

Cruc Northerner.

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN, JULY 28, 1876.

From the Lansing Republican.

No man can ever be elected president of these United States who was openly hostile to the national cause during the rebellion. Every candidate must make a recent showing of at least his patriotism in that hour of peril. Hence we see great efforts by the democratic press to qualify or cloak the words and actions of Samuel J. Tilden, and make him appear to have been a good war democrat. But his history, as well as that of Rutherford B. Hayes, his opponent, is a matter of public record.—Let us see how the two look, side by side.

Tilden refused to sign a call for a union meeting in New York city in April 1861, or to attend that meeting, just after the rebellion broke out.

Hayes went to a union meeting in Cincinnati, acted as chairman of the committee on resolutions, and immediately afterwards aided in raising the 23d Ohio regiment of infantry volunteers, was elected major thereof, and engaged in active fighting against the confederates.

Early in 1863 Tilden signed the circular calling together that band of vile opportunists, the "Society for the Diffusion of Useful Political Knowledge," which issued a platform of the blessings of human slavery and the wickedness of coercing the seceded states. Tilden was a member of the finance committee of this treacherous society and no doubt contributed to its funds.

At precisely the same period Hayes was serving with his gallant volunteers, bearing all the hardships of the common soldier, suffering from dangerous wounds, and exerting himself to the utmost for the preservation of the nation which Tilden was circulating tracts to weaken and destroy. Thus, while Tilden distributed the seeds of treason and protected the miserable system of slavery, Hayes was fighting the noblest battle of his life, and did his utmost to break down their accursed system.

At the academy of music in New York city, July 4th, 1863, a grand oration of eulogistic tenor took place, at which Tilden was present, and ex-Governor Seymour made a speech ranking with hostility to the government, and unquestionably inciting the draft riots of ten days later, in which thousands of our brave and best negroes were murdered, and Horace Greely was chased to his office and put in peril of his life.

In the same month Rutherford B. Hayes was chasing John Morran throughout Ohio and assisting in the capture of that rebel leader.

Tilden was a delegate to the democratic national convention in August, 1864, and had a place on the committee to prepare a platform, and looked up the resolution declaring the "war a failure," and demanding an immediate and shameful peace.

Hayes was then in the field, periling his life for the union cause, and making his war a grand success at Winchester and Cedar Creek, so as to bring about an honorable peace.

At the New York election in 1864 Tilden was packing caucuses, pulling wires, and stuffing ballot-boxes, as a schemer of Tammany, in order to elect the copperhead candidates.

Hayes then stood on the battle-field, refusing to leave home and his congress, as he was invited to do, and declared that any man who would take such a step at such a time "ought to be scalped."

If Tilden ever delivered a speech, wrote a letter, or gave a cent of money in aid of the union cause during the rebellion, the evidence of it is yet to be produced.

But Hayes was often in the forefront of battle, attack to his regiment throughout the war, and did not retreat in any of his battles. He was valuable that he gained a brevet as major general, and he carries to-day the scars of four wounds received in his country's service.

Which of these men has the best war record?

From the Insurance Times, May, 1876.

Reformers, even those who prove effective, are divided into two wholly distinct classes.—There are those who are devoted to the reform they advocate from purely patriotic and unselfish motives, and there are those who take up the cry of reform with the view of winning the confidence and applause of the people, and thus riding into place and power. Reform with the latter is merely the ladder of their ambition. They sometimes introduce and carry forward a reform with great activity, boldness and zeal, but yet, as their motives are impure, and their professions insincere, they are untrustworthy and dangerous, for they only await an opportunity to profit by a desertion of their cause, or by certain circumstances, they will be found to have been in the rear.

There are times when men of his stamp, if they imagine that the eye of the public is not on them, will betray their true nature. We once had occasion to observe Governor Tilden under temptation of this kind, and we regret to state that he strunk and slunk away from his duty. We refer to his desertion of the people's cause when George W. Miller, ex-Superintendent of Banks, was tried by the Legislature of this State for extortion and malfeasance in office. The guilt of the delinquent superintendent far exceeded that of the fraudulent contractors in the canal rings. The effects of their corrupt practices, and the appropriation of the people's money and the immoral influence which corruption always exerts. But George W. Miller's outrageous abuse of his authority and power nearly ruined one of the greatest reforms of the century, brought poverty and desolation to countless hearths and homes, and many years must elapse before its evil results will cease to be felt. Mr. Tilden knew these facts perfectly well, and he knew that the accused was a reformer. He felt that it was the duty of the Legislature to expel the offender from his office, but instead of fulfilling his part like an upright man and genuine reformer, when the vote was about to be taken, he consented to the delay, and the assembly hid away in the cloak-room, and did not return until George W. Miller's fate was decided.

Tilden did not dare appear openly in the guilty superintendent's favor, for fear that his political rivals and opponents should quote his vote against him and expose his inconsistency, and yet as Miller had at that time still powerful friends in the Democratic party, and was always willing to do its dirty work, Tilden was equally anxious not to excite his hostility.—Tilden was therefore trimming with his nearest ally. He had watched the committee's proceedings, and listened attentively to the debates in the House, knew how necessary it was for the preservation of insurance companies from exhaustive oppression and the insurance department from utter demoralization and disgrace, that Miller should be punished, and was accordingly severe, and we therefore demand what right had he, a professed reformer, to run away in this case from his manifest duty? The truth is that he is a great and ostentatious reformer when reform pays, and he can manufacture political capital out of it, even to the extent of securing the nomination for the Presidency of the United States. But, we ask, is a sham reformer and trimmer worthy of that exalted position?

To further test Gov. Tilden's sincerity, and to ascertain whether he is superior or entirely subject to merely party considerations in his nominations for office, we appealed to him to appoint to the vacant State Insurance Superintendent the man who is admitted by all impartial minds, who understand the subject, to be in every respect the fittest for the place.—But Gov. Tilden could not rise so high as to a practical independence of party, and a determination to consult the people's interest at the hazard of giving offence to his political partisans, and the opportunity was lost. He is evidently a man with whom selfish and party expediency rules supreme, and with whom a

profession of patriotism and principle is used merely as a means to secure the object of his ambition. We have had such Presidents as Adams, before, and the country suffered too much by them to desire a repetition of their venal and obnoxious rule. Gov. Tilden's chances of becoming President of the United States are very slim and poor.

The "Midsummer Holiday Number" of Scribner is an attempt at something new on the part of the publisher, who announces that all the care that is usually bestowed upon the Christmas issue has gone to the making of a weather number. The subjects dealt with have an out-of-door interest and the illustrations of which there are nearly one hundred are quite in sympathy with the text. There are five articles of summer travel: the localities described are in the Colorado, Nova Scotia, the city of Trier on the Mosel, and Hyde-and-Seek Town, a New England summer resort of great attractiveness, the true name of which is left to be guessed. John Burroughs writes his own delightful language about Birds, and Miss Bridges, whose bird-paintings have been so much admired in New York, has made her first wood-drawings to illustrate this article. There are also several short stories in the number. "The Living Mummy" by Tourgenieff, the Russian novelist, which it is believed has not before appeared in English, and "Crawford's Consistency," by Henry James Jr. Of the "Ladies' Friends" is a comedy by Bret Harte's "Gabriel Conroy" is concluded (this being the tenth installment), and Fannie Hodgson Burnett's "That Lass o' Lowrie's," a story of English mining life, is begun. The "Whimsy" series are R. H. Stoddard's Centennial Ode entitled "Hesperia Civitatis," and "The Flood of Years" by William Cullen Bryant, both remarkable poems; with shorter pieces by Mrs. Thaxter, T. B. Aldrich, "H. H.," and others. In the Editorial Department, Dr. Holland writes about "The Manufacture of Doctors," "The Social Evil," and the summer songs, etc.; "Home and New York" has hints from the "Lips near New York" which are continually visited, and there are some bright bits of humor in the department of "Bric-a-Brac."

The publishers claim that this is "the most beautiful number of a magazine ever published in the country," and offer it for one-half the price asked for other first-class editions to the "glories of the Centennial year."

The deadly effects of ice-water, says the New York Times, are particularly noticeable just at the present. When an overheated man desires an article of refreshment, there is no pain which he could devise which would be better adapted to secure the end desired than that of drinking water of, or below, the temperature of thirty-two degrees. Yet this is precisely what many of our so-called temperance advocates are continually doing. It is sufficiently irrational and dangerous for men to drink brandy and whiskey in hot weather, but it is a question whether ardent spirits are really more immediately dangerous to health than are the beverages which even the most earnest "temperance" pour into their astonished and indignant stomachs.

Water is undoubtedly the most wholesome beverage which we can use, but there is a vast difference between water at a safe and natural temperature and the ice-water which alone satisfies the abnormal cravings of the American throat. Let us by all means drink water, but let us decline to endanger our health and degrade ourselves below the level of the beasts by drinking immoderate quantities of ice-water. There is not a single animal—except man—which ever drinks water from a wooden bucket. The ordinary water of the hydrant and the faucet satisfies the thirst of the wild elephant and the domestic cat. Poor fallen human nature, on the contrary, looms for the best she has ever put on wood.—Is supplemented by several other beautiful engravings. These make a prominent feature of the number, but, in reading it through, the children will visit almost every imaginable realm of pleasure. With the "Queen of the Middle" they will descend underground; with "Little Dame Dot" they will go sailing through the air. Coia Thaxter's story of "The Bear at Appleton," and the great variety and uniform excellence of its illustrations are indeed remarkable. All classes of articles are represented, anecdote, adventure, description, sentiment, fun, fancy; and each representative is worthy to rank among the best of its kind.

Miss Lucy Larson's "Midsummer and the Poets" is, in purpose, taste, and execution, wholly admirable and delightful. Its choice selections from the best poems of Midsummer, will reveal its young readers all the natural beauties of the season; its wise remarks and allusions will help them to understand and appreciate true poetry. Miss Edelia Bridges is the one artist to illustrate a paper on the poetry of Midsummer; and her drawing—one of the best she has ever put on wood—is supplemented by several other beautiful engravings. These make a prominent feature of the number, but, in reading it through, the children will visit almost every imaginable realm of pleasure. With the "Queen of the Middle" they will descend underground; with "Little Dame Dot" they will go sailing through the air. Coia Thaxter's story of "The Bear at Appleton," and the great variety and uniform excellence of its illustrations are indeed remarkable. All classes of articles are represented, anecdote, adventure, description, sentiment, fun, fancy; and each representative is worthy to rank among the best of its kind.

The Midsummer Holiday Number of Saint Nicholas for August, is probably the very finest issue of a children's magazine ever published anywhere. It is called the "Midsummer Holiday Number," and in make-up and contents is specially adapted to the season; and the great variety and uniform excellence of its illustrations are indeed remarkable. All classes of articles are represented, anecdote, adventure, description, sentiment, fun, fancy; and each representative is worthy to rank among the best of its kind.

For additional Testimonials, Circulars, and Terms to Agents, to whom we allow

LARGE DISCOUNTS.

Address H. O. MORELL, SON & CO., Manufacturer's Agents, 144 N. 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. P. O. Box, 2531. 1112m

Fruit and Vegetable Dryer.

The Best and Cheapest Fruit Dryer adapted to farm use, now in Market.

Dries all kind of Fruits and Vegetables perfectly, in from one to two hours. One of these Dryers can be seen at Free & Martin's hardware store Paw Paw, Mich., or on Jacob Weisler's farm Pine Grove township, Van Buren Co., Michigan, who are agents for Berrien and Van Buren Co's. Parties wishing a Dryer, farm right, township right, or a county right, can procure either through the agents above named.

I am prepared to furnish parties with a Dryer, to dry from one to twenty-five bushels per day. For price and descriptive circulars, inquire of the agents, or address, J. O. BUTTON, Hopkins, Allegan Co., Mich. 1109m*

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage of mortgage, bearing date the fifth day of September, A. D. 1871, executed by Byron Teal and his wife, Nancy B. Teal, of the township of Bloomington, Van Buren county, state of Michigan, to Pembroke S. Grimes, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Van Buren county, state of Michigan, in Liber No. five, on page 594, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1871, and the amount claimed to be thereon at the date of this notice being two hundred and sixty three dollars and forty two cents (\$263.42) including an attorney fee of twenty five dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount now due and unpaid and secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, now notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1876, at the front door of the Court house, in the village of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, state of Michigan, as follows, to-wit: commencing ten (10) rods south of the north-west corner of the west half of the north-west fractional quarter of section eighteen (18) thence east eleven (11) rods, thence south to a point fifty (50) feet north of the center of the track of the Kalamazoo and South Haven railroad, thence in a westerly direction parallel with said railroad to the center of the highway, thence north to the place of beginning, the said premises being in the village of Bear Lake, in the aforesaid township, county and state.

Dated July 21st, 1876. 111313
PEMBROKE S. GRIMES, Mortgagee.

For best Photographs go to the Excelsior Gallery of James H. Prater.

Order for Appearance.—State of Michigan, Ninth Judicial Circuit.—In Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Van Buren, in Chancery, at Paw Paw, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1876. George E. Tuttle, complainant, vs. Lyman Rockwell, Martin Rockwell, Hoses Rockwell, Mary A. Rockwell and Henry Rockwell, defendants. In this cause it appearing from affidavits on file, that the defendant Henry Rockwell, not a resident of this State, but is a resident of the state of New York. On motion of Richards & Mills, Complainant's Solicitors, it is ordered, that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, Henry Rockwell, be entered herein, within three months from the date of said order, and in case of his appearance he shall cause his answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitors, within fifteen days after service on him of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said Bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the following manner: A newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein, once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or at least twice a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

O. W. ROWLAND, Circuit Court Com'ry, Van Buren Co., Michigan. 111316
RICHARDS & MILLS, Complainant's Solicitor.

SAVE \$30

BY BUYING THE CELEBRATED

New Reliable Shuttle

SEWING MACHINE.

The most important labor-saving invention of the age. We take pleasure in referring to the fact of its

Remarkable Success,

And that it is fully adequate to all the varied necessities of the household, and we are continually receiving the most substantial and satisfactory assurance that it is fully appreciated. This warrants us in claiming for it unquestionable superiority as a

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

Its simplicity, lightness in running, and certainty with which it operates, making an even, smooth stitch (alike on both sides); a straight shuttle; a straight needle; a self-adjusting tension; and all the advantages claimed by high-priced machines, and sold for less than one-half the price asked for other first-class SHUTTLE MACHINES, makes us confident that if you will give the

NEW RELIABLE SHUTTLE.

A fair trial in competition with other machines it will have the preference.

If you wish a pleasant and profitable business, an agency for the sale of our machines presents an unequalled opportunity for making money. Read the following Testimonial, and send to us for further particulars.

NORTHFIELD, Des Moines Co., Iowa, June 15, 1874.

H. O. MORELL, SON & CO.:

I am very much pleased with my machine, and would be very loth to part with it. I have had it most a year now, and have done most every kind of sewing on it, and a good deal of it too. I have never broken a needle or had any trouble with it. We have another machine here, but I never saw one if since I bought your machine, because yours runs so much lighter. Yours respectfully,

M. M. DARLINGTON.

For additional Testimonials, Circulars, and Terms to Agents, to whom we allow

LARGE DISCOUNTS.

Address H. O. MORELL, SON & CO., Manufacturer's Agents, 144 N. 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. P. O. Box, 2531. 1112m

Fruit and Vegetable Dryer.

The Best and Cheapest Fruit Dryer adapted to farm use, now in Market.

Dries all kind of Fruits and Vegetables perfectly, in from one to two hours. One of these Dryers can be seen at Free & Martin's hardware store Paw Paw, Mich., or on Jacob Weisler's farm Pine Grove township, Van Buren Co., Michigan, who are agents for Berrien and Van Buren Co's. Parties wishing a Dryer, farm right, township right, or a county right, can procure either through the agents above named.

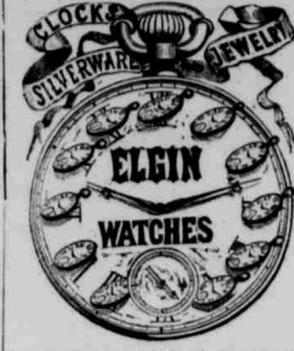
I am prepared to furnish parties with a Dryer, to dry from one to twenty-five bushels per day. For price and descriptive circulars, inquire of the agents, or address, J. O. BUTTON, Hopkins, Allegan Co., Mich. 1109m*

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage of mortgage, bearing date the fifth day of September, A. D. 1871, executed by Byron Teal and his wife, Nancy B. Teal, of the township of Bloomington, Van Buren county, state of Michigan, to Pembroke S. Grimes, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Van Buren county, state of Michigan, in Liber No. five, on page 594, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1871, and the amount claimed to be thereon at the date of this notice being two hundred and sixty three dollars and forty two cents (\$263.42) including an attorney fee of twenty five dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount now due and unpaid and secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, now notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1876, at the front door of the Court house, in the village of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, state of Michigan, as follows, to-wit: commencing ten (10) rods south of the north-west corner of the west half of the north-west fractional quarter of section eighteen (18) thence east eleven (11) rods, thence south to a point fifty (50) feet north of the center of the track of the Kalamazoo and South Haven railroad, thence in a westerly direction parallel with said railroad to the center of the highway, thence north to the place of beginning, the said premises being in the village of Bear Lake, in the aforesaid township, county and state.

Dated July 21st, 1876. 111313
PEMBROKE S. GRIMES, Mortgagee.

For best Photographs go to the Excelsior Gallery of James H. Prater.



In anticipation of the wants of our customers we have purchased and now have in stock a fine assortment of

WATCHES,

Gold and Silver, of all makes and patterns, in Key and Stem Winders, and suitable for every person.

CHAINS.

In the above class we have all the latest novelties for both Ladies and Gents wear, and of all prices and qualities.

JEWELRY.

In the line of Jewelry we can please each and every one. For the Ladies we have everything that is new and novel in Gold and Plated Sets.

RINGS

Of every description, embracing many new designs.

CUFF BUTTONS, STUDS AND GENTS PINS.

In endless variety, both Gold and Plated.

Locketts, Necklaces, Charms Crosses, Emblem Pins, Seals, Bracelets, Gold and Jet.

STERLING SILVER WARE.

All Patterns in Napkin Rings, Butter and Fruit Knives, Tea and Table Spoons, Cream Spoons, Sugar Shells, Mustard Spoons, Thimbles, etc.

SILVER PLATED WARE

Every article in this class, that is manufactured, we have in stock, in different patterns to suit all.

COLD PENS.

Just received a large invoice of H. M. SMITH & CO'S CELEBRATED MAKE, acknowledged to be the best manufactured in the country.

EVERY PEN WARRANTED.

We have these goods in all sizes, and also Gold, Silver, Ebony, Pearl, Rubber and Ivory Holders, both in Ladies and Gents Pencils and Pen Holders, Tooth Picks, etc.

Spectacles a Specialty.

Every make in Gold, Silver, Rubber and Steel Bows, Eye Glasses, etc.

Musical Merchandise.

A full line of Musical Merchandise kept in stock. We guarantee to suit the purchaser of our goods in regard to price.

CALIFORNIA.

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the West and North-West, and with its numerous branches and connections forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, California and the Western Territories.

Omaha and California Line

Is the shortest and best route for all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, Idaho, and Australia.

Chicago, Madison and St Paul Line

Is the short line for Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the Great Northwest.

Winona and St. Peter Line

Is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Shakopee, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in Southern and Central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette Line

Is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country.

Freeport and Dubuque Line

Is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport.

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha to Milwaukee.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all through trains of this road. This is the only line running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

CHANCERY SALE.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree made by the Circuit Court for the County of Van Buren, in Chancery, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Truman Olin is complainant and John M. Bidlon, Sarah M. Bidlon and Rufus Tilton are defendants, bearing date the 23d day of June, A. D. 1875, I shall sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county of Van Buren, on Friday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1876, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: the undivided one-half of the south part of the south east quarter of section nine, in town three south of range fifteen west, bounded as commencing at a point twenty two (22) rods west of the south east corner of said section nine, and running thence west, on section line, to the quarter post, one hundred and thirty eight (138) rods, thence north, on quarter line, ninety (90) rods, thence east one hundred and thirty eight rods, thence south ninety six rods, to the place of beginning, containing about eighty three acres, excepting therefrom one and one half acre, theretofore conveyed, on the north part thereof, to John Foreman and Mary Carberry, also, excepting a strip of land thirteen (13) rods in width, from the north side of said lot, commencing at a post set at the south west corner of the lot owned and occupied by J. M. Bidlon as his residence; and thence running thence west, parallel with the north line of said lot, to the quarter line of said section nine, dated Paw Paw, July 5th, 1876. 111047

ORAN W. ROWLAND, Circuit Court Commissioner, for Van Buren Co., Mich. RICHARDS & MILLS, Compt's Sol'rs.

VAN AUKEN & CO.

For a short time only, For a short time only, For a short time only.

AT COST AT COST

Ten per cent. below Cost. Ten per cent. below Cost.

20 per cent. below Cost.

A. VAN AUKEN & CO.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Macatawa, in the State of Michigan, in a cause wherein Julius Hoyt and Henry N. Lewis are plaintiffs, and Jackson Hunt, William Potter Jr., and James Ford are defendants, and bearing date the eleventh day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and to me directed and delivered, I have seized and levied upon all the right, title and interest of William Potter Jr., in and to the following described real estate situated in the County of Van Buren, and state of Michigan, which I shall expose for sale and sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Van Buren County Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, on Monday, the thirty-first day of July next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy said execution with interest and costs, to-wit: one-half of the north-east quarter of section number thirty-five, in township one south, of range number thirteen west, and containing eighty acres more or less.

Dated June 13th, 1876. 110717
JOHN E. SHOWERMAN, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Van Buren, in the State of Michigan, in a cause wherein Samuel Rogers, is plaintiff, and Samuel A. Trippe and James Curran, are defendants, and bearing date the second day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and to me directed and delivered, I have seized and levied upon all the right, title and interest of James Curran, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the County of Van Buren, and State of Michigan, which I shall expose for sale and sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Van Buren County Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, on Monday, the thirty-first day of July next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, or so much as will be necessary to satisfy said execution with interest and costs, to-wit: All that part of the north-west fractional quarter of section one (1) which lies south of the north branch of the south Black river, in township one (1) south, of range seventeen (17) west, also the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section six, in town one south, of range fifteen west; also the south-east quarter of section seven, and north-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section seven, and north half of south-east quarter of section eighteen, in town one south, of range fifteen west, in Van Buren County, Michigan.

June 7, 1876. 110718
JOHN E. SHOWERMAN, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of four hundred and seventy-three dollars on which is claimed to be due at the date hereon a mortgage dated October 1st, 1874, executed by Winter Griffin, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, of the first part, to Norman N. Gardner, of Bronson, Branch County, Michigan, of the second part, and recorded in the Register's office of Van Buren County, Michigan, on October sixth, A. D. 1874, in Liber 11 of Mortgages, on page 249. Notice is hereby given that the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: Lots numbered five (5) and four (4) in Block numbered one (1) in the addition to the village of Mattawan, Van Buren County, Michigan, will be sold at public auction, on Tuesday, the third day of October, A. D. 1876, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county of Van Buren, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and all legal costs and an attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage.

Dated July 1st, 1876. 1110413
NORMAN N. GARDNER, Mortgagee. LOVEDAY & BARLOW, Att'ys for Mortgagee.

CHANCERY SALE.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree in the Circuit Court for the County of Van Buren, in Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made on the 25th day of January, 1876, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Owen H. Marks is complainant, and Chasmaney D. Eschbach and others are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in Paw Paw, in said County, at one o'clock P. M. on Saturday, the eighth day of July, 1876, the following described real estate situated in the County of Van Buren, and State of Michigan, to-wit: The south-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section seven, in township three south of range fifteen west, containing three acres more or less.

Dated Paw Paw, May 25th, 1876. ORAN W. ROWLAND, Circuit Court Commissioner, for Van Buren Co., Mich. RICHARDS & MILLS, Compt's Sol'rs. 111047

Ladies' and Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, Boots and Shoes.

Furnishing Goods, Trimmings, etc.

Dress Goods

In immense quantities to be sacrificed.

DRY GOODS

For a limited number of