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NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERICAN.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835. NASHVILLE, TENN. FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1875. NEW SERIES—NO. 2,169.

ONLY 25 CENTS
NO ONE IN THE CITY OR SUBURBS SHOULD BE WITHOUT THE
DAILY UNION AND AMERICAN
WHEN IT WILL BE DELIVERED AT THE DOOR PROMPTLY EVERY MORNING AT TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER WEEK.

DEMOCRATS, rally to the primaries this evening.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 113⅝, advanced to 113¾ and closed at 113½.

ONE term of Radical extravagance now would sweep away the fruits of years of labored economy.

TENNESSEE BONDS were strong in New York yesterday, the old issue advancing to 52½ and the new to 51.

LET the honest classes be half as active to-night as the wire-pullers and self-seekers, and all will be well.

COTTON advanced a fraction in New York yesterday. Middling14¼@15c.

IT is easier to defeat all selfish schemes in their incipiency to-night than it will be a few weeks hence, if they are permitted to gain headway.

How many more abominable puns are we to have on the name of the new Senator?—*Lebanon Herald.*

We believe the fellow that bawls *Key-no* generally stops the game.

WE have an abundance of good material from which to select delegates and candidates. Let no men of doubtful antecedents or questionable motives be chosen.

REMEMBER, the men who look with gloating eyes on our city government as a big bonanza to be worked for personal greed, will be sure to attend the primaries to-night. Let the tax-payers whose substance they covet, be on hand to baffle their schemes.

MATT. TO ZACH.—GREETING.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 20.—Hon. Z. Chandler—My Dear Sir: Your favor of yesterday was duly received. I do not know by what authority I was announced as a speaker at Detroit; certainly not by mine.

I have long since ceased to pretend to any knowledge in regard to my business or engagements except what I read in the morning papers, which I consult daily to ascertain where I have been, where I am going, what lawsuits I am retained in, what I am in favor of, how I stand on the third term, and my future course not only in regard to pending questions, but in regard to those subjects which may or may not arise in the future. This, like everything else in this world, has its advantages and disadvantages. In the first place, it relieves me from the labor of keeping any memoranda of my engagements, or diary of proceedings past. It also saves me from thinking what I had better do; for after it is settled what am I to do, it is then too late to consider the policy or propriety of doing so. On the other hand, I am sometimes perplexed about myself, and doubt whether I am not some other fellow. A newspaper the other day announced that I was going to New York to participate in a criminal trial there. But the next day this was denied by three or four papers: so that I am really in doubt whether to go or not. The balance of newspaper testimony seems to be that I am not retained; and it would be awkward to put in an appearance when I had not been retained. Two or three years ago I was announced to speak on the 4th of July in four different States, after having positively declined to go hither.

I have learned one thing—and I tell it to you for your future guidance—never contradict anything a newspaper says. Some months ago the *Milwaukee News* published an internal falsehood about me. Being out of the Senate, I thought I had a right to contradict it. So I wrote a civil note to the paper for that purpose. It published only one word of my letter, and that because, as it said, I had spelled it erroneously, and editorially said, if I would live in peace I had better mind my own business. I took the hint; for if there is anything dear to my soul it is to live in peace; so I never contradict a newspaper.

Therefore, if as you say, a newspaper has announced that I am to speak in Detroit on the 28th—actually so declared in cold lead types—let it be understood that I do not deny it; though in dead confidence, between you and me, I have not the slightest idea of doing so; indeed, I am under positive engagement to argue a case before our Supreme Court on the 27th, which makes it absolutely impossible for me to be in Detroit on the 28th. But remember I do not contradict the newspaper; not I. I mind my own business, so I can live in peace. Ever yours, MATT.

THE WOULD-BE MASSANIEL-O OF GEORGIA.
Hartford Courant.

"Prince" Rivers, who is named as being the head and front of the threatened insurrection in Georgia and South Carolina, was before the war a slave, owned by Mr. H. M. Stuart, of Branford, S. C. He was Mr. Stuart's coachman, and was said to be the finest looking negro at the South. In 1862 Gen. Saxton sent him North in charge of a clergyman, who exhibited him in public meetings as a fair specimen of the plantation negroes. After getting all the money they could they returned to the South. Rivers purchased a lot of the abandoned property of the Government and went in as a planter. Not succeeding in this he went into one of the colored regiments. After the war he turned up in one of the up-country parishes, where he was elected to the Assembly. He there became one of the ring of scalawags and carpet-baggers, consisting of General Scott, of Ohio, Whittemore, of Massachusetts, Dennis, of Connecticut, Moses, Small, De Large, Bowen, Whipple and others of that sort. The militia was organized, and from a subordinate official position Rivers has risen to the rank of Major-general. He is a man of unbounded ambition and much influence, and it is thought that it will be found that this spirit of insurrection pervades other States. The idea among the negroes that the land is theirs, and that their fathers earned it by their labor, has been preached to them for years, until they have become imbued with that feeling to such an extent that a war of races would not be the most surprising occurrence of the day.

SCIENCE AS IS SCIENCE.
Detroit Free Press.

Just after the Scientific Association had adjourned sine die a broad-shouldered fellow with a neck as big as a nail-keg and fists like mauls entered the hall and inquired of the janitor:

"Where's those fellows as brags about their science?"

"Gone home," was the reply.

"Gone home, eh? Blow the luck, but if I hadn'a missed the boat I'd been here in time to toe a mark with the best man in the crowd! Wonder if Joe Coburn trained any of 'em?"

The janitor wasn't able to say.

TWENTY thousand boxes, containing over a million clay pipes, are imported into this country annually, the greater number being the celebrated "P. D." brand. All these pipes are made in Glasgow, Scotland, and chiefly by one firm, W. White & Sons, honest old Quakers, who have been piping away for nearly a century and a half, and are now doing the largest business in that line in the world.

MR. JOHN C. HALE, the owner of the Hot Springs property in Arkansas, died at the Hale House, Hot Springs, last Tuesday. His whole life was a tenacious fight to hold possession of the property, and the suits in connection therewith were carried into almost every department of justice in the United States.

VICTOR HUGO says that "man was the conundrum of the eighteenth century; woman is the conundrum of the nineteenth century." We can't guess her, but we'll never give her up—no never.—*New York Express.*

WASHINGTON.

The Chorpenning Claim Again.

Cases in the Court of Claims.

Possible Bombardment of Tripoli

Absenteeism of Heads of Departments.

Dismissal of an Arkansas Attorney.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The Attorney General has issued an order dismissing Assistant Attorney James Brizzolors, of Arkansas.

The Chorpenning Claim.

The Attorney General having given an adverse decision on points presented in the Chorpenning case, Chorpenning has filed his application for relief, on account of mail contracts, in the Court of Claims. The amount involved is $468,000.

Captured and Abandoned Property.

About $225,000 awarded by the Court in 24 cases, for captured and abandoned property, will be paid. An appeal has been taken by the Government in other cases reported on by the special commissioner, involving between $300,000 and $400,000. Among the latter is the case of R. M. Douglas, son of the late Senator Douglas, in whose favor an award of $16,140 was made on account of captured and abandoned cotton on the estate of his grandmother in Mississippi.

The Affair With Tripoli.

No information has been received here in regard to the action by United States steamers, Congress and Hartford, sent to Tripoli to demand reparation for the insult offered to the American Consul and his wife. Negotiations are being conducted by Capt. English. Should the Tripolitan authorities refuse to make reparation upon his demands, Rear Admiral Worden, of the European station, will be directed to proceed to Tripoli with all his force and there await instructions.

St. Louis Fast Mail Line.

The monster petition sent by Postmaster Tilley, of St. Louis, and endorsed by Senators Dorsey, Bogy and Cockrell, Merchants' Exchange, Board of Trade, Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Exchange, the publishers of the *Republican, Globe, Times, Post, Anzeiger Amerika, Despatch, Journal,* and bankers and merchants and business interests generally of St. Louis, does not, as heretofore erroneously stated, ask of the Postmaster General a fast mail train, but only such facilities as now exist on routes by the New York Central, Erie and Lake Shore Railroads to the Northwest, namely: a double daily service of railway post-office cars.

A Rod in Pickle for Tripoli.
Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Orders have been sent to the officers commanding the American vessels of war now at Tripoli to demand instant and complete reparation for the indignities offered the American Consul and his wife by Tripolitan sailors. If the temper of the Tripolitan people, as recently reported, is persisted in, it is not unlikely that our vessels of war may be compelled to again bombard that city.

The Cost of the Mails.
Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.

The following are the expenditures for carrying the mails for the fiscal year: Railroads, $9,193,051; steamboats, $396,866; star service, $5,158,851; mail messenger, $633,403. Total, $15,583,118. The star service is the service in which the mode of carrying the mails is left to the discretion of the contractor.

The Evils of Absenteeism

continue to grow more oppressive day by day. Complaints are frequent and bitter and are made not only by the common people, who come to Washington to look after their trivial affairs, but also by some of the leading supporters of the Administration. Senator Morton is said to have expressed himself with great force, while on his recent visit. He is reported to have said that he "came here to attend to important business, which he could not do in the absence of the Cabinet officials; that they were paid large salaries to look after governmental business, and they had no right to go away and spend in junketing excursions weeks and months from their posts; that by so doing they had imposed a burden of no slight weight upon the Republican party, and that at a time when the party was least able to bear it." There is a great deal of business of the first importance in the transaction of which the discretion of the head of the department must be exercised, and in which no other official is authorized to use his discretion. Everything that is not of the most ordinary routine character must await the return of the head of the department to which it belongs.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Republican State Convention.

JACKSON, Aug. 26.—The Republican State Convention continued in session till 4 o'clock this morning. Proceedings not harmonious or enthusiastic, and at one time were positively disgraceful. George M. Buchanan, of Marshall county, was nominated for State Treasurer. The platform contains nothing new. The *Daily Times*, Republican paper at this place, vigorously protests against the section congratulating the party on the successful and economical administration of Gov. Ames, and thinks the raising of such an issue as presented as damaging to the interests of the party and very impolitic.

ST. LOUIS

The Mississippi Valley Trading Company.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—The American Board of Directors of the Mississippi Valley Trading Company held a meeting here last night, at which Mr. Worrall, managing director, was instructed to visit Louisville with a view of establishing the central office of the company at that point. He was further instructed to visit all seaports from Norfolk to Galveston, Tex., and report on their adaptability as ports of entry for ships of the company. He was also requested to visit all railroads in the Mississippi valley and Gulf States and report upon the facilities afforded by each for the transportation of merchandise and products, and on the most desirable centres for operations of the company, and upon agricultural, mineral and other resources of the country through which the several railroads pass, so as to enable the company to decide which are the best fields for immigration. The last of the English deputation left last night for England. The directors on this side of the water are E. R. Shankland, of Dubuque, Iowa, Judge John F. Jones, of Barton, Ark., Rev. J. T. Barges, of New York; Dudley W. Adams, of Iowa; Col. D. Aiken, of South Carolina; S. T. Smith, of Georgia, and there are several others yet to be appointed.

NEGRO RIOT.

Eight Negroes Killed and Several Wounded.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 26.—A *Herald* special from Macon, Miss., Aug. 24, reports a riot at New Hope Church, in which eight negroes were killed and several wounded. Cause of the riot, a quarrel between a white man and a negro about drum beating.

The Westerville Whisky War.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 26.—The attorneys of Corbin, the Westerville saloon man, today obtained a writ of error from the Court of Common Pleas of this county and an order for a stay of proceedings in a case where Corbin was fined under the village ordinance to regulate ale, beer and porter houses. The question of the validity of the ordinance will be heard at the October term of the Court.

Union League.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—The National Executive Committee of the Union League of America met to-day. A movement was inaugurated looking toward a union of all elements of opposition to the Democratic party, especially in the South.

THE TURF.

Extra Meeting at Monmouth Park.

Spendrift, Papermaker, Osage and Caribou the Winners.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 26.—The extra meeting at Monmouth Park opened to-day. In the first race, for a purse of $300, one mile, Spendrift, Gillyflower, B. F. Carver, Century, Letitia, H. Vanderbilt, Connor's filly, Dickens' filly, Camden, Revolt, Burgoo, Windam, Long Branch, Vernango and Warrior started. The race was won by Spendrift by a length, Gillyflower second, Century third. Time, 1:45¾.

In the second race, for a purse of $400, one and a half miles, for three-year-olds, Goldmine, Papermaker, Coffee's Panic colt, Jack Twigg and Vernango started. The race was won by Papermaker by four lengths. Time, 2:49¼.

A purse of $500, one mile and three quarters, was won by Osage, Donnybrook second. Time 3:44, five starters. The rider of Donnybrook was expelled from the track for selling the race.

The last race for a purse of $400, mile heats, over four hurdles was won by Caribou in 1:54¼ and 1:54¾.

Hampden Park Races.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Aug. 26.—In the 2:22 class Sensation was the winner—time, 2:24, 2:23, 2:25, 2:26¼, 2:29. The time of the second heat was not given, Bella, the winner, being set back for running. Sensation won the first, fourth and sixth heats; Jim Irving the third and fifth; St. James the second. The purse was five thousand dollars, and the second money went to Jim Irving.

In the 2:26 race for a purse of three thousand dollars, Clementine won three of the four heats trotted, and the first money, and Bonner the second money. Time—2:24¾, 2:26, 2:25, 2:23¼.

Crab Orchard (Ky.) Races.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 26.—First race, dash of one mile:

Logan & Bruce's ch. f. Georgia Bowman 1
S. T. Evan's b. h. Prang..... 2
Williams & Owing's g. c. Londonderry. 3
Capt. Shone's ch. h. Austin..... 4

The Gentlemen's Cup race was won by Oxmore, Austin second. Weather fine and attendance good.

From the Other Side of the Water.

The great Eber handicap Wednesday was won by Lily Agnes, with Destination second, and Polonaise third, Aventurier, the favorite, and Apology unplaced. The great Yorkshire stakes to-day was won by Met Drops, with Prince Arthur second and Piercy third.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Excitement Across the Border.

HALIFAX, Aug. 26.—Great excitement has been caused at Bear River by the burning of barns belonging to a brother and cousin of the late Mrs. Robbins. The fires are supposed to be the work of her husband, who murdered her Thursday last. He is supposed to be secreted in the woods. One hundred men are searching for him.

A Terrible Child-murder in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—Gustave Humber, of Jamestown, Greene county, Ohio, while intoxicated last evening, made an attempt to kill his wife. She fled across the street to the house of a neighbor. Humber followed and made an unsuccessful effort to get in the house by breaking the window. He then threatened to return to his house and kill the child, which was about eighteen months old, thinking the threat would induce his wife to come, but failing to have the desired effect he went to his house, procured a table-knife, sharpened it on the stove, took the infant from the arms of his little girl, twelve years old, laid it upon the floor and deliberately cut its throat from ear to ear. He then threw the child and knife on the bed, and went back and told his wife what he had done. He was afterwards arrested. He still regrets he did not kill his wife.

Murdered by a Constable.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Constable Keegan attempted to levy on some goods owned by a woman named Mattes, to satisfy a judgment of $24. In an altercation which ensued, the woman received injuries at the hands of the Constable, of which she has since died.

LATER.—Keegan, the constable, who was accused of killing a woman while levying on property day before yesterday, was to-day acquitted by the Grand Jury. A post mortem examination showed that the woman died of heart disease.

Circus-Men Murdered.

BATHURST, N. B., Aug. 26.—This morning while Gibbs' Menagerie was getting under way for this place, three men crawled up to within fifty yards of a tent occupied by canvas-men and fired two shot guns, instantly killing William Spearing, of Calais, Me., and dangerously wounding Amos Wagner, of Liverpool, N. S. After firing, the men ran towards the shore, their tracks being seen after they jumped over the cliff. The sheriff and a large posse, with the coroner, immediately left in search of the murderers. The only reason known for the murder is a dispute that arose between circus men and some roughs who were trying to gain admittance without paying last night.

Drowned in a Cistern.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 26.—The body of a young lady named Miss Emma Myers, 22 years of age, residing at 22 Indiana avenue, was found in a cistern this afternoon. It is supposed she fell in and was drowned while attempting to draw water therefrom.

Misappropriation of Funds.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Aug. 26.—The case of the commissioners of Schuylkill county, on trial since Monday, charged with misappropriation of public funds, ended in a verdict of guilty.

Murder and Suicide.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Aug. 26, 1875.—In the town of Franklin, near this city this morning, the body of a farmer named Thos. McCarty was found in a saloon kept by August Baumann. Subsequently Baumann committed suicide, it is presumed from remorse from having killed McCarty. The two had been drinking and it is supposed had became involved in an altercation.

Highway Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—The *Republican's* Kansas City special says: Another case of attempted highway robbery occurred on Broadway in this city to-night. Two highwaymen stopped a man named Grady, and demanded his money. He refused, and was shot in the back, though not fatally. The robbers have so far escaped capture.

Robbery of a Sleeping Coach.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—Passengers on the train from Chicago via the Kankakee route last night, report the robbery of the occupants of a sleeper to the amount of a thousand dollars. Every passenger in the sleeping car except one was robbed. Two men suspected of the robbery left the car at Lafayette.

MEMPHIS.

An Incendiary Fire.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 26.—About 12 o'clock last night the Memphis wood works on Georgia street, together with a large amount of lumber and valuable machinery, were totally consumed. A stable belonging to the company, in which were a number of wagons and several mules, was also burned. So intense was the heat that one of the steam fire engines was nearly lost, but was saved by the other engines playing on the men who extricated it. In accomplishing this, Capt. Raja and one of his men were severely burnt. The watchman on duty at the works saw two men hurriedly leave the grounds just before the fire broke out, and fired upon them as they ran, from which it is believed that the fire was the work of incendiaries. The total loss is about $27,000, on which there is $17,500 insurance.

A Snake Story.

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 26.—The schooner Emily Holden, Capt. Fred York, arrived to-day, and reports that on the 22d, off Martineus, he saw the sea serpent, sailed for and struck it, and received a violent blow from its tail as it dove.

NEW YORK.

Ben Butler Retained by Tilton.

Convention of the Turners.

Effort to Throw Duncan, Sherman & Co. into Bankruptcy.

The Turners.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The Turner convention closed to-day. In the forenoon a congress of teachers was held, Mr. George, of Chicago, presiding. It was resolved to refer to the central organization the feasibility of a plan securing the introduction of gymnastics in the German-American Teachers Seminary. A vote of honor was given to Fred Bertsch, of Cincinnati, for an essay on gymnastics. It was resolved to urge upon Turner societies the propriety of a representation at the Philadelphia Centennial.

Into Bankruptcy.

Sidney Root, merchant at 60 Broadway, has issued a circular asking creditors of Duncan, Sherman & Co. to authorize his taking the necessary steps to throw the firm into bankruptcy. Mr. Root to-day said he had received favorable replies from persons representing claims to the amount of about $100,000.

Cruelty to Animals.

Col. John J. Hildreth, one of Bergh's officers, was seriously beaten to-day by Joseph Eagen, while investigating a case of alleged cruelty to animals. The assailant was arrested.

Tilton-Beecher Again.

It is reported that Gen. Butler has been retained as counsel for Tilton in the second trial of his suit against Beecher.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Suspension of the Bank of California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The Bank of California stopped paying checks at a quarter to three. An interview with Ralston says the bank has sufficient assetts to meet all liabilities, and no one will lose anything, but at present there is no coin with which to transact business. A meeting has been appointed with the representatives at 5 P. M., when more particulars will be given.

At 5 P. M., representatives of the press met in Presidents office of the Bank of California. The following written statement was read:

Office Bank of California, Aug. 26, 1875.—The trustees are under the painful necessity of stating to customers of the bank and public that the bank is compelled to suspend business at this moment, and without reports from agencies are not prepared to make a statement as to the situation of the bank; but are now examining their interests critically, and will at the earliest possible moment make a definite report.

By order of Trustee,
S. F. RANKIN, Secretary.

President Ralston stated orally that on his own responsibility and that of officers, no doubt they would be able to meet all obligations. It reply to the question when the would open again he said, "Not at all," and subsequently on repeating the question said, "We do not expect to resume," and further said about $1,400,000 were paid out to-day. No assistance received from other banks, though application was made for it. They had telegraphed all other agents to close. He thought no banks in the interior would be effected by the failure, except on California street. The street was blocked during the evening. The crowd was quiet, and much confidence is expressed in the ability of the bank to redeem its obligations.

A run was made on the National Gold Bank and Trust Company, but the bank continued paying until the closing hour, and asserted its ability to settle all demands in coin or bonds. All other banks in the city report no unusual demands on their resources. San Francisco and Pacific Stock Exchanges held no sessions this afternoon.

BALTIMORE.

Heavy Failure of a Sugar Importing House.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 26.—Sterling, Ahrens & Co., said to be the largest sugar importing house in the United States, suspended payment this afternoon. Ahrens thinks their liabilities amount to about $2,000,000; but if the assets are judiciously administered the creditors can be paid dollar for dollar. He assigns as causes for the failure, general depression of business and shrinkage in the value of coffee and sugar, of which the firm have large stocks. They have also large real estate, not at present available. A detailed statement will be prepared as soon as possible.

The debts are due to parties in this city and in Cuba almost exclusively. It is said the business of the firm footed up $40,000,000 per year. They were proprietors of two large sugar refineries, the Merchants' and Chespeake, and agents of two others, the Culvert and Maryland. The effect here of the failure remains to be developed.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The mutineers of the steamer Jefferson Borden have been fully committed for trial at Boston.

Final arrangements have been perfected for the soldiers' national reunion at Caldwell, Ohio, on Sept. 1. A sword captured by Gen. Cockerill from Col. Archer, at Tilton Station, Ga., will be returned to its owner with impressive ceremonies.

Judge Dundy has ordered Jno. Gordon, the Black Hills miner, to be released by the military.

A German laborer, name not ascertained, was killed in Indianapolis this afternoon by a stone falling on him from a new building.

The regular annuity for the support of the Creek Indians, amounting to $34,900, has been received by the agent and will be paid out immediately.

The examination of Wm. S. Carson, ex-Superintendent of J. P. Squires' pork packing house, Boston, charged with embezzling $150,000 from that firm, was concluded today. Carson was held for trial in $15,000.

F. W. Palmer, who was appointed on the Commission to treat with the Indians for the purchase of the Black Hills, to-day telegraphed the Secretary of the Interior declining to serve on that Commission.

Four thousand bags of rio coffee, cargo of the bark Trio, sold at Richmond to-day at 19½ to 20¾ gold.

The Indian Commission.

OMAHA, Neb. Aug. 26.—On account of an accident on the Sioux City and St. Paul railroad yesterday, whereby some of the commissioners were delayed, the Indian Commission did not meet here yesterday. It is expected all will be here today, and the party leave to-morrow morning for the council grounds.

A New Enterprise.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—The steamship Ohio, which sailed to-day for Liverpool, takes out 2,400 crates of peaches. The steerage of the ship has been turned into a refrigerator and means fixed for a constant current of cold air. This is the first venture of the kind.

THE newest rage at the summer resorts is the Chinese sun-shade. It is a very peculiar affair and some what unique—hence its popularity among young women at the seaside who act and call themselves fashionable. They are cheap, and the fact is calculated to make them still more fashionable.

"I'M no thief," was the indignant reply of a handsome French gentleman arrested with his hand in a lady's pocket; "I was merely slipping a love-letter into her pocket," and he produced the love-letter, indeed. But as the lady was passe and plainly attired, the policeman searched him and found forty-one pocket-books and a select assortment of jewelry.

THE mayor of Marseilles has interdicted temporarily the sale of pork meat in consequence of an epizootic among the pigs in that neighborhood.

FOREIGN.

The American Squadron Ordered to Tripoli.

War Between Panama and Colombia.

The Sultan Rejects the Proposed Mediation.

The Herzegovinian Insurrection.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 26.—Admiral Worden has informed the Mayor of Portsmouth that he and his officers are unable to accept the invitation to a banquet next week, as the United States squadron will not be in the vicinity of Portsmouth after Monday.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—No information has yet reached this city that Tripoli has conceded to the demands of the United States for satisfaction for the insult to the American consul.

Albert Cohn & Co., merchants of 17 Old Change, have suspended. Liabilities not known.

The liabilities of Albert Cohen & Co. are stated at $600,000.

AUSTRIA.

BELGRADE, via Vienna, Aug. 26.—Popular feeling in Servia is so strong in favor of the insurgents that it is feared the Government will experience great difficulty in preventing a conflict with Turkey.

ITALY.

ROME, Aug. 26.—The wife of Garabaldi is dead.

TURKEY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A special cable from London states that news has been received of the resignation of the Grand Vizier of Turkey, who will probably be succeeded by Mahomud. The Herzegovinians announce the capture by the insurgents of 500 Turkish troops.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—It is reported that the Kohokan insurgents have surrendered Kohjenden, a large city fifty miles from Kohokan. Communication between Kohjenden and Taschikend is interrupted. The authorities of Taschikiden are arming the Russian inhabitants of the city.

LONDON, Aug. 27, 5 A. M.—A special to the *Times* from Berlin, says the European powers have been unable to induce the Sultan to suspend hostilities pending their mediation. This refusal, however, is a matter of indifference, as Turkish reinforcements have been unable to penetrate the mountain defiles. Telegrams to the effect that the Turks had so succeeded were premature.

The dispatch states that if the Herzegovinian insurgents reject the proposed mediation, Austria, who has assembled an army corps in Dalmatia, will be in a condition to offer the Sultan her good offices.

PANAMA.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A telegram received at the Navy Department this morning from Capt. Edward Simpson, commanding United States steamer Omaha, announces that the State of Panama has declared war against the Government of Colombia. The Department immediately issued orders to Rear Admiral Mullaney, commanding the North Atlantic Station, to hold his available force in readiness to proceed without delay to the Isthmus, if necessary, for the protection of American interests.

URUGUAY.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The *Daily Telegraph's* financial column to-day says: Private telegrams from Montevedio state that dissatisfaction with the President and his Ministry is such that no doubt is entertained that another revolution is imminent in Uruguay.

CHINA.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The *Globe* of this evening says telegraphic intelligence has been received from China of an occurrence likely, if not promptly settled, to disturb the friendly relations between England and China.

MILLER'S STORY,

As Repeated by the Doctor Who Dressed His Wounds.
Chicago Times.

He said that on that evening and for some time previous he had employed a "shadow" to accompany him, for he knew that he was shadowed, as detectives call it, by parties in the interest of the whisky ring, and he feared that his life was in danger. On last Friday night he took this man with him to the warehouse.

Reporter—What was his name?

Dr. Ingraham—I do not remember, but I will call him Mr. Shadow. As I said he took Shadow to the house near Twelfth street, and stationed him near the northern end to watch while he (Miller) took the southern end. He was partially screened by a projection of the building so that he could not be readily seen, but could see any parties who should attempt to carry any goods away from the warehouse. In this position he considered himself safe from attack from any one who might be following him. From Shadow I learned that just before the shots were fired a man, heavily disguised and ill-looking, came up to him and said gruffly, "What are you doing here?" He appeared so suddenly that Shadow hardly knew what to answer, but finally he made out to say: "I am here waiting for my girl, but she don't come." No more conversation was had between them, but the man immediately left. Shadow now supposes that he merely came up to him to see whether he was the man he wanted, and, on learning that he was not, went to the southern end of the house where Miller was. At this time Miller was setting down, resting both elbows on his knees, and holding in his right hand a cocked revolver. He had evidently anticipated the need of quick action. When the assassin saw the darkly-concealed form of ex Ganger he stole stealthily up to him, looked once into his face to make sure of no mistake, and upon being fully convinced that the man was Miller, fired at his heart. Miller returned two shots, but could not learn whether they did any good or not. The noise of the firing brought the Shadow and a Chicago policeman to the scene, but the assassin had escaped. The officer inquired as to the noise, but was quieted by some remarks of the Shadow. Miller was then removed to the Rock Island House, and I was called by the proprietor, Mr. Dodd, to attend the wounded man. I found his coat badly burned over the left breast, and it appeared perfectly evident that a fatal shot was intended. Here is the description of the wound that the ball made, which I took out on the spot: The ball passed into the bone of the left arm between the elbow and the shoulder, and came out on a line opposite where it entered, the ball taking the course of a letter L reversed. The muscle and flesh were badly mashed. The profound arteries were penetrated. The ball passed within one sixteenth of an inch of the bronchial artery, which if it had severed death would have instantly followed. As it was, he was just barely saved.

Reporter—Did Miller know the would-be murderer?

Dr I—Miller says he saw him once before that day, and is certain that he would recognize him if he should see him again. The whole affair passed off so quickly that he could not give a description of the man. He knows that he was heavily built and had a thick mustache. He had been aware of his being shadowed some time ago, and had removed on that account from the Commercial Hotel, where he had been stopping, to the Rock Island House.

Reporter—Where is Miller now?

Dr. I.—He went away last Saturday, at nine o'clock to some part of Pennsylvania.

Reporter—What report did the Shadow give of all this occurrence?

Dr. I.—What he knew was substantially the same as Miller told. He says money would not hire him to "shadow" for a man again. He thinks that if he had not happened to have thought of his girl when he did, he would have been a dead man.

A *Tribune* reporter called on Mr. Dodd last evening, to ascertain the truth of the report that Miller had been to his house. Mr. Dodd, like the other persons who have been connected with the Miller matter, was delicate about saying anything on the subject.

R.—Do you know where Miller was on Friday night when he was shot?

Mr. D.—He went out that evening on his usual business, and I asked a friend of mine to go with him, because I knew that he was in danger at all times.

R.—Does Miller know the man who shot him?

Mr. D.—Perfectly. The same man had been following him for some time, and he had seen him often. He says he should know him again anywhere; saw him plainly just as he fired.

R.—Do you know what firms Miller's evidence inculpates?

Mr. D. (after reflection)—I believe I won't answer that question?

R.—Well, do you know what particular job he was on that night?

Mr. D.—Yes, I know what he told me. He said that there was a large lot of illicit whisky which the owners were afraid would be found, and they were going to remove it that night.

THE GREAT SHOOTING MATCH.

America Again Victorious—Bogardus Beats Shaw.

As a vast number of our readers are devoted to trap shooting, the following account of Captain Bogardus' match with Shaw, the best pigeon shooter in England, will be very acceptable. We find in other of our British exchanges more florid and elaborate descriptions of the contest, but give that of *Bell's Life*, acknowledged to be the highest authority on pigeon shooting in that country.

LITTLE BRIDGE GROUNDS, BROMPTON—GREAT MATCH FOR £400.

The great match between Captain H. W. Bogardus (the American champion) and S. Shaw of Oldham, near Manchester, for two hundred pounds a side, took place on Monday last. The conditions were to shoot at one hundred pigeons each, with one ounce of shot, twenty-one yards rise, from one trap, the use of one barrel, and the gun below the elbow until the bird was on the wing. The match, which had been made only a short time previously, excited much interest, owing to the fact of its being understood that Capt. Bogardus was to compete with Shaw, the best professional shot in England, under the said conditions of from 1 trap, 1 oz. of shot, 21 yards rise. Notwithstanding the Captain was made the favorite in the betting at 100 to 80, speculation was not very spirited, in consequence of the Manchester division not supporting their man with their usual freedom, knowing they had a "wonder" to vanquish. The weather was remarkably fine and favorable for the sport, there being only a trifling breeze, with a bright and clear atmosphere. The contestants arrived on the ground at 9 A. M., and both looked in blooming health. Capt. Bogardus is a fine, muscular man, standing fully six feet, weight about 15 stone, and is about forty years of age. He is a wonderful shot at both game and pigeons, a great athlete, and providing his muscular strength is put to the test, he is almost, or quite equal to the late John Heenan. The Captain's opponent, Shaw, has proved himself a wonderfully fine shot for a considerable length of time, by defeating a large number of North-country sportsmen. He is a fresh colored, spare man, with a vast amount of confidence, and we should say half a dozen years younger than the Captain. In spite of the many attractions within 20 miles of the metropolis a large number of a good class of persons attended the match, consequently excellent order was maintained throughout the day. No time was lost in arranging the preliminaries, and at 10:30 A. M., the match commenced, both men trapping their own birds, the best blue rocks obtainable. Shaw led off but failed to bring down his first, a very fast one, and the Captain quickly came forward and rattled down in fine style a very swift bird. Both through trapping their own birds against each other were somewhat slow to time, but they shot in their turn. Owing, however, to the number of birds shot at, and the general similarity of their doings throughout, we think it quite unnecessary to comment on each shot, particularly as the appended score will be found sufficiently explanatory. Out of the first ten birds shot at by the American he brought down nine, the second eight, and the third lot all fell to his aim. At the fourth ten nine came to grief, at the fifth every bird fell. Consequently it will be gathered that he brought down forty-six out of the first fifty birds. Shaw, it will be seen, was never on favorable terms with the Captain, for in his first ten he missed three birds, and in his second the same number, and this made him three "rocks" to the bad. Out of the third ten birds the Manchester man brought down splendidly eight, but in the fourth four escaped, and out of the fifth 10 he only brought down six, thereby scoring 34 out of 50 birds—just 12 less than his opponent scored. At this point of the contest the competitors and their friends retired for thirty minutes for refreshment. On resuming business it may be remarked that Shaw, who had been very unfortunate, as many of his birds in the first 50 fell dead out of the bounds, entirely through shooting with number "nine" shot, now commenced with number "seven," and by so doing he made a much better score. This will be understood when it is said that he killed splendidly 18 out of his first 20 birds after luncheon. The Captain, however, continued thumping down his birds also in grand style, and there being no chance for Shaw winning at the 80th round, he being then twelve birds behind, he gave up, and Captain Bogardus was declared the winner amid great cheering. The Captain, in order to decide a bet of killing 50 out of 100 birds, shot at three more, which he killed, and then retired, after having brought down 80 out of 92, and Shaw scored 65 out of 89. The match, which commenced at 10:30 A. M., was not concluded until 4:30 P. M. Captain Bogardus shot with his famous 12-bore breech-loading double gun, of course using one barrel only. He shot with five drachms of powder, and used No. 9 shot. Shaw used a single gun.

That Captain Bogardus has now proved himself an extraordinary marksman no man can deny, for the score alone was never before equaled in England; in fact, the losing man's (Shaw) score is the largest ever previously made. When we take into consideration the swiftness of the birds, they being the best blue rocks that could be obtained for the time of year, and the fact of the Captain being made to load every cartridge himself with shot singly before he placed it in his gun, and also trapping the whole of his birds, that is to say, those for Shaw to shoot at, the performance must be deemed a surprising one. He shoots exceedingly fair, with the gun clean below the elbow, and kills his birds in a most astonishing manner. Each appears to receive the stipulated quantity of shot in its body, being instantaneously doubled up. Shaw shot well enough to beat 59 sportsmen out of 100 and yet he never was in the hunt on this occasion. S. Hammond, of Kent street, Borough, supplied the birds against Shaw, and Offer, of Hammersmith, against Bogardus. We have handed over the stakes (£400) to Capt. Bogardus, who sails for America on Aug. 12. We had almost forgotten to state that Capt. Bogardus' gun, a choke bore, was made by W. & C. Scott & Son, of Birmingham. It is a strong, plain weapon, without ornament, and an "extraordinary killer." He used five drachms of orange lightning powder, and one ounce of No. 9, T. Otis Le Roy, of America, wind shot. Mr. E. Smith, of *Bell's Life*, was referee.

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