

Pulaski Citizen.

L. W. McCORD, Editor and Publisher.

Print in the right Printing Press should be, The tyrant's fee, the champion of the free; Faithful and constant to its sacred trust— Faith in its mission in its indignation just; Wise in its teaching, honest and strong To speed the right and to denounce the wrong.

PULASKI, TENN.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 30, 1866.

Proceedings of the Convention of Railroad Stockholders.

From the Columbia Herald.

Pursuant to appointment, the stockholders of the Tennessee and Alabama, the Central Southern, and the Tennessee and Alabama Central Railroads met in Columbia on the 21st day of November, 1866, and Judge Whitworth of Nashville, was called to the Chair, and Hunter Nicholson appointed Secretary.

At the request of the Chairman, Mr. Sloss, of the Tenn. & Ala. Central, explained the object of the Convention to be, 1st, the consolidation of the Tennessee & Alabama, and the Central Southern Roads; 2d, the consolidation of those two roads with the Tennessee & Alabama Central, under the name and style of the Nashville and Decatur Railroad, in pursuance of the enabling act of the Legislature of Tennessee, which Mr. Sloss read to the Convention. By this act the executive committee were empowered to make terms of consolidation, which has been accomplished.

On motion of Maj. Thos. M. Jones, the Chairman appointed Messrs. Donnell, Thompson and Tanner, Judges, and J. B. Alderson and W. W. Phillips, Clerks, to hold an election for stockholders, in the consolidated Tenn. & Ala. and Central Southern Road.

The Judges being qualified, the election was held and resulted in the following:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: J. L. Claybrooke, W. Park, Sam. Henderson, Jas. Andrus, Jno. McGavock, C. W. Nance, Thos. Martin, Albert Buford, Newton White, C. P. Reed, Jno. Bellant, C. N. Ordway, W. O. N. Perkins, Thos. M. Jones, James Whitworth.

Who were duly sworn in.

On motion of Mr. Claybrooke, the Convention took a recess, to enable the newly chosen board to meet.

Upon reassembling of the Convention, Mr. Hardman, as Secretary of the Board of Directors for the consolidated Roads, reported to the Convention the action of that board, to the effect that the terms of consolidation between the Tenn. & Ala., the Central Southern and Tenn. & Ala. Central Railroads, as agreed upon by the executive committee, and as accepted by Mr. Sloss, in behalf, and as the authorized agent of the Tennessee & Alabama Central Road, has been accepted and confirmed by this board, and this action is submitted for the ratification of the Convention.

On motion of Maj. Thos. M. Jones, the action of the board was unanimously confirmed by the convention, and the three roads declared to be united and consolidated under the style of the Nashville and Decatur Railroad.

Upon Motion of Maj. Jones, the Convention proceeded to the election of a Board of Directors for the Nashville and Decatur Railroad for the year 1867.

Mr. Rose offered the following, which was adopted, after considerable discussion:

Resolved, That this stockholder's convention adopts for its present guidance, and until otherwise determined, that the Directors shall be selected and elected from the following counties in the proportion as follows, to-wit: Davidson 2; Williamson, 3; Maury, 2; Giles, 4; Limestone, 2; Morgan, 1—total 15.

Mr. Claybrooke moved the consideration of salaries. Adopted.

Dr. Stout moved that the salary of the President be fixed at \$5,000 per annum.

Dr. Stout, by request having withdrawn his motion, Mr. Sloss moved a reconsideration of the resolution fixing the salaries; which motion being adopted, Maj. Jones moved to lay the resolution on the table for the purpose of entering into an election of Directors; the motion was adopted, and the election ordered for a Board of Directors, to be organized 1st Tuesday in July, 1867.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. Abernathy, Ordway and Tanner, Judges, and Messrs. Edmundson and Stout, Clerks, to hold the election.

The Judges and Clerk reported the following as the result of the election, and their report was adopted and ordered to be spread upon the minutes:

DIRECTORS: J. S. Claybrooke, Jno. McGavock, Jas. Whitworth, W. O. N. Perkins, Jno. Bellant, T. M. Jones, Geo. S. Houston, Jas. T. Tanner, Jno. Fisher, C. N. Ordway, C. W. Nance, W. P. Cannon, Thos. Martin, Albert Buford.

Mr. Sloss then submitted the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the extension of the Road South of Decatur, is of the first importance to this Company, and it is our duty and to our interest to foster and protect the same, and to adopt some plan by which its construction may be consummated. And that a committee of three be appointed to memorialize the Legislature of Tennessee to authorize the Directors of this Company to issue its bonds to an amount not exceeding one million of dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Road from Decatur South to Lime Station, Ala.

or by endorsing the Bonds of any other company undertaking its construction, or to adopt any other means in their power to secure the end, and the Directors are hereby empowered, required and instructed to carry out this resolution in good faith, as far as possible with safety to this company.

Messrs. Jno. Baird, C. N. Ordway, and J. Claybrooke be made a committee to memorialize the Legislature.

A conclave of Radical conspirators, calling themselves "the Grand Army of the Republic," have been in session at Indianapolis. The meetings are secret. The attendance is not large, nor is the Convention imposing in character. The following States are represented:

Missouri, eight regular delegates; Illinois twenty-nine; Wisconsin, five; New York, one; District of Columbia, one; Pennsylvania, three; Ohio, thirteen; Iowa, four; Kentucky, three; Indiana, seventy-seven. In addition, Indiana has twenty-seven supplementary delegates; Illinois, five; Ohio, three; making one hundred and seventy-nine in all. Gen. Harbut was elected commander-in-chief.

The Radical Legislature at Nashville is making an infamous and unholy warfare against the people of Tennessee. A bill has passed the Senate, and is now a law, disqualifying as jurors all persons who are cheated out of their right to vote by the scarcely less odious and infamous Franchise bill. This, together with the efforts now being made to enfranchise the negro, and to draw the chains still more tightly around the white neck, will either very soon produce civil commotion and strife in Tennessee, or it will utterly damn and demolish the party now seeking to foist such iniquities upon the people.

A Washington dispatch says: The leading Republican Congressmen are maturing a plan for the government of the Southern States, in view of the probable indefinite delay of the adoption of the constitutional amendment by the late insurrectionary States. It provides for the execution of existing and prospective laws of Congress, independently of respective State or Federal Executive. It is the old territorial plan, modified to meet existing circumstances.

The Lynchburg News remarks that the disgrace inflicted on Massachusetts, and on the American Congress, by the election of "Spoon Butler" to a seat in that body is only partially atoned by the intelligence of the election of two negroes to the Legislature, one from Charleston and one from Boston. This fact furnishes slight indication of returning self-respect, and shows that they are determined to have a more respectable delegation in the Legislature than in Congress.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORY.—The election of three or four negroes to the Massachusetts Legislature, and the defeat of a great-grandson of old John Adams, and the grandson of John Quincy, is much commented upon by the press as a sign of the fall of Massachusetts since the days of her Webster, Choates, etc. The negroes are, doubtless, the most fitting representatives of modern Massachusetts.

A bill has passed both branches of the Mississippi Legislature restoring all lands sold for taxes of 1861, 1862 and 1863, to their owners, provided they were in 1861 citizens of the State, and still continue to be, upon payment of costs and any amount of county tax the State may have paid since the acquisition title.

At a meeting in New Orleans on Thursday night of last week, of the Southern Hospital Association, Major-General Beauregard, Hood and Buckner, and Bishops Green, of Mississippi, Wilmer, of Louisiana, and Quintard, of Tennessee, were present. Ladies are taking the initiative for a grand bazaar for the benefit of maimed Confederates.

The U. S. Revenue Collector at Columbia is under the impression that cotton can not be shipped from his district to Nashville, with the tax unpaid, unless it is taken to a bonded warehouse, thereby almost entirely putting a stop to all shipments for the present, and causing planters no end of inconvenience.

The report that Maximilian is not allowed to leave Mexico by the French, is not believed in Washington. Gen. Grant believes, however, that he will embark before the end of December.

The Richmond Enquirer says: "It is useless for the South to argue, for we are not listened to. It is useless to give assurances, for we are not believed. Our words are weighed only for purposes of perversion and in search of material for new defamations. It is therefore both dignified and judicious for us to be silent."

Gen. Pillow, who made contracts with a large number of freedmen to work upon his plantation in Arkansas, is said to have raised 3,000 bales of cotton this year.

Andrew McCaskey, a sugar planter of Louisiana, who went to Brazil with a view to emigration, has returned and pronounced against it as unsuitable and less favorable to the Southern than his own country.

Seven counts, two marquises and about a dozen German barons, are in Chicago.—A majority of these ex-illustrious gentlemen keep lager-beer saloons.

Tennessee Legislature.

Mr. Clements introduced a resolution soliciting Congress to pass a law forming an independent judiciary, to act between the State and Federal authorities as common judges. Referred.

The following is the resolution:

Whereas, The people are possessed of a local and universal interest, each of which is sovereign in its sphere, and of a constitution and law-making power—the constitution-making power being to separate these principles of interests one from the other, and the law-making power to do what is necessary to protect and develop them; and

Whereas, They have established two powers to protect these two sovereign interests—a state power to protect and develop the local, and a United States power to protect and develop the universal; these two powers being positive and sovereign, neither in right can be made to be common and disinterested tribunal to stand between itself and the other. Past events having proven the incompetency of the Supreme Court of the United States to act in the capacity of a common judge between the States and the United States, an independent and disinterested judiciary, the exponent of the constitution-making power, to be composed of twelve members, each being elected by the people of their respective States, should be placed in the political vacuum between the local and universal interests, to be a common and disinterested judge to settle all differences that might arise between them; therefore,

Resolved, That Congress, the Senate through its President, and the House through its Speaker, are hereby requested to appoint a committee whose duty it shall be to prepare and bring before their respective bodies, and that they do pass such measures as may be necessary to enable the States, through their legislatures, or the people in conventions, to amend the constitution, so that the people who have two interests, a local and universal, and have established two powers to protect these two interests, a State power to protect the local, and a United States power to protect the universal, may be enabled to establish an independent negative power to stand between these two sovereign positive powers, to act as their common judge.

Mr. Sheppard introduced a bill providing that the State shall pay for all losses of local citizens incurred during the rebellion.—Passed.

Mr. Erien introduced a bill to repeal the law passed on the 26th inst., defining the qualifications of jurors. In connection with its introduction, he explained that the law as now in use would, in certain criminal cases in Davidson county, absolutely prevent the panelling of jurors; and so in other counties. Passed and referred.

An Act to Define the Qualification of Jurors of this State.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee: That in all trials of civil or criminal cases in any of the courts of this State, it shall be good ground of challenge for causes as to the competency of any juror, that such juror is not a qualified voter of this State.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted: That this Act shall take effect from and after its passage, and all laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Passed November 26th, 1866.

Wm. HENRELL, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOSHUA B. FRIZZON, Speaker of the Senate.

A true copy from original on file in my office.

A. J. FLETCHER, Secretary of State.

A mob, numbering about two hundred men, entered Lebanon, Ky., at about 12 o'clock Saturday night, seized the jailor, opened the jail and took from it three men, viz: Clem Crowder, Wm. Goode, and Tom Stevens, all charged with robbery, whom they hung to a limb about a mile East of Lebanon. The actions of the mob are opposed by all citizens. It is said to be certain that no innocent man was hung. The mob left five men charged with larceny in the jail. They committed no other excesses—interfered with no citizens.

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A band of regulars have been organized in Marion county, Ky. They have hung three men, and others are prisoners in their hands. They made an attempt lately to break open the Lebanon jail.

An Associated Press dispatch informs us that prominent Southern men are now in Washington earnestly urging Secretary McCulloch to recommend to Congress the abolition, or at least a reduction of the tax on cotton. It is believed that he will make such a recommendation.

There was a large shipment of arms from Cincinnati during the past week to New York for the Stephens wing of the Feunins. Something of a stirring character in Fenian circles is now going on.

Watch 'em.

Most earnestly would we advise the people of the Southern States, says the Nashville Gazette, to be on their guard against those who advocate a surrender of any remaining Constitutional rights, for the purchase of Congressional recognition. Look closely into their character and antecedents, and see if they are not the sort of men to buy a seat in Congress, at the expense of the honor and best interests of the people whom they would gladly serve, at a salary of ten thousand dollars per term.—They may not be Radicals, but are they not purchasable conservatives? They may intend no harm; but are they not men who are tired of waiting for political promotion? Neither now, nor for several years to come, can the Southern people be at all benefited by having their representatives in Congress. Why should they pay in the surrender of important constitutional rights for so worthless a "wooden outing"?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

New and Desirable!

H. K. BRANNAN,

HAVING just returned from the East and opened in his new and elegant Store House on the SOUTH SIDE OF THE SQUARE, PULASKI, a new and very desirable Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

offers them to the public on as liberal terms as could be desired in these times. The stock consists of

Dress Goods,

Ready-made Clothing

Boots and Shoes,

Fancy Goods,

Hosiery,

Hats,

In great variety and abundance. The stock consisting exclusively of the above classes. I am enabled to devote my entire time and attention to them, thereby insuring better selections—such as will please the taste and fancy of both ladies and gentlemen.

Nov. 30-1m

DISSOLUTION.

FISHER & MAY have this day dissolved co-partnership by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by J. T. Fisher. This 19th Nov. 1866.

J. T. FISHER, MAYU MAY.

TO ALL HOLDERS OF COTTON.

We are prepared to pay Taxes on all Cotton to be shipped to Messrs.

Allen & Hill McAllister, Nashville.

All persons wishing to ship Cotton to this reliable house will please call on us, and we will forward their interests to the best of our ability.

Nov. 30-4t

STACY, MORRIS & CO.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE

WE will expose to public sale the highest bidder, at the court house in Pulaski,

On the 2nd Monday in December, next, the part of the Harney lands lately assigned to W. P. Boone and wife, containing 200 acres, situated between 1 and 2 miles west of Elkton, adjoining the lands of Silas Jenkins and others, embracing the South western part of the

BREWER PATCH TRACT.

There are about 200 acres of cleared land on the tract, which lies well, has been recently cleared, is fresh, very productive, and embraces some of the best Cotton lands in the county. Terms reasonable, and will be made known on the day of sale.

JOHN C. BROWN and JAMES McCALLUM, Agents for W. P. Boone & wife.

Nov. 30-2t

Proclamation by the Governor.

STATE OF TENNESSEE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

TO THE SHERIFF OF GILES COUNTY.—GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to open and hold an election at all the places of holding elections in your county, on the 31st day of January next, after having given the notice required by law, for the election of an Attorney General for the 11th Judicial Circuit in said State, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of A. C. Hickey, and due return thereof make to me, according to law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at the Department in Nashville on the 10th day of November, 1866.

By the Governor, W. G. BROWNLOW, A. J. FLETCHER, Secretary of State.

Election Notice.

By virtue of a writ issued to me by His Excellency, the Governor of Tennessee, I will open and hold a special election at the various voting precincts in Giles county, on the 31st day of January, 1867, to elect an Attorney General for the 11th Judicial district, to fill a vacancy occasioned by the resignation of A. C. Hickey.

The constables of the various civil districts (except the 7th), are authorized, directed and directed to open and hold the election in their respective districts in conformity with this notice.

Nov. 30-4t

B. H. FEDEN, SHERIFF.

STORE LOTS FOR SALE.

On Saturday 24th inst., we will sell at public auction, on the premises, two Building Lots—being the south half of the lot No. 1 on the plan of Pulaski, on a creek of 2 1/2 miles with interest.

JOHN C. BROWN, E. EDMONDSON, Trustees

Nov. 30-4t

LEGAL NOTICES.

Petition to Sell Land.

W. A. Garner and others, vs. The unknown heirs of Jackson Garner, dec'd.

This cause it appearing to me from the petition of petitioner, which is sworn to, that the names of the heirs of Jackson Garner, dec'd, are unknown, and that they are non-residents of the State of Tennessee. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Pulaski Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski, Tennessee, for four successive weeks, notifying and requiring the said unknown heirs of Jackson Garner, dec'd, to appear at the County Court of Lawrence county, to be held in the court house in the town of Lawrenceburg on the first Monday in January next, (1867) and plead, answer or demur to the petition of petitioner, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex-parte.

Nov. 30-4t

S. A. CARRELL, clerk.

Petition to Sell Land

Joseph Widom and others, vs. James Thornton and others.

This cause it appearing to me from the petition of petitioner, which is sworn to, that the residence of the defendants, James Thornton, and William Thornton is unknown. It is therefore ordered by me that publication be made in the Pulaski Citizen, a newspaper published in Pulaski, Tennessee, for four successive weeks, notifying and requiring the said James Thornton and William Thornton to appear before the County Court of Lawrence county, to be held in the court house in the town of Lawrenceburg on the first Monday in January next, (1867) and plead, answer or demur to the petition of petitioner, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex-parte.

Nov. 30-4t

S. A. CARRELL, clerk.

Land for sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery court at Pulaski in the case of W. Worley vs. J. L. Mitchell & others, I will sell to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 15th of December next, at the court house door in Pulaski, a tract of 116 1/2 acres of land described in the pleadings, situated in the 11th civil district of Giles county, adjoining the lands of Margaret Lezy and others.

Nov. 30-4t

A. COX, c. & m.

RAILROAD SCRIPT FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery court at Pulaski in the case of Henry House vs. J. C. Young & others, I will, on

Saturday the 13th of December next, sell to the highest bidder at the court house door in Pulaski, for cash, about \$400 Nashville and Decatur Railroad Script.

Nov. 30-4t

A. COX, c. & m.

LAND FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery court at Pulaski in the case of Henry House vs. J. C. Young and others, I will, on

Monday the 24th of December next, sell to the highest bidder, on the premises, about 5 miles south of Pulaski, a tract of about 100 acres of land in the pleadings, belonging to the estate of A. S. Young, dec'd.—adjoining the lands of Robert Dickson, Chas. Abernathy and others.

Nov. 30-4t

A. COX, c. & m.

In Chancery at Pulaski.

Archer Chatham & Bros., compl'ts, vs. A. M. Carter et al., def'd's.

This cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master from affidavits that the defendant, Samuel Nicholson is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of this Court cannot be served on him: On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four weeks in succession in the Pulaski Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendant to be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Giles at the court house in Pulaski, on the first Monday in March next, and answer complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex-parte.

Nov. 30-4t

A. COX, c. & m.

In Chancery at Pulaski.

A. Hamilton & Co., compl'ts, vs. Wm. McMillon et al., def'd's.

This cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master from affidavits that the defendant, William McMillon is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of this court can not be served on him: On motion it is therefore ordered that publication be made for four weeks in succession in the Pulaski Citizen, a newspaper published in the town of Pulaski in said State, requiring said defendant to be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Chancery Court, to be held for the county of Giles at the court house in Pulaski, on the first Monday in March next, and answer complainant's bill or it will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex-parte.

Nov. 30-4t

A. COX, c. & m.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between J. B. Stacy, S. A. Gordon and Jas. M. Morris has been this day dissolved by mutual consent; S. A. Gordon having sold all his interest in said business to John R. Johnson, who business in future to be conducted under the firm name and style of Stacy, Morris & Co., who will be found at the old stand, on the East side of the public square, where they will be pleased to see all their friends and the public generally.

J. B. STACY, JAS. M. MORRIS, S. A. GORDON, JNO. R. JOHNSON.

Nov. 29-3t

NOTICE.

THE Involvement of Gen. W. Pitts' estate having been suggested, and Bill filed in the Chancery court at Pulaski to settle the same, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to file the same with the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of January next, (1867) for pro rata payment; and all persons are notified by decree of said court from proceeding any suits at law against the administrator of said estate.

Nov. 29-2m

A. COX, c. & m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VALUABLE LAND

For Sale.

In pursuance of the last Will and Testament of William Abernathy dec'd, I will,

On the 8th day of December, 1866, sell to the highest bidder, on the premises, at the late residence of the Testator the Tract of about 200 acres of Land, of which he died seized and possessed, situated in the 18th civil district of Giles county, on the waters of Big creek adjoining the lands of E. G. Abernathy on the north, J. A. Miller and Giles A. Reynolds on the east, J. E. Abernathy on the south, and John C. Abernathy on the south. This tract is well improved, in good condition—has on it about 100 acres of cleared land and good buildings, barn, &c.—is well watered and finely timbered. The soil is very fertile, and not well adapted to raising cotton. And as to the size of the tract there are but few better in the country. The land will be sold on a credit of 3 and 3 years with interest, a lien being retained. For further information apply to the undersigned residing near the premises.

Nov. 10-4t

JAS. E. ABERNATHY, Executor.

A FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned proposes to sell his Tract of 250 acres of Land lying between one and three miles of Pulaski, on which is about 200 acres of cleared land—the balance well timbered. The tract affords several settlements, and has on it 8 or 10 never failing springs, and will be sold together or in lots to suit purchasers. If not sold together, the timbered lands will be sold in lots of from 10 to 50 acres if desired. Terms reasonable. Apply to the undersigned at Pulaski.

Nov. 16-4t

JAMES McCALLUM, Executor.

SALE OF LAND.

BY virtue of an order of the Probate court of the county of Limestone, State of Alabama, I will expose to public sale at the court house in Athens, on the 2nd Monday in December next

the lands of William Brown, dec'd., lying in Alabama—about twelve hundred acres, more or less—rightly divided and subject to division, the remaining four hundred, being about 200 acres of cleared land, and adjoining the Tennessee farm of Wm. Brown, dec'd., being about 800 acres unimproved. This tract will be divided into lots of 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 150, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 800, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000, 10000, 12000, 15000, 20000, 30000, 40000, 50000, 60000, 80000, 100000, 120000, 150000, 200000, 300000, 400000, 500000, 600000, 800000, 1000000, 1200000, 1500000, 2000000, 3000000, 4000000, 5000000, 6000000, 8000000, 10000000, 12000000, 15000000, 20000000, 30000000, 40000000, 50000000, 60000000, 80000000, 100000000, 120000000, 150000000, 200000000, 300000000, 400000000, 500000000, 600000000, 800000000, 1000000000, 1200000000, 1500000000, 2000000000, 3000000000, 4000000000, 5000000000, 6000000000, 8000000000, 10000000000, 12000000000, 15000000000, 20000000000, 30000000000, 40000000000, 50000000000, 60000000000, 80000000000, 100000000000, 120000000000, 150000000000, 200000000000, 300000000000, 400000000000, 500000000000, 600000000000, 800000000000, 1000000000000, 1200000000000, 1500000000000, 2000000000000, 3000000000000, 4000000000000, 5000000000000, 6000000000000, 8000000000000, 10000000000000, 12000000000000, 15000000000000, 200000000000