

Nashville Union.

For Freedom and Nationality!

S. C. MERCER, Editor.

SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1862.

The Palmetto Panic.

Various accounts from Charleston concur in stating that a widely spread panic exists in Charleston and the surrounding country. The traitorous and guilty inhabitants of that region quake with apprehensions of an insurrection. Hundreds of planters are flying from the country into the city, while hundreds again of the people of the city are flying to the country to escape the terrors of the expected bombardment. They are realizing the state of affairs represented by the Prophet, where he describes the conscience-smitten sinner, crying out in the morning, "Would to God it were night;" and at night exclaiming, "Would to God it were morning!" The curse of the South, and of the North, of all mankind and of Heaven rests like a consuming fire upon the heads of the authors of this Rebellion, and remorse turns their hearts to ashes. We pity them not. Charleston is the abode and birth-place of moral monsters. No accumulation of suffering upon her would move us to sympathy. She has by her obstinacy, her folly, her cold-blooded sins and heartlessness, her icy indifference to the welfare and happiness of others, forfeited all claims to our compassion. The ghosts of the thousands slain in this unholy Rebellion, the victims of disease who have perished in the camps, or languished away in the hospitals, and the multitudes who have been murdered by individual assassins, or guerrilla bands, as they file in pale procession through her streets, point the finger of reproach at her people, and blight them with a bitter and eternal curse. Yes, Charleston, acting in the days of the Revolution as she is now in this Rebellion, a minion and sycophant of aristocracy, then, as now, and ever, the enemy of free government, exhibits in her history no redeeming era of patriotism and generous emotion. Nothing but bigoted, intolerant and selfish treason. May the waters of the ocean roll over her deserted ruins, and travellers only visit her in future days as the Sodom and Gomorrah of the New World.

Vote of the City.

The vote on Thursday was very meagre. No interference whatever was made to prevent the polling of disloyal votes, the authorities regarding it a good opportunity to let all such put their names on record. The secessionists were busily engaged in bringing in all the votes they could rake together, and polled 736 in all. The Union men not regarding the election as valid owing to the anomalous condition of the State, rarely went to the polls at all, those who attended going merely for the purpose of making a sort of public organization. We can poll, we believe, some fifteen hundred votes in the city. In two wards no poll was opened. The vote stands: For Union, 560; For Confederate, 736. In Williamson county, which belongs to this district, we are told but one poll was opened. As we have before stated, in no event will Governor Johnson give commissions to secessionists elect. Confederate officers cannot exercise authority under the Federal Government.

Great Union Triumph in Old Bedford.

A dispatch from Shelbyville informs us that the vote for Chancellor in Bedford county stands: T. H. Caldwell, Union, 510; B. L. Ridley, Secession, 68. For Circuit Judge, J. P. Steele, Union, 496; H. L. Davidson, Secession, 186. Well done, Bedford!

The Federal Government, and the Union party which sustains it, has no idea of treating with even respectful consideration any policy which involves a diminution of the territory or the authority of the Federal Union. They will listen to no terms which do not propose a return to loyalty and unconditional submission to the laws. Let every disloyal man bear this in mind. We make no compromises with traitors.

We are told that a certain parson well known for his prophetic learning, was trotting through the streets all day Thursday, drumming up rebel votes. What a model minister!

A Notable Article in Aristocracy from a Nashville Rebel Organ--Declares that the Slave Oligarchy, although a minority, must rule the Nation.

From the Louisville (Nashville) Courier of January 15th, 1862, we republish the following article, which we commend to the earnest attention of every working-man, and every friend of popular government in Tennessee. Recollect that this newspaper was published under the eye of King Harris and the leaders of the rebellion in this State, and exhibits clearly and faithfully their sentiments. We will specify its striking points.

I. It asserts that "SLAVERY IS MERELY THE PRETEXT, NOT THE CAUSE OF THE WAR."

II. It asserts that the contest is between a "feudal race," and "the laboring and trading classes."

III. It applauds the "Norman Cavaliers," whom it claims as the progenitors of the Southern oligarchs, for "holding in 'vasalage' the 'covering common classes' of England."

IV. It says, "as our Norman kinsmen in England, always a minority, have ruled their Saxon countrymen in political vassalage up to the present day, so have the Slave oligarchs governed the Yankees till within a twelve month."

V. It threatens that the Southern feudal oligarchs will whip the white-laboring classes "until they bring them under the yoke as docile as the most loyal of our Ethiopian chattels!"

Such are the infamous avowals of a leading newspaper of Nashville in the interest of Governor Harris, of General Harding, of Washington Barrow, of the Douglasses, the Morgans, and others. Are the working-men, the mechanics, the laborers, the small shop-keepers of Nashville blind that they will follow these "Southern Rights leaders to the ruin of their own liberties? Will the small farmers of Tennessee, the men who make an honorable and independent living off their farms of one hundred and two hundred acres, the bone and sinew as well as the overwhelming majority of this State, bow their necks to the yoke of these self-styled sons of the Norman Cavaliers? Again we say, read the article of the Courier; yes read it, and lay it away and re-read it until your manly souls are fired with indignation at the insolent minion of aristocracy, who could dare thus in the very Capital of Tennessee, insult the manhood of four-fifths of her noble children?

The War of Races--The Puritan and the Cavalier.

This has been called a fratricidal war by some, by others an irrepressible conflict between freedom and slavery. We respectfully take issue with the authors of both of these ideas. We are not the brothers of the Yankees, and the slavery question is merely the pretext, not the cause of the war. The true irrepressible conflict lies fundamentally in the hereditary hostility, the sacred animosity, the dormal antagonism between the two races engaged.

The Yankee race is in origin, character and manners totally distinct from our own. The Southerner is distinguished for his dignified courtesy, profuse hospitality, and his feudal mode of life, generally upon extensive plantations cultivated by slaves. The Yankee, close and penurious, is chiefly found in large cities, trading his notions or bartering his principles. The former is the soul of honor, money is the god of the latter. When was the time within the memory of the aged, that our children were not brought up to distrust, despise and hate the Yankees?

It is beyond question that the dominant element at the North at this moment, is the posterity of the old Saxon, witch-burning Puritans, who settled in New England in the seventeenth century. On the other hand, Maryland, Virginia and the Carolinas were colonized by cavaliers, the younger sons of those Norman Barons whose sons hogged the covering Saxons at Hastings in 1066, and reduced them to a vassalage from which they have never yet been thoroughly emancipated.

Now the history of England and the United States proves that these two antagonistic elements cannot co-exist in the same political community upon a basis of equality. The sgracious, infidel, tyrannical mob instincts of the Puritanical Yankees exhibit themselves whenever they obtain power and make them the political reptiles, the curse of constitutional government. The Norman cavalier cannot break the vulgar familiarity of the Saxon Yankee, whilst the latter is continually devising some plan to bring down his aristocratic neighbor to his own detested level. Thus was the contest waged in the old United States. So long as Dickinson dough-faces were to be bought and Cochrane cowards to be frightened, so long was the Union tolerable to Southern men; but when, owing to divisions of our ranks, the Yankee hirelings, pig-sticker

in their own spirit over us, political connection become unendurable and separation necessary to preserve our self-respect.

As our Norman kinsmen in England, always a minority, have ruled their Saxon countrymen in political vassalage up to the present day, so have we, the "slave oligarchs" governed the Yankees, till within a twelve month. We framed the Constitution, for seventy years moulded the policy of the Government, and placed our own men, or "Northern men with Southern principles" in power.

On the 6th of November, 1860, the Puritans emancipated themselves and are now in violent insurrection against their former owners. This insane holiday freak will not last long, however, for dastards in flight, and incapable of self-government they will inevitably again fall under the control of the superior race. A few more Bull Run thrashings will bring them once more under the yoke as docile as the most loyal of our Ethiopian "chattels."

"Have we not a dominant race among us?" exclaims the New York Tribune, in an editorial of March last discussing the alleged superiority of Southern society. Yes, we have, Horace, and the curfew bell shall yet toll the shameful tale in every New England village.

When the giant Summer covered beneath the lash of the slender Brooks in the Senate chamber, it was the magnetic, hereditary impulse of the villain blood which blanching in his slavish veins, in the presence of his lord. The hound licked the dust and whined. Let there be hereafter no maid-in-sensibility on either side about the shedding of each other's blood, for it is not brother's blood: the few cavalier families upon the other side of the line, have generally either joined our standard or remained at home. Let the Yankees understand that there is eternal war between our races which cannot be ended, but by the subjugation of the one or the other.

A Mosaic Article from the Louisville-Nashville Courier--Containing a Rich Variety of Balderdash, Calumny, "Sour Grapes," Prophecy, etc.

Under the conviction that it will be a profitable employment for the secessionists of Nashville to review the articles of their leading rebel organ during the reign of King Isham, we beg leave to serve them up a choice *melange*, a delectable *olla podrida* made up from the pages of the notorious Courier, the perambulatory organ of the rebellion.

THE COURIER EXULTS. The admission of Kentucky makes now thirteen States in the Southern Confederacy. That is a remarkable coincidence and a good omen. Thirteen States! Thirteen stars!--the old number and the old struggle for liberty! The very sound is magical!

Very magical and ominous coincidence indeed, taken in connection with HENRY C. BURNETT's cowardly flight from Fort Donelson, and the precipitate retreat of the rebels from Bowling-Green. The Courier not only revelled in political visions and "magical numbers," but it indulged in

FINANCIAL SPECULATIONS.

Virgil McKnight, President of the Bank of Kentucky, has made a miserable investment of a half million for his bank in Lincoln stock! We must now advise him to invest all the money he has left, at once, in Confederate Bonds, as the only way to save himself and his bank from ruin.

And moreover in

COMMERCIAL REVIEWS.

It is the interest of every farmer in Kentucky to send his produce to the South, where the prices are not only better, but the currency is sounder. The Northern Banks have now suspended specie payment, and a war with England will make their shipplasters utterly worthless, while the Confederate notes, not the paper of the Southern Banks, are based on cotton, which in any event is better than gold. Let them consider this matter.

Yes, let them consider it, sagacious Courier. Bring us a few millions of dollars in Confederate Bonds, based on cotton which has been burned, and sugar which has been tumbled into the river, and see how readily the rebel merchants of this goodly city will shell out the gold for them. Who would exchange a Confederate Bond for the Uncle Sam's Treasury "greenback" shipplasters? Nary man, we imagine.

IT CRYETH "SOUR GRAPES!"

Our experience for the last two or three months has very much lessened our estimation of pork, and we now rather prefer beef and other fresh meats and vegetables. A little old ham once in a while is not objectionable, but further than that we care not for it. We are satisfied that the two free use of swine flesh is injurious in a Southern climate, especially in these exciting times.

Jowl and sausages--ugh! Ham and broiled middling--bah! How very inferior to blue veal, bull beef, stewed dog or good mule cutlets!

IT PROPHECIETH.

The United States will not, can not, comply with the demand. They will not, can not, surrender to the British govern-

ment Messrs. MASON and SLIDELL. If the Administration should be disposed thus to abase themselves, the people would rise up and overthrow them. The President and his Cabinet dare not, whatever may be their inclinations, or the promptings of their judgments, comply with this demand. They must abide by the position they have taken. They must sustain the action of Capt. Wilkes. They must decline to comply with the demand of the British government. They will do it. The result of all this must be war between the United States and Great Britain.

Prophetic Courier, worthy of Armageddon Baldwin for an interpreter. But the wisest men will make blunders and so the Courier makes.

TWO MISLACES.

It is stated that Gen. Tom CRITTENDEN has a mixed regiment in his division--one half negroes and the other half Indians.

This was not only a lie point-blank, but, to say the least, a little impudent considering that the rebels had a full-blooded negro regiment at New Orleans, and according to that rebel organ, the Knoxville Register, have now a large Cherokee force in Major Morgan's Third Tennessee Regiment at Knoxville. It also made a miserable mislick when it said,

It is hard to believe that the Yankees would resort to the fiendish plan which it is rumored they are about to adopt, of setting loose their convicts and desperate characters, to be sent South as incendiaries.

This was a downright insult to King Isham, who at that very time was pardoning horse thieves and murderers out of the Penitentiary "on condition that they join the Confederate army." See original document in the Archives of the State. The Courier occasionally indulged in

A LITTLE VANDALISM.

The burning and destruction of property by Gen. HINDMAN's command, is the best news we have from beyond Bowling Green. Rather than the vile Yankees should have the use or benefit of them, we would rather see every house in the State burned down and every foot of ground laid waste and made desolate.

And this, We hear that Gen. HINDMAN's command has burned the hotel at Rowlett's Station, the Cave City Hotel, and probably some other buildings, in order that their occupation and use by the Yankees may be prevented. This is doing good work. Let it go on.

When we consider that the Courier editors and proprietors were and had been for years utter bankrupts and strutting vagabonds, living from hand to mouth and never paying one dollar if they could help it, we must say that this recommendation to lay waste the South was made with bad grace. Such was the wretched mass of falsehood, deception, misrepresentation, absurdity and incendiarism which was circulated daily by a newspaper which has generally been regarded as the principal instigation of rebellion in Kentucky and Middle Tennessee. Secessionists tell us now honestly what you think of your organ. We think it was worthy of your cause.

Arrests at Wartrace.

WARTRACE, May 19, 1862.

Editor Nashville Union:

DEAR SIR: On Sunday morning last, Major Gunkel, of the Fourth Kentucky Cavalry, with a detachment of his command, arrested the notorious and desperate Thomas Daniels, Captain in the Rebel army, and one of his Lieutenants, named McLaughlin, who had come home for the purpose of raising a guerrilla band of robbers and cut throats, and by their threats of hanging, forcing Union men to join them. They have threatened to hang and shoot every Union man that voted against Secession, and no doubt would have done so, as soon as they were in power. Too much praise cannot be accorded to Major Gunkel for his prompt and energetic course in protecting Union men, and arresting such deep-dyed villains and assassins. A few more arrests of such men, and Wartrace and the surrounding country for twenty miles, will again be safe for Union men to live in. UNION.

THE THREE P's.--A writer in the Christian Index thinks the three things needed by the South to bring her safely through all her troubles, are Powder, Provender and Prayer. There is as much truth as aliteration in the remark. Richmond paper.

We think she had better abandon that motto, as she has about exhausted her Powder and Provender, and is past Praying for. Suppose you advise her to adopt Pillage, Perambulation and Perdition.

KENTUCKY MILITARY GOVERNOR.--The paragraph on this subject, which appeared in yesterday's paper, should have been credited to the New York Times.

On the 23d inst., by Alex. McDaniel, Esq., Mr. CHAR. TAYLOR to MISS ELEANOR LAMSON--all of Davidson county.

THEATRE.

HUFFIELD & SANDS, MANAGERS. W. A. EVERETT, SVAN MANAGER.

GREAT BILL TO-NIGHT.

The OLD GUARD and BLACK EYED SUSAN.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24th.

THE OLD GUARD!

Principal Characters by Messrs. WEAVER, PIERCE, TYLER, Mrs. H. BERNARD, &c.

BLACK EYED SUSAN!

Principal Characters by Messrs. HAMILTON, EVERETT, WEAVER, PIERCE, FLETCHER, TYLER, Mrs. H. BERNARD, Miss SCANLAN, &c.

During the piece, Sailor's Hornpipe and Song, MISS CONSTANTINE. To Rehearsal, the Beautiful Extravaganza, "BEAUTY AND THE BEAST."

PRICES OF ADMISSION. Dress Circle, 50c. Second Circle, 25c. Boxes, 1.00. Doors open at 7 1/2 past 7. Performance at 8 o'clock, precisely. MAY 24.

NOTICE!

ON SATURDAY, the 31st DAY OF JUNE, 1862 I will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, at the Court house in the County of Davidson, a NEGRO MAN, named GASTRIMON, aged about 41 years, levied on as the property of John W. Martin, to satisfy one F. E. in his hands, in favor of J. F. Marford, Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court at Nashville, Tennessee, against John W. Martin and W. G. Harris. Sale within the usual hours. May 23d, 1862--td J. M. HINTON, Sheriff.

A BILL

To amend the Revenue Laws in reference to Licenses Privileges, &c.

WHEREAS, The City Council are of opinion that no man has the right to enjoy the blessings of a free government without being duly sworn to support and maintain it against domestic and foreign enemies: Therefore, be it enacted by the City Council: Section 1. That the city laws of the City of Nashville, relating to licenses and privileges, be and are hereby so amended that no free white person or persons shall hereafter be permitted to carry on any business or exercise any privilege in said City, for which a license or permission is now required by any law or ordinance of the Corporation of said City, without first applying to the City Recorder and taking an oath of allegiance and fidelity to the Constitution of the United States and the Government thereof, the same oath in form and substance as that heretofore taken by the present members and officers of the City Council.

Section 2. That no license hereafter issued or renewed shall be valid without a strict compliance on the part of the applicant with the first section of this act.

Section 3. The Recorder shall be entitled to an additional fee of twenty five cents for each and every oath administered as aforesaid, such fee to be paid by the person applying for the license.

Section 4. That for each and every violation of the first section of this act, in addition to all former penalties by any law or ordinance of this corporation, the offender shall also be liable to a fine of not less than five nor more than fifty dollars, to be recovered by warrant before the Recorder, as in other cases of a violation of the Corporation law: Provided, however, that nothing contained in the provisions of this act shall apply or abridge any law now in force (and further, that this act shall not apply to or affect licenses issued prior to this act.)

Section 5. It shall be the duty of the City Marshal to arrest and carry before the City Recorder for trial all persons suspected of a violation of this act.

Approved: M. BRIEN, Mayor. W. P. JONES, Pres. Common Council. JOHN HUGH SMITH, Mayor Pro Tem.

Approved 23d May 23d, 1862.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

OF FURNITURE,

On Saturday Morning, May 24,

BY B. F. SHIELDS & CO.

WE WILL SELL ON SATURDAY MORNING, Commencing at 9 1/2 o'clock, a large assortment of Household and Kitchen

FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, JARS, TUMBLERS, PLATES, DISHES; ALSO,

A Lot Red & White Potatoes.

TERMS, CASH. All solvent Southern (current) Bank Notes taken in payment.

B. F. SHIELDS & CO., Central Auction Rooms, OPPOSITE THE SEWANEE.

N. B.--Also 2 or 3 Sewing Machines, May 23d, 1862--24

WANTED,

A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER OR GENERAL CLERK, who has had an experience of 20 years in a Forwarding House and Commission Business. Generally can make himself useful every way. The best of references given. Address: E. L. N., No. 21, High Street.

Cider Mills, (Krauser's Patent), Gas Pipe, Nuts, Washers, Window Glass, Tin Plate, Rivets, Hollow-Ware, And Stone Jugs,

Just received, for sale by WM. LYON, 41, Market Street.

Buckwheat, Just received, for sale by WM. LYON, May 22d.

A CARD

TO THE Town and Country Merchants OF TENNESSEE.

THE undersigned, of the firm of NORTH, SHERMAN & CO., New York, so long and favorably known to the Southern Trade, having taken up his residence in Nashville, is now prepared to take orders for all Articles that North, Sherman & Co. have been famous for the last 25 years for keeping, such as Coats, Boots, Perfumes and Toilet Articles, Buttons, Thread, Cutlery, Tapes, Needles, Pins, Fishing Tackle, Portmanteaus, Fans, Paper Stationery, Violin Strings, &c., &c. Let all Merchants, then, of town and country, give him a call. The people of Tennessee are out of these goods, and must have them.

J. B. HURSE & CO., May 22--1m 16 PUBLIC SQUARE, NASHVILLE.

Notice to Claimants.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, NASHVILLE, TENN., May 21st, 1862.

PERSONS claiming private property in the Chattanooga Railroad Depot at this place, are requested to present their claims at this office before the 31st inst.

J. B. BINGHAM, Capt. and S. Q. M.

GRIFFITH & PARSONS

General Produce and Commission

MERCHANTS

No. 7 College Street,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

1000 Bushels Oats, ONION 25

800 Barrels Flour,

5,000 lbs. Hams,

3,000 lbs. Bacon,

3,000 lbs. Shoulders,

Coffee, Spice, Pepper,

Candles, Soap, Fish,

Cheese, Fruits, Brooms,

And many other articles, daily arriving from Northern Cities, and

For Sale Cheap.

40-Cotton, Tobacco, and other Produce, received and sold on Commission. 1m

NEW GOODS

Wholesale and Retail!

N. LANDE,

No. 13 Public Square,

(SOUTH SIDE CORNER MARKET.)

HAS received, and is constantly receiving, a large and well-selected Stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

CALICOES & DOMESTICS,

Which he will sell at wholesale and retail, at reasonable prices, for Cash.

may 18--2m

J. M. MURPHY,

DEALER IN--

COTTON CARDS, SUSPENDERS,

BUTTONS,

Dry Goods and Staple Notions,

may 20--1m 16 PUBLIC SQUARE

Nashville Building Association.

STOCKHOLDERS can pay their Monthly installments at the Store of A. H. HIGGS & CO., in case of absence of the present draughtman in monetary affairs, nothing but Gold or Silver will be received in payment of dues.

C. A. FULLER, Secretary. Nashville, May 20th 1862--3*

Bids for Machinery, &c.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, NASHVILLE, TENN., May 19th, 1862.

BIDS will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock, P. M. Saturday, May 21, 1862, from citizens loyal to the United States only, for the Halls, Machinery and State Room Doors of two Steamboats burned by the rebels, and now partially sunk in the Cumberland river at Nashville, Tenn.

Bids will be received for the whole or parts of the above. Government Funds only received.

J. D. BINGHAM, Capt. and S. Q. M.

may 20--11

BOOK-BINDERY.

THE new Book Bindery, Nos. 19 & 21, Dunderberg Street, has resumed business, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in neat and elegant style. Books and Orders left at W. T. Berry's Book Store, or at the Bindery, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN C. FEHR, may 18--1w

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

At J. F. Kugler's Grocery Store.

No. 71, CHERRY STREET, NEAR CHAS.

REAL imported Swiss, Limburgh and Western R. Rogers Cheese, Dried Potatoes, Currants, Split Peas, Beans, Barley, Oatmeal, Vermicelli, Macaroni, all kinds of Soap, Tobacco and Segars, Fresh Holland Herring, Sardines, besides all other kinds of Groceries.

may 18--1w

LANDRETH'S WARRANTED GARDEN SEEDS

GROWTH OF 1861.

FRESH SUPPLIES of these best of these seeds received by the subscriber, Agent for their sale in Nashville.

LANDRETH'S REGISTER AND ALMANAC for distribution, gratis, by

T. WELLS,

MARKET STREET, NASHVILLE.

BLUE GRASS SEED, RED CLOVER SEED,

ORCHARD GRASS SEED, WHITE CLOVER SEED,

BERKSHIRE SEED, KENTUCKY SEED,

CANARY SEED, CHARGE GRASS SEED,

TOGETHER WITH PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, STONE WARE, &c.

T. WELLS,

510 N. OF THE MAN AND MORTAR,

on Market St., opposite Union, Nashville.

April 25--5w

W. R. CORNELIUS,

Funeral Undertaker,

DEALER IN--

METALLIC CASES,

48 CHURCH STREET, N. O. T.

Nashville, Tenn.

may 18--2w