UNION AND AMERICAN.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 29, 1875.

IN the trial at Marryvil'e, East Tennessee, for complicity with the hanged John Webb in the murder of Richard F. Reynolds, thirty witnesses have thus far testified, with one hundred and two yet to hear from.

THERE is said to be a movement among New York Democratic politicians of Tammany, to discard Gov. Tilden as a Presidential candidate and work for the nomination of Mayor Wickham to the Vice-Presidency.

STATE SENATOR L. S. MAYRE, of Chattanooga, persistenely voted for Key until the fifty-fifth ballot, when Johnson was elected. So Mayre has his man at last.—*Memphis Ledger.*

There is enough truth in the above to give it flavor.

THE telegraphic announcement that O'Baldwin, the giant pugilist, is dying of consumption recalls the fact that Tom Sayers, John C. Heenan, Aaron Jones, and other noted chieftains of the ring died from the same dread disease. Pounding on the chest is not healthful, and dissipation finishes the work.

CAPTAIN WEBB's swim of twenty-two miles across St. George's Channel, may not profit humanity as much as Boyton's exploit, because he cannot convey his ability to others for the price of an India rubber swim. But it remits to ignoble oblivion the little half mile affair of Leander and Lord Byron.

THERE seems to be some danger that the United States will be thinly represented at the Centennial Exhibition, whatever display foreign nations may make. The *New York Tribune* says: "Not one-half the applications for space have yet been made that will be required to fill the assigned limits. Several of the States are scarcely represented at all."

EX-SENATOR JOHN B. HENDERSON, a prominent leader of the Republican party in Missouri, advises his fellow-Republicans to vote for the new Constitution, and expresses his gratification that the Democrats have "seen fit to put so many salutary limitations upon the exercise of power, which promises to remain with them for several years at least."

THE progress made by the Comte de Paris in the third and fourth volumes of his history of the American Civil War, indicates that the work will not be completed under eight volumes, and will form the most elaborate treatiseon the subject yet attempted. Although a member of the staff of General McClellan, the Orleanist Prince places Sherman above that General in capacity. Indeed he seems to regard Sherman as superior to Grant, Lee, Johnston and Jackson. Yet, with a strange fatuity, this French work contradicts Sherman's Memoirs on many and material matters.

EPIDEMICS of crime are now scientifically recognized. The offense of Col. Baker has broken out in England in more than one instance. One Jos. Wooding, of Derby, has just been committed for trial for an assault upon Miss Elizabeth Brightman, teacher in a young ladies seminary.—*Chicago Tribune.*

These "epidemics" are largely due to the newspapers—partly in consequence of detailed accounts being read by parties already half inclined to crime, who thus learn how to do it—and partly in consequence of reportorial imagination, the story of one crime being frequently revamped and with slight variations adapted to half a dozen different localities.

THE North Carolina sky begins to c'ear up. The *Raleigh News*, speaking of the three Independents whom both parties have claimed in various proportions, says it has "positive information that Messrs. Ransom, Spake and Wilcox are all outspoken Conservatives and will act with that party in the convention." The *Asheville Citizen* publishes a card from Mr. Spake, whom the Republicans have been claiming, in which he definitely defines his position, declaring:

"I am not in favor of the 'meet and adjourn' policy, and have never, at any time, given utterance to any such sentiment. On the contrary, I have steadily advocated constitutional reform, and am still for it."

This insures a Democratic majority of two, and possibly four, if the Governor orders a special election for a successor to Gov. Graham, deceased.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

In an editorial, headed "The Politicians' Talk," the *New York Herald* states that the Speakership of the House is to be conceded by the South and West to Pennsylvania, the Presidency to go to the West, "the South modestly foregoing any place on the Presidential ticket and asking only the Clerkship of the House of Representatives."

It may be true that the West desires the candidate for the Presidency and the South the Clerkship of the House, but it is not true that the Speakership will be conceded to Pennsylvania. The Speaker by the appointment of his committees can control the legislation of the next Congress. This is especially so and especially important to the South and West with regard to all legislation looking to the raising of revenue. The Committee of Ways and Means can dictate the revenue policy of the government for the next year. They can, by their resolves in committee and action in the House, defeat the repeal of existing odious protective tariff enactments. The agricultural, producing congressional districts South and West will never concede the Speakership to Mr. Randall, nor to any other Pennsylvanian who has Mr. Randall's record on the tariff. If the Speakership be conceded to the Middle or Eastern States, it will go to some man who can say, as Mr. Cox, of New York, did to Mr. Randall: "Every dollar of this increased prosperity, of which Pennsylvania now arrogantly boasts, has been robbed from industries elsewhere."

THE CALIFORNIA BANK RUPTURE.

The failure of the great gold bank at San Francisco seems to have fallen upon the financial community quite as unexpectedly as that of Duncan, Sherman & Co., and it should be remembered that it was a much larger affair, its paid-up capital being five million dollars gold. It issued no notes, being a bank of deposit, exchange and discount only. There are no noteholders to suffer, and it is given out that ample assets remain to meet the claims of depositors. The suspension will be less felt over the country than that of Duncan, Sherman & Co., but the result on the Pacific Coast may be all the more disastrous for that reason, its business being mainly confined to that region. We need not go far to find the actual cause of the failure. Every sensible man knew that somebody must be ultimately hurt by the tremendous speculation in mining stocks inaugurated by the famous "big bonanza" of silver. It appears the Gold Bank indulged largely in this outside business, and really failed as a mining speculator rather than as a bank. In the latter capacity it manifested the most remarkable strength even to the end, paying out over its counter $1,400,000 in gold the the very day it closed. This amounted to one-third of its capital. The immediate cause of the enormous "run" on the bank, which constituted the immediate cause of its suspension, has not yet been explained by the telegraph.

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—FREEDOM AND FREE TRADE.

EXPORTS.	1875.	1874.
Cotton	$190,638,625	$211,223,580
Wool	62,754	72,169
IMPORTS.	1875.	1874.
Wool	$ 11,069,701	$ 8,256,396
Flax	1,092,495	942,038
Woolens	43,596,059	46,883,183
Linen goods	16,602,277	17,472,755
Cotton goods	27,637,981	28,193,889

If we place the cash value of the cotton exported in the last two years in one sum, and divide it by two, the annual crop in round numbers, sent abroad, is worth two hundred million dollars. The figures are from the Bureau of Statistics in Washington, are instructive in many ways, and withal very suggestive. While exporting two hundred million dollars' worth of cotton a year, which requires a great deal of plowing, planting, working the crop, hand-picking and other labor, involving more or less injury to the soil from washing and leaching rains, we imported within the last fiscal year over eleven million dollars' worth of wool, which can be produced without any plowing, any washing of the soil, or injury to it whatever, but with a positive benefit to the land for all tillage purposes, and to the nation as a whole. Nor did we stop at the consumption of $11,069,701 worth of wool in 1875. We imported nearly forty-four million dollars worth of woolen goods in addition to all this foreign wool. Surely, a high protective tariff neither protects the American manufacturer nor the American wool grower. What then is it good for? Good to make the consumers of woolen fabrics made in the United States pay from two to three dollars extra into the pockets of home manufacturers where one dollar is paid into the Federal Treasury as an impost duty on woolen goods. It is this dishonest trick that gives to a protective tariff all its money value. To the extent it checks free trade, it secures the home market to monopolists, with an advance in price.

By using the strong arm of a partisan and corrupt Congress, its favorites stop their woolen factories for months, reduce the wages of all laborers to their own terms and still hold their forty million subjects to the necessity of buying their goods rather than cheaper and better goods manufactured abroad, because the law encourages them in this iniquity. Yet this is called a free country, where all citizens have common and equal rights before the laws of the nation! Never was there a greater falsehood uttered or attempted to be disseminated among a people who had the benefits of spelling-books and newspapers. Civilization has no freedom more valuable to the citizen than free trade with all the world without the let or hindrance of politicians, manufacturers, or monopoly of any kind. Robbing by the use and abuse of law is one hundred times more harmful to the public than all the illegal robbing done in the United States. It is in the very nature of things that every wrong done by legislative act tends to the perpetration of still greater wrongs in violation of law. All injustice violates a principle which rises in stern rebuke and opposition. Resistance and rebellion are nature in arms against misconduct. If bad men enact bad laws, the latter react on all the subjects of such laws to produce ten bad men where one existed before. There is altogether too much legislation for the public good.

As quack doctors want every man, woman and child to swallow and praise their nostrums, so quack law-makers insist that the whole community shall be bound with withes at the ankles, and cords at the wrists, so as not to run, nor walk, nor work, with any freedom of motion in violation of their restricted, narrow-minded ideas. Forty million people are tied firmly by a law of Congress, hand and foot, to keep them from cutting their own throats if the National Legislature allows them their natural liberty. Lunatics require protection and the care of others; and what would become of all the helpless pets of Government, if the law gave them no advantage over other citizens? But protection to them means robbery of the public. Without free trade in labor and all its propucts with foreign laborers, there can be no free labor in the United States. That labor is not free which is denied the right to purchase a woolen coat or a linen shirt where it can be had for the least labor. Any restriction compels idleness, lowers the standard of comfort, robs industry of its just employment and reward. The best interests of American labor demand that we advance from cotton culture and the impoverishment of land to wool-growing and to the general improvement of the soil, rise from a most injurious protective tariff to free trade in wool and all woolen goods, acting on the principle that we need neither crutches nor stilts to walk with the rest of mankind.

Who made American mechanics cripples for life, that farmers must contribute a large bounty every year to keep them from starving? How shall we characterize that antiquated system of legislation, which treats the manufacturers of salt, iron, steel, edge tools, cotton, woolen, linen and silk goods, *public paupers*, incapable of self-support, unless the law of the land secures to them special favors in perpetuity? Legislating money out of one man's pocket into that of another, is doing a pick-pocket business under another name. It is time to discard all such primitive ways and means of getting rich, and develop true productive industry in all classes alike, with favors to none. Free trade, free labor and a liberal currency will build up a united and harmonious nation, with no strikes for higher wages among operatives, no monopolies in the necessrries of life, nor in the circulating medium of the country; no turned out old fields that fail to pay taxes; no demagogucism and instability of policy, which destroy all confidence both at home and abroad. Nothing is stable, nothing reliable, but truth and justice. Falsehood first misinforms, and then misleads its followers to their ruin. Our Government is on the wrong track.

THE CONNECTICUT TOBACCO CROP.

Hartford Times.

Owing to the continued and regular alternations of copious rains and hot sun since the third week of July, and especially during the last twenty days, the growth of the tobacco in this, the best section of the tobacco-growing region of the Connecticut Valley, has really been something remarkable. Previous to the third week of July the crop was generally rather backward; in particular fields unusually so. Now, the tobacco is in remarkably fine condition, and we have never seen it looking better. A few growers in East Hartford and neighboring places have already begun cutting it. Some began as early as the middle of August. But the great bulk of the crop will not be cut before about the 10th of September or later. It is a large crop this year. We judge that in South Windsor, Suffield, Windsor, East Hartford and Glastonbury, the area planted to tobacco will exceed that of last year. It is too soon to pronounce positively upon the quality; but the indications are that the crop of 1875 will be a very good one also in that respect.

AN ENGLISH JURY.

A lady was injured by an accident on the Great Western Railway. A doctor, professing to be authorized by the company, asked the proprietor of the King's Arms Hotel, at Oxford, to care for the sufferer. She was sick for some time, and upon recovery declined to pay the bill of £117 presented to her. The hotel-keeper sued her for that sum. The defense was that the railway company, not the defendant, was liable. The judge laid down the law, and the jury withdrew. They came in presently with a verdict for both the plaintiff and defendant. This remarkable result was reached by their announcement that the Great Western must pay the £117. They were reminded that the company was not a party to the suit, and sent back. Their befogged brains then produced the following striking contribution to legal literature: "Verdict for the defendant; the Great Western must pay her £100." This, of course, was rejected. The next time they brought in a verdict of £17 for the plaintiff. This the judge had to accept, though he expressed his opinion of the stupid persistence with which the jury clung to their belief that the Great Western ought to be made to pay £100 in the suit in which it was neither plaintiff nor defendant. We invite stupidity like this by making ignorance a prerequisite for jury service.

UP CUMBERLAND TOBACCO.

Hartsville Sentinel.

More farmers have called on us and given encouraging reports of the rapidly improving prospects of the tobacco crops than of any crop this year. They say their first cuttings are light but that the late tobacco is thickening up finely and will make good tobacco. "It is an ill wind that blows no good" and fortunately for the farmers a great deal of their early tobacco was eaten by grasshoppers and as many as four or five plantings were made before a stand could beobtained. Consequently a large proportion of the crop is late, and will therefore stand every chance of being excellent.

THREE BOWERS.

Troy News.

Walking up the street the other night, we saw two men running across the Square, one just in front of the other. The hindmost one gave out when half way across, and leant up against the court-house fence; and as we passed him we heard him mutter as he gazed wistfully after the vanishing figure of the man he had been pursuing: "They may be (hic) making cards with two (hic) jacks of spades to the pack, but if they is (hic) that feller had the fust ones I ever seed." And after resting awhile he commenced laying the pattern of a worm fence out Westbrook street, a sadder and, we expect, a poorer man.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Dresden Democrat.

The following pointed lines occupy a prominent place in the obituary column of the family Bible record of a gentleman, living not a thousand miles from Dresden, whose wife refused to live with him:

"How it was and why it isn't, Katy did, and Katy didn't."

LEARNING BY EXPERIENCE.

A California Postmaster sent $25 in nickel currency to Treasurer New by mail, and put a three cent stamp on the package. The postage due when the nickels reached the Treasury was $9.45, which was deducted from the remittance and the balance returned by check.

COL. J. B. KILLEBREW is collecting specimens of the wheat of this section for exhibition at the Centennial and for deposit at the State Capitol. He requests the farmers of this county toleave one gallon of each varietyraised by them with Mr. Henry Frech of this city, who will forward it to Col. K. One half of each sample will be sent to Philadelphia and the other left at the State Capitol.—*Clarksville Chronicle.*

ON Wednesday morning Frank Cole, superintendent of masonry for Fitzgerald, Mallory and Flynn, contractors on the Cincinnati Southern road, was killed by a falling derrick. His remains were brought to the city yesterday and interred temporarily in the Catholic cemetery east of the city. He was an excellent young man, universally beloved. His home is in St. Louis, and his remains will probably be taken there for interment.—*Knoxville Chronicle, 27th.*

JACKSON COUNTY.

Forged County Bonds—Intense Excitement—Arrest of a Revenue Collector.

Gainsboro Correspondence Hartsville Sentinel.

Quite a sensation was produced in this county on Friday the 20th, by the discovery of some forged warrants that have been in circulation. It has been the opinion of some of the good people of this county for a long time that there has been a fraud perpetrated upon the treasury of this county, by means of which it has been filched of vast sums of money, and the county indebtedness increased until it has assumed startling and gigantic proportions. We are informed that on Friday, the 20th inst., Kirkpatick, Cunningham and Anderson purchased from Mr. —— two county warrants, one for thirty and one for ten dollars. Mr. M. L. Gore, of this place, who is quite an expert in the detection of counterfeiting, requested the parties to let him examine the warrants, and after scrutinizing them to his satisfaction, pronounced them counterfeit. They then repaired to the County Clerk's office, where the County Judge's books are kept, and upon comparison the warrants of the same number on the books of the office were found to be for different amounts and payable to different persons. It was pronounced to be a palpable counterfeit and an attempt to defraud the county, whereupon a State's warrant was procured for the arrest of Mr. —— and placed in the hands of Asa Johnson, our estimable Sheriff, and it was not long until he had him in limbo, and was brought to Gainesboro. His counsel, after consultation, thought it best to waive an investigation and give bond for defendant's appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court, which was done and the prisoner released. It is thought that in the investigation of this case the most stupendous fraud and corruption that was ever perpetrated upon any people will be brought to light.

On account of the developments alluded to above, M. B. Young, County Judge, has issued a printed notice for all persons holding claims against Jackson county to present them to him for examination before the first of December next, or the same will be rejected.

Sentinel Editorial.

We understand that the man arrested on a charge of counterfeiting Jackson county warrants is F. M. Price, for many years Revenue Collector of Jackson county.

MISSISSIPPI.

The War of the Factions—Eight Negroes Killed in a Vendetta between Rival Radical Candidates.

The *Meridian Mercury* of the 25th gives some particulars of the riot in Noxubee county, Miss., that have not yet reached us by telegraph, and which go to show that the trouble which culminated in the death of six or eight poor negroes, grew out of a wrangle over the spoils of office. Wm. M. Conner, an old citizen of Noxubee county, is the present Sheriff, and he was a candidate for renomination. J. B. Allgood, one of the meanest of the tribe of renegades, and general bondsman for all of the official thieves in Mississippi, was also a candidate, and the successful one, for the nomination. There being some cause of dissatisfaction at the action of the nominating convention, Connor announced himself an independent candidate. A letter from the Hon. H. W. Foote, late Circuit Judge, to the *Mercury*, gives the following account of the commencement of the difficulty:

MACON, Aug. 23.—Editor *Mercury*: On Sunday, 22d inst., negroes were beating drums and marching about Ed. Conner's place. He remonstrated and a quarrel ensued. Negroes threatened vengeance and collected in a large crowd with arms. They say it was to protect their president. The sheriff summoned men to keep the peace. They, under charge of a deputy, went to the place. Negroes had dispersed. On the return of the sheriff and posse they came upon a large armed assembly at New Hope Church. Deputy Sheriff Lucas approached them and urged them to lay down their arms, assuring them they should not be hurt. They refused, and firing began on both sides simultaneously. Six or seven negroes shot; no whites hurt. I write hurriedly, and give you the information as Lucas gave it to me."

The *Mercury* sums up as follows:

"Among the prisoners lodged in jail on Monday night, we heard the name of Dr. Allgood mentioned. We know the Doctor, and we know that he has been running very low down with the negros of Noxubee county for a long time. He had degraded himself to about the lowest level scallawaggery could sink to. It has borne fruit for him, and, instead of rich and juicy, it may turn out to be very bitter fruit. He was nominated for Sheriff by the negroes in their county convention of Saturday week, beating Connor, the present Sheriff, who immediately announced himself as an independent candidate. Out of this grew the turbulence of Radical factions, which, as we understand it, culminated in the bloody fight of the Fox Trap Prairie on Monday evening.

It may have some connection with this affair what, we are informed, occurred at Macon on Saturday. Sheriff Connor, independent Republican candidate for the office again, is reported to have spanked ex Gov. Powers' jaws handsomely and vimly; and, about the same time, his ridiculous nevy, Robbins, who runs a newspaper, is reported to have been kicked in a very genteel manner.

HENRY A. WISE has not been heard from this long while, but has just come to the surface to breathe and remained long enough to say that, with an extensive experience of the United States bank system, the State bank system and the sub-Treasury system, he is convinced that every one of them was better than the present "no system" of our finances. Sound for Wise.—*New York Herald.*

SENATOR THURMAN has a great deal to answer for. His one speech in the Ohio campaign has converted the hard-money Democracy of the East, and taught them to believe that the fortunes of the party and those of old Bill Allen are bound together.—*Chicago Tribune.*

THE knowing ones seem to count that Gov. Porter will be elected to the United States Senate at the meeting of the next Legislature, which is one year from next January.—*Huntingdon Republican.*

AN order has been issued by the Paris police forbidding any person to drive four-in-hand or tandem in the streets of the city unless furnished with a certificate of capacity, to be issued by the police after inquiry.

CONGRESSMAN BANKS has never had much of a following outside of his State since he came down the Red river, with a Rebel army after him.—*Norwich, Conn., Bulletin.*

THE bulls on corn are getting up a protest against the interference of Providence with their plans in sending warm weather.

EDWIN BOOTH's daughter, Edwina, is 15 years old, and has nursed her father since he met with his accident.

THE LATEST FORM OF FRAUD.

How Railroads Receive Double and Triple Price for Carrying the Mails.

Washington Special to the New York Times.

The postoffice authorities express the belief that excessive sums are being paid many of the railroads for carrying the mails, the present prices for that service being based on weighings made by one Safely some time ago. The pay for this service is determined by weighings made for thirty consecutive days, the compensations for the ensuing year being fixed according to weight thus ascertained. In making these weighings it is believed Safely fraudulently added to the weight of the mails on one road by withdrawing them for the time being from parallel roads, and thus transferring them backward and forward whenever the compensation of a road was directed to be determined. Assistant Postmaster General Tyner has been investigating this matter and is perfecting arrangements to have the mails on all leading railroads reweighed, his purpose being to weigh the mails carried by parallel roads upon the same day and under the supervision of a confidential officer. Some of the Western roads which are suspected of having received such fraudulent favor from Safely will be shortly examined by Mr. Tyner.

THE captain of the bark Minerva at Halifax, Aug. 23d, reports that on the 15th inst., in lat; 41 deg. 40 min. north, longitude 62 deg. 12 min. west, he saw a large ship on fire some twenty miles to leeward. He ran towards her, but on discovering that there was a bark alongside the burning vessel he resumed his voyage without ascertaining any particulars.

THE *Waco* (Texas) *Examiner* says a child of Mr. Massey, of Granbury, fell upon a large rattlesnake last Sunday while playing in the yard. The snake struck its fangs into the child's neck and killed it instantly. The poison must have been injected into the jugular vein or spinal marrow. A lightning stroke would not have been more suddenly fatal.

THEY cannot hire John Bright to write his memoirs. He has heard of the fate of the *Danbury News* man and W. T. Sherman.

CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN is confined to her bed at Newport, and her physicians make very ominous reports of her condition.

THERE will be a great gathering of Grangers at Louisville, Ky., Oct. 1. The National and State Executive Committee and all the purchasing agents will be present.

AT this season the apprehensive oyster turns himself over in his bed and murmurs: "They'll be spelling it with an 'r' soon."

HOPE Mr. Weed doesn't think that poisoning a Masonic plot, on account of his Morgan disclosures.—*New York Herald.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND BALL

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT., 1, 1875, there will be a Grand Ball given by the

GERMAN RELIEF SOCIETY,

In honor of its Twenty-ninth Anniversary.
Committee.—H. Metz, F. Kloos, Joseph Vogt, L. Reinhardt. aug29 2t

GRAND CALICO BALL AT THE SKATING RINK,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 1, 1875, in honor of the Federal and Confederate soldiers of the late war, for the promotion of good fellowship between the North and South. The Chattanooga Band will be in attendance. Tickets admitting gentleman and ladies $1.00. aug28 tf

Trustee's Sale.

WE WILL SELL ON TUESDAY, AUG. 31, at No. 165 Market street, opposite the Louisville Depot, better known as the Kentucky Hotel, all the Furniture belonging to said Hotel, consisting of everything necessary to carry on a Hotel. Sold under a Deed of Trust. Sale commencing at 10 o'clock sharp.
aug29 1t BARNES & CO., Auctioneers.

Edgefield False Reports.

ALL REPORTS CIRCULATED BY TALE-bearers in reference to the Rev. A. Stalcup treating me badly or wrong in any way is false. He has been kind to me as a brother or a father, and never refused me any kindness I asked. Further, I have known him thirty years, and never knew anything wrong of him. I regard him as a gentleman and a christian. aug29 1t

Tax-Payers' Notice.

I HEREBY NOTIFY THE TAX-PAYERS of Davidson county who have not settled their taxes for 1874, that from and after the 1st of September I will be in my office daily, at the Courthouse, in the city of Nashville, and earnestly request them to come forward and pay their taxes, stop further interest, and save cost, as but a short time remains in which to pay the same.
O. NEWBY,
Railroad Tax Collector for 1874.
aug29 sun&tues

AUCTION SALE.

WE WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1, 1875, at public auction at No. 68 South Summer street, between Union and Cedar streets, a fine two-story Brick Residence containing 12 rooms, with stable, well situated and convenient to all kinds of business. Lot 40 by 175 feet. Sale will take place at 11 o'clock on the premises. Terms of sale will be made known on day of sale. BARNES & CO., Auctioneers.
aug29 1t

MOST ATTRACTIVE CO-OPERATION sale of Live Stock ever made in the West, commencing Tuesday, 12th October, 1875, embracing a long catalogue of highly bred animals at the Fairview Stock Farm in Sumner county, Tenn., situated on the line of the Louisville, Nashville and Great Southern Railroad between Nashville and Gallatin, three miles from the latter place, consisting of Thoroughbred Trotting Horses, Short-horn and other varieties of cattle, fancy Sheep, Jack stock, etc., numbering over 150 head.

It is with much confidence that we invite the attendance of all who desire purchasing the most fashionable strains of Thoroughbreds, trotting, and Short-horn animals—many of them tracing their pedigrees through direct lines to the most notable ancestry in this or the Old World. Terms liberal. For catalogues or further information please address Dr. W. A. Cheatham or Geo. W. Shields, Nashville, Tenn., Jas. Weisiger, Hendersonville, Tenn., Jos. Edwards, Saundersville, Tenn., J. M. Tompkins or O. B. Jenkins, Gallatin, Tenn., and others.
aug29 dtt&wed

Last Grand Picnic of the Season,

AT WEITMUELLER'S GARDEN,

Wednesday Evening, Sept. 1st, 1875.

Tickets, admitting gentleman and ladies, fifty cents. Jim Hill's popular String Band will be in attendance. A premium of five dollars will be given to the gentleman bringing the greatest number of ladies.
aug22 2t sun 22 and 29 and wed sept 1

HOSPITAL

Has just been erected on the College grounds, which will be open to the school, and will supply all possible or desirable facilities for

CLINICAL AND SURGICAL INSTRUCTION

This Hospital is under the control of the Faculty, and part and parcel of the Medical College.

For further information or for catalogue, address

J. M. SAFFORD, M. D.,
Secretary of the Faculty,
Or,
W. T. BRIGGS, M. D., Dean,
Nashville, Tenn.
aug28 d1w&w2t

Medical College,

Department of Medicine and Surgery.

UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH REGULAR Course of Lectures will commence in this Department on

Monday, the 4th day of October next.

The Anatomical Rooms will open on the 20th of September. Students are advised and requested to be on the ground at the first of the session.

The advantages presented by this School of Medicine are unequalled. The Faculty is full, and composed of men of distinguished ability and of long experience in teaching.

An elegant and very commodious

FINANCIAL.

THE Mechanics' National Bank OF NASHVILLE, TENN.

DIRECTORS:

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Transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business, and Deals in Government Bonds and Gold.

B. F. WILSON, President.

W. C. BUTTERFIELD, Cashier.
nov8 1y sp

MISCELLANEOUS.

Executor's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTOR, under the will of James Woods, deceased, I hereby request all parties owing him to make payment; and notify those having claims against him to present them, at the office of Woods, Yeatman & Co., No. 21 N. College st.
JAMES WOODS, Jr.,
Executor of James Woods, deceased.
Aug. 26, 1875. aug27 3t

Sealed Proposals

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of the Chief Engineer of Fire Department for the following articles: 7,000 lbs. strictly choice Baled Hay; 150 bushels choice Oats; 30 bushels Ear Corn, and 2,000 lbs. choice Bran. All propositions must be presented by 4 o'clock Aug. 30.
HUGH McCREA,
Chairman Fire Department Committee.
Nashville, Aug. 26, 1875. aug27 3t

A KEY TO BOOK-KEEPING.

Double and Single Entry explained. Valuable hints to Students, Teachers and Business Men. The best text-book and self-instructor in the world. Sent by mail, postpaid to any address, on receipt of price—one dollar—by GEO. E. WELSH, Savannah, Georgia.
jy31 d&w1m

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR of Samuel Powers, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said Powers to come forward and settle their indebtedness; and all persons having claims against him are requested to present the same to me within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be forever barred. E. L. POWERS, Adm'r.
aug11 2taw2w

ANGELS' MESSAGES:

A New Book in a New Field.

Direct Communications from the Spirit World, of Love, and Hope, and Trust.

12 mo. Muslin. 408 pp. Price $1.50.

For sale by

WHEELER, MARSHALL & BRUCE,
aug27 2w 20 N. Cherry street.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway will be held at Nashville on the

15th day of September next.

Stockholders will be passed over the road to Nashville on the day before and the day of the meeting, and returned the day of and the day after the meeting, free of charge.
R. C. BRANSFORD, Secretary.
aug18 till sep16

MT. OLIVET CEMETERY

ORDERS FOR INTERMENTS AND DIS-interments, and for removal of remains to other parts of the grounds, or to other cemeteries, and for the depositing and withdrawing of remains from the public or private vaults,

Must be Obtained of the Treasurer, THOS. CALLENDER, No. No. 50 N. Cherry Street.

All persons desiring to purchase lots, or build monument foundations, grading, sodding, planting, composting, or special care of lots by the season, must make application to

B. F. WOODWARD, Sup't,

Who can always be found on the grounds during business hours.

All parties are required to pay for work at the time the order for the same is issued by the Treasurer.

By order of the Board.
A. V. S. LINDSLEY, Pres't.
C. W. NANCE, Sec'y. je27 sun 3m

FACTS! FACTS!

We will Sell for $11!

A good four-hole Cook Stove, with utensils suitable for a young married couple with some expectations, about to make their first experiment in house-keeping.

We Will Sell for $14!

A good four-hole Cook Stove, with utensils suitable for a family of six with economical habits.

We Will Sell for $20!

A good six-hole, large oven Cook Stove, with utensils suitable for a family of six, with one or two sons-in-law thrown in.

We Will Sell for $25!

A splendid, full-trimmed, strictly first-class four-hole Cook Stove, suitable for a neat and economical house-keeper who provides for six or eight persons.

We Will Sell for $30!

Ether a six-hole or a strictly first-class four-hole Cook Stove, full trimmed with modern improvements, suitable for a generous-hearted housekeeper with ten or twelve in family, willing to entertain one or two bachelor friends, or two or three maiden aunts.

We Will Sell for $45!

A strictly first-class six-hole with high reservoir, or a four-hole with low reservoir, Cook Stove, enameled ware, cast warming closet, all full trimmed, suitable for a large family in comfortable circumstances, willing to pay for the substantial comforts and conveniencies of life. This stove will make any lady supremely happy, and take the cloud from the disposition of the most dyspeptic husband.

COOPER, EUBANK & CO.
22 North Market St., Nashville, Tenn.
aug17 tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the style of Ordway, Gordon & McGuire, is dissolved by limitation. The unsettled business of the old firm is in the hands of our successors, Ordway, Dudley & McGuire, who are authorized to collect all claims due us, and will pay all debts due by us on presentation. Those indebted to us will please make settlement at once.

C. N. ORDWAY,
J. C. GORDON,
J. P. McGUIRE,
R. H. DUDLEY.
jy29 1m

C. N. ORDWAY. R. H. DUDLEY. J. P. McGUIRE.

ORDWAY, DUDLEY & McGUIRE,

Wholesale Grocers, Cotton Factors, Produce and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 80 and 82 South Market Street.

We will keep on hand full stocks of groceries, bagging, ties, etc., etc., which will be offered on the most favorable terms. We will also afford superior facilities to shippers of cotton, grain or other produce, and make liberal cash advancements on the same.

ORDWAY, DUDLEY & McGUIRE.
jy29 6m

Sale of Valuable Lands in Bedford County, Tenn.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 15th SEPTEMber, 1875, I shall, under direction of the Chancery Court at Shelbyville, Tenn., and according to the will of Robert G. Shaw, dec'd, offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, the very valuable farm of deceased, situated on the Garrison Fork of Duck River, three-quarters of a mile north of Fairfield, on the turnpike from Wartrace to Beech Grove.

It contains 237 acres, is rich and productive soil, well adapted to grain and grass; is in a good state of cultivation, and well suited for stock-raising; has good improvements, in a splendid neighborhood, convenient to churches and good schools, and in every respect a desirable place.

Terms of sale are: One-fourth cash; the balance in one, two and three years, in equal instalments, with interest on two last payments after 12 months from day of sale. Notes and two approved securities required, and a lien retained until the purchase price is paid.

For further information if desired, apply to the undersigned at Manchester, Tenn., or to the Hons. W. H. Wisener and Edmund Cooper, of Shelbyville, or to Dr. James Searcy, at Fairfield, Tenn.

I propose to sell at same time the testator's undivided interest in two other tracts in the same neighborhood.

B. M. TILLMAN,
Administrator with the will annexed of R. G. Shaw, deceased.
Aug. 12, 1875.

P. S.—Being authorized to sell privately, should I do so the public will be notified.
aug25 eod till sep9 B. M. T.

BANKING.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NASHVILLE.

Incorporated 1863.

Capital, $250,000. Surplus, $50,000.

Designated Depository of the United States and Approved Depository for United States Disbursing Officers.

DIRECTORS.

M. BURNS, M. B. PILCHER,
A. G. EWING, A. L. DEMOSS,
WM. SIMMONS, E. R. CAMPBELL.

A General Banking Business transacted. Collections made on all accessible points with prompt returns.

M. BURNS, President.
feb19 tf T. COOLEY, Cashier.

EDUCATIONAL.

Misses F. B. & M. M. O'Bryan

HAVE RETURNED TO THE CITY AND will reopen their School, 17 McLemore street, Monday, Sept. 20.

Communications received through Lock-box 19, or in person at 109 S. Spruce street.
Aug. 24, 1875. aug24 1m

DR. GEORGE S. BLACKIE

WILL OPEN HIS SELECT SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and YOUNG LADIES, at No. 43 South Cherry street, on **Thursday, Sept. 16.** Circulars and all information can be obtained from him at Mr. Frizzell's office, 41 Union street, up stairs, between 10 and 1 o'clock daily.
aug15 2w

ST. BERNARD'S ACADEMY,

UNDER CHARGE OF

THE SISTERS OF MERCY,

WILL BE READY TO RECEIVE PUpils the first week in September, with greatly increased accommodation. Light and ventilation perfect. For terms, address

MOTHER SUPERIOR,
St. Bernard's Academy, Nashville, Tenn.
aug15 tf

Greenwood Seminary,

NEAR LEBANON, TENN.

Select Boarding School for Young Ladies

SESSION BEGINS FIRST MONDAY IN September. Health regarded equally as important as mental culture. Being a select and private school, each one receives that personal attention to her wants, comforts and improvement which cannot well be given in an overcrowded Seminary. First-class facilities for Vocal and Instrumental Music, Drawing, Painting, Wax, Hair and Worsted Work. No extra charge for French. Charges moderate. Daily train to and from Nashville. For circulars, etc., address

MRS. N. LAWRENCE LINDSLEY,
Principal.
jy29 2eod till sept2w6t

CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

PUPILS PRESENT AT FINAL EXAMInation and **now holding tickets of admission** will report, with their former teachers, in their old places, at **8 a. m. each day,** in the respective buildings, as follows:

Fogg and Hume, on Monday, Aug. 30.
Howard, on Tuesday, Aug. 31.
Hynes, Wednesday, Sept. 1.
Ninth Ward, Thursday, Sept. 2.
Belle View, Thursday, Sept. 2.
Trimble, Friday, Sept. 3.
Caper's Chapel, Saturday, Sept. 4.

All pupils who **have not tickets** will attend to receive them at **2 p. m.** on the same day named for each building above.

Children and parents will spare themselves much disappointment, and me great trouble, by attending to this matter as directed.

The corps of Teachers will meet in High School Room on Saturday, Sept. 4, at 11 a. m.
S. Y. CALDWELL, Sup't.
aug24 1w

STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS
Sail every Saturday from
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.

Favorite route for Tourists.
Finest approach to Great Britain.
Passenger accommodations unsurpassed.

RATES OF PASSAGE:
From NEW YORK to
GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST,
or LONDONDERRY,
CABINS—$65, $75, $80—Currency.
Return tickets at reduced rates.
Steerage always as low as by any other.
FIRST-CLASS LINE.
COMPANY'S OFFICES: 7 Bowling Green, N. Y.; J. M. THATCHER, Southern Express Company, Nashville.
ap13 eod 6m

DEALERS IN MUSIC.

PIANOS! ORGANS!!

McClures' Temple of Music,

HAVING ON HAND **126 Pianos,** embracing the renowned makers, Steinway & Sons, Knabe & Co., Dunham & Sons, Haines Bros.,—new—besides second-hand, from the above and nearly every known maker, together with **44 Church and Parlor Organs** from Burdett, J. Estey & Co., Prince & Co., and others, will offer for the next ninety days instruments at 25 per cent less than usual prices, in order to reduce this mammoth stock. Short-time paper will be taken in part, charging interest on same. Those who wish to purchase to advantage can now have an opportunity. Circulars sent on application, and full satisfaction guaranteed in case of sale. Having a large stock of **Sheet Music** and Small Musical Instruments, can offer great inducements. Call and see.

J. A. McCLURE