EVERYTHING indicates red-hot weather, a red-hot campaign, and a red-hot business for Broughton's Busy "B" Store. One of our business makers is a lot of "Log Cabin" Slippers. Please do not associate the name with anything political, as these slippers were designed by a philanthropist who is not a politician. They fit the sore spots of the average Democratic foot as well as the tender foot of the Republican.

THESE SLIPPERS are made for all kinds of feet, from the foot of the little fellow who will not vote for seventeen years, up to the foot of the man who has voted for every President from Andrew Jackson down. They are also made of all sizes, for little girls, misses and full grown women.

BROUGHTON'S Log Cabin Remedies are bound to be popular with everyone except the manufacturers of corn and bunion cures—it means absolute ruin to their business.

WE WOULD be pleased to have every reader of the Northerner call and try on a pair. It makes one feel better just to try them on.

OUR SYSTEM of Free Schools is a source of pride to every patriotic American. We are proud of all our school houses, even the little red school houses—the pioneers of the better one of to-day. And speaking of pride and school houses, we are proud of the

LITTLE RED SCHOOL HOUSE SHOE—Young America's best-looking, best fitting and best-wearing shoe. We recommend it and stand back of it with both feet.

BY-THE-WAY, the Red School House People have issued a very neat little card to puzzle the young folks, though grown people have been puzzled for a long time to find as good a shoe for their little men and women as these Red School House Shoes at Broughton's; they may enjoy being puzzled some more if they drop in and get a puzzle, or send the little tots after one.

OUR SHOE MAN wishes to call the attention of the Northerner readers to Broughton's line of $5 shoes for men. Their style, shape and finish recommend them to gentlemen who enjoy wearing stylish, durable and easy-fitting shoes.

ANOTHER Specialty of Broughton's is a New Summer Shoe for men—just between a high and a low shoe, with all the advantages of a low shoe and none of the objectionable features. Made of soft, bright, elastic, and at the same time, tough leather, it is sightly and durable, cool and easy. This shoe does not suffer the hosiery to be soiled, as does the old-time low shoe, and as a "beau-ti-fyer" of the male foot it is a success.

BROUGHTON'S $2 SHOE for women enjoys the full measure of its old-time popularity. The material is the best obtainable, the style is equal to any of the high-priced shoes, and the fit is all that could be desired. This shoe, on the common sense last, with low heels and wide toes, makes life endurable. Whoever buys this shoe gets $2 worth of solid, wear-resisting leather in exchange for his two dollars.

ANY MAN who desires to invest $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 or $3.00 in reliable footwear will do himself good if he but looks through Broughton's shoe stock. It will pay him also to look at our warm weather specialties, such as Canvas Shoes, Rubber-soled Tennis Shoes, and other helps to comfort.

A HUNT IN FRANCE.

DESCRIPTION OF A RIDE AFTER THE HOUNDS IN FAIR TOURAINE.

A Visit to the Kennels—A Bit of Breakfast—The Meet and the Start—Death of the Fox—A Souvenir of the Hunt. A Feast.

My chief enjoyment here is a daily visit to the kennels. M. de Marolles has the finest pack of hounds for fifty miles round, and the pride he takes in them is unbounded. There is the keeper of the hounds, who considers himself very nearly, if not quite, as good as his master, and you have to ask this great personage's permission before being allowed to visit his charges, which, when he is in good humor, he will show off with as much pride as a mother her first baby. These dogs have as regular meal hours as the chateau guests, and their food is prepared with the greatest of care, and only given them in certain portions. No race horse could have more attention than these hounds, and their coats are as glossy and sleek as any finely groomed colt's.

A few days after my arrival I was told to prepare for a hunt the following morning, and as this would be my first experience in the hunting field my excitement was intense. At 6 o'clock on the morning set for the event, I was roused from my sleep by a loud noise, and a few moments after, Celine, my maid, came hurriedly in with my warm water, saying that the breakfast gong had just sounded and that the horses were already in the court yard. It did not take me very long to don my habit, and I was down in the dining hall almost as early as the others. The gentlemen wore their pink coats, with bright horns slung over the shoulders, their short riding breeches were of tan colored corduroy, and with high boots and spurs they looked ready for anything. The ladies wore the usual riding habit, but made very short, hardly covering the tip of a patent leather boot; we all wore spurs, as well as our escorts, and soft felt hats to match our habits.

A BIT OF BREAKFAST.

This morning's dejeuner was a very different one from the general first breakfast, as we could not tell at what hour we would be able to lunch. There were cold meats and eggs in every style, besides a cutlet for any one who desired it. The gentlemen, I noticed, drank wine this morning, instead of their cafe au lait.

The meet was to be at the four cross roads in the forest, so we did not have far to ride. Those of the chateau party who did not care to follow on horseback came on more slowly in carts and high carriages. Such a merry cavalcade as left Montpoupon! Each one was in the happiest of spirits, the air whizzed past us with exhilarating keenness; the delightful sensation of being in the saddle made us all ready to enjoy ourselves to the top of our bent.

Every one knows what a meet is; how, as you draw nearer, you catch sight of the many bright coats moving slowly to and fro, and see a motley crowd of carriages and horsemen in a confused group, while, a little apart, the hounds can be discerned, guarded by the whips; how people come from miles around to attend; and how delightful the few moments' chat is before the start. The dogs, even, seemed to know that good sport lay before them, and it was all the piqueur could do to hold them in leash; and when, at last, the signal was given which set them free, the howl of joy they sent up was almost pitiful. The fox broke the right way, and off we galloped, soon becoming scattered, as each took the cross road he believed to be the best; over fallen trees, across ditches, and through brush, now and then leaping a stream that wound through the forest; then having a good strip of level ground where we could put our horses on their mettle; and then a halt to listen to the rallying horns, and off again in hot pursuit.

DOWNED THE FOX.

We had a run of very nearly two hours before we downed the fox, as the dogs lost the scent at one time and led us a chase over many useless miles. My cousin and I were in at the death, and drew straws for the brush. I was fortunate enough to win it, and a few days later it was presented to me handsomely mounted in silver, as a souvenir of my first hunt in fair France. The horns sounded the poor fox's end, and very shortly the stragglers had gathered round to see the dogs take their reward.

We were invited to breakfast—it was lunch, really—with Baron de Lastours, whose place lay nearest us, and a ride of four miles brought us to Chateau Montjoi, the baron's residence. It was a dear little place, not pretentious in any respect, surrounded by beautiful grounds, and built far more for comfort than for show. The stables were even finer than the so called chateau—it did not deserve such a grand name—and for a while before the dejeuner, we admired the many fine horses which were our host's weaknesses.

In a bright and airy dining room we found covers laid for about forty, and it did not take much urging to make us sit down to the inviting repast. There were not places at table for all, so a number stood about the room, which added to the merriment and did away with all ceremony. Of course, we were served with everything that any gourmet could desire, and for the first time during my visit in France I saw champagne drunk in preference to any other wine. I afterward learned it was decidedly a hunt breakfast beverage.—"L'Americaine" in the Argonaut.

The Dog Washing Profession.

There are all sorts of ways of earning a living in a big city. One of the most recent that has come to my notice is that of dog washing. There is a Frenchman here who makes a comfortable income by washing dogs. He has a graded scale of prices, and is as busy as he can be all day long. For large dogs, St. Bernards, mastiffs and Newfoundlands, he gets $1 for each washing; for setters, collies and dogs of that size, seventy-five cents; and for pups and other toy dogs, fifty cents. He has his own towels, combs and brushes, but the owners of the dogs supply the soap. As most dog soaps are expensive, and as it takes nearly a cake to wash a St. Bernard, this is a wise arrangement. He also makes a speciality of destroying fleas on dogs, but for this he asks a special price, as it is a tedious job, for he catches them flea by flea, and, as every one knows, this is no mean task. A few years ago people not only did not keep dogs to the extent they do now, but they did not take the same care of them, and there were very few who would have spent fifty cents or $1 a week for dog washing. Now there are any number who are very glad to get it done for the price. In the eyes of a dog lover there is nothing more melancholy than an uncared for dog.—New York Letter.

No More Peacock Feathers.

Until within a few years only a small number of even the wealthiest persons, especially in America, felt that they could afford to include peacocks among their pets. The feathers were costly, and every woman prided herself upon the possession of a few in her bonnet. If she were fortunate enough to have a fan made of these feathers she felt proud indeed. Gradually, as the hunters secured larger quantities, wealthy people began to use them for decorative purposes. Elegant screens, some with the feathers spread thinly on a cloth surface, and others, which were more costly, with the feathers closely sewed together; fans with silver handles, sofa cushions and chair seats were made of the brilliant plumage. The feathers were even used in the decoration of walls, and for friezes and dadoes.

But suddenly, and apparently without cause, the demand ceased. The feathers that had previously been the joy of the owner, were looked upon with distaste and pronounced out of fashion. They were ruthlessly torn from the hats they had adorned, from walls and screens, and thrown into the rubbish heaps.

Whence came this sudden and unexplained dislike? The reporter was told that an ancient superstition to the effect that peacocks and peacocks' feathers were sure to bring bad luck to their owner had been revived and had brought about the downfall of the fashion. He made inquiries at the stores where peacock feathers were formerly supplied, and found that the demand for them had ceased entirely. At Tiffany's it was said that they had not sold a fan or screen of peacock feathers for several years. Customers never ask for them. The reporter was informed at other houses that feathers that formerly sold at high prices can now be obtained for twenty-five, fifty and seventy-five cents a bunch. A number of importers said that they were used very little.—New York Sun.

The Instinct of Leadership.

While, to make a great captain, all the mental and physical qualities must exist in the greatest possible strength, varieties of these in combination, to a greater or less degree, have been possessed by generals of less or greater repute in the world's history, and the number and intensity of these qualifications in the combination give the general his relative place in the list of great soldiers. Some generals are only brilliant upon the battlefield, and some even only in particular phases of a battle, though they may possess certain qualities of a great leader to an extent which amounts, in its way, to an exhibition of genius as great as any great captain has ever shown.

The particular quality which made Napoleon seize the colors and incite his troops to follow him at the bridge of Arcola is well worthy of attention as being, at times, a most important factor in a battle. Alexander and Henry of Navarre, were leaders whose personal power on the battle field may be said to have directly influenced many of their victories. Many of Napoleon's lieutenants had this instinct of leadership; Lannes and Massena to an eminent degree. Washington showed it in the power of his personal presence to change a retreat into an attack, and Scott made a brilliant display of it at the battle of Lundy's Lane. The civil war shows but little of this divine gift. Gen. C. F. Smith may be said to have had the genius of battle highly developed in him, as was conspicuously shown at the battle of Fort Donelson. It is not always given to genius to succeed in these efforts. Napoleon failed at the battle of Arcola, though it is possible that the desperate fighting around his person on the causeway kept the enemy closely employed until another force had taken the town in rear, and that, therefore, his act secured his great victory.—Gen. "Baldy" Smith in North American Review.

Calls for Domestic Animals.

In controling the movements of domestic animals by the voice, besides words of ordinary import, man uses a variety of peculiar terms, calls and inarticulate sounds—not to include whistling—which vary in different localities. In driving yoked cattle and harnessed horses, teamsters cry "get up," "click, click" (tongue against teeth), "gee," "haw," "whoa," "whoosh," "back," etc., in English speaking countries; "arre," "arri," "juh," "gio," etc., in European countries. In the United States "gee" directs the animals away from the driver, hence to the right; but in England the same term has the opposite effect, because the driver walks on the right hand side of his team. In Virginia, mule drivers gee the animals with the cry "hey-yee-ee-a." In Norfolk, England, "whooshwo;" in France, "hue" and "huhaut;" in Germany, "hott" and "hotte;" in some parts of Russia "haita"—serve the same purpose. To direct animals to the left, another series of terms is used. In calling cattle in the field, the following cries are used in the localities given: "boss, boss," "sake, sake" (Connecticut); "coo, coo" (Virginia); "sook, sook," also "sookey" (Maryland); "sookow" (Alabama); "tion, tion" (Russia); and for calling horses, "kope, kope" (Maryland and Alabama); for calling sheep, "konanny" (Maryland); for calling hogs, "chee-oo-oo" (Virginia).—Science.

Cliff Dwellings of Morocco.

It was not until last year that the Moors would permit any examination of the cliff dwellings which have long been known to exist some days' journey southwest of the city of Morocco. This strange city of the cave dwellers is almost exactly like some of those in New Mexico and other territories which archæologists have explored. The dwellings were dug out of the solid rock and many of them are over 200 feet above the bottom of the valley. The face of the cliff is in places perpendicular, and it is believed that the troglodytes could have reached their dwellings only with the aid of rope ladders. Some of the dwellings contain three rooms, the largest of which is about 17x7 feet, and the walls of the larger rooms are generally pierced by windows. Nothing is known as to who these cave dwellers were.—New York Sun.

Electric Signals for Army Scouts.

Briefly, the scheme is this. The scouts or signal officers carry in their knapsacks six small incandescent lights of the different primary colors. These are connected by a very fine wire with a small battery in the knapsack. Attached to the small globes that inclose the lights is a very small oval electric motor, operated by an independent battery. When one scout wishes to communicate with another he sends one globe high into the air and then turns on the electric fluid that illuminates it. By the use of the different colored globes and by combinations a conversation of any length can be carried on at night at long distances. The invention will be patented in Europe, and an effort will be made to introduce it into the difference European armies, as well as into this country.—Philadelphia Press.

The Van Buren county republicans have made theirs the banner county in the Michigan republican column, but are not content to rest where they are. They are about the first in the field with a pole-raising and have gone to work with a will for still greater victories. They are having good fruits for their work, too, with some notable converts from the party of Cleveland and the Mills bill, which proposes a sixty-eight per cent tariff on sugar, but does not propose that Michigan farmers shall be allowed to grow wool. The voters will see about that.—*Kal. Tel.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and Positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Bartram & Millington.

LEGAL NOTICES.

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan, County of Van Buren—ss.

At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, holden at the probate office in the village of Paw Paw, on Monday, the 16th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight: Present, Hon. Orrin N. Hilton, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Edward P. Roberts, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Leonard Chamberlin, administrator of said estate, praying for reasons therein set forth that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell the real estate of said deceased, in said petition described.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 20th day of August, 1888, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the TRUE NORTHERNER, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for four successive weeks at least previous to said day of hearing.

3935o43 ORRIN N. HILTON, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE OF DRAIN LETTING.—Notice is hereby given that I, Albert A. Fosdick, Township Drain Commissioner of the township of Almena, county of Van Buren, state of Michigan, will, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1888, at the residence of Charles Hudson in said township of Almena, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, proceed to receive bids for the construction of a certain drain known as the Hudson and Slack drain, located in said township of Almena and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on lands owned by Charles Hudson, on section 21, township 2 south of range 13 west, and running north 46½° west 6 chains, thence north 25° west 14 chains, thence west 5 chains to highway on west line of section 21, thence north along roadside to Paw Paw river. Said job will be let by sections or divisions. The section at the outlet of drain will be let first, and the remaining sections in their order up stream, in accordance with the diagram now on file with other papers pertaining to said drain. Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidder giving adequate security for the performance of the work in a sum to be fixed by me. The date for the completion of such contracts and the terms of payment therefor shall be announced at the time and place of letting.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1888.

A. A. FOSDICK,
Township Drain Commissioner of the Township of Almena. 39t2o40

NOTICE OF DRAIN LETTING.—Notice is hereby given that I, Albert A. Fosdick, Township Drain Commissioner of the township of Almena, county of Van Buren, state of Michigan, will, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1888, at the residence of Richard Lewis, in said township of Almena, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to receive bids for the construction of a certain drain known as the O'Rourke and Lewis drain, located in the said township of Almena and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on east line of lands owned by Richard Lewis, 8 27-100 chains south of north-east corner and 4 feet west of east line, on section 16, and running north on same line and section on lands owned by O'Rourke to Paw Paw river, total length of line being 24½ chains. Said job will be let by sections or divisions. The section at the outlet of drain will be let first, and the remaining sections in their order up stream, in accordance with the diagram now on file with other papers pertaining to said drain. Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidder giving adequate security for the performance of the work in a sum to be fixed by me. The date for the completion of such contracts and the terms of payment therefor shall be announced at the time and place of letting.

Dated this 16th day of July, A. D. 1888.

A. A. FOSDICK,
Township Drain Commissioner for the Township of Almena. 39t2o40

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan, County of Van Buren—ss.

At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, holden at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Friday, the 23d day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight: Present, Hon. Orrin N. Hilton, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary M. Curtis deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of William Curtis, husband of said deceased, praying for reasons therein stated that administration of said estate be granted to said petitioner or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 23d day of July, 1888, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the TRUE NORTHERNER, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for three successive weeks at least previous to said day of hearing.

36t4o39 ORRIN N. HILTON, Judge of Probate.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain transcript writ of fieri facias, issued out of and under the seal of the circuit court for the county of Van Buren and to me directed and delivered, bearing date the fifth day of April, A. D. 1888, wherein Joseph Cohn is plaintiff and Johnson Parsons is defendant, I did, on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1888, levy upon and seize all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant, in and to the following described real estate, situate in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, to-wit: Lot eight (8), in block five (5), town four (4) south of range fourteen (14) west, Clark's addition to the village of Decatur; which said lands and premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said execution and all legal costs, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, as the law directs, at the front door of the court house in the village of Paw Paw in said county of Van Buren, (said court house being the place of holding the circuit court in and for said county, on Saturday, the 18th day of August, A. D. 1888, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Dated June 30th, 1888. 37t7o43

JOHN G. TODD, Sheriff of Van Buren County.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a mortgage made by John B. Syke and Elizabeth Syke his wife to John den Bleyker, executor of the last will and testament of Paulus den Bleyker, deceased, of Kalamazoo, Mich., dated January 23d, 1885, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1885, in liber 25 of mortgages at page 614, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and thirty-eight and 34-100 dollars (838.34) and an attorney's fee of fifteen dollars provided by statute, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, September 22d, A. D. 1888, at one o'clock in the afternoon, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the village of Paw Paw in the county of Van Buren [that being the place where the circuit court for Van Buren county is holden], the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with eight per cent interest and all legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of fifteen dollars as provided by statute, the premises being described in said mortgage as all that piece or parcel of land lying and being situate in the township of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the south-east corner of the north part of the west half (½) of the north-east quarter (¼) of section fourteen [14], running thence north twenty-eight (28) rods, thence west eighty (80) rods, thence south twenty-eight (28) rods, thence east eighty [80] rods to the place of beginning, containing fourteen acres of land, in township three [3] south, range fourteen [14] west.

Dated, Paw Paw, June 20th, 1888.

JOHN DEN BLEYKER, Executor.
CRANE & BRECK, Attorneys for Mortgagee. 38t13o47

W. H. FILLEY--RESTAURANT, ETC.

New Restaurant
—AND—
Bakery,
OPPOSITE CLIFTON HOUSE.

BOARD AND LODGING
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS
IN THEIR SEASON.
CONFECTIONERY ETC.

GIVE US A CALL.
W. H. FILLEY.

E. G. BUTLER--GROCERIES.

Post Office Block.

Since moving into our new quarters, we have been doing a rushing business and if DESIRABLE BARGAINS and FAIR DEALING count for anything, we propose to keep right on in that way.

We keep constantly on hand a large supply of FRESH GROCERIES of all descriptions.

We make a specialty of TEAS, and our PAN-FIRED UNCOLORED JAPAN TEAS take the lead of anything in the Tea family. Try it. Those who are indebted to us will please call and settle up.

E. G. BUTLER.

S. H. JONES--FURNITURE.

FURNITURE!
A NEW & ELEGANT LINE
—OF—
DESIRABLE GOODS
—AT—
Jones' Furniture Store!

Come Early and get an HONEST BARGAIN.
S. H. JONES.

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If so, send stamp for sample copy of AMERICA, a weekly journal devoted to the preserving of American institutions. Subscription, $3.50; 6 months, $2.00.
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TWO DOORS EAST OF THE DYCKMAN HOUSE,
PAW PAW, MICHIGAN
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER & PLATED WARE.
American Watches,
Of all the best Manufactures in Gold, Silver Filled, or Nickel Cases.
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REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE AND WARRANTED
BOOKS!
Stationery & School Supplies
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NEWS DEPOT!
Subscriptions received for all leading papers and publications at club rates.
G. E. CHAPPELL.

RAILROADS.

TIME TABLE.

In Effect May 13th, 1888. Standard Time.

Trains will leave Lawton as follows:

GOING EAST.

Kalamazoo Accommodation [ex Sunday]	9 23 p m
Mail [except Sunday]	9 45 a m
Night Express [on signal]	1 57 a m
Grand Rapids Express	4 57 p m

GOING WEST.

Kalamazoo Accommodation [ex Sunday]	5 15 a m
Mail [except Sunday]	1 22 p m
Evening Express [daily]	1 57 a m
Local Passenger	9 45 a m
Freight train No. 21 [daily ex Sunday]	3 47 p m

carries passengers as far as New Buffalo when freight permits are procured.

Trains will connect at junction points for all the branch divisions.

Passengers going to eastern points via Niagara Falls and Buffalo, over the Canada Southern division of the M. C. R. R., will go through without change at Detroit and cross the great steel, double track, cantilever bridge over Niagara River, giving a splendid view of the falls from the train.

Going to western points, by taking the 5:19 a. m. or 12:47 or 2:22 p. m. trains close connections are made with all roads out of Chicago.

For through rates and other information inquire of the company's agent. Through tickets for sale to all important points and baggage checked through.

O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.
L. C. HURD, Ticket Agent, Paw Paw.

TOLEDO & SOUTH HAVEN R. R.

GOING EAST.	1	3		5	7
STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
Leave So. Haven	.....	7 40	.....	.....	5 05
" Covert	.....	8 05	.....	.....	5 30
Arrive Hartford	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 00
Leave "	.....	8 35	.....	.....	6 10
" Lawrence	.....	8 55	.....	.....	6 30
" Lake Cora	.....	9 10	.....	.....	6 45
Arrive Paw Paw	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 00
Leave Paw Paw	4 40	9 25	.....	12 30	8 40
Arrive Lawton	4 55	9 40	.....	12 45	8 55

GOING WEST.	2		4	6	8
STATIONS.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Lawton	5 20	.....	9 50	1 30	9 20
Arrive Paw Paw	.....	.....	10 05	1 45	9 35
Leave "	5 35	.....	.....	1 50	.....
" Lake Cora	5 50	.....	.....	2 05	.....
" Lawrence	6 05	.....	.....	2 20	.....
Arrive Hartford	.....	.....	.....	2 40	.....
Leave "	6 30	.....	.....	2 50	.....
" Covert	7 00	.....	.....	3 20	.....
Arrive So. Haven	7 25	.....	.....	3 50	.....

JOHN IHLING, Superintendent.

Don't Forget
—THAT—
WINT. REYNOLDS!
Is on deck, prepared to do all
Kinds of
Painting and Papering
And will furnish estimates on job work anywhere in the county. The best help employed. A quantity of Red Oak Finishing Lumber for sale. 20t26o45

The Trotting-Bred Stallion

JO GAVIN NO. 564,

Standard under Rules 4 and 6.

Sire of Cora Belle, 2:29¼, trial 2:24; Walter Drake, 2:35¼, trial 2:30¼; George R. Fauth, trial under 2:30; St. Jo, trial 2:36¼; Young Jo, trial 2:38.

Sire—Messenger Duroc 106, sire of Elaine—Dam of Norlaine 2:31½ (fastest yearling record)—2:20, Prospero 2:20, Charley Champlin 2:21¾, Dame Trot 2:22, and 12 others with records of '30 and better; by Hambletonian 10, sire of George Wilkes 2:22, Dexter 2:17¼, and 38 others in 2:30.

Dam—Fanny Mapes, by Alexander's Abdallah 15, sire of Goldsmith Maid 2:14. Fanny Mapes is dam of Jerome Eddy 2:16¼, Regulator 2:32½, George Milo 2:33, Hattie Mapes 2:33¼.

Grand Dam—Smith Mare, by Burr's Napoleon, son of Young Mambrino.

Great Grand Dam—Brook's Mare, by Long Island, Black Hawk 24, son of Andrew Jackson 4, sire of Henry Clay 8.

Brown Stallion, 16 hands high, white ankles behind, weight, the day we bought him, 1,246 pounds.

Alexander's Abdallah is the greatest progenitor of speed Hambletonian ever sired, and Fanny Mapes has produced the fastest trotter of any dam by Alexander's Abdallah, besides being the dam of four whose average record is below 2:29. Remember, the cry now is "give us a sire from a speed producing dam," and in Jo Gavin we have the blood of one of the great dams of the country. Messrs. Dewey & Stewart purchased Fanny Mapes when she was 14 years old and have sold six of her produce, one as a yearling and two as weanlings, for $31,300. We take the following from Messrs. Dewey & Stewart's catalogue of 1888: "Jo Gavin has never been trained. We have seen him draw a skeleton wagon (barefoot) a half in 1:28 and 1:29. Had he been trained, it is about a certainty he would long ago have been in the 2:30 list.

Jo Gavin will make the season of 1888 at Cleveland Bay Horse Company's stable. TERMS—At the very low price of **$25.00** by the season, with the privilege of return next season provided horse is alive.

C. E. CILMAN,
A. HATHAWAY,
B. F. WARNER.

Good Enough for Him.

Mr. Asa B. Rowley, druggist, was induced to try some of the Papillon Catarrh Cure by his customers, after several physicians predicted he would soon have consumption from an aggravated case of catarrh. He says "The result was unprecedented. I commenced to get well after the first application and am now, after a few weeks, entirely cured." Papillon (extract of flax) Catarrh Cure will do all that is claimed for it. Large bottles $1.00. For sale by Bartram & Millington.