NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERICAN.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835. NASHVILLE, TENN., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1873. NEW SERIES—NO. 1,560.

Second National Bank,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

DIRECTORS.

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PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

GOLD was active and strong in New York yesterday, a greater part of the business being at 116, closing at 116½.

TENNESSEE BONDS were quiet in New York yesterday, at 81¾ for the old and 81 for the new issue.

COTTON was active and higher in New York yesterday, middlings advancing to 29½c.

RADICAL ABUSE OF GOV. BROWN.

Gov. Brown has published a card denying all corruption on his part in the appointment of Col. Burch as Comptroller. Of course we should not expect him to admit charges of so grave a character; but we hope that he will be able by a fair showing to vindicate himself with regard to the last great scandal. We do not propose to be the admirer of Gov. Brown. Politically he has been a sad failure; being a man of small capacity with unbounded ambition, it is not strange that he was unequal to the position which he holds.—*Huntingdon Republican.*

We copy the above paragraph from the Huntingdon *Republican*, not because we think it necessary to disprove what is contained in the extract, but to show how the Radical press will clutch at an opportunity to politically tar and feather every Democrat upon whom there is a chance of laying a hand. Gov. Brown has brought Tennessee out of chaotic darkness into the light of day. He has re-established her credit, and under his administration her institutions have prospered as they never did before in the history of the State, and his policy during the entire term of his office has been a wise and economical one. The *Republican's* idea of the manner in which the State government should be administered, is probably, *a la* Brownlow. Gov. Brown is one of the best men in the State, honest, sincere and truthful. Besides, he takes more executive ability to the governorship than nearly any other man who ever served Tennessee in that capacity and for the Radical press to attempt his political death is too shallow to attract any serious attention. Democrats do not lose their characters by the plots and machinations of Radicals.—*Dyersburg Progress.*

SCHOOL MATTERS IN DEKALB.

SMITHVILLE, Tenn. Aug. 23, 1873.—In pursuance to a call of J. T. T. Trapp, superintendent of Public instruction for DeKalb county, a convention of school teachers met at the Courthouse in Smithville composed of forty eight teachers. Other gentlemen beside the teachers were invited to take part in the proceedings. Upon motion W. D. G. Carnes was nominated and elected President, Mr. Ward Vice Pesident and J. J. Smith Secretary. The President appointed a committee consisting of the following gentlemen, viz.: B. F. Bell, B. R. Womack, J. P. Hennessee, B. P. Martin, W. F. Robinson, to draft a code of by-laws, who soon reported a full code, which was adopted.

Reports from forty-five teachers (that being the number of schools in operation now) show that there was in attendance at the various school houses in the county on yesterday 2,040 scholars, showing a pupilage of 33 per cent. more males than females in attendance.

The meeting was harmonious, and quite a number of gentlemen addressed the meeting. Rev. Bomar being present was called for and mode an elegant and chaste speech, for which he received the thanks of the convention.

Superintendent Trapp and many others addressed the meeting. A full and free discussion was entered into by many teachers as to the best mode of imparting instruction. A vote of thanks was tendered the officers, and the meeting adjourned to meet again on the third Saturday in September. E. N. Trail offered a resolution endorsing the efficiency of Superintendent Trapp, which was unanimously adopted and the meeting adjourned to the third Saturday in September.

Resolved, that the UNION AND AMERICAN be furnished with a report by the Secretary of this meeting with a request to publish the same. J. J. SMITH, Sec.

SHARPER THAN A SERPENT'S TOOTH.

From the Knoxville Chronicle, Aug. 31.

Mrs. Caroline B. Carson, a pensioner, residing near Madisonville, Monroe county, has been receiving a pension on account of the death of her son, until the year 1869, when payment of her pension was suspended, as she was disloyal. Upon investigation the suspension was removed a short time since, and proper vouchers sent her to execute and draw her pension. In July the Pension Agent sent her a check for $300 to her address at Madisonville. By some means her son Jeff. L. Carson got the check from the postoffice, and refused to give it up to his mother until she paid him $300, claiming that he had been mainly instrumental in having her pension restored, and claiming pay for 60 days service at the rate of five dollars per day. The pensioner made complaint against her son, and Special Agent Wager sent young Carson word to deliver the check to his mother within a given time or he would have him arrested. This was on the 13th of August, and on the 29th Mr. Wager returned with instructions from the Commissioner of Pensions to arrest him if he had not given up the check and still refused to do so, but found that he had given it up on the 14th inst. The despicable scoundrel should be treated with the loathing and contempt his base conduct deserves. Any one who would defraud a widow, and especially a son, should be classed among the lowest and depraved of thieves.

LOUISVILLE.

Second Industrial Exposition.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 2.—The Second Grand Industrial Exposition opened to night with a brilliant display. The vast building was illuminated from dome to cellar, and the effect produced in the general display of machinery, manufactures, textile fabrics, etc., was imposing. About 15,000 people were in attendance. The Exposition is hardly complete, but will be so by Friday. It is regarded as a superb exhibition of art, industry and mechanical genius, and is superior to the display of last year. A large number of strangers are here to-day. The managers may be congratulated on the success which has crowned their efforts. One-third more machinery than last year is exhibited and arranged much better. The display of pictures surpasses that of last year, the collection embracing many fine paintings by old masters. The Natural History Department is very large, over 100 cases of fossils and minerals being already in position. The general arrangement of articles is better than last year.

WASHINGTON.

The Counterfeit $500 of 1869

So Perfect that the Whole Series Must be Called in.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—A Washington special says Treasurer Spinner has stated he never saw a better executed counterfeit than the $500 legal tender note made public yesterday, and that the whole issue of thirty-five millions would have to be called in and a new series issued.

To-day another counterfeit $500 greenback was received at the Sub-Treasury here, making the third received since Saturday. It is believed that the counterfeits came from the West and that there are but few circulating in New York. They have been examined by experts of the American Note Company and are pronounced to be the best counterfeited bills that ever came under notice. G. W. Marlor, of the Sub-Treasury, says that the paper on which the forged bills are printed is lighter than that of the genuine; also that the face of the bills can't be distinguished from the genuine, but that the letters on the back are tinged with green, when they should be perfectly white, and that a blue tint peculiar to the genuine is not perceptible in the counterfeit.

Lord Gordon.

A Washington dispatch states that the Manitoba question will be brought before the British tribunal in a few days, the Court holding a special session therefor, and no other causes will be tried. Minister Thornton says the British Government is firm in its conviction that the action of its officials was strictly in accordance with the law, and expresses his conviction that the decission of the court will be adverse to the parties now in custody. Meanwhile the proposition to release the American prisoners on bail is rejected.

Minutiæ.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The following is a description of the differences between the genuine and counterfeit five hundred dollar legal tender notes. Issue of 1869: the upright that holds the balance of the scales held in the hand of the female figure shows a white line in the counterfeit on the lower part of the palm of the hand to the second figure. In the genuine note the upright is quite black and in the shade. The lower part of the right lapel of the coat in the portrait of Adams in the counterfeit forms an angle. In the genuine it is a distinct, curved line. Also the buttons in the counterfeit are irregular in shape while in the genuine they are decidedly round and dark in color. Particular attention is called to the button on the left side of the coat in the counterfeit. In the word Washington in the counterfeit note the black shade forming the first stroke of the letter "W" forms an angle at the bottom. In the genuine it forms a curve. In the ruled shading under the right hand stroke of the "W," and over the letters "a" and "s" there are four ruled lines in the counterfeit. There are but three in the genuine note. Under the letters "a" and "s" in the word Washington in the counterfeit, there are five ruled lines; in the genuine four. Also under the letter "h" in the same word there are four ruled lines in the counterfeit; in the genuine three. At the bottom of the letter "f" in the denomination title there are five ruled lines in the counterfeit; in the genuine six. The localized fibre on the left of the portrait is blue in the genuine, but without color in the counterfeit. The red color in the genuine is printed in a delicate carmine color; in the counterfeit is more of a brick color, and has a heavy appearance, more especially the rays which form the outside of the seal. Attention is called to the blurred and scratchy appearance of the lathe work and lettering on the back of the counterfeit, which, upon comparison with the genuine, will be readily perceived.

50,000 a Year for a Superfluous Figure-head.

The President will not visit Washington this week, no business of importance demanding his attention. He has been visited at Long Branch the last few days by Secretary Belknap and Assistant Secretary Cowan. Secretary Richardson is there now and matters relating to their respective departments are disposed of as promptly as if the President was in Washington.

Beau Hickman Dead.

Robert L. Hickman, known throughout the country as Beau Hickman, died at Providence hospital this morning.

The National Farce.

Treasurer Spinner has written a letter to a member of Congress on the back pay question, and says, "I doubt whether even the covering in of this money without consideration and without legal authority or warrant of law, will place it beyond the reach of the parties to whom it legally belongs. I think it could be reclaimed at any time hereafter, in several ways, and even on the mere statement of an account by the depositor, or by his heirs at law against the United States for moneys had and received. It is possible you might dispossess yourself of it by last will and testament, stating as a consideration the love and affection you bore your native land."

Fort Sill.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs read to-day a letter from G. M. Hawaith, Indian Agent at Fort Sill, written Aug. 21, the day after the reported massacre, in which he reports the Indians quiet.

The Alabama Claims Not Paid Yet.

A report prevails that the Geneva award of fifteen million and a half dollars has already been paid into the Treasury, but on enquiry it has been ascertained that the preliminary arrangements only been made to this end. On the sixth of June, the Secretary of the Treasury issued a call for the redemption of certain receipts of five twenty bonds more than covering the amount of the award, in anticipation of its payment, and the British Government arranged with the Syndicate to discharge this treaty obligation. In pursuance of the plan adopted, a large amount of these bonds has been surrendered to the Treasury, and gold certificates issued therefor to be made available on and after September 6, at the time of the formal redemption of the bonds there. The gold certificates, it is understood, are in the hands of the British Consul at New York, to be delivered with other like representations of specie, their value covering the entire award, by the British Minister to the Secretary of State, and by him transferred to the Treasury as so much cash.

Cuban Officers Abusing their Privileges.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The following is published here to-day:

"*Head-Quarters Liberating Army of Cuba, Cameguey, July* 13, 1873. General Order No. —: It having come to the knowledge of the President that some of the officers of the Republic are abusing their positions abroad, therefore, it is ordered that the following named officers return to the Island at once and report to these head-quarters for duty: Francisco V. Aguiaro, Vice President; Ramon Cespedes, Minister to the United States; W. A. S. Ryan, General and Chief of Cavalry; B. Verona, Brigadier General of Infantry; Rafael Quesada, Colonel of Infantry; Michor Aguaro, Colonel of Infantry, and L. C. Bailey, Lieutenant Colonel and Aidde-Campe. By order of

CARLOS MANUEL CESPEDES,
President of the Republic of Cuba.

Foote to Get an Office.

Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—It has come out that ex-Senator Foote, of Mississippi, known as "Hangman Foote," who has recently so severely denounced most of the Southern leaders in his published reminiscenses, is to be rewarded for attacking his old friends by a prominent mission to Central America.

The Colored Man's Movement

has extended to Maryland. A meeting was held in Baltimore last night, at which speeches were made against the Republican party in the State. One of the speakers declared that the negroes constituted two-thirds of the Republicans of the State, but had few offices. One of the speakers said that his people were worse off than when they were slaves.

Robbery of the Mails.

Boyce McClellan, the clerk who was permitted to resign from the railway service a few days ago, under very suspicious circumstances, is not likely to escape criminal prosecution from individuals outside of the Post-office Department. It is stated that a banker in Cumberland, Penn., who missed the coupons of two thousand dollars in the Union Pacific bonds from the mails, has traced these coupons to the possession of McClellan, who, it is charged, got them cashed at Jay Cooke & Co.'s in New York city. It is stated that the evidence in the matter is very positive, and that the prosecution will not be delayed. Young McClellan is known to have accumulated considerable property within the last few years, and has been a member in good standing of the Young Man's Christian Association.

The Question of Color

has entered as a disturbing element into the organization of the Patrons of Husbandry. No application has as yet been received for a charter for a colored grange, and it is stated that it is a matter of doubt whether a State grange would permit a colored master to hold fraternal relations with the order.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Government.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The statement is made that there has been no publication of the account of the receipts and expenditures of the Government ever since Gen. Grant became President. The act of Congress of 1841 provides that the Secretary of the Treasury shall prepare and submit to Congress on the 1st of December in each year, an account of the receipts and expenditures of the Government for the preceding fiscal year. The last one of these documents, which has just come from the hands of the public printer, extends only to June 30, 1869.

District Justices.

The investigation into the conduct of the Justices of the Peace in this district has developed the fact that one of the most notorious of the grabbing Justices is at the same time a clerk in the Second Auditor's office, which is in direct violation of the executive order of the President relative to the holding of civil offices. This industrious clerk has been accustomed to hold his courts as Justice of the Peace in the evening.

Doorkeeper of the House.

Mr. Otis T. Buxton, Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, will encounter considerable opposition in his candidacy for re election by the next Congress. The Western and Southern members have been complaining that the East for many years has had more than its proportionate amount of the officers of the House. The Doorkeeper has forty appointments in his gift, and occupies a position of much influence. It is believed that a strong effort will be made to secure the appointment for a Western or Southern man. Two Western candidates have already been mentioned for the position—Col. J. W. Dwyer, of Ohio, and Col. D. M. Munn, of Illinois. It is also stated that the District Government here, have a candidate for the Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, and that some favorite contractor is the coming man.

Louisiana Politics.

Special to the Cincinnati Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Gen. Emory, commanding the Department of the South, is here on official business, and reports that there is no indication of future trouble in Louisiana, both parties having agreed upon a compromise by which the Republicans control the Legislature and executive departments, without having resort to the aid of the federal administration to keep the Kellogg faction in power.

The Organization of the Forty-third Congress.

The *Capital's* leading editorial this morning discusses for a column and a half Speaker Blaine's political position and prospects, noticing the difficulties in the way of the organization of the Forty-third Congress, and which it declares of no ordinary magnitude. It says: "Old leaders of the House of Representatives may have become to some extent enfeebled by disclosures of the last session, but they have not been killed. They are able men, influential among their co members, and with the motive before them of the salvation of their own political lives, which will stimulate them to the highest degree of vigilance and activity. If the course of Mr. Blaine would suffer discredit through joinder of interest with these parties, it would incur extreme danger from their opposition. If compelled to die they will die hard, and there is no telling the magnitude of the convulsions which will attend their dissolution." The article concludes: "This makes the present condition of affairs, with the organization of Congress in the prospect, interesting as a spectacle. It is not to be wondered at that Mr. Blaine is willing to evade the dilemma which presents horns so formidable to his encounter. To decline the candidacy to the speakership would be counted an act of cowardice; to fail in election would be three fold misery. The future of life of a strong and fiercely ambitious man hangs upon the day or two which follows the assembling of Congress in next December."

Whisky Men in Distress.

The recent marked advance in the market value of whisky has stimulated distillers to unusual efforts to remove the effects of previous violation of the internal revenue laws. The Commissioner is daily in receipt of propositions and inquiries from distillers whose liquor has been seized, and who are anxious to find some way by which they can recover possession, while others, who gave bonds for export of their whisky, now want to know if they can not have the privilege of paying the tax on whisky and selling it in New York. This request the acting Commissioner declines to grant, although, since the bonds were given, whisky has advanced fifteen per cent.

Carpenter to be Relieved.

Information from a competent source is to effect that the Senate will immediately on meeting in December, relieve Senator Carpenter from its presidency pro tempore, and probably elect, in his place, Senator Ferry, of Michigan, who was his strongest competitor last spring. The reasons for Carpenter's retirement are of the most obvious and generally understood character.

A Resignation and a Coming Investigation.

The Spanish and American mixed commission has obtained and accepted the resignation of its secretary, George O. Moore, and appointed George A Matile in his place. Financial irregularities which will probably lead to and official investigation are reported at the bottom of the charge.

CHOLERA.

Appalling Ravages in an Illinois Town,

On Our St. Louis Railroad.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—A dispatch from Okawville, Ill., 29 miles from here, on the St. Louis and Southeastern Railroad, says cholera of the true Asiatic type is raging there fearfully. Twenty-three persons died in 12 hours, among them the principal bridge builder of the Southeastern Railroad, and three of his children. Five died in one family in three hours. Patients die within fifteen minutes after attack, and turn black immediately. Medical aid will be sent for from the surrounding towns, and the people are rapidly leaving the place. Those remaining are using disinfectants freely and burning tar in the streets. It is said no local cause exists for the disease.

The French Army Attacked.

PARIS, Sept 2.—Cholera has made its appearance among the troops at Havre, having been communicated, it is thought, by German emigrants en route for the United States. The fashionable loungers at Lyonville are much alarmed, and are leaving as rapidly as possible.

KANSAS.

Rapid Growth.

LEAVENWORTH, Ks., Sept. 1.—The census of this city has just been completed by the Assessor, under provisions of the new law of the State, and shows a population of 28,087, an increase of 8,039 since 1870.

Burglars Lose $100,000 through Fright

Burglars bored through the vault and partly through the safe of the German Savings Bank last night, and no doubt would have obtained $100,000 if an alarm of fire in South Leavenworth and the presence of many persons in the street had not frightened them off. The fire destroyed the residence of Rev. J. D. Lennett. Loss $3,000; fully insured.

POLITICAL.

New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The Tammany Hall Committee on Organization held a secret meeting this afternoon at which an animated debate took place on the matter of securing the rights of the organization in the appointment and distribution of inspectors of election and poll clerks. A committee was appointed to wait on the Police Commissioners.

The State Central Committee issue a call to-morrow for a State Convention.

Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 2.—The Democratic Senatorial Convention at Ottawa, O., today nominated Judge E. D. Potter, of Lucas, and Alexander W. Tressler, of Henry county, to the State Senate.

A Semi-Religious Struggle in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Political excitement is high. The People's anti-railroad ticket is strong and it is believed will sweep the field. The people feel they have no other means to defeat the railroad monopoly which controls both the other Conventions. The contest between Crowly and Cockrill for Chief of Police, has taken a strong religious complexion and will be bitter at the polls for that reason. The order of United Americans has declared in favor of the latter. In consequence Crowly will receive a large number of Democrat and Catholic votes. The contest for School Directors is characterized by the same principle. Ample preparations are made to preserve order at the polls, to-morrow.

Democratic County Convention.

PITTSBURG, Penn., September 2.—The Democratic County Convention met in Lafayette Hall this morning, and nominated a full county ticket. At the opening of the convention a resolution was introduced censuring the action of the State Convention admitting contesting delegates from this county, but was laid on the table by a decided majority. The proceedings were harmonious. A portion of labor, reform and temperance tickets were taken up. Resolutions were passed endorsing the State platform, and county and State nominations.

Municipal Election.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Aug.—The municipal election here took place to-day. The Republicans were successful by increased majorities.

Butler's Chances for the Nomination.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Sept. 2.—The Republican caucasses to-night were full and lively, two of them used the check list in voting, and these elected Washburn, and among the delegates in two others there was a split on refusal to use check-lists and two sets of delegates were chosen from those wards. The result in the city is Washburn 4, Butler 11, contested 5. Our footings for the State so far are Washburn 122, Butler 172, doubtful 9.

MINOR INCIDENTS.

Three Persons Killed by Lightning.

BOSTON, Sept. 2.—The lightning last evening killed two men in Melrose, and a boy in Peabody and did much damage in Salem, Lynn, Peabody, etc.

An Unfortunate Sheriff.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2—Phil C Taylor, sheriff of this county, filed a suit in the Circuit Court for libel against the State Savings Association for taking money deposited by him as sheriff in that institution and appropriating it to the payment of an unpaid note held by them on which Taylor was indorsed.

A Favorite Mode of Suicide.

INDIANPOLIS, IND., Sept. 2.—A boy about 12 years old, named Barnes, attempted to jump on the rear car of a gravel train this afternoon, fell on the track and was run over and instantly killed by an engine following close behind.

Recovered Letters.

TORONTO, ONT., Sept. 2.—The registered letters stolen from the post office some weeks ago have been found hidden in the woods. All the letters with drafts and checks were recovered, but no money.

Crushed to Death.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 2.—This morning workmen were engaged in digging a sand bank on Pennsylvania Avenue when a huge mass weighing upwards of seventy five tons came down, burrying a workman named Martin, two horses and a wagon completely out of sight. Martin was literally crushed to death, and both horses killed. Two other men narrowly escaped with their lives.

Shot His Step-Father.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 2.—Richard Mellock, it is thought, fatally wounded Edward Jenkins, his step-father this morning because of the neglect of his mother by Jenkins.

The New Counterfeit.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 2.—An old man, 60 years old, named Henry Swett, arrested here to-day for passing one of the new counterfeit $500 greenbacks, was released on $3,000 bail, which amount he deposited as security for his bondsman.

NEW YORK.

Suing a Dead Man for Breach of Promise.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—While the late Mayor Kalbfleisch of Brooklyn, was living, suit was brought against him by Mary Jane Wade for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars damages, for breach of promise of marriage, and yesterday she obtained through her counsel an order against the executors to show cause why trial of the case should not go on.

Conclusive Reasoning.

Police Commissioner Gardner says himself and Capt. McCulloch are from the same part of Scotland, and the charges of blackmail made against the latter, must be trumped up.

Proposed Panacea.

The Directors and promoters of a continental railway had a meeting here to-day, and talked of building a road and solving the cheap transportation problem within 2 years.

The Forged Bonds.

Haskins & Braine, to-day temporarily suspended business. It is now understood the advances of this firm to the swindle in forged bonds amounted to $40,000.

BROOKLYN.

Resignation of Treasurer Sprague.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The *Tribune* says the resignation of City Treasurer Sprague, of Brooklyn, has been tendered. It will be sent to the Board of Aldermen Monday, and ex-Alderman D. D. Whitney will be nominated by the Mayor as his successor. It is believed the appointment will be confirmed. Two persons connected with the Trust Company have filed affidavits charging Sprague with malfeasance in office. These will be presented to the Grand Jury and action probably taken in a few days. There prevails a deep seated feeling that, in addition to what is known, that the connection of all members of the ring with frauds will be revealed, and unless Rodman is permitted to escape, the whole plan of plunder will be made manifest. It is now stated that if Rodman is tried he will be able to prove he obeyed the orders of Sprague and members of the ring, but it is not generally thought that the ring will permit him to appear for trial. In a few days he will be quietly bailed and will soon disappear from view.

SALT LAKE.

Batch of Local Items.

SALT LAKE, Sept. 2.—Capt. Jones' exploring party from Fort Bridge, has reached the Yellowstone country. His line cuts off 200 miles from the railroad to Bozeman, Montana. The new route back promises a shorter and more feasible wagon road. No Indians have been encountered.

L. V. Sutherland, of New York, Manager of the Salt Lake Iron Works, died last night suddenly.

The weather is extremely harsh; thunder and hail together—unusual.

George Woods returned to-day from Oregon.

Dr. Dickson, of New York, was killed by the caving in of a Wyoming mine on the American fork yesterday.

FOREIGN.

The Progress of Chaos in Spain.

Farm Hands Demanding a Division of Property.

The Red Flag Raised in Madrid.

The Shrine of the Sacred Heart.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Six hundred pilgrims left London to-day for Paray Le Monial. Yesterday they were addressed by Arch Bishop Manning.

Madrid Repeating the Paris Tragedy of '71.

A report is current that the municipal authorities of Madrid have raised the red flag of the commune, on the Town Hall and that the military have discovered a secret depot of arms, ammunition and petroleum belonging to the Internationals. No confirmatory dispatches have been received.

At Cartagena.

The *Times* this morning has additional details of the affair between Vice-Admiral Yelverton and the Cartagena insurgents. After the Admiral's notification that at the expiration of forty hours he would take the vessels out of the harbor, the Insurgent Junta proposes that he pledge his faith for his Government, that they would be held at Gibraltar and not turned over to the Madrid Government. This proposition was rejected and the British commander promising to so recommend to his Government, but declining his personal guarantee on the subject. At this the Insurgent leaders were very much exasperated. The Junta issued orders to commanders of rebel vessels to go down the bay, and be prepared to resist by force the removal of the iron clads. The English Consul prepared to leave Cartagena and a conflict seemed unavoidable.

To-day a brief telegram from Madrid announces that the Admiral has taken the vessels and that there was no conflict, whether the Insurgent leaders abandoned their extreme position or in what manner the trouble was avoided is not yet known.

Incendiarism in Country Districts.

Socialistic troubles of a serious nature have broken out in Andalusia. In the neighborhood of the town of Jimina the farm laborers have banded together for the purpose of demanding and endeavoring to enforce a division of property. They have burned forty farm houses of those who opposed them and committed other excesses. Some of the rioters have been arrested.

Cuban Royalists.

BAYONNE, Sept. 2.—The Carlists claim that the Spaniards of the Island of Cuba are contributing liberally of their means for the support of the cause of Don Carlos.

HAVANA, Sept. 2.—Yesterday evening while a party of Republicans were holding a meeting in their club rooms, the Chief of Police arrived and arrested about forty and placed them in jail. It is said they had been notified that it was contrary to law for them to hold meetings.

Terrible Slaughter—Ninety Persons Drowned.

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.—A ferry boat on the Isthmus while crossing near Cazasi, capsized and sunk in deep water. She was crowded with passengers. Ninety are reported drowned.

French Royalty Rallying.

PARIS, Sept. 2.—Figaro publishes a proposal to the Royalists of France to subscribe money to rebuild the palace of the Tuilleries. The editor of the *Figaro* offered to head the subscription with a contribution of $8,000.

Sedan.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—On yesterday the anniversary of the German victory at Sedan, a monument commemorative of that event was unveiled in the King's plaz amidst the enthusiastic acclamations of thousands of citizens. The city was gaily decorated and the city given over to festivity.

Condensed Telegrams.

Mr. Dent, father-in law of the President, is in very feeble health.

A hotel and eight business houses were incendiarized in Newcastle, Pa., Monday night—loss $75,000.

In his annual report, President Watson states that Erie has recovered property to the amount of $8,322,380 during the past year—from Jay Gould and others.

George Smith, who won about $2,900 with his mare Belle Berkley at the Pittsburg races last week, lost it all yesterday, his pocket-book being stolen from his coat which he thoughtlessly left in the stall of his favorite.

The government corrals at Fort Riley, Ks., were totally burned Sunday night, the horses narrowly escaping.

We have another advertisement by telegraph of the Cincinnati Exposition, which opens at 7:30 this P. M.

The Mexicans have resumed cattle stealing on the Texas border with their wonted vigor.

FOREIGN.

An accident on the Luxemburg railroad yesterday killed eight passengers and injured fifteen.

Victor Emmanuel visits Vienna and Berlin about the 20th.

LAYING A GHOST.

Young American ladies startle the staid duennas of the Old World with their wild Amazonian ways, and are contemplated with a sort of superstitious dread by European mammas who regard them as a species of dashing feminine vacqueros, that cross the sea to run down and lasso unprotected lordlings with matrimonial halters. Generally they manage to make a sensation wherever they go, and the neighborhood of Dieppe is still ringing with the lesson one of them taught to a practical joker. She went with a party to view the ruined chateau d'Arques, within which is a crumbling tower well known to be haunted. She ridiculed and defied the ghosts, and to show her contempt for them climbed to the top of the tower and sat down to make a sketch. A stranger, who had overheard her bravado and who was a ventriloquist, threw his voice into the ivy in such a way as to produce unearthly sounds. The young girl threw down her sketch-book, and assuming an appearance of fright, appealed to the ventriloquist to come and see if there was not some one lurking in the tower. The stranger enjoying his success and willing to keep up the fun, climbed up from stone to stone, peering about and still casting his weird voice above and below him all the while, until he reached the crest where the young lady was perched, when she shoved him into the moat below. Then, as he floundered snorting out of the mud and water, she called out to him, "It must have been the ghost!"

AN UNFORTUNATE YOUNG LADY.

Miss Ida Henderson, of Highland county, Ohio, is a charming young lady, and would like to be courted as well as any other of her sex, but she has been unfortunate in her matrimonial aspirations, and the young gentlemen are beginning to discover that she isn't a safe girl to woo, and are fighting shy of her. Two years ago she was engaged to Moses Patton, but one night when Moses was riding in hot haste to visit her, with his marriage license in his pocket, he was thrown from his horse and killed. Miss Ida was not entirely inconsolable in this sad trial, for the mantle of Moses soon fell upon his brother James, and Ida's smiles and favors descended therewith. But some malicious fate seems to have decreed that she shall never wed a Patton, for a few days ago, as James, like his brother before him, was riding over to visit his intended, there arose a violent thunder storm, seemingly sent to intercept the unsuspecting lover, and a cruel bolt of lightning killed both James and his horse. Had the paternal shot-gun or the white fangs of the vigilant mastiff wrought this destruction, Ida's chances would yet be good, for an ardent lover cares not a fig for such trival dangers, but there is something uncanny about lightning, and young men are averse to trifling with it. Miss Henderson deserves sympathy, certainly, and will doubtless get it, but if of the masculine sex, her sympathizers will take care that they are betrayed into no warmer feeling.

An Illinois girl has died of grief because her new spring bonnet was ruined by falling into the water. A bed of artificial roses will be planted upon her grave.

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A PENNSYLVANIA lady has a most romantic and ingenious way of managing the gentleman so happy as to be her husband. Exasperated by her persistent conversation, he ungallantly boxed her ears the other day. The wretched woman cast but one lingering reproachful glance upon her lord and fled, simply observing as she departed that the briny deep should wash away the insult. Leaving behind her everything most dear and precious to her—the home of her married life full of beautiful and cherished memories—this heart-broken woman rushed frantically to the canal, and, with one parting sigh, threw in a large stone, which made a mighty splash. Then she went and hid herself in the bushes and giggled, while her husband and twenty other men hurried up, with horror depicted upon their countenances, and wildly dragged the canal for her body. When the injured wife became convinced that the wretch had suffered enough, she appeared from behind the bushes and led him home, a resigned and willing victim.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

BATTLE HOUSE.

SEPT. 2.—C. N. Parmele, Memphis; J. N. Williamson, Triune; G. N. Baskett, Col. W. D. Robertson, Capt. T. B. Darragh, Mrs. M. Mitchum, T. N. Woods, Chas. O. Thomas, Murfreesboro; S. Nelson, J. R. Britt, Murfreesboro; Judge F. Turney, Winchester; Judge Thos. J. Freeman, Trenton; Capt. J. N. Burnam, Fayetteville; Col. T. B. Murray, McMinnville; C. H. H. Erwin, Battle Creek Mines; John A. Crockett, Estell Springs; W. Buchanan, Brandon, Miss.; W. W. Ratliff, Kosciusko, Miss.; R. D. Rose and lady, Bolivar; Col. F. W. Golladay, Washington, D. C.; Thomas H. Woods, Hickman, Ky.; A. C. Bigelow, McKenzie; J. N. Campbell, Clarksville; G. M. Ewing, Gleason Station; M. W. Pollock, Steel Springs.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

SEPT 2.—T. W. Hendrick, Charlotte; Jno. C. Harlan, Columbia; W. A. Pryor, Jasper; Hon. M. L. McConnell, Maryville; E. W. Van Eilen, Salt Lake City, Utah; Wood Foster, James W. Helm, Butler county, Ky; Wm. H. Mathews, Shelbyville; R. A. Wilt, Lebanon; W. G. Pond, Fountain Head; H. C. Wilson, Thompson Station; S. J. Brouncll, Hopkinsville, Ky.; Judge J. M. Palmer, Johnsonville;