Nashville Union.

TERMS:

Daily Union, per annum.....$8 00
" " " week.....20
Tri-Weekly Union, per annum.....$5 00
Weekly Union, per annum.....$2 00

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1862.

The Election in the City.

Owing to a singular misapprehension, we have not received the returns from the various Wards. The general return shows a most cheering increase of Union sentiment. In June 1861, the vote against Separation in the city was about 300. Now the Union vote is about 1000, although more than *one-third* of the Union voters was not polled, because few regarded the election as valid, or believed it would amount to anything. In the 4th Ward the vote stands, Brien 63, Foster 66. Foster's majority is only 190 in the city, when he expected at least 1000. The result shows clearly a decided advance in the Union strength.

Punishment of Women and Children in East Tennessee by Rebel Authorities.

The following Proclamation recently issued by the rebel authorities in East Tennessee, is a reproach to humanity itself:

To the Disaffected People of East Tennessee:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT EAST TENNESSEE, OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL, April 23d, 1862.

The undersigned, in executing Martial Law in this Department, assures those interested, who have fled to the enemy's lines, and who are actually in the army, that he will welcome their return to their homes and families; they are offered amnesty and protection if they come to lay down their arms, and act as loyal citizens, within thirty days, given them by Major-General E. Kirby Smith, to do so. At the end of that time those failing to return to their homes and accept the amnesty thus offered and provide for and protect their wives and children in East Tennessee, will have them sent to their care in Kentucky, or beyond the Confederate States lines, at their own expense. All that leave after this date with a knowledge of the above acts, their families will be sent immediately after them. The women and children must be taken care of by husbands and fathers, either in East Tennessee or in the Lincoln Government.

W. M. CHURCHWELL,
Colonel and Provost Marshal.

We now present a special instance of the operations of this diabolical order, which signally illustrates its more than savage inhumanity:

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. EAST TENNESSEE, OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL, April the 21st, 1862.

MRS. MAYNARD, Knoxville:

Madam: By order of Major-General E. Kirby Smith, I am directed respectfully to require that yourself and family pass beyond the Confederate States lines in thirty-[illegible] hours from this date.

Passports will be granted you at this office. Very respectfully,

W. M. CHURCHWELL,
Colonel and Provost Marshal.

But is this case even the worst? Far from it. We have just learned of a still more atrocious exhibition of the fiendish spirit of Rebellion. The wife of Governor JOHNSON, wasted by the ravages of consumption, and confined to a couch of bodily pain, and mental torture, was very recently made the object of Rebel insolence and cruelty. A woman, an invalid, separated from her husband, and surrounded by relentless enemies, what heart would not have commiserated her condition? What manly form would not have extended a generous protection? Yet while thus sundered from her husband and suffering with bodily affliction she received a message similar to the one sent to Mrs. Maynard! The cruel barbarities of Claverhouse, the persecutor of the Scottish Covenanters, never reached a greater depth of brutal malignity than this deed of Col. W. M. CHURCHWELL, of the rebel army at Knoxville. Its enormity is so great that no comment can heighten the natural indignation aroused in every bosom at the simple recital of the fact. Fortunately some one was sagacious enough to suggest that this inhumanity to a sick lady on account of her husband's loyalty would injure the Confederate cause, and the order was countermanded. How long will men and women advocate a cause stained with such inhuman outrages?

☞See the advertisement of H. L. N., who wants a situation as Book-Keeper.

☞See the advertisement of H. L. N., who wants a situation as Book-keeper.

☞See the advertisement of B. S. WELLER, of a lost Cow.

MEMPHIS ITEMS.

An unknown friend has favored us with copies of the Memphis Appeal of the 9th and 13th inst. It gives us some delightful information as to the general beatitude enjoyed by the Saints in Dixie. Here is one of the many questions which clearly proves that Dixie is a land of liberty:

REFUSING CONFEDERATE NOTES.

The man who would injure the cause of his country, even though to save his own life, is deemed in the impartial eye of history a TRAITOR, and his memory execrated by all true patriots. What, then, must be said of those base, abandoned and recreant creatures, disgracing the forms of men, who are now seeking to stab the Southern cause and impair Southern credit by refusing to receive the notes of our Government in payment of their dues? It is not saying too much to assert that such scoundrels are traitors for a price—that they are *deserters*, not to save life, but a pitiful amount of money, which their cowardly fears falsely whisper to them will be lost should they dare to be loyal and true. Their conduct not only argues a dastardly despair of the success of our arms—an event as certain in the future as the present existence of Deity himself—but, it goes farther, and evidences and indisposition to bear any of the monetary sacrifices, small as they will comparatively be, that are to be made in establishing their own liberty.

We learn that there are still a few of these Shylocks about Memphis, and that now and then they dare show their cloven feet. If the Provost Marshal of the city does not issue an order directing all such to be reported to his headquarters for this act of treason, we propose to remedy the matter as far as possible by offering *to publish their names in these columns* free of charge, when the tact of their treasonable conduct is properly attested. Let their names be brought forward. The miscreants should be held up to public scorn and indignation.

Dixie is also a good country for a fellow who likes fighting, inasmuch as he is provided with a fight without putting him to the trouble of hunting one:

A SUBJECT FOR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

We learn that large numbers of persons, desirous of avoiding the Conscript Law, are escaping from the city, over the line of the Memphis and Ohio railway, and thence into the North. Most of these traitorous refugees get passports to Bell's station, and proceed thence to Dyersburg, and on to Troy, from where there is no trouble in getting to Cairo. It will be well if some effort is made to stop this "leakage," and all passports hereafter on this road are scrutinized more closely. Let no more able-bodied men, subject to the conscript act, have permission to go over the northern road, unless some responsible party vouches for their return, at least where they are residents, or not known to live in the upper counties.

The *Appeal* gives just twenty days to end the war and demolish Uncle Sam. This war has assumed a phase which admits of no compromise. The South has already laid down the only conditions upon which she will accept peace. These involve not only the recognition of the independence of the cotton States, but of every border State, the unbiased verdict of whose people calls for an alliance with us. This, we know, the North is not yet prepared to concede. But we must force our own terms from them, by routing their armies that so timidly confront us near Yorktown and Corinth. We will do this, we believe, in less than twenty days.

From Corinth.

The following despatch was received at headquarters in St. Louis on Tuesday.—The Republican says the letter spoken of is evidently one that has been intercepted: "A letter from a Regimental Quartermaster at Corinth to his wife, says they (the rebels) are 'gone up.' They have scant ten days' rations, and can get no more. Thinks there will be no fighting, as Halleck has cut off their supplies."

Incorrect.

We learn that the paragraph in the UNION, a few days ago, stating that a soldier had been assassinated near the Water Works, was incorrect. The unfortunate man was drowned accidentally.

The terrible moral effects of the Rebellion upon the South may be gathered from the following extract from the North Carolina *Presbyterian:*

"Many churches are vacant, the ministers having gone to the war. Most of our Sunday schools are disorganized, and but few, I fear, will be revived until the war closes. Intemperance and profanity abound, and are fearfully on the increase! Religion is at its lowest ebb. Such a thing as the conversion of souls seems scarcely to enter into the minds either of clergy or laity. May we not well mourn over the waste places of Zion than over the temporal calamities of the war?"

☞Lunch for the thousand, at the White House, on Deaderick street. Daily at 10 o'clock. 4t.

John Morgan the Bank Robber.

The Louisville *Journal* of the 20th says:

All the rebels of our city vehemently protest that John Morgan, in his late Cave City raid, took the money from the Express under the belief that it was all Government money, and, that, if convinced that any portion of it was private property, he will restore such promptly. We are not aware what reason or pretext they can possibly have for saying this, when they certainly must and do know that their pet guerilla helps himself to citizens' horses wherever he goes. To steal horses is no better than stealing the value of horses in hard cash or bank bills. We can't presume that the horses Morgan has taken from scores of quiet citizens were supposed by him to be Government horses.

But let John Morgan have a fair chance to make good the protestations of his rebel admirers and friends in regard to the robbery of the Express. John we know, reads the *Journal*, and we hereby inform him, by authority, that $2,279 of the money he took, consisting of $653 of the banks of Tennessee, South Carolina, and Georgia, and $1,626 of the Planters' and Union Banks of Tennessee, belonged to Mr. Arthur Bland, an Englishman, a broker on Main street in this city, and was addressed to his clerk, Wm. R. Toomey, at Nashville. If Morgan or any of his friends want proof of what we state, Mr. Bland will promptly furnish it. So now we shall see whether the boasted and boasting guerilla chief is willing to be known not only as a horse stealer, but as a money thief. We hope that his friends are not wrong in their estimate of him in regard to this matter.

Here is certainly a good opportunity for this guerilla leader to show that he has some respect for the rights of private individuals and intends to make war upon the government only. Will he restore Mr. Bland's money? We are afraid not. If Mr. B. is not a sympathizer with the rebellion we hope that the authorities will not suffer him to be the loser. If Morgan does not make restoration let $2,279 be collected from some of the active rebels in the vicinity of Cave City.

Let the policy enforced the other day at Pulaski be adopted in all these cases, and we shall soon have no more of them. The rebels who now encourage these raids will then use all their influence to suppress them immediately.

Punishing the Traitors.

From the Richmond Dispatch, May 9.

It is said that nine hundred of the citizens of Nashville have been arrested and will be tried for treason. The punishment for what the Yankees call treason is death, and this is the fate which these tyrants will really execute upon all in the South who practically maintain that doctrine of the sovereignty of the States in which they were educated from childhood, and which no one, either in the North or South, has ever disputed up to the present war. The whole programme of the invaders is worthy the dark ages. The scaffold is to groan with victims, and the whole property of the Southern people to be taken from them.

The statement of the Richmond rebel, that the "whole property of the Southern people is to be taken from them," is just as true as his statement that "*nine hundred* of the citizens of Nashville have been arrested and will be tried for treason," and not more true. The fire of rebellion must be burning low in the Southern heart when it has to be fed with such fuel.

State Union Central Committee.

The President of the late Union meeting held in this city—Ex-Governor WM. B. CAMPBELL—at the instance of a number of prominent gentlemen then present, has appointed a State Central Union Committee, with whom the friends of the Union in various parts of the State may put themselves in communication by letter or otherwise.

The Committee consists of the following named gentlemen:

ALLEN A. HALL, *Chairman.*
A. V. S. LINDSLEY.
JOHN LELLYETT.
RUSSELL HOUSTON.
HORACE H. HARRISON.
M. M. BRIEN.

INSURANCE

Against loss or damage by fire or the perils of NAVIGATION, can be obtained at the Insurace Office of

W. J. MARR,
No. 25 COLLEGE STREET,
(Opposite the "Sewanee House.")
Mar29—tf

W. R. CORNELIUS,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,
— DEALER IN —
METALLIC CASES,
40 CHURCH STREET,
may1-tw Nashville, Tenn.

MILLINERY
— AND —
STRAW GOODS!
Just Received, 6 Cases
CHOICE RIBBONS, HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, ROUCHES, &c. All New Goods. For sale low, at
LAMB & MURPHY'S,
may22—5t* Calhoun's Old Store, on the Square.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
F. H. FRENCH,
15 Union Street.
FRESH ARRIVALS!
LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S KID, GOAT, Grain, Calf, Glove Kid, and Lasting Boots; Buskins, Slippers and Congress Gaiters; Men's, Boys' and Youth's Calf, Goat, Patent Leather, Glove Calf and Lasting Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Pumps, and French Ties, of the best quality and workmanship.
Also, a heavy Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, by the
CASE OR DOZEN,
Which will be offered at the lowest prices, for Cash. may23—1m

D. WATTS, I. A. CRANE, } N. Y. Watts, Given & Co, Paducah, Ky Crane & Brown, Evansville, In.
WATTS, CRANE & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
45 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.
May 21-2m*

Wanted to Rent.
A NEATLY FURNISHED HOUSE, containing four, five, six, or seven rooms. Needed for several months, and will be well taken care of by a gentleman and wife. A reasonable rent will be paid for a house of above description pleasantly situated. Address, with particulars,
CHARLES ALLEN,
May21—tf Box 67 P. O., Nashville.

RANAWAY,
FROM the subscriber, living in Davidson County, Tenn., on Wednesday night, the 14th inst., TWO NEGRO MEN, named PITT and JOE. Pitt is about 6 feet high; weighs about 175 pounds; of brownish complexion; two of his front upper teeth defective, and is about 22 years old; bushy hair, with pleasant countenance.
Joe is about 20 years old; weighs about 160 pounds; 5 feet 6 inches high; rather a darker shade than his brother Pitt. He has a scar from a cut on his left forefinger; down look when spoken to; both clean shaved. They will probably keep together.
I will pay 25 Dollars a piece for their apprehension, if returned to me, or so secured that I can get them; if taken in this County or State, and 50 Dollars each if taken out of the State. W. D. SIMPKINS.
NASHVILLE, May 18th, 1862. 1m*

Bakers Wanted.
TWO or three GOOD HANDS, to whom reasonable wages, in FAR FUNDS, will be paid.
FOR SALE, 100 Bbls. FLOUR, Extra Family, a good article.
GROUND COFFEE, by the pound, for sale.
Apply to J. B. ALLEN,
May17—1w* At the United States Bakery.

Notice to Claimants.
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, NASHVILLE, TENN., May 21st, 1862.
PERSONS claiming private property in the Chattanooga Railroad Depot at this place, are requested to present their claims at this Office before the 31st inst. J. B. BINGHAM,
may22—6t Capt. and A. Q. M.

Strayed, Taken Up or Stolen,
FROM the subscriber, about the 7th inst., a SMALL WHITE and RED COW, with her first calf; no visible marks. A liberal Reward will be given to any person who will return her to me, or give such information that I can get her. B. S. WELLER,
may22—1w No. 50 Broad Street.

HARDWARE FOR SALE!
A SMALL and well-assorted Stock, just received, at 44 South College Street, consisting of Shovels, Hoes, Axes, Scythes, Snaethes, Rakes, Glass, Nails, Screws, Hatchets, Hammers, Saddlery Hardware, Saws, Planes, Table and Pocket Cutlery, &c., &c. Also, one Brown Mare, Saddle and Bridle.
Apply to J. B. ALLEN,
may22—1w* U. S. BAKERY.

United States of America:
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE.

WHEREAS, information has been filed within and for the Middle District of Tennessee, at Nashville, on the 14th day of May, A.D., 1862, by John Trimble, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the Middle District of Tennessee, who prosecutes herein on behalf of the United States, against certain goods, viz: One hundred and ninety-five sacks of Corn, and one box of Corn, containing in all about three hundred and ninety bushels, and marked A. Q. M., C. S. A., alleging in substance, that said Corn was seized, on land, in the Middle District of Tennessee, a few miles South of Franklin, as forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same be condemned as forfeited, as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said Corn, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before said Circuit Court, to be held at the City of Nashville, in and for said District, on the 2d day of June, 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

E. B. GLASCOCK,
May 20th, 1862—14t U. S. Marshal M. D. T.

United States of America:
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE.

WHEREAS, information has been filed within and for the Middle District of Tennessee, at Nashville, on the 14th day of May, A.D., 1862, by John Trimble Esq., Attorney for the United States for the Middle District of Tennessee, who prosecutes herein on behalf of the United States, against certain property, viz: One dark brown Stallion, said to be thorough bred, about 15½ hands high, about 5 years old, with a ring of white around his right hind foot, and three white saddle-spots on his back, alleging in substance, that said Stallion was seized, on land, in the Middle District of Tennessee, in or near the town of Franklin, Williamson County, as forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same be condemned as forfeited, as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said Stallion, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before said Circuit Court, to be held at the City of Nashville, in and for said District, on the 2d day of June, 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

E. B. GLASCOCK,
May 20th, 1862—14t U. S. Marshal M. D. T.

EXCHANGE, BANKING,
— AND —
COLLECTIN OFFICE,
— OF —
ARTHUR BLAND,
No. 403 MAIN STREET,
(BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,)
LOUISVILLE, KY.
TENNESSEE, NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA, Georgia and Alabama Bank Notes for sale.
☞Orders for Southern currency filled at the very best market rates. may3-1m

GUSTAVUS HOF,
Wholesale Dealer in
Cap, Letter, Manilla, Wrapping
PAPERS,
PRINTERS' CUT CARDS, BONNET BOARDS, NEWS AND BOOK PAPER, PRINTERS' INK, &c.,
No. 282 MAIN STREET, BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH STREETS,
CINCINNATI, O.
☞Highest price paid for Rags. may4-3m

WM. M. GREINER,
Commission Merchant,
No. 109, Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Solicits Consignments of Cotton, Rice, Tobacco, and Produce generally.
April 30, 1862. 3m*

DR. COLEMAN'S
PRIVATE DISPENSARY.
THE attention of citizens, strangers, and others visiting Nashville, requiring medical aid, is respectfully called to this office, No. 21 Deaderick street, second floor, between Cherry and the Square.
Dr. COLEMAN is an old practitioner of medicine; his almost unlimited experience and flattering success for many years past, in the treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, has induced him to devote his undivided attention to all diseases of this nature. Many cases of the most inveterate character have promptly yielded to his improved method of treatment.
Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Hereditary Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet and all diseases of the genital and urinary organs, meet with no resistance to his remedies.
A female irregularities and functional inderangements of the Womb, and the disease arising from Gestation and ill manged parturition.
Every case of Reducible Rupture, and of Piles, and Prolapsus of the Rectum, and most cases of Fistula, can be cured by a process nearly painless. If either of the latter cases is undertaken by Dr. Coleman, a cure is *inevitably sauranated*, as a careful examination always presents the necessary indications of *success or failure* by his improved method of operating.
Persons of either sex applying in person or by letter (describing case) on the first symptoms of any acute specific disease, can be cured, in most cases, by the abortive method, in forty-eight hours.
Strict confidence, prompt attention, and moderate charges, will govern him with his patrons.
☞No mercury used in the treatment of *venereal diseases*, as he believes (in most cases) it produces a worse disease than that it is given to cure.
Office hours from eight in the morning till nine in the evening. jan 16, '62-1y

GEO. W. SHEWMAKER. BYRON H. ROBB.
SHEWMAKER & ROBB,
Army Intelligence Office,
No. 11, SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
(BETWEEN MARKET AND WALNUT,)
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Established for the Benefit of Strangers,
COMING TO ST. LOUIS IN SEARCH OF
Sick, Wounded, or Soldiers that have Died from Wounds or Sickness.
CORRECT INTELLIGENCE WILL BE GIVEN OF the condition of any Sick or Wounded Soldier in ST. LOUIS, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, NASHVILLE, MOUND CITY, or any other Hospital in the Western Department. This is the ONLY Army Intelligence Office in the United States, and information regarding Soldiers from any part of the U. S. can be given at any time, by calling at, or WRITING to the ARMY INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, Post-Office Box No. 1848.
N. B.—PERSONS COMING TO ST. LOUIS IN SEARCH OF THEIR FRIENDS will obtain all necessary information by calling at our Office, No. 11, South Fourth Street.
May 18, 1862. 1y

BOARDING.
THE undersigned having leased the BOARDING-HOUSE recently occupied by Mrs. LYON, No. 8, College Street, is now prepared to accommodate families or single gentlemen, by the day or week, at reasonable rates. He would respectfully solicit public patronage.
may20—3t* J. T. ABERNATHY.

RUDOLPH WURLITZER,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
No. 123 Main Street,
CINCINNATI, O.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of String and Brass and German Silver Military Band Instruments, which he can offer at as low prices as any Eastern house. Orders by mail or Express promptly attended to. may8-2m

FRENCH BAKERY.
THE undersigned begs to inform the Public that he has added to his establishment a BAKERY upon the French method; and that only competent French workmen will be employed. He hesitates not to say his bread is equal, if not superior, to any manufactured in the city; and guarantees that it will be as sweet and good as bread can be made, from the fact that no hop yeast will be used in its manufacture. A share of the public and private family patronage is earnestly solicited.
Hot Rolls every morning, at 5½ o'clock. All descriptions of bread, and every variety of cake made to order.
Remember, if you want sweet and good bread call at P. O'CONNOR'S, corner of Union and Summer streets, opposite Odd Fellow's Hall.
The Public are respectfully informed that the well-known ICE CREAM SALOON of H. C. REEVES, (formerly of Nashville) will be re-opened Thursday the 8th of May, where Ice Creams, not to be excelled by any in the city, can be had. Call and judge for yourself. [ap 30-1m] P. O'CONNOR.

ARMY STORES.
OFFICE OF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, NASHVILLE, TENN., May 8th, 1862.
BIDS will be received at my office, until 2 o'clock, P.M., WEDNESDAY, MAY 14th, 1862, (from first hands and persons loyal to the Government of the United States,) for
600 Barrels Extra Superfine Flour,
To be delivered at the Commissary Store-House, in Nashville, Tenn., on or before the 17th of May, 1862.
Bids will be indorsed "*Proposals for Flour,*" and directed to R. MACFRELY,
may9-td Capt. and Com. Subs.
50 BARRELS MESHANNOCK POTATOES, for sale low, to clear out, by
may11 WM. LYON, 41 Market Street

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.
General Commission Merchants
AND
BANKERS,
63 and 65, Beaver Street, and 20 Exchange Place,
ROBERT L. MAITLAND. WILLIAM WEIGHT. } New York.
May 6, 1862. 6m*

DR KING'S DISPENSARY
FOR PRIVATE DISEASES.
DR. KING, formerly of New York, for the last four years of Louisville, Ky., and who has devoted his attentions to the treatment of private diseases for 30 years, flatters himself, having attended to a practice for so many years, and cured so many thousands, he is enabled to cure all diseases of a private nature, no matter how bad they may be from injudicious medical treatment, or from neglect of their own. Dr. King's Dispensary is No 23 Deaderick street, between Cherry and the Square, second story, where he cures all diseases of a private nature.
Gonorhea cured without nauseous medicines or interference with business.
Strictures of old or recent date, effectually cured in a few days, by an operation which causes no pain. Where a Stricture exists health cannot be enjoyed. Perhaps no disease causes more mischief and undermines the constitution so much.
Syphilis, with all the diseases of the skin, growing out of neglect or bad treatment, can be effectually cured in a few days.
Seminal Weakness.—Particular attention having been given to this disease, and all the consequences growing out of it, brought on in many cases by the destructive habits of inconsiderate youths, and excessive indulgence of the passions, a neglect of which will undermine the constitution, rendering the subject unfit for business or society, and causing premature old age.
Females who may be laboring with any difficulty of the Womb may rest assured immediate relief.
Persons residing abroad, by writing and stating their case, with a fee enclosed, direct to Dr. A. King, No. 23 Deaderick street, Nashville, Tenn., will have the necessary medicines sent to their address. Office hours from 9 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening. ly10-1nd&w1y

ARMY INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
No. 11, South Fourth St.,
SAINT LOUIS, MO.
Established for the benefit of strangers coming to St. Louis in search of
SICK OR WOUNDED,
and for persons living at a distance who can write to the Army Intelligence Office and obtain reliable information of any soldier that enlisted in the States of
Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kentucky and Missouri.
CORRECT INTELLIGENCE WILL BE GIVEN OF any soldier from the above States, whether SICK, WOUNDED, KILLED, or TAKEN PRISONER, and in what battles he may have been engaged, and where his regiment is stationed.
Information will also be given of the condition of any sick or wounded soldier in St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Nashville, Mound City, or any Hospital in the Western Department; and where those killed in battle, or have died from their wounds, are buried; and where those taken prisoners are confined.
This is the only Army Intelligence Office in the Department of the Mississippi, or Western Department,—and information of soldiers from any of the above States can be given at any time by calling or writing to the Army Intelligence Office.
Persons writing will please give the name of the soldier, what State he enlisted in, and the number of his regiment. Charges for any kind of Army Intelligence will be Two DOLLARS, and any person writing will please enclose the amount, in order to secure attention to their inquiries.
Address: Army Intelligence Office, St. Louis, Mo., in care P. O. Box 1848. [May 18, 1862—1y

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED
ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF
DRY GOODS
AND NOTIONS,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Prints, Ginghams, Lawns,
Bareges, De Laines, Silks,
Robes, Linens, Corsets,
SKIRTS, WHITE GOODS,
HOSIERY & GLOVES,
ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF
GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR,
Which we offer to the trade at the lowest wholesale prices.
STADLER, BRO. & CO.,
No. 2, Ensley's Building, South Side Square.
may9-1w

H. C. JACKSON,
GROCER,
Produce & Commission Merchant,
No. 8, SOUTH MARKET ST.,
(JOHN M. HILL'S BLOCK,)
NASHVILLE, TENN.,
Has on hand and for sale at the lowest figures:
200 Bbls. Best Family Flour,
1,500 Bushels Potatoes, very fine,
500 Reams Wrapping Paper,
20 Casks Bacon,
10 Boxes Tobacco,
20 Bbls. Best Family Flour,
100 Bbls. Salt,
50 Bbls. Vinegar,
ALSO, ALL KINDS OF
FAMILY GROCERIES.
The attention of dealers and consumers are invited to his stock.
☞Particular attention given to the orders of Country Merchants, and the purchase and sale of all kinds of Produce. may1-1m*

ROBERT MOORE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, TOBACCO, LARD FEATHERS and PRODUCE generally, will receive our best attention. may14

Freights for New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.
WE ARE FORWARDING COTTON, TOBACCO, &c., on more advantageous terms than if receipted through from Cumberland River.
ROBERT MOORE & CO.,
may14 CINCINNATI, OHIO.