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PUBLIC LEADER.



VOL. XXXV.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 9, 1882.

NO. 60.

SHELBY COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS.

GOVERNOR.		CONGRESS.		REPRESENTATIVES.	
Wards.	Count.	Wards.	Count.	Wards.	Count.
First Ward	190	1st District	143	1st District	143
Second Ward	186	2nd District	140	2nd District	140
Third Ward	178	3rd District	137	3rd District	137
Fourth Ward	174	4th District	134	4th District	134
Fifth Ward	170	5th District	131	5th District	131
Sixth Ward	166	6th District	128	6th District	128
Seventh Ward	162	7th District	125	7th District	125
Eighth Ward	158	8th District	122	8th District	122
Ninth Ward	154	9th District	119	9th District	119
Tenth Ward	150	10th District	116	10th District	116
Eleventh Ward	146	11th District	113	11th District	113
Twelfth Ward	142	12th District	110	12th District	110
Thirteenth Ward	138	13th District	107	13th District	107
Fourteenth Ward	134	14th District	104	14th District	104
Fifteenth Ward	130	15th District	101	15th District	101
Sixteenth Ward	126	16th District	98	16th District	98
Seventeenth Ward	122	17th District	95	17th District	95
Eighteenth Ward	118	18th District	92	18th District	92
Nineteenth Ward	114	19th District	89	19th District	89
Twentieth Ward	110	20th District	86	20th District	86
Twenty-first Ward	106	21st District	83	21st District	83
Twenty-second Ward	102	22nd District	80	22nd District	80
Twenty-third Ward	98	23rd District	77	23rd District	77
Twenty-fourth Ward	94	24th District	74	24th District	74
Twenty-fifth Ward	90	25th District	71	25th District	71
Twenty-sixth Ward	86	26th District	68	26th District	68
Twenty-seventh Ward	82	27th District	65	27th District	65
Twenty-eighth Ward	78	28th District	62	28th District	62
Twenty-ninth Ward	74	29th District	59	29th District	59
Thirtieth Ward	70	30th District	56	30th District	56
Thirty-first Ward	66	31st District	53	31st District	53
Thirty-second Ward	62	32nd District	50	32nd District	50
Thirty-third Ward	58	33rd District	47	33rd District	47
Thirty-fourth Ward	54	34th District	44	34th District	44
Thirty-fifth Ward	50	35th District	41	35th District	41
Thirty-sixth Ward	46	36th District	38	36th District	38
Thirty-seventh Ward	42	37th District	35	37th District	35
Thirty-eighth Ward	38	38th District	32	38th District	32
Thirty-ninth Ward	34	39th District	29	39th District	29
Fortieth Ward	30	40th District	26	40th District	26
Forty-first Ward	26	41st District	23	41st District	23
Forty-second Ward	22	42nd District	20	42nd District	20
Forty-third Ward	18	43rd District	17	43rd District	17
Forty-fourth Ward	14	44th District	14	44th District	14
Forty-fifth Ward	10	45th District	11	45th District	11
Forty-sixth Ward	6	46th District	8	46th District	8
Forty-seventh Ward	2	47th District	5	47th District	5
Forty-eighth Ward	0	48th District	2	48th District	2
Forty-ninth Ward	0	49th District	0	49th District	0
Fiftieth Ward	0	50th District	0	50th District	0

Vote for Congressman in Shelby.
The Hon. Casey Young carried Shelby county by 12 plurality, receiving 5276 votes to 5254 for Smith and 612 for Hawkins, the total vote amounting to 11,142. This is 3394 votes less than was cast for Moore and Young two years ago. The vote then stood 7676 for Moore and 8360 for Young, majority for Moore 816, and total vote of the county 14,536.

Cleveland's Majority 190,000.
NEW YORK, November 9.—The Times of this morning says that the majority for Cleveland for Governor is over 190,000.

THE JAY HUBBEL FUND only benefited a few persons in this district. The fodder was too high for common use. The bosses had the handling and it would not go around very far.

IT IS TO BE HOPED that the great temperance lights of this State have not all gone out, and that their arduous labors in behalf of the cause have not been unfruitful for future usefulness in the same line.

IN Montgomery county, the home of James E. Bailey, where the most of the noise was born, Bate received 2451 votes; Hawkins, 1800; Beasley, 146; Fussell, 330; Milliken, Democrat, 2746 and Rufus Rhodes, bolter, 1850; So much for Buckingham.

BEN Butler's election as Governor of Massachusetts is one of the surprises of the day, and one which is as grotesque as it was unexpected. Old Ben was originally a Democrat, but it took him a long time to get back into the fold; but he has come to stay and has brought forth works meet to repentance. The man who can carry Massachusetts, the Gibraltar of Republicanism, for the Democratic party has earned his spurs.

THE Fossillites concentrated their efforts on the Legislature. They admitted their man might possibly not be elected, but claimed that the Legislature would be all right. The idea was to elect enough Democrats and Republicans to sustain the 60-6. The Fossillites have possibly elected one member to the Legislature. He will be conspicuous as an end man or a middle man to the thirty-one Republicans, but harmless. In a Republican caucus he might hold the balance of power.

THE people of this district permitted Casey Young's election to go by default two years ago, but before Wm. R. Moore had warmed his seat they saw their mistake and resolved to correct it. The opportunity came and they made the best of it. Young is returned to Congress by a handsome majority for a doubtful district. He will be most heartily welcomed by all Democrats, and even the Republicans will be glad to see him. Young has a national reputation as a cool, clear-headed man, a good worker and a far seeing statesman. Memphis has always been proud of him, without always fully realizing the full caliber and value of the man. He is a fine speaker, and always commands the attention of the house when he has anything to say, but it is not as a posing dramatic orator that he figures. He is rather a quiet, vigilant worker, ever alive to the issues of the hour and ever studying the best interests of his constituents and the country. His election was a good day's work for this district and for Tennessee. Our state will have a fine Democratic delegation in the next House, which will command respect and wield influence in shaping national legislation.

THE Elections.
SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.—A Reno, Nevada dispatch says Powning, Republican candidate for Congress, was defeated by from 500 to 700 and has given up the fight.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., November 9.—Rowell, Republican, was elected to Congress in the Fourteenth district.

KANKAKEE, ILL., November 9.—Payson, Republican, was elected to Congress in the Ninth district.

THE Canal Question in New York.
NEW YORK, November 9.—The following is the vote in the city on the constitutional amendment to make the canals of the State free: For the amendment, 114,043; against, 630.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

DUBLIN, November 9.—Richard Laton, home rule member in the House of Commons from Queens county, Ireland, has announced his resignation.

IT IS REPORTED that the under Secretary of Ireland has been offered to O'Connell.

DON Freeman's Journal, in an article protesting against conferring the freedom of Dublin on General Wolsey on his return to this city, asserts that Wolsey, when about to start for Egypt, declared that the only ally to his pleasure was the prospect of his expedition was the fear that the Irish people might take advantage of his absence to rise and he would not be there to suppress them.

DURING the pendency of a discussion on the coercion bill, too, says the Journal, he expressed the hope that if the Irish should revolt, he might be sent to Ireland to suppress them and teach them what war meant.

LYONS, November 9.—The Socialists held a meeting last night, at which Madame Paul Mericque presided. The reporters of the daily press, who had front seats and were intended to furnish full reports, were expelled by members of the secret organization, and the police attempting to interfere to prevent trouble, were pelted with mud and hustled about amid cries of "Long live the socialist revolution!" After the speaker was ended, the meeting broke up in great disorder.

LONDON, November 9.—The Queen will review the Indian troops at Windsor Castle and decorate some of the chosen of the force for conspicuous bravery in the Egyptian war.

A dispatch to the Times from Cairo says the Egyptian authorities arrested a servant who was sent by some one of the rebel prisoners to the English Consul, who is acting for Arabi and his fellows. Sir Edward Mallet, British Consul General at Cairo, thereupon demanded to be released. Arabi in prison is a greater curse to the people of this country than Arabi free. The colossal blunder of this trial of Arabi is now universally admitted.

GREECE and Turkey have signed a protocol looking to the evacuation of disputed points on the frontier.

DUBLIN, November 9.—The Freeman's Journal says: Premier Gladstone has never before yesterday declared so distinctly and clearly his opinion of the necessity of home rule or the extent to which it should be conceded. It is impossible to exaggerate the sign of peace in his utterance. Mr. Gladstone would not dare to use such words as he did unless there was some real meaning behind them. The proposition that England will recognize home rule was distinctly advanced and brought more clearly into the domain of practical politics by Gladstone in his speech.

THE Irish Times, commenting upon the same point, says editorially: Gladstone made a remarkable and emphatic new bid for the Irish vote.

THE court has granted a divorce to Mrs. Wellesley against Col. Wellesley, son of Earl Cowley, on the ground of adultery, committed by Wellesley with Kate Vaughan, actress.

PARIS, November 9.—Premier Duclere, President of the Council, in opening the Chambers said: Our relations with foreign nations are very pleasant. Certain changes had occurred in Egypt in consequence of the occupation by British troops, but no permanent settlement of the present complications can be made without France having a voice in it. Friendly assurances, in fact, have been received from the government of Great Britain upon this subject and say the French Ministry would without a doubt conduct the affairs with prudence, fostering a spirit of conciliation, but it would not thwart.

THE majority of the Ministry were prepared to continue their functions. Mr. Chandler read his speech coldly, failing to cheer even its most vigorous and effective portions, and at this there were ill suppressed sneers on the part of some of the members. The Extreme Left of the French Chamber have, after a meeting in which there was a broad discussion of the subject, decided at its first opportunity to interpellate the Ministry upon its general political policy.

NASHVILLE.

Bate's Majority Estimated at 25,000.—The Legislature Virtually Solid.

Special to the Ledger.
NASHVILLE, TENN., November 8.—Bate's majority is not less than 25,000. Every bolter for the Legislature was defeated except perhaps, one in Lincoln county. We estimate the Legislature at ninety-five straight for the Bate platform, to thirty-seven opposition.

J. T. HILLMAN.
The Minnesota Election.
ST. PAUL, November 9.—Returns, tabulated up to 3 o'clock this morning, give the following majorities of Congressmen:

White (Republican), First district, 236.

Wakefield (Republican), Second district, 4563.

Strail (Republican), Third district, 5542.

Washburn (Republican), Ninth district, 2642.

Nelson (Republican), Fifth district, 3968.

The returns from the Second, Third and Fifth districts are incomplete, and later returns will increase the majorities.

THE Legislature, as made up this morning, stands: Senate—Republicans, 34; Democrats, 10; Independents and Greenbacks, 3. House—Republicans, 76; Democrats, 23; Independents, 3.

A Committee at Large.
CINCINNATI, November 9.—The Congressional Committee appointed to inspect and report upon the condition and needs of the Mississippi river from Cairo to New Orleans, left this city this morning at half-past nine on the steamer Guiding Star. The committee is composed of Messrs. Burroughs, of Michigan, chairman; Robinson of Massachusetts; Hazleton, Wisconsin; Hiseock, New York; Ellis, Louisiana; Holman, Indiana; Carlie, Kentucky; and Butternorth, Ohio. Some of them are accompanied by their families. As assistant Sergeant at Arms Thomas Kavanaugh goes along as business manager of the committee. Mayor Means and a number of leading citizens went with the party this morning as far as Aurora, Ind.

THE Weather.
WASHINGTON, November 9.—For the Tennessee and Ohio valley and Lake region warmer, cloudy weather with rain, winds mostly southerly. For the upper Lake region partly cloudy weather with local rains, variable winds, stationary or higher temperature and pressure. For the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys partly cloudy weather, local rain, northerly winds becoming variable, stationary or lower temperature and pressure.

Liverpool Markets.
LIVERPOOL, November 9.—Bacon, Cumberland cut, steady at 68c; short ribs, steady, 69c. Cotton prime, dull, 44c. Turpentine spirits, steady, 39c. Rosin, common, dull, 50c.

Folger Resumes.
WASHINGTON, November 9.—Secretary Folger resumed his duties at the Treasury Department to-day. In response to an inquiry of a representative of the press, the Secretary said he was not yet prepared to say when he would issue another call for bonds. It is thought probable, however, that within a few days he will conclude to anticipate the payment of bonds embraced in the hundred and eighteenth call, which was issued on October 18.

ADDITIONAL COTTON.
NEW YORK, November 9, 12:24 p.m.—Cotton quiet. Ordinary, 7 1/2c; good ordinary, 9 1/2c; low middling, 10c; middling, 10 1/2c; good middling, 10 1/2c; middling fair, 11 1/2c; fair, 12 1/2c. Futures are easy at a point or two below last evening on most months.

NEW ORLEANS, November 9, 11:30 a.m.—Cotton easy. Middling, 10c. Sales to-day, 1000 bales. Receipts, 8748 bales.

LIVERPOOL, November 9, 5 p.m.—Cotton opened easier and fell 1-16d. Up-lands, 6 1/2d; Orleans, 6 1/2d. Sales to-day, 12,000 bales. Receipts, 13,200 bales. American, 12,500. Futures opened steady and closed dull.

OTTON STATEMENT.
Stock, September 1, 1882, 1,565
Received to-day, 4,134
Received previously, 107,991-1,570

Shipped to-day, 1,872
Shipped previously, 4,577
Bales, etc., 475
Home consumption to date, 25,162,129
Stock remaining account, 67,921

READING THE VERDICT.

A Bad Crowd Dragging 'Round Washington.

Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.
WASHINGTON, November 7.—The National Republican, the administrative organ, will say in the morning that the Democratic State victories were won on purely local issues, and that they do not affect the Republican party at large nor indicate the outcome of the national election.

As to the Congressional elections, the organ will claim every thing to concede nothing, making the control of the next House turn on a fair count in the South. This is positively the most optimistic view taken here to night.

The average Republican reading private telegrams in his elegant office, to the poor, habilitated government clerk at \$300 a year feeding on the hanks through the white sheet in front of Hubbell's headquarters, went home feeling that this was as the cold wet night that ushers in the equinoctial storm.

Of course the demagogues have been filled all evening despite the rain, with men eager to know the latest—the worst. Many of them put it in a sickly, desperate attempt to be funny. Most of them were government clerks, whose bread and butter was at stake to day, men many of them rolling very largely on the personal influence of some Congressman for continuance in place.

These, of course were extremely anxious as to some particular district, where "he" was running. Republicans crowded Mr. Henderson's rooms and the street in front, wet as it was. Henderson's clerks amazed the crowd with such juvenile information as they thought would please it, for example: that Nebraska had gone Republican; that Rhode Island was confidently claimed by the Republicans. This somehow did not satisfy them. Neither did the glorious news of the night that Butler was Governor of Massachusetts; that the people had triumphed over the bosses in New York and Pennsylvania; that Indiana had gone Democratic, and so on. It simply dashed them, and they went home moist and sorrowful.

Foreman W. Dickson, of the Star route, jury (under arrest, but out on bail) presided over a club of Democratic statesmen in one of the Willard Hotel reception rooms with much dignity. The club was exclusive and impressive. It did not have much news, but what it had being chiefly from John Kelly, was good. It seemed to see the land of plenty near at hand. As Dr. J. G. Gardner (where Dickson and Bowen had their historic confab), at the newspaper office, and the theaters and from the extras the rest of the world learned the news. It was received for the most part very quietly, the Republicans were too sorrowful and the Democrats too joyous.

Joseph McDonald, of Indiana, and Grover Cleveland, of New York, are already nominated for President and Vice President in 1884, and a Congressional investigation into the levying and the spending of Hubbell's assessments is mooted.

Tennessee Again Securely Democratic.
Nashville American, 8.
As we write, the dispatches are beginning to come in showing what we had seen for several weeks, that the contest was simply a Democratic and Republican fight, the other candidates being almost obliterated in the struggle for party supremacy in the State.

Whatever merit the Fussell wing had, in its effort to sustain the settlement, it has been entirely obscured by the party contest, and this obscuring of the debt settlement question is due alone to the fact of antagonizing the Democratic candidate for Governor, in order to make a light for the Legislature only.

By the time we go to press the returns will show General Bate to be elected by a large majority.

The great bulk of our people took the right view of this subject—that while they, or at least many of them, they were not willing, as a consequence, to see the State turned over to the Republican party, and one of two things had to be done, support and elect a sound Democrat, thereby putting the State in line with national Democracy, or divide up on a single issue and let the Republican Governor be elected and the State be turned over to the Republican party.

It never was a contest between two Democrats on different platforms, but it was a square fight between the regular Democratic nominee and the Republican candidate.

The result will show that the people were terribly earnest in their determination to overthrow the Republican party in the State.

Respecting, from the opening of the canvass, the views of men who were standing for maintaining the debt settlement, we have constantly maintained towards them that courtesy and respect which the courage of conviction always commands, and we sincerely believe most of these men will soon see that it was better to elect the Republican party than to thrive on a platform not satisfactory and give the State to the Republicans.

Tennessee is now Democratic to the core and the Republican party is overthrown. We are proud this is so, and that from the day the issue was presented to us of harmonizing and uniting the two wings of the Democratic party, or standing with the Republican party for a division and Republican success, we have never hesitated one moment as to what ought to be done.

The canvass has closed and with no unkind feelings towards Democrats who stood by their convictions. We cannot always agree with a man of courage, but always respect him.

We are glad the struggle is over, and while we rejoice in the triumph of Democracy, which seems to be on its biggest boom, extending from ocean to ocean, we extend a friendly hand to

INGERSOLL INTERVIEWED.

As to the Cause of the Great Political Reaction.

DETROIT, November 8.—Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who lectures here to-night, was interviewed, this afternoon as to his views on the political situation, and in answer to a question as to what caused the great political reaction, said first, extravagant appropriations, and second the refusal to reduce taxation. At least \$75,000,000 should have been taken from the burden borne by the people; \$30,000,000 should have been taken from sugar, and the entire tax from tobacco. The Republican party should have taken such steps that all internal taxation could in one year from now be abolished. The people are tired of paying war taxes in time of peace. They want collectors and treasury agents and gaugers and all sort of detectives and spies discharged. Third, the Republicans should not have postponed tariff reform. The Tariff Commission was a mistake. The people saw it was only an alibi for continuance, a ruse for delay, and that the Republican party was not going to act. Fourth, prominent Republicans have been trying to kill each other. The great struggle has been for office. We have too many politicians who are not enough statesmen. The fight against Cornell was unfortunate. Pennsylvania was tired of Cameron rule, and everywhere there seems to have been hatred and disgust.

"What will be the effect upon the Presidential contest in 1884?" asked the reporter in the view. "It looks to me, now, that General Sherman will be the next President. The Republican will be compelled to take such a man as General Sherman, and Sherman is the only such man I know. Stalwarts, half breeds, reformers and civil service gentlemen can all unite on General Sherman, the soldier and statesman."

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.
THE law firm of Poston & Poston is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All business heretofore done by them as heretofore.

W. H. POSTON,
W. K. POSTON,
T. P. POSTON.

NEW FIRM.
The undersigned have this day formed a partnership for the practice of law under the firm name of

POSTON, HILL & POSTON,
and will practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in Tennessee and Arkansas, and will have, as heretofore, an office at

36 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,
which will be under the control and management of D. H. Poston and R. H. Poston. Will also have an office at LITTLE ROCK, ARK., under the direction of H. M. Hill and E. P. Poston.

We respectfully solicit any and all business at either of said places.

D. H. POSTON,
H. M. HILL,
R. H. POSTON,
T. P. POSTON.

Nov. 5, 1882.

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Memphis Degree Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.

MEMPHIS Degree Lodge, No. 3, I. O. O. F., has requested to meet at the hall on this (THURSDAY) evening, November 9, at 7 1/2 o'clock, at the degree. Visiting brethren fraternally invited. By order, D. B. J. BINGHAM, D. M., Sec'y. H. H. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Health Order No. 19.
OFFICE BOARD OF HEALTH,
Tenth District, 187 1/2 Front St.,
Memphis, November 8, 1882.

On and after this date, the ordinance requiring the carrying and displaying of health results in the city will be enforced until further notice. When practicable to make new contractors' bills must be filed. By order of the Board,
J. H. PURCELL, M. D., Secretary.

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