NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERICAN.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835. NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1869. NEW SERIES, NO. 218

TELEGRAPHIC.

WASHINGTON.

ALL SORTS OF RUMORS FROM CUBA.

Possible Complications With Spain.

New York Tribune Gives a Rose-Color View of the Rebellion.

Gen. Dulce Announces its Final Suppression.

Fenian Damages to Canada vs Alabama Claims.

The Cabinet on Virginia Reconstruction.

WASHINGTON.

Another Turn in the Thumbscrew of Oppressive Taxation.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Commissioner Delano decides that when parties are engaged in manufacturing goods of any description, by furnishing material and paying for the work, though not personally engaged in the process of manufacturing, by conducting it through agents or superintendents, they are liable to a tax imposed by act of March 31, 1868, on manufactures.

Virginia Reconstruction Before the Cabinet.

The cabinet meeting to-day had a long consultation in regard to Virginia matters. It was finally determined that an order should soon be issued submitting the test oath and disfranchisement clauses of the constitution to a separate vote. No exceptions will be made regarding the county and township organization clauses. It is understood, however, that these may possibly be included in the exceptions before the order is issued.

Watching Cuban Privateers.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The Grape Shot is fitting out at a Southern port taking aboard arms and Cuban sympathizers. The government is closely watching the Quaker City at New York which is destined for Cuba.

Secretary of the Treasury on Taxing Foreign Capital.

A letter of instruction has been issued by the Secretary of Treasury to internal revenue officers, relative to tax on foreign capital, and prescribing the following additional regulations relative to taxes paid the government from dividend interest or profits due to non-residents aliens, prior to March 10, 1866, requiring the annexed evidence in addition to that heretofore required:

1. The affidavit of the non-resident setting forth his present place of residence, also his alienage and place of residence at time when the taxes in question were withheld, and that he is the identical person entitled to receive the amount so withheld, also specifying the amount which he or the Bank Company or the corporation is entitled to have refunded.

2. An affidavit of a creditable person that he is well acquainted with such non-resident alien, and knows him to be the person described, and to have been a non-resident alien as claimed.

3. The officer before whom the affidavit is verified must certify that he knows the person so verifying before him to be a creditable person.

4. A certificate of the Consul or consular agent and other official representatives of the United States in the country in which the affidavit that the attestation to such affidavits are genuine and made in accordance with the form of law by duly authorized officers.

5. When applications are made by a bank company or corporation satisfactory proof will be required of the fact, that the bank, etc, has paid to a non-resident alien, or his legal representatives the sum withheld from him under section 120 or 122 of act of June 30, 1864.

6 When application is made directly to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue by a non-resident alien, he will be required to prove that by the insolvency of the bank, company or corporation by which the amount of tax was withheld, or other sufficient cause, he is unable to obtain payment from such bank or corporation. In all such cases evidence of the receipt of the money by the United States required by the existing regulations on the subject of refunding, must be furnished in case of the death of a non-resident alien, the facts relating to him herein above required, be verified by his own affidavit of the legal representative of the estate of deceased, or other creditable person cognizant of the facts of the case, with the same corroborative evidence as is above required.

NEW YORK.

Revenue Cutters on the Watch for Cuban Privateers.

NEW YORK, May 11.—It is reported that revenue authorities have received orders to post a cutter to watch the movements of suspicious vessels in the East river to prevent filibusters leaving by the Hell Gate exit, and another cutter in lower bay to guard the Sandy Hook exit. The former vessel took its station last night off the foot of Tenth street, in the vicinity of the pier where the suspected vessel Quaker City is moored. All vessels leaving this port at night will be overhauled, detained and their cargoes and papers examined.

Valmaseda's Proclamation a Possible Casus Belli with Spain.

NEW YORK, May 11.—A Washington dispatch says, it is thought that the infamous proclamation issued on the 4th of April, by Count Valmazeda, the Spanish Commander in the Eastern Department of Cuba, will, if carried out, lead to trouble between Spain and the United States. The proclamation is regarded in official circles here as one of the most infamous ever issued by a commander having any pretensions to civilization. As there are many American citizens in that part of Cuba, it is feared that an indiscriminate execution of the proclamation may result in shooting of some of them. Should any American citizen be shot under this decree, our government will be prompt in punishing the outrage, and it is understood that instructions to this effect have been sent to Admiral Hoff since the proclamation was issued.

Sir Henry Bulwer Lytton on the Alabama Claims—He Gives Seward a Rap.

Another Washington dispatch says a gentleman who arrived here to-day direct from London, and who is well acquainted with the leading statesmen there, says that Sir Henry Bulwer Lytton had given notice that he would on the evening of May 11, call up the Alabama claims treaty in the House of Commons. It was Sir Henry's intention to speak at some length, criticizing the action of the British Ministry, and also taking exceptions to the course of Mr. Seward in precipitating action on this subject after the American people had condemned the Johnson administration at the ballot box.

The Tribune's View of Cuban Affairs.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The Tribune says the reports of enlistment for the Cubans in this city are unfounded. A large number have volunteered to enlist, but were declined. The Cubans have soldiers enough on the island acclimated, and only want materials, with which they are being supplied as fast as possible under the espionage of their agents here and elsewhere, as they are subjected to Spanish spies and officials. Many American officers have been engaged to superintend the shipping of war materials, and engaged on that duty some in the South will go to Cuba and take active duty.

Abolitionists Still Pegging Away.

The anniversary meeting of the American Anti-Slavery Society convened to day at Steinway Hall. The attendance was fine. Wendell Phillips called the meeting to order, congratulating the society on the favorable auspices under which they met, and declaring that the heavens were bright and every sign of the times was on the side of anti-slavery. The financial report was favorable, showing a balance of cash on hand of $2,500. Resolutions were adopted urging the adoption of the fifteenth amendment to constitution, approving Grant's inaugural and appointments of colored men to office, deprecating the social and political proscription of the colored race and upbraiding the church and press for neglecting to put an end to it, praising the Cuban patriots for abolishing slavery and calling on President Grant to recognize them, asserting that reconstruction in the South must be based on education, blaming the government for not more promptly and vigorously protecting Union people in the South, and denouncing the proposed restrictions upon the elective franchise in the District of Columbia.

The Rogers Murder.

NEW YORK, May 11.—District Attorney Garvin, in prosecuting a case in the general sessions of yesterday took occasion to say that if the man who saw the Rogers murder, and said "Jim don't do it," would come forward and tell who committed the deed, he should have full immunity from punishment.

Public Reception for Fenians.

The public reception of Warren and Costello by the Fenians takes place Friday evening, at Cooper Institute.

Race over the Fashion Course.

There was a trot on the Fashion Course to-day between Lady Thorn and American Girl, mile heats, to wagon of 1,000 pounds. Thorn won three straight heats—2:30, 2:27 and 2:29. The Girl was lame, and broke in each heat.

BOSTON.

Harvard and Oxford on the Muscle.

BOSTON, May 11.—A dispatch has been received by the Harvard College crew from Oxford College crew, accepting a challenge of the former, to row a four oared race from Putney to Mortlake, England.

$100,000 Enlisted Against the Temperance Cause.

Liquor dealers have formed an Association with one hundred thousand dollars capital to promote their interests in view, of the enforcement of prohibiting law by metropolitan police.

A New Boston Notion.

BOSTON, May 11.—Above 1,500 persons attended Riverside park this evening to witness the contest between Walter Brown, the oarsman, on a velocipede, and horse Jno. Stewart Brown, to go five miles and the horse in harness ten. The race was won by Brown, who completed his five miles in 26:20; the horse doing nine miles in 26:35. Brown's best mile was done in 4:29, and Stewart's in 2:47½. After the first mile Brown made the others in 5:22—5:44—5:29—5:16.

BUFFALO.

Almosta Tragedy on the Mimic Stage.

BUFFALO, May 10.—Miss H. E. Baily while personating Julia, at the Academy of Music last evening, accidentally caught her dagger in the folds of her dress, penetrating below the left breast and striking a rib, and breaking off the point of the dagger. The wound is serious but not dangerous.

LOUISVILLE.

Second Day's Races.

LOUISVILLE, May 11.—The attendance at the Greenland course to-day, was quite large, and the interest manifested was very lively. The race was two mile heats between Dick Jackson and Crossland, the latter winning both heats and coming in ahead at every mile, except the first mile in the first heat, which was awarded to the former.

Summary—Jeffersonville Purse, $600, two-mile heats:

Lovel Jackson enters chestnut colt, Dick Jackson, 4 years old, by Revenue, dam Victorine by imported Margrave, 2

A. Buford enters brown horse Crossland, 4 years old, by Lexington, dam a Tennessee mare, pedigree lost during war, 1 1

Time—First heat, one mile, 1:53, two miles, 3:48. Second heat—One mile, 1:52, two miles, 3:52½.

At the close of this race the judges announced that the entries for the Selling race, mile heats, for all ages, had been withdrawn, by reason of some misunderstanding in regard to the purse. The meeting will, however, continue until the close of the week under a new regime.

GEORGIA.

A Radical Senator Shot.

AUGUSTA, May 11.—Joseph Adkins, Radical Senator from Warren county, was probably mortally shot in the abdomen yesterday. The affray was caused by a private difficulty.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Cargo of Japan Tea en Route for St. Louis Per Rail.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—The first invoice of Japan teas by the Pacific railroad was shipped for St. Louis to day, inaugurating the overland trade with China and Japan.

CUBA.

Dulce Again Reports the Rebellion Suppressed.

NEW YORK, May 11.—A Washington special says that the Spanish minister received, last night, a submarine cable dispatch from Gen. Dulce, announcing the final suppression of the rebellion in Cuba. It is asserted by Dulce that only 1,200 insurgents are under arms, in detached bodies, without leaders or concert of action. The news was submitted to the State department. It does not receive great credit here, and is supposed to be promulgated to discourage American sympathy with Cuba and deter filibustering schemes. Cubans here affirm the ability of their countrymen to hold out against the Spaniards for an indefinite time. They claim the armed bodies alleged to be wandering around as constituting a nucleus of forces to the number of 8,000 or 10,000 men, working on farms and plantations, that can be concentrated at any time to strike the decisive blow.

First Battle of the War.

HAVANA, May 11.—A determined engagement occurred at Alta Gracia between the Spaniards under Lesca and the Cuban patriots. The Spaniards acknowledge the loss of a Colonel, Captain and six privates killed, and thirty wounded. The insurgents' loss heavy—number unascertained. The village San Miguel was burned by the Cubans.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—W. W. Corcoran endows an Art Repository in Washington, and August Belmont offers choice of twelve paintings from his collection.

United States coaling station removed from St. Thomas to Samana, on account of high charges.

Thirty clerks dismissed and more to go.

Postoffice Department making arrangements for through mails to San Francisco, and taking Western conductors to task for throwing off mail bags to accommodate passengers.

Curious women excluded from White House.

Large number of army officers assigned to duty in Indian department.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Steam tug exploded. Nobody hurt.

Cable rates explained to be $1 for every word, including date, address, etc, with reduction of 50 per cent on news matter.

OTTAWA—House of Commons cudgelling their brains over a monetary standard.

CHICAGO, May 11.—A street car run into by a locomotive. Five persons killed and seven injured.

BOSTON, May 11.—Grand rehearsal for National Peace Jubilee.

ENGLAND.

Fenian Inasion of Canada Balanced with the Alabama Claims.

LONDON, May 11.—The Standard (conservative) reviewing the position of the United States and Great Britain, on the Alabama question, asserts that these Fenian outrages on Canada more over balance depredations by the Alabama. Great Britain in agreeing to submit the grievances of both countries to arbitration did more than could be fairly demanded, and to yield further would be cowardly irreparable degradation.

IRELAND.

The Mayor of Cork Resigns.

LONDON, May 11.—Mr. O'Sullivan, Mayor of Cork, has resigned his office. Mr. Maguire, member for Cork, announced the fact in the House of Commons to day, and stated that O'Sullivan had taken this action to prevent re-election.

The bill introduced by the Attorney General disqualifying the Mayor from acting as a magistrate, was in consequence postponed one month.

RUSSIA.

Progress of Religious Freedom.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 11—The government is considering a plan for a reorganization of the Roman Catholic Church throughout the Empire.

VIRGINIA.

The Approaching Election—Large Increase of White Voters—End of Negro Supremacy in the Old Dominion—Negro Candidates for Congress.

Correspondence of the New York Herald.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The statement which appeared in certain journals the other day to the effect that representatives of the late Virginia Convention were in this city to see the President proves to be entirely inaccurate. One or two gentlemen from that State may have sought interview,s but they claimed no representative capacity whatever. The committee appointed by the Convention to wait on the President in relation to the submission of the constitution to the people for ratification or rejection, consists of Messrs. R. T. Daniel, Judge Meredith, Judge Marshall, W. H. Macfarland, Gen. Anderson and other conspicuous and influential citizens, all chosen with special reference to their holding moderate views, in accordance with the line of policy which controlled the recent Convention. This committee has not yet reached the city, but are expected to arrive, and the President has signified his readiness to receive them. Gov. Wells had his say some days since about the constitution, and the President has heard also Mr. Gilbert C. Walker, who is the candidate for Governor of the other wing of the Republicans. The conservative committee a will ask, it is understood, for a separate vote on the test oath and disfranchisement clauses to county organization features and the provision which denies to the Legislature power to pass a relief or stay law for the temporary relief of debtors. The President's views are known to be against the disfranchisement, test oath and county organization, and a separate vote will doubtless be given on each. On the stay law question he is unpermitted, though it is understood that the present military order on the subject, which gives considerable relief to the debtor class, was approved by him as promptly as it was tardily by Johnson. The same state of things still exists as then—embarrassment from a failure of crops and a want of a State government—and the President would be willing, doubtless, to see the new Legislature free to act on the question as the interests of the people may require. An important question still remaining to be settled is, whether, in addition to the vote on sections, the vote shall be taken on the remainder of the constitution or on the instrument as a whole. It is argued that the latter would compel many to vote against it who are anxious to have the remainder adopted and a State government organized.

Nothing has been done yet towards a new registration, but it is probable the order for an election will be issued by the latter part of the ensuing week, and a new registration ordered at the same time. Many whites failed to register at the last occasion, and there has been no registration since the autumn of 1867. There will be an addition of 20,000 whites to the lists and of some thousand negroes, but quite as many of the latter will be stricken from the lists, and the white majority on the lists cannot fall much below 20,000. Under the present registration the whites have some 15,000 majority; but by the apportionment created by the Underwood constitution the negroes have largely the control of the Legislature. This apportionment will be changed, if the Wells party lose the Legislature, so as to conform to the relative vote of the two races. The late Conservative Convention waived the suffrage issue, accepted the situation and with their distinctive party ticket, headed by Col. Withers. They meant by this line of policy to pave the way for electing the Walker Republican ticket. The contest is thus narrowed down to a struggle between the Wells and Walker wings of the Republicans, and the friends of the latter claim he will get fifty thousand majority. They expect a considerable vote from various loyal leagues which they control. They will get probably the entire Conservative vote, though a few soreheads may refuse to vote at all. The fight for Congress will be mainly between the carpet-baggers and the Walker Republicans. The Conservatives have no Congressional candidate in the field, save one, and there is much talk of running negroes against the carpet-baggers in the Norfolk, Richmond aan other districts.

There will be a hot struggle over the Legislature, and more doubt about this than other officers. Virginians now here say the Fifteenth amendment will be ratified if necessary to secure admission. An important point is whether the election shall be limited to a single day. It is argued that having it for three days tends to extensive colonization and repetition of frauds by which the city of Richmond was carried at the late election. The President will weigh this matter and all others very carefully and give due weight to all proper suggestions. He is exceedingly anxious for the success of reconstruction in Virginia, and his idea is to try the matter there first and take up Mississippi and Texas afterward. The result, so far, indicates the policy of his message, and even Gov. Wells is at last out in a letter accepting the Grant platform, on which the new movement was based. The election will be held early in July, unless there be some change of programme.

A DISPATCH from Lima, Ohio, states that, on Saturday night, a vigilance committee, composed of the "leading citizens" of that town, broke open the county jail and took out two men, Jeremy Diddlers by profession, charged with so warming themselves into the confidence of a Pennsylvanian, on the cars recently, that he thought his money would be safer with them than with himself, and therefore intrusted it to their keeping, never to see it again. The vigilants shaved their heads, coated them with tar and feathers, and finished with an egging. They then kicked them out of town. "Leading citizens" of this stamp ought to be leaded, though in this case there was a sort of barbaric justice. If the Pennsylvanian was "taken in" the sharpers were most effectually "done for."

The yellow fever was diminishing in Peru. It had disappeared from Oreca, after raging with great virulence.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

James H. McCully, the American Consul at Callao, died of yellow fever at Lima on April 17.

A man named Jas. Stephenson was garroted, on Thursday night, about two miles from Springfield, Ohio, and robbed of $1,100.

The President has decided to appoint no more civilians to Indian agencies, but hereafter all vacancies will be filled by army officers.

F. A. Eastman, postmaster of Chicago, has received 3,133 applications for subordinate positions, about 3,000 of whom will be rejected.

Gen. Henry Hays, a brother of the famous Jack Hays, formerly of Texas, declined to lead an expedition for the assistance of the revolutionists in Cuba.

It is reported that Gen. Grant is only restrained from recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban patriots by the opposition of five members of his cabinet.

It is positively stated by Spanish agents in New York that the junta has chartered the Quaker City to carry three hundred and fifty volunteers and arms to the insurgents.

A telegram to the Commercial Advertiser says President Grant will appoint a number of colored men to office in the Northern States. Mr. Ford, one of the New Brooklyn assessors has appointed a mulatto clerk.

The Grenada (Miss.) Sentinel says that agents from Kentucky, Missouri and Arkansas are now in Yalabusha county, using every endeavor to get the negroes away, and that in one week alone fully one hundred hands left Coffeeville for the North.

A London dispatch says that the English papers consider the conduct of the United States toward Spain exactly like that of England toward the United States during the war, and say that Spain should make the same demands that we do in the Alabama case.

The small-pox is making fearful ravages in South America, though it is thought to be diminishing. It attacked negroes and whites inside and outside of the walls of Panama. The sanitary commission was actively engaged in checking the scourge.

For some time a subscription has been in progress throughout Europe towards erecting a monument to Guttenberg, the inventor of printing. It has just transpired that the entire sum collected in the whole of Great Britain and Ireland amounts to exactly five pounds!

The Platte City (Missouri) *Reveille* has the following: "The grasshoppers are hatching out in this vicinity in countless numbers. In some places we have seen millions of the pests hopping about as lively as full-grown hoppers. The prospects bid fair for a heavy crop of the little cormorants."

Aaron Gordon, living in New Philadelphia, Washington county, Indiana, is charged with barbarously abusing his wife, threatening her life, tearing her flesh, etc. He has been compelled by his indignant neighbors to flee from the wrath which was coming in the shape of one of Judge Lynch's short cords.

A collision occurred near Quincy, Illinois, on the 6 between a passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, and an empty engine on the Toledo, Wabash and Western road. Several passengers were seriously hurt. The engineers and firemen were badly bruised, though not dangerously. Both engines are a total wreck.

Contrary to expectations, no determination as to the articles of the constitution to be submitted to the people of Virginia separately for ratification or rejection, has been as yet decided upon, the subject not being under discussion at the cabinet meeting of yesterday. In all probability this question will engage the attention of the cabinet at their meeting on Tuesday.

Gen. Maxwell, of Michigan, recently appointed Superintendent of Indian Affairs for New Mexico, returned here today from a trip to his old home, whither he had gone to arrange for his bond. He found that, during his absence, an army officer had been detailed to fill his place. As Gen. Maxwell was regularly nominated, confirmed and commissioned, and no complaints are alleged, the suspension excites considerable comment.

The town of Anna, Union county, Illinois, was visited on the 4th by a fearful hail-storm. The hail-stones measured from one to two and a half inches in diameter, and not a few were as large as a man's fist. The ground was covered in some places two feet deep. Fruit has been almost entirely destroyed. Strawberries were just beginning to ripen, with excellent prospects. Now there will not be half a crop. Nearly all the peaches are knocked off.

The Clarksville *Tobacco Leaf* of April 27, says:

We regret to learn that the Rev. A. Mizell, agent for the Tennessee Orphan Asylum, will to day remove to Edgefield, which place he will make his home, at least for the present. We only regret to lose him as one of our most beloved and respected citizens, and heartily commend him to the good people of Edgefield. Mr. Mizell will continue his agency for the Orphan Asylum. We are glad to hear that he is meeting with a hearty response from our benevolent citizens in all parts of the country. He informs us that he is under special obligations to the proprietor of the City Hotel, Nashville, for favors. He recommends this hotel to the traveling public. He also returns thanks through us to Capt. Harmon, Superintendent of the Nashville and Cairo line of packets, viz, Nashville, Talisman, John Lumsden, and Tyrone, for a free pass for himself and family from Clarksville to Nashville.

We congratulate our sister city on gaining such a valuable citizen, and anticipate for him greatly increased success in his mission.

The University of Nashville

The *Home Monthly* for April says:

The city of Nashville ought to become the great educational center of the Southwest. It is in the power of its citizens to make it the seat of learning. Already it has an institution for the education of young ladies, equal to any in the country. The Medical Department of the University has been a grand success. Having the very best facilities for medical instruction, it has been largely attended by a superior class of young men. Let the city carry out Dr. Lindsley's plans for reorganizing all the departments of the University, and Nashville will enter a new era of growth and prosperity.

Missing Notes.

We copy the following from the Terre Haute (Ind.) *Journal:*

A gentleman of this city has a number of notes executed by various persons in favor of R. C. Sanders, who was a captain in the Confederate army. The notes embrace in amount, in the aggregate, ten or twelve thousand dollars, and were found in a Confederate encampment near Spring Hill, Tennessee, after the retreat of the Confederates from Nashville. These notes may be valuable to Capt. S, and he can learn in whose possession they are by addressing the editor of this paper, and they will be forwarded to him if he desires it and will furnish his address.

No Election.

We take the following from the West Tennessee *Whig:*

We learn that Dr. Thos. H. Newbern, the newly elected County Commissioner, has received a dispatch from a friend in Nashville, to the effect that Gov. Senter had refused to grant him (Newbern) a certificate of election, and had decided that the late election in this county, for County Commissioner, was no election.

THE CITY.

THE AGONY OVER.

The Vexed Question Settled at Last.

From the special telegram from Washington to the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, it will be seen that Major Enos Hopkins has at last received the appointment of Postmaster at this place:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10.—The Postmaster General to-day finally appointed Enos Hopkins postmaster at Nashville, vice Embry, removed. There has been a bitter contest over this place. The House member from Tennessee opposed Senator Fowler's candidae, and has beaten him.

Corporation Taxes.

We understand that several citizens went forward yesterday to pay their Corporation taxes for the year 1869, though called for two months earlier than usual, when they were informed that one-fifth of the tax would be exacted in currency. All of these citizens, under legal advice, declined paying, unless checks were received for the full amount. There seems to be a disposition to pay the taxes promptly, but we suppose no one will submit to this unjust exaction, until the matter is tested by the courts.

Tennessee Hospital for the Insane.

We are requested by the chairman of the Board of Trustees of this institution, to announce for the information of the public, that the male wards are now filled, and that parties desiring the admission of patients of that class will save themselves useless trouble and expense of transporting them to the hospital, by addressing him or the Superintendent, and learning when the hospital is prepared to receive them.

The Red Men.

The social reunion of the Improved Order of Red Men, to be given to-morow evening, promises to be a very select and brilliant affair, second to none of the season. The proper safeguards have been thrown out to insure perfect decorum. The parade will proceed from the Wigwam at 1 o'clock P. M., precisely, and pursue the published line of march.

A Bad Accident.

Minnie, a little daughter of J. C. Wand met with a bad accident yesterday. She had in her mouth a nail with a sharp point, and while playing out in the yard, fell, the nail entering the roof of the mouth and passing through the nostrils. It could not be extracted with the hand, and the child was brought to the city, and a physician was compelled to use an instrument in removing the nail. The accident is not serious, although it was so thought at the time.

The Late Mr. Levy.

The remains of Charles Levy who was recently killed by a man named Bowen, at Hot Springs, Ark, arrived here yesterday morning, and the funeral took place from the residence of Mr. Reddeck yesterday evening, the Rev. Dr. W. D. F. Sawrie officiating. The remains were conducted to the cemetery by the Order of Pale Faces, who were out in large numbers, and made an imposing display.

Death of Col. A. J. Withers.

The Huntsville papers chronicle the death of Col. Augustine J. Withers on the morning of May 7th, in the sixty-fourth year of his age. He was born in this county 1806, and removed to Huntsville in his early boyhood. He was a man of warm attachments, generous impulses, honesty of purpose and unimpeachable integrity.

Celebration at Green Hill.

The members of Green Hill Lodge I. O. O. F. will have a celebration on Saturday, on which occasion an address will be delivered, and their new hall will be dedicated. We understand that there will be a large delegation present from this city.

Green Hill is on the Lebanon pike, and the drive will be a pleasant one.

Murder in Jackson.

A young man named John Hodges, better known as one of Gen. Forrest's orderlies during the war, and who went by the soubriquet of "Happy Jack," was killed by a man named John Pryor, at Jackson, Tenn., the other day. The deceased has a mother living at Marietta, Georgia.

Murder in McNairy County.

A few days ago James Birchett, an old and inoffensive citizen of McNairy county, was killed by his son-in-law, Capt. Wm. Chandler. The murder was the result of a domestic feud. Capt. Chandler was a member of Col. Hurst's 6th Tenn. federal cavalry during the war.

The Rossa Readings.

A large audience assembled at Masonic Hall last night to hear Mrs. O'Donovan Rossa, who were delighted with the entertainment. Not only her own ability, but profound sympathy for her ill-fated husband, inspired a deep interest, and made the occasion a decided success.

I. O. R. M.

The Improved Order of Red Men have a great celebration in this city to-day, the programme of which have already been published. The festivities of this anniversary day close with a ball at Masonic Hall. The committee of arrangements have been making ample preparations, and a good time is anticipated.

Vagrancy and Street Walking.

Upon this charge, six females were arrested yesterday. Eliza Pinkart, Ann Foster and Eliza Bell, were committed to the workhouse for ten days, and three others were discharged.

The Circus Coming.

Mr. Bailey, the agent of Lake's circus is in the city, making arrangements for the advent of that mammoth concern, which exhibits here on the 24th and 25th of the present month.

Houses of Ill Fame.

Nine of the demi-monde, charged with keeping houses of ill fame, were each required to pay the sum of five dollars into the city treasury yesterday.

Damaged Cotton.

Our cotton-factors are loud in their complaints of the damaged cotton which finds its way into the market. Planters should be careful and prevent the staple from getting wet.

Death at Fayetteville.

Mrs. Mary J. Steele, wife of John Steele, died at Fayetteville, of typhoid pneumonia, on the 5th inst., in the forty-seventh year of her age.

WE are indebted to C. C. Giers, of the National Portrait Gallery, 43 and 45 Union street, for a superb photograph likeness of ex-President Johnson, elegantly framed.

Two Days in the Workhouse.

Henry Green was yesterday sent to the workhouse for two days by Commissioner Stone, for using loud and profane language.

THE WAGONER ROBBERY.

A Negro Arrested Charged with the Crime.

Our readers will remember the particulars of the robbery of an old man named C. Wagoner, on White's creek, a week or two since. Yesterday the officers arrested a negro named Sam Harris upon the charge of committing the robbery, and the case against him is said to be clear. Previous to the late robbery, in which upwards of $3,000 was stolen, he had been robbed of $300 by this same Sam Harris, but upon the promise that he would leave the State, the case was not prosecuted. Harris left, as he agreed to do, and went to work for a man named Grady in Kentucky. When the officers were looking up and investigating the late robbery they found, among other papers, a letter addressed to Mr. Grady. Determined to get a clue to the affair, they proceeded to Kentucky, and learned from Grady that the negro Harris had left him but a few nights before the burglary at Mr. Wagoner's house, and came in the direction of Nashville. Upon their return, the officers watched the movements of Harris closely, and finally arrested him. Upon his person in a pocket book in his undershirt was found concealed $735 in greenbacks, $100 bank of Chattanooga, $100 bank of Shelbyville, and $460 in Confederate money, together with a fine watch. Circumstances which transpired also led to the arrest of Lizzie Bryant, with whom Harris was living. Both were committed to jail, and await trial. The officers deserve no little credit for working up this case so successfully.

Another Robbery.

About 4 o'clock yesterday morning Dr. J. M. Bowling, who was stopping at the City Hotel, was robbed of a fine gold watch and $175 in money. Messrs. Radford and Murphy, of the Metropolitan Police, arrested a negro named Bishop Irwin under suspicious circumstances, and found upon his person a watch. They supposed the watch to be stolen property, and made diligent search for an owner. About 4 o'clock in the evening they heard of the above robbery, the particulars of which had already been turned over to two detectives. The watch was identified by Dr. Bowling and handed over. The policemen above mentioned also succeeded in getting about $70 of the stolen money from the same negro. He was committed to jail to await trial.

True Enterprise.

We had the pleasure yesterday to go through the wholesale clothing establishment of Gardner, Rankin & Ordway, No. 4 Inn Block, Public Square, which we found very extensive and complete. The greatest beauty of their business is the fact that they make in the house nearly all the goods they sell. In doing so they employ the latest improved machinery, and a large number of men, women, girls and boys—thus affording work for the needy, and so economising material and transportation, as to enable them to compete successfully with the lowest Eastern and Northern prices. This is what we call true enterprise, and it affords us pleasure to show it forth as an example worthy of imitation. Their house is well stocked with raw material, and they are now manufacturing, for summer wear, all the latest styles from the best goods. We bid them good speed, and such measure of abundant success as will induce others to enter in to generous competition with them.

Home Industry.

Our readers will remember the experiment made at the Chamber of Commerce last fall, by Messrs. Loiseau & Reguin, of their manufactured or conglomerated coal. A gentleman is here from New York to see its workings and burnings, and will probably purchase the patent-right. On Thursday fires will be kindled at the brick-kilns of the Knight Bros., on Rolling Mill hill, where all interested are invited to be present.

Sent to the Criminal Court.

John Simmons alias Wm. Jones, the negro who played the confidence game so extensively and swindled a number of negroes out of their hard-earned workings, had a trial before Esq. Mathews yesterday, and upon a hearing of the testimony he was bound over in the sum of $1,000 to appear before the next term of the Criminal Court, and in default of bail, was committed to jail.

Sent to Jail.

A negro named Geo. Corden was arrested in Edgefield yesterday for drunkenness on the streets and using boisterous and profane language. When the City Marshal took him under arrest, he squared off and was about to deal a blow, when the officer rapped him over the head with a stick, which brought him to his senses. He was arraigned before Esquire Canfield, and fined $10 and costs, and in default of payment was committed to jail.

Assault and Battery.

John Myers was arraigned before Esquire Matthews yesterday on the charge of assaulting Ann McLanahan with rocks. He was found guilty, and fined two dollars and fifty cents. The prosecutor was afterwards placed on the defensive, and required to pay a similar fine for using language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace.

Struck With a Bottle.

Mary Carney was arrested yesterday for assaulting her niece, a young girl named Margaret Nolen, with a mineral water bottle, inflicting a severe blow over the head. The case was heard before Esquire Mathews, who imposed a fine of $10. He afterwards bound the parties over to keep the peace.

Spring Fights.

T. W. Hailey and O. B. Young, the lawyers employed in a case before Esquire Wilkinson yesterday, had an altercation which finally ended in a hair pulling and a drag-out, Mr. Hailey coming out first best. From what we could learn of the affair, Mr. Young provoked the difficulty.

A Drunken Negro.

Ned Horton in a state of intoxication, was parading through Edgefield yesterday, when he was arrested by the City Marshal and taken before Esq. Canfield, which functionary imposed upon him a fine of $3 and costs.

Shooting with Intent to Kill.

W. J. Allison was arrested yesterday upon the charge of malicious shooting with intent to kill. The case was continued until to-day.

Treatening Language.

John Chenault, arrested for using abusive and threatening language, was yesterday fined $5 and costs, by the Police Commissioner.

Discharged.

Charles Gilstrop and wife Agnes, arrested some days ago upon the charge of of fraudulent breach of trust, were honorably acquitted by Justice Brien yesterday.

THE IRON BAND.

The Pacific Railroad Completed—The Last Spike Driven—The Pacific Ocean Shakes Hands with the Atlantic—The Last Grand Achievement of Mind over Matter.

Saturday last was understood to be the day on which the last spike was to be driven in laying the Union Pacific railroad, and the telegraph announced the fact as accomplished; but afterwards retracted and stated that it wasn't. There was a hitch in the business which we leave the telegraph to explain for itself, not doubting that it can do it. We yesterday employed a messenger of our own to look into the facts. Puck, well known to Shaksperian readers, was sent on this important mission. He started at two o'clock, Nashville time, and two seconds after reported to us from Promontory Point, Utah, the place where the last spike was to be driven. He said there was an immense crowd from San Francisco, along the road and from our side. He lit upon the cross tie and found it to be of the Rocky Mountain fir, but said he was neither *far* nor far, now, though he was disposed to play fair. The tie was plated with silver, not by a Boston jeweller. The last spike was of gold, genuine bullion, that had never known the perfection of alloy. Gov. Stamford, who was to drive it, held in his hand a hammer of solid wrought silver. The people said this was emblematic of the wealth of the regions opened up by the road—Puck said he thought it all meant the riches the railroad was going to gather from the people, of which that already made off the government was the prelude. We told Puck, when we wanted his *opinions*, we would ask for them. He then said, in a minute the last, the golden spike would be driven. We told him to let it drive.

Just at this time a carpet-bag reporter, representing the New Orleans *Republican*, educated in the office of the New York *Herald*, discharged for lack of principle, and recommended by the *Tribune* for carpet-bag service in the South—this *thing* struck for an *exclusive special*. A cute shadow from the Boston *Liberator* said, "No, you don't." Then one fellow rose and stated that he was New York, representing five papers, and five hundred thousand millions of readers, and that he would take charge of the entire business. Another fellow, a wheezing specimen from Philadelphia and Washington, who was almost dead in the effort to straddle the two places at once, interposed and declared he represented the *Press* and would *Chronicle* the event. A double-fisted fellow from Lacrosse said, "The h—l you are, and will." All the rest of the reporters called out, "Go on with your spike-driving," and let the road be completed! Just as Stamford raised his silver hammer and struck the golden spike into the silver-plated cross-tie, a couple of St. Louis conspirators rushed forward, shoved the disputants aside, and took the report and sent it throughout the West, while the Eastern press lost at least two seconds in having to go by New Orleans with the news. This was *their enterprise!*

At four minutes and fifteen seconds past two o'clock, our time, Puck announced "the work is finished—I return." In three seconds Puck was with us, describing the whole affair—saying that Stamford hit the spike sixteen licks—and all went merrily as a marriage bell, as in truth it was, of a certain sort. Puck also informed us that there was the greatest possible rejoicing throughout the North, in all the principal cities and towns, displayed by the ringing of bells, the firing of guns, the drinking of liquor, and other extravagant demonstrations, not particularly Northern, Southern or American.

While this was going on in our sanctum the 'slow coach" of the UNION AND AMERICAN had sauntered down to the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company to hear the news. He found the whole corps collected around the instrument that was to repeat the raps that Stamford, with the silver hammer, was to give the golden spike and the last in the Pacific road. They were as follows:

G. W. Trabue, Superintendent.
E. C. Boyle, Manager.
John B. Morris, Chief Operator.
Harmon Stewart, Operator.
John Lornegan, "
J. M. Anderson, "
E. J. Wilson, "
N. J. Gibson, "
John McCarty, "
J. M. Barker, J. T. Barker, H. T. Fox, Messengers.

And, by the Mass, Puck was not far ahead of them—for they heard the fall of the hammer through the instrument. It was an event in their lives, as the great feat marks an era in American history and that of the world. A jocose person not of the party, suggested that Saltzman invite the squad to his gallery and picture the group, as *they heard* the strokes of the hammer driving home the last spike in the chef d'œuvre of railroad enterprise. So the great Pacific Railroad is finished.

[The above was prepared for yesterday's issue, and unavoidably crowded out.]

THE GIANT OF GOTHAM.

To the Editors of the Union and American:

The great railway system of America is fast assuming the huge proportions of a terrestial monster, whose head is in Boston, his heart in New York, his right leg well developed and extended clear across the continent, his left leg is cramped up, with his foot just across the Mississippi, his right arm rests quietly on Canada, while his left arm is submerged, with his fingers sticking out, beckoning for Cuba. This is a rough outline of this great giant of Gotham. He lies in an uneasy position, and wantsa free circulation. The great railway lines that center in his heart, are the veins and arteries that carry the life-blood of the nation; and at each pulsation invaluable commodities are sent out and brought back, to support his great system. Then, what we want in the South is a free circulation, not with a view to vie with other portions of his system, but to build up and develop this left leg to its natural proportions. Nashville and Memphis will be the great *knee joints*, when it is stretched out, and will correspond to Chicago and St. Louis. Then is it not clear to every intelligent mind of the South, that it is our highest interest to encourage men and money to flow into our withered section.

The newspapers will have more readers; the railroads will have more passengers and freight; and the lands of the farmer will increase in valuation. Then, when it is so clearly to the interest of all, why not make one united effort to extend the hand of friendship, and welcome to every one that is willing to identify himself and take his chances with us? The press is the nervous system of America, and in the time of peace, it is what the bayonet is in the time of war. When we have accomplished this great object, then I am for taking Canada. A nation of men is a combination of men and must be kept doing something to maintain its own existence.

This, as I have before said, is a rough