# TRUE NORTHERNER.

T. B. HARRISON, S. H. BLACKMAN, } Editors.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

PAW PAW, FRIDAY, OCT. 8, 1858.


## "X."

Subscribers receiving their papers with the cross mark placed opposite their names, will know that the time for which they subscribed has expired.

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor.
MOSES WISNER, of Oakland.

For Lieutenant Governor
EDMUND B. FAIRFIELD, of Hillsdale.

For Secretary of State.
NELSON G. ISBELL, of Livingston.

For Treasurer.
JOHN McKINNEY, of Van Buren.

For Auditor General.
DANIEL L. CASE, of Ingham.

For Commissioner of State Land Office.
JAMES W. SANFORN, of St. Clair.

For Attorney General.
JACOB M. HOWARD, of Wayne.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
JOHN M. GREGORY, of Washtenaw.

For Member of the Board of Education.
WITTER J. BANTER, of Hillsdale.

For Senator, XIXth Senatorial District.
PHILOTUS HAYDEN, of Van Buren Co.

## COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative—**Fabius Miller.**
For Register of Deeds—**Thomas D. Irwin.**
For County Treasurer—**John M. Bidlon.**
For County Clerk—**S. Talmadge Conway.**
For Prosecuting Attorney—**Chauncey Richards.**
For Sheriff—**John H. Stoddard.**
For Circuit Court Commissioner—**Samuel H. Blackman.**
For County Surveyor—**Simon A. Tripp.**
For Coroners—**Ashbel Herron and Jno. Hunt.**

### Northern Democracy true to Slavery.

That the Northern Democracy is the very corner stone of the stupendous and ever-towering institution of slavery, the whole history of that party, of the legislation of Congress, and the testimony of the South itself, affords the most ample proof. But for the course of that party, there would long since have been dipped a gulf round about slavery, as left by the framers of the Federal Constitution, as impassable as that which separated Dives from Father Abraham. There it would have been permitted to wither in contact, or be stifled by the impure atmosphere it creates, and to drag out a miserable existence or perish outright, where it is. But the Democratic party have seen fit to take the institution under their patronage, and not only prevent the construction of any new barriers around it, but to pull down those erected by the Fathers of the Republic, and to aid in expanding it all over the territories belonging to the United States. In proof of the truth that such has been the course of the Democratic party, we produce from the Richmond *South*, an accredited Democratic organ, the following striking testimony:

"From the days of Washington and Jefferson down to the present period, it was the policy of the Federal Government to repress and prevent the extension of slavery. In 1820 the slavery question was settled by a compromise, by which it was made the duty of Congress to exclude slavery from all the territory north of 36 degrees 30 minutes. Now, the Supreme Court of the United States, with all the authority of law, has decided that Congress possesses no more power to exclude slavery from a Territory than a State, and that it is the duty of the Government to protect the property of the slaveholder in the Territories. The South, in the exercise of her rights, has taken her property into the Territories, and the Northern Democracy, in the spirit of the compromises of the Constitution, have rallied to her support. The South, in the hour of danger, has always found the Democratic party her faithful friend and ally. In the Senate of the United States, the Democratic party has been the CHAMPION OF STATE RIGHTS AND SLAVERY. From its organization till the Baltimore Convention in 1852, the Democratic party stood THE CONFIDENT AND ENTERPRISING CHAMPION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE SOUTH, and compelled to observe a significant silence in respect to slavery. Even for the first time, it PLACED itself SOLEMNLY AND DECISIVELY, UPON THE SUPPORT OF SOUTHERN RIGHTS, and by adopting the resolutions of 1848, signified its concurrence in the doctrines of the Southern Democracy.

"This, then is the sum of the matter: *The Federal Government* HAS RENOUNCED THE POWER OF LIMITING THE EXTENSION OF SLAVERY; the South is guaranteed an equal participation in the common domain; by decision of the Supreme Court, *slavery is protected in the Federal Territories*, as well as THE USURPATION OF THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE, as against the unconstitutional interference of Congress; and lastly, by the judgement of the same august tribunal, *the personal and political subordination of the negro is established as a principle of American jurisprudence.*—SO MUCH FOR THE REACTIONARY POLICY OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN FAVOR OF SLAVERY AND THE RIGHTS OF THE SOUTH.

"Meanwhile, the public opinion of the North, as we have already intimated, has worked clear of the old Abolition element, and is daily becoming MORE PROPITIOUS TO THE INTERESTS OF SLAVERY. In fact, the Abolition party is almost extinct, and the black Republican organization, which has risen upon its ruins, expressly repudiates its most obnoxious principles. SO, TOO, IN REGARD TO THE NORTHERN DEMOCRACY, WE ACKNOWLEDGE with a PECULIAR SATISFACTION, THAT THEY HAVE YIELDED TO THE UTMOST DEMANDS OF THE SOUTH.

Here is a certificate of the fidelity of the Democratic party, the unflinching advocate of slavery, and its ready acquiescence in all the demands of the South, from the very highest quarter, and of the most unequivocal character. That it is *true*, every Republican will admit. But there are hundreds and thousands of honest, conscientious men acting with the Democratic party, who may not have realized the full extent to which they have been committed to slavery by their self-constituted leaders, nor of the all Democratic administrations have rendered the South in their schemes of slavery extension. It is to men of this class that we wish to call the attention, of this frank admission, that it is to the Democratic party *that they owe all the victories they have ever gained over the North*, and that that party *is now openly in favor of the further extension of slavery*; indeed that they fully endorse the construction put upon it by the South, that the Dred Scott decision *carries slavery into every foot of territory belonging to the United States, and that the people thereof have no right to abolish it.*—*Detroit.*

### Found Republican Mistake!

What have the Republicans been about at Kalamazoo? Surely they must have been mad! They have nominated for Congress FRANK KELLOGG! Only think of it! *Frank Kellogg, the Republican nominee for Congress from the Third Senatorial District!!!* Was ever such an outrage perpetrated!! Did the delegates consider what they were doing?—Have they seen the *Enquirer & Herald* and *Press* of this city? Gentlemen of the Delegation have you no more respect for the opinions of your Democratic neighbors? Is it possible that you could so far forget yourselves as to nominate for such a post, a man noted for his efforts to advance the great moral movements of the day? Oh shame gentlemen! Shame! Did you not consider the character of the Hon. gentleman with whom Mr. K. will have to associate? What! send a gentleman to Washington who will not drink and carouse, and fight! Perfectly undemocratic, gentlemen! Perfectly undemocratic! Can a man who don't drink make a speech? Is such a man capable of conscientious thought? Can such an out sider act on a committee? Is it, can it be possible that such an outrage could fully arouse the sensibilities, oh my brethren what a sin is this that you have committed! Do you not see what a pitfall you have put us all into? Toland Conner takes exception. With the *Enquirer and Herald* and the *Press*, against us, how can we live? Alas Poor Yorick! Those persons of the Democratic Persuasion at Kalamazoo, who got the one called a "Temperance Lecture," the other "Temperance Lecture" without the ex. Prest. Thompson's name in his attack thus:

"The nomination of FRANK KELLOGG, Temperance Lecturer, and Critical opinions upon all miscellaneous subjects by the Republican Congressional Convention, which met at Kalamazoo on Wednesday 8, [illegible] adjourning appropriate, [illegible] Republicans [illegible] to be made by our Republicans. We have to see that Republicans [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] party."

"*Extraordinary opportunity, incredibly a Republican nomination fit to be made by the Republicans!!!*" Hope we can speak of politics in an impartial, surely it will burn more brightly. *Dark Republicans!* The name is sacred to us! Then it is becoming in this Republican party to nominate to Congress those are the determined opponents of intemperance and humanity. We can only think God for it. Republicans [illegible] Grand Rising Sons of Temperance, [illegible] and women [illegible] under [illegible] FRANCIS W. [illegible] and under that banner fight manfully until in November next you prove true to [illegible] in your opinion, no sin in a man to be a friend of virtue and humanity. Three cheers for the Kelloggville Tha derer!"

Gentlemen of the Republican party you have now fairly entered upon the campaign, act like christian men. You will be abused, and misrepresented, do not repay your adversaries in the same coin.—You can afford to do better. There is nothing to contemptible, in our judgements as the practice of heaping abuse upon a man as soon as he is nominated for some office. Abuse is but the logic of a fool. There are yet many excellent men left among the scum of the Democratic party, deal gently with them, they waver and talk already, and soon we shall have them with us. It cannot be that they should remain out of our ranks much longer.—The vast army that went out after Douglas when he "shot" in this direction, give the best evidence, that but for party ties, they would at once join our ranks. The nearer a Democratic leader comes to the Republican platform, the better the most thinking and intelligent of the party like him.[G and Rapids Journal.

☞ The Washington Union talks boastfully of "the all-absorbing Democratic party." No doubt it is a sponging [illegible]

### Proceedings of the County Convention.

At the Republican County Convention, which met at Lawrence on the 28th Sept., 1858, pursuant to published notice, Hon. W. H. Keeler was elected Chairman, O. T. Welch, Secretary, and V. P. McKinney, Assistant Secretary.

On motion, the Chair appointed a Committee on Credentials, consisting of Josiah Andrews, P. Hayden, and T. E. Phelps.

The Committee on Credentials presented the following Report which was accepted.

Delegates in attendance from

*Almena*—N. H. Soules, A. S. Downing, Samuel Hayden, and A. Hayt.
*Antwerp*—Joseph Gunman, J. J. Woodman, L. C. Woodman, L. Braggs, Joseph Robinson, G. D. Johnson, N. B. McKinney, and John Hart.
*Arlington*—Chas. Hurlbut, N. D. Richardson, M. Woodward, and A. Lewis.
*Bangor*—Wm. H. Seibel, W. A. Buringame, and F. Harris.
*Bloomingdale*—Ashbel Herron, and — Rawson.
*Columbia*—D. H. Anderson, C. Hadley, and A. S. Brown.
*Decatur*—T. E. Phelps, Geo. Bennett, O. T. Welch, G. A. Van Sickle, W. H. Keeler, H. Chamberlain, and D. C. Rodgers.
*Deerfield*—W. Lampson, and J. S. Rockwell.
*Hartford*—P. Miles, John Andrews, Wm. Thomas, S. Beebe, and M. Raggles.
*Hamilton*—P. Hayden, John Brown, Charles Geer, and T. Foster.
*Keeler*—C. G. George, Chas. Duncombe, D. Sykes, Ira Foster, and S. W. Duncombe.
*Lafayette*—S. Murch, Josiah Andrews, L. Crane, O. P. Parker, A. G. Hinckley, E. Bitely, E. Barnum, A. R. Wilsey, and George Van Ness.
*Lawrence*—Dexter Eastman, L. L. Kean, T. B. Irwin, A. S. Haskins, and Wm. Hodges.
*Porter*—A. Bryant, John Barker, D. W. C. Lytle, and A. H. Hathaway.
*South Haven*—R. Delamore, S. B. Morehouse, and A. S. Dickman.
*Waverly*—R. J. Myers, E. Decker, and J. Hopkins.

It appearing that the townships of Decatur, Hamilton and Keeler had each one delegate more than they were respectively entitled to by the appointment of the County Committee, as appeared by the published call,

On motion, it was

*Resolved*, That the Convention would abide by the apportionment of the County Committee.

The Convention then adjourned until one o'clock, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention proceeded to ballot for candidates, as follows:

*For Representative—First Informal Ballot*—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fabius Miller | 33 | Geo Bennett | 5 |
| N. H. Bitely | 14 | | |

The name of N. H. Bitely, was here withdrawn.

*Fifth Formal Ballot*—

| | |
|---|---|
| Fabius Miller | 33 |

Whereupon Fabius Miller was declared unanimously nominated.

*For a Ballot for Register*—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thomas D. Irwin | 11 | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| N. B. McKinney | 5 | John Andrews | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 12 | W. H. Keeler | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 1 |

*Second Ballot*—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| T. D. Irwin | 11 | H. H. Blackman | 1[illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 11 | N. B. McKinney | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | W. H. Bonham | [illegible] |
| W. H. Keeler | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

*Third Ballot*—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| T. D. Irwin | 11 | H. H. Blackman | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 12 | Hartford | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 8 | Burlingame | [illegible] |
| *Fourth Ballot*— | | | |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | N. B. McKinney | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| *Fifth Ballot*— | | | |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| *Sixth Ballot*— | | | |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| *Seventh Ballot*— | | | |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| *Eighth Ballot*—*Freeman*— | | | |
| A V Paulding | 8 | H Chamberlain | 25 |
| J H Stoddard | 34 | N D Richardson | 1 |
| T A Granger | | | 1 |

On motion, John H. Stoddard was declared unanimously nominated for Sheriff

The remaining nominations were made *viva voce*—namely:

*For Circuit Court Commissioner*—S. H. Blackman.
*For Surveyor*—Samuel A Tripp.
*For Coroners*—Ashbel Herron and John Hunt.

Josiah Andrews presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:—

*Resolved*, That in the administration of James Buchanan, the anticipations of Republicans have, in vain been disappointed, except that in his covert strides towards the full consummation of tyranny and oppression, he has overreached the blood-stained foot prints of his predecessor.

*Resolved*, That the cur of Freedom, which we were so confident by promised should be led into kennel, by the Democratic Squatter Sovereignty Administration, has been over-loaded with human chattels, shrouded in the dark mantle of slavery, and sunk in the clough of despotism.

*Resolved*, That the people of Kansas, in their prompt and emphatic rejection of the English bill, have most conclusively shown to the world, that they are unalterably determined to "die freemen rather than live slaves."

*Resolved*, That we will support no man for Congress, either directly or indirectly, who is not in favor of the repeal of the English bill and an immediate and unconditional admission of Kansas under a constitution ratified by a fair vote of her people.

On motion, the Chair appointed a County Committee, consisting of Josiah Andrews, Geo. Bennet and T. E. Phelps.

The Convention then adjourned sine die.

### Mr Stuart Helped to Do It.

President Buchanan's letter to Prof. Silliman, Aug. 15th, 1857:

"SLAVERY existed at that period (1854) and *still exists* IN KANSAS ☞ UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES. *This point has at last been* ☞ *FINALLY DECIDED by the highest tribunal* (Judge Taney) *known to our laws.* HOW IT COULD EVER HAVE BEEN DOUBTED *IS A MYSTERY.*

Or from his message:

"It has been solemnly adjudged by the highest Judicial Tribunal, that ☞ SLAVERY EXISTS IN KANSAS BY VIRTUE OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

"☞ Kansas is therefore, as much A SLAVE STATE AS GEORGIA OR SOUTH CAROLINA."

It may be well enough to remember that Mr. Stuart is one of those by whose act slavery exists in Kansas. He voted to repeal the compromise which kept it out. He voted to deny the people the right to exclude it through their territorial legislature. He voted *not* to render void the unconstitutional laws which perpetuated it, and it is now a mournful fact that although a majority of over 8,000 of the people of Kansas are opposed to slavery, it nevertheless exists in that territory through the machinations of the Democratic party.

☞ Senator Stuart's home organ calls the Republicans, "plundering Philistines, who have in less than four short years reduced the State from wealth to penurity." The Republicans have paid the State's debt and if that has made it poor, it is an honest penury. People think more of the man who takes his money and pays his debts than of one who, with pockets full of cash refuses to pay his creditors. The last was the policy of the Democratic State Administration.—[Det. Trib.

### Latest from Washington.

*A Clipper bought with a dollar allowed by Congress—The Paraguay Exhibition. Pic nic Duel.*

WASHINGTON, September 22d. Intelligence has been received here verifying the fact that the yacht Wanderer, which was temporarily detained by the United States Marshal in New York a few weeks ago, under suspicious circumstances, went to the coast of Africa, and is now expected in port with a cargo of slaves. Capt. [illegible] of Cuba has purchased her with the proceeds of a claim allowed by the War Department, under a bill which passed the last session of Congress, for the relief of Ferris, and has fitted her out as a clipper. The claim allowed by the War Department was originated by Lieutenant Maury, and I have been completely [illegible] by an old friend of the Comptroller of the Treasury, which is now among the missing. The document will be all [illegible] in the next session. Ferris received a [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] in compensation for the injuries of the Department therein.

Commodore [illegible] the commander of Paraguay [illegible] Paraguay [illegible] it is said that [illegible] will proceed with the mission to Buenos Ayres to Assumption to try negotiations with Lopez before [illegible] the river.

Commodore Lee and Lieut. Dayton are to act as aides of Shubrick, the former being without any actual command. The fleet will consist of fifteen vessels in all, the Government paying $3,000 per month for each of the commercial steamers employed in the service.

All the young officers who are going out are cheered at the prospect of a fight, and will leave no reasonable means untried to gratify their ambition. It is supposed, however, that the character and extent of the preparations may lead to a peaceful solution, which might have been attained at any time by proper efforts, and without the large and unnecessary expenditure which has been incurred.

As the Custom House at New York belongs to the whole country, the cringing of its head to the behests of two or three members of Congress excites nothing but disgust and contempt here.

The visit of Mr. Yancy to the warm springs of Virginia may lead to the exchange of something warm between himself and Mr. Pryor: There has been no love lost between them since the blow given to the secession movement by Pryor at the last Southern Convention.

As the Government has not latterly anticipated any advantage from any use of its own of the ocean telegraph to England, little regret is expressed by officials or the people of Washington, by reason of failure in transmission of messages by it.

It is true that the Naval Department has sent vessels to the coast of Cuba to intercept slavers expected there.

Gov. Walker is here. He seems to be looking into the future to see what shall grow and what shall not. Who knows? *N. Y. Tribune*

Young ladies educated to despise mankind, generally finish their studies by running away with the footman.

☞ A coquette may be compared to tinder, which catches sparks, but does not always succeed in lighting a match.

☞ "Constitutionally tired," is now the polite way of expressing the fact that a man is naturally lazy.

### Burning of the Steamer Austria in Mid Ocean

## OVER 500 LIVES LOST

### TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Halifax Sept 27.

The bark Lotus, from Liverpool, arrived in Halifax harbor on Sunday afternoon with 12 of the 67 surviving passengers of the steamship Austria, burnt at sea September 13th in latitude 45:10 longitude 41:30, taken from the bark Maurice, Ernest Renaud, on the 14th. At a little after 2 o'clock on the 13th dense volumes of smoke burst from the after entrance of the steerage. The ship was instantly put at half speed, at which she continued until the magazine exploded.

The engineers, it is inferred, were instantly suffocated. Fire was next seen breaking through the lights amidships and traveled aft with fearful rapidity.—Some persons let down a boat from the port side of the quarter deck, and it was was the'r to be smashed under the screw. An attempt was made to launch a boat on the starboard side, but it was swamped from the numbers who rushed into it, and all were lost. All the first cabin passengers were on the poop deck except a few gentleman who must have been smothered in the smoking room. Many second cabin passengers were also on the poop, but many got shut in their cabin by fire. Some of them were pulled up through the ventilator, but the greater number could not be extricated.

The last woman drawn up said there were six already suffocated. The ladies and gentlemen on the poop jumped into the sea by twos and threes, some of the ladies in the flames. Several hesitated but were driven to it at the last moment. In half an hour not a soul was to be seen on the poop. The French bark Maurice, Captain Ernest Renaud came alongside the steamer at about 5 P. M. and received 40 passengers, chiefly taken off the bowsprit. A few were picked up floating around.

At about 8 o'clock one of the metallic boats came up with about 23 persons in it including the 1st and 2d officers. Afterwards three seamen were picked up floating on a piece of broken boat. The 2d officer was taken up after swimming for 6 hours. He and the 3d officer were severly burned. One male passenger was burnt frightfully, and some others slightly.

There were but six women saved, three of whom were burnt. A Norwegian bark came up with the steamer next morning, and a boat was observed going around the burning ship. They may have picked up a few persons, but only a few. The Maurice had no communication with the Norwegian.

### FURTHER PARTICULARS

The fire is known to have arisen from the culpable negligence of some of the crew. The Captain and Surgeon considered it expedient to fumigate the steerage with burning tar. The operation was to be performed by the boatswain under the superintendence of the 4th officer. The boatswain heated the end of a bolt to dip in tar to produce smoke. The end became too hot to hold and to let it drop on the deck to which it set fire. The tar spread and immediately all about was in flames. A feeble attempt was made to extinguish it, but without effect. There was nothing at hand to meet such an emergency. The second [illegible] saved nothing but the clothing they had on, and even the greater portion of those were burnt off and [illegible] wet. The loss of life was terrible, including many women and children.

The Austria was a screw steamer, in the Liverpool and Philadelphia trade. She left the former place the 4th [illegible] instant with 650 passengers, and received about 40 passengers at Southampton.—Her crew consisted of about one hundred persons, so that at the time of the calamity there must have been four six hundred human beings on board, and the probable loss of life is appaling.

### GREAT CONFLAGRATION

### Crystal Palace Totally Destroyed by Fire.

The Crystle Palace, with all its contents was entirely destroyed by fire this P. M. The fair of the American Institute was being held there at the time. A large amount of property was destroyed, consisting of Merchantical and Agricultural Implements, Melodeons, Pianos, Steam Engines and other kinks of goods that were on exhibition. The fire broke out in the lumber room which was filled with empty boxes and a large quantity of old lumber. It is believed to be the work of an incendiary. When first discovered the Palace engine was brought out but the hose was so full of holes as to be useless.

The flames spread with astonishing rapidity, creating intense excitement among the visitors, who are estimated at upwards of 2,000 persons. It is feared that many are killed. One dead body has been taking out. The heat was intense. The firemen's services were of no avail. The whole building is in ruins, and very little of its contents saved. Two only of the many fire engines on exhibition were got out uninjured. The building was crowded with articles on exhibition of every description. It is impossible to estimate the loss with any degree of accuracy. The building itself is estimated at $150,000. The contents must have been worth double that sum.

☞ "Have you ever broke a horse?" inquired a jocky. "No, not exactly, but I've broke two or three wagons."

☞ The prettiest lining for a bonnet is a smiling face.

☞ "I can't bear you," as the sea said to the leaky ship.


DR. TOBACK'S SCANDINAVIAN BLOOD MEDICINES.—At last, in Sweden, the ingredients of two Remedies that disinfect the blood of every corrupt element, have been found. Dr. Toback has combined them. He offers the result in his SCANDINAVIAN BLOOD POWDER and BLOOD PILLS. They are astilking the faculty with amazement, and causing thousands of the sick to rejoice. In cases of indigestion, liver complaint, scrofula, rheumatism, diarrhea, in fact, in all cases of disease, not organic, they cure the patient as certainly as day succeeds darkness. See Advertisement.


## DIED.

On the 6th inst., in Bloomfield, Mrs. ESTHER, wife of LUMAN BROWN, Esq.

## To-day's Advertisements.

### Paw Paw Railroad—Public Meeting.

There will be a public Railroad meeting at the Court House, on Friday the 15th of October inst., at one o'clock P. M., on which occasion a report from the Directors on the affairs and condition of Road will be submitted, embracing also the Treasurer's Report. Business of importance will be transacted. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the President.
I. W. VAN FOSSEN, Sec'y


## BRICK KILN.

400,000 BRICK now on hand and for sale at the Brick Kiln, one and a half miles west of the village of Paw Paw. Those wishing to purchase, will find it for their interest to call at this kiln before making their arrangements elsewhere. Also, a few thousand WELL BRICK. Most kinds of produce taken in exchange. C. W. WHIPPLE.
October 1858. 162ly

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe *Lung Affection*, and that dread disease, Consumption,—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (*free of charge*,) with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.*—The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
6m.182 Williamsburg, Long Island.


### Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Van Buren, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Van Buren, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw on Thursday the seventh day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight. Present, A. W. Nash, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Isaac Gilbert deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Josiah Andrews, one of the Principal Creditors of said deceased, praying that he may be appointed Administrator of the Estate of said deceased. Thereupon it is ordered, That [illegible] the 8th day of November next at ten [illegible] be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Paw Paw Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A. W. NASH,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
October 8th, 1858. 4w182

### Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Van Buren, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Van Buren, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Tuesday the twelfth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight. Present, A. W. Nash, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Bump, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Mahala R. Bump, the Principal Creditor of said deceased, praying that [illegible] may be appointed Administrator of the Estate of said deceased. Thereupon it is ordered, That [illegible] the 8th day of November next at ten [illegible] be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Paw Paw Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A. W. NASH,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
October 8th, 1858. 4w182

### MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of mortgage bearing date the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1856, executed by Chas. M. Odell and Hannah R. Odell, his wife, of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, to Hiram Copland, of the same place, on the premises hereinafter described and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the county of Van Buren, State of Michigan, on the seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1856, at 8 o'clock A. M. in Liber P of mortgages, on pages 344 and 345, and which mortgage was duly assigned by said Hiram Copland to James Harris of said county of Van Buren, by an assignment dated the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1858, and recorded in the Register's office aforesaid, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1858, at 3 o'clock P. M. in Liber D, of mortgages, on pages 501 and 502, and which mortgage was afterward assigned by said James Harris to Henry W. Rhodes, of the county aforesaid by an assignment dated the tenth day of December, A. D. 1858, and recorded in the Register's office aforesaid on the tenth day of December, A. D. 1858, at half past 1 o'clock P. M. in Liber D of mortgages on page 427; and which mortgage was afterward duly assigned by said Henry W. Rhodes to Hiram Everett of the county aforesaid by an assignment dated the seventh day of July, A. D. 1858, and recorded in the Register's office, aforesaid on the eleventh day of July, A. D. 1858, at 8 o'clock P. M. in Liber E of mortgages on page 156, and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at this date, October 7th, 1858, the sum of one hundred and sixty-seven dollars and thirty-three cents, ($167,33,) being for the second and part of the third installments and interest to date, and no proceedings at law or in chancery having been instituted to recover the amount secured by said mortgage or any part thereof:

Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which power has become operative by the default aforesaid and in pursuance of the statute in such case provided the premises encumbered by said mortgage to wit: Lot number two in block number twenty-four in the village of Paw Paw, in the county of Van Buren, and State of Michigan, according to the recorded plat of said village with the appurtenances or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and cost of sale, will be sold at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder, subject to one subsequent installment of said mortgage yet to become due of one hundred dollars and interest, at the Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county, that being the place of holding the circuit court for said county on the first day of January, A. D. 1859, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy or under sheriff.

Dated October 7th, 1858.

JOHN C. EVERETT,
182-13w Assignee