Portland Fire, July 4th.

THE total amount covered by the Ætna Policies on property destroyed or damaged is $306,854, on which salvage will be about five per cent. Our total loss will not vary much from $290,000, and was promptly adjusted and paid. This sum is five per cent. upon the Company's assets, a figure but slightly exceeding our Government and State taxes paid last year, or a proportion equal to a $5,000 loss for a company of $100,000 assets.

The necessity for insurance and the value of wealthy, strong corporations is forcibly illustrated by this fire. Several weak insurance companies are destroyed. Portland has a population of 35,000—was handsomely built, mostly fine brick or stone structures—protected and screened with upward of 3,000 shade trees—bounded on three sides by water—indeed, literally, almost rising from the ocean—and with a steam fire department—yet it has $10,000,000 of property consumed in a few hours—upon a holiday when its people are least occupied—from the very insignificant cause of a contemptible firecracker.

Remember the trifling origin of fires that sweep away in a few hours the earnings of years. Consider your best interest and give the Ætna Agent a call if you need proper insurance security. Pay a fair rate of premium for a good and genuine article, and with these lights and experiences before you, procure your insurance with shrewd judgment.

Applications for insurance promptly attended to by H. A. LITTLETON & CO., Ag'ts.

19-96 No. 22 Madison street.

HOUSE, SIGN

—AND—

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING,

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES,

—BY—

LOWRY & SMOOT,

No. 285 Second Street,

Between Madison and Court Streets.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO

Calsomining & Paper Hanging.

41-118

BRING YOUR JOB PRINTING TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER, where the prices are uniform and low, and where you are sure to get the work.