Lexington Caucasian.

THE BONAPARTES.

REVIEW OF SOME OF THE MOST PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THIS FAMILY.

Interesting Facts and Historical Reminiscences.

The Imperialists, says a Paris correspondent of the Chicago Times, enjoy the best prospect for the temporarily removed throne, and, unless all signs fail, the youth who recently graduated at Woolwich, England, will mount it ere long.

This probability gives a new interest to the Napoleon, or Bonaparte, family, whose members, past and present, have been so extraordinary that they are worth reviewing. The The imminence, it is thought, of the empire causes whatever relates to it at present and heretofore to be widely discussed in the capital. Its enemies have revived all the

OLD SCANDALS

Respecting Louis Napoleon, notably that he was not the son of Louis Bonaparte, king of Holland, but of a Dutch admiral Vernel, who had an intrigue with Hortense Beauharnais, daughter of the Empress Josephine by a former marriage.

Many repeat the story—not without plausibility—that Louis Napoleon was really the son of Napoleon Bonaparte. They give as reason for their belief that the great Napoleon was avowedly very fond of Hortense, his step-daughter, and she of him; that he openly proclaimed her to be the only woman he had ever loved; that he was greatly attached to her son Louis, whom the king of Holland would not voluntarily recognize as his child; that he fixed the succession on the boy, notwithstanding that the he was the third son of the fourth brother.

This is certainly making out a strong case, as the lawyers say—so that I do not wonder the opinion prevails even among the intelligent. The imperialists scout the idea outwardly, but are not averse, secretly, to the entertainment of the belief. They are aware that the prince imperial's prospects will not be marred by the conviction that he is the grandson, instead of the grand-nephew, of Napoleon I. But the anti-imperialists asseverate that the prince is not the son of Napoleon III., and that he knew the fact before he died.

ROMANTIC DAYS OF THE GREAT NAPOLEON.

A singular family, I repeat, the Bonapartes were, and are. They seem to have had a strong literary proclivity, and to have exercised it variously. Its immortal founder, while a youth at Valence, wrote an [illegible] for, but won the prize offered [illegible] Academy, and [illegible] Talleyrand got hold of the essay when Napoleon was at the acme of his glory, and showed it to him. The emperor glanced at it, and, with a recognizing "pish," threw it into the fire.

In his youth, also, he made an excursion to Mount Cenis, and intended to describe it in the manner of Stern's "Sentimental Journey," then extremely popular.

One Julie Calombier, a pretty girl of Valence, is reported to have inspired the future hero with the romantic and emotional plan, while they were eating fruit and exchanging kisses in Arcadian fashion. Who would have suspected the door of mighty deeds of a deliberate design to compose a sentimental narrative? Still later, he began a history of Corsica, and the parts of it preserved abound in expressions of ardent democracy and patriotism.

DUKE OF REICHSTADT.

Every one remembers the melancholy fate of Napoleon I.'s only son, the ill-starred duke of Reichstadt, who, dying at twenty-one, composed his own epitaph: "Here lies Napoleon Francois Charles Bonaparte, born king of Rome, died lieutenant of Austrian artillery."

HORTENSE BEAUHARNAIS,

Wife of Louis Bonaparte, and reported mistress of Napoleon I, is described as having been very handsome and charming, and excessively imprudent. Of the last quality there is no doubt. She never cared for her husband. [illegible] for her. She [illegible] Marshal Desaix, [illegible] to Napoleon [illegible] Louis, for the [illegible] gave up a former attachment.

The consequence was what might have been expected. After she had returned here, and had separated from her liege, her life was positively dissolute. She had divers lovers; among them the count of Flahaut, for whom, when he was going to Germany, she composed her popular air, "Partant pour la Lyrie,"—and Admiral Vernel, already mentioned as the putative father of the prince imperial. Flahaut is believed to have been the father of the count of Morny, who greatly assisted Louis Napoleon, his probable half-brother, to acquire the throne.

She continued on intimate terms with Napoleon I. after his divorce from Josephine, and when the Bourbons returned here in 1814, she alone, of the whole Bonaparte family, remained in Paris.

While she lived in Italy and Switzerland she was much loved by the people she came in contact with. They regarded her as a noble benefactress, and she appears to have been one of the women in whom lack of chastity does not suppress other virtues. Always devoted to her sons, hers was unquestionably influence that brought Louis Napoleon to believe he was fated to wear the French crown.

Possessed of distinguished literary and social talent, as well as beauty, it is to be regretted that part of her moral system was seriously deranged. Perhaps she kept some of the commandments faithfully that she might have excuse for breaking the seventh.

PAULINE BONAPARTE,

Sister of Napoleon I., was one of the most beautiful of the whole family, and beauty was the portion, more or less, of all the members. Married in her twenty-first year to Gen. Leclerc, she accompanied him to Santo Domingo the following twelve month. Becoming a widow soon after, she accepted for her second husband Prince Camillo Borghese of Rome. She was weak mentally, and she was weak morally, and the two weaknesses ended in their early separation.

She was in love with her own beauty, and had no objection to revealing it liberally for purposes of art, not to speak of voluptuousness. Canova carved a nude statue of her which visitors to Florence will remember in the Pitti palace. It is very fine, and has been compared to the Venus of Praxiteles. Of course she sat raimentless for the artist.

Some one of her feminine friends afterward said: "My dear Pauline, I don't see how you could have posed naked for so long a time before Canova."

To this replied the lovely princess, pretending to misunderstand the drift of the speech: "O it was not cold, if I had no clothes on. All the while there was a good fire in the room."

Prodigal and vain, she had many excellent qualities, not the least of which was generosity to the poor. She died in Florence fifty years ago, and her wondrous beauty is preserved there as a tradition.

ELIZA BONAPARTE,

The eldest sister of Napoleon I., had not a little of his overshadowing genius. Born in Corsica, educated in a convent at St. Cyr, she was living with her mother at Marseilles at the breaking out of the revolution in 1789. Eighth years after, she was married to Felice Bacciocchi, a Corsican noble; was made princess of Lucca and Piombine in 1805, and grand duchess of Tuscany, three years later. She fostered literature, science and the industrial arts, and was the friend and patron of many distinguished authors. She ruled her principality with such vigor and generosity that she gained the name of the Semiramis of Lucca.

In 1814 she retired to Bologna. The next year she went to Austria, where she lived with her sister, Caroline, the widow of Marat—her who possessed a sweet baby face and an iron will. Finally withdrawing to her estate of Villa Vincentina, she passed there the remainder of her life.

Should the prince imperial die or have no wife, the successor to the empire will be Prince Napoleon, popularly known as "Plon-Plon," the cousin of the late Napoleon III. He is the son of Jerome Bonaparte by his second marriage with the Princess Frederica Catharine of Wurtemberg.

JEROME BONAPARTE.

Jerome's first marriage was the subject of a vast deal of gossip and comment in the United States because his wife was a native of the country. The story has been told often; but it is well-nigh forgotten. Jerome, in command of a French frigate, reached New York in 1818. The great fame of Napoleon Bonaparte naturally insured a warm social welcome for his brother, who was hospitably entertained wherever he went in the New World. Visiting Baltimore, he was introduced to

ELIZABETH PATTERSON,

Daughter of an eminent merchant of that city. She was lovely eighteen, very handsome, elegant, and ambitious. She is said also to have borne a striking resemblance to the Bonaparte family; and the resemblance was the first thing that impressed the susceptible Jerome. He fell in love at sight, as the phrase is, and the fair Elizabeth appeared to reciprocate, though it has been charged that she was more attached to the brother of the emperor than to the man himself. He proposed and was accepted. They were married speedily; the ceremony being performed by the Catholic bishop of Baltimore, John Carroll, brother of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, signer of the Declaration of Independence, with a vast deal of pomp and parade. Jerome remained in the country for ten or twelve months, visiting different places in company with his proud and happy wife.

SAD DISAPPOINTMENT.

They embarked for Europe in the spring of 1805, arriving at the port of Lisbon—to meet with a very different reception from what they had anticipated. Napoleon had been apprised of the marriage, and was incensed at it for two reasons—one that his brother should dare to wed without his consent; the other, that he had determined all his brothers should espouse European princesses. Consequently he issued an order to every port under French authority forbidding the couple to land. He refused, likewise, to recognize the marriage, and this intelligence rendered the wife inexpressibly wretched.

Jerome left her at Lisbon, and hurried hither, believing that he could soften the heart of the dictator. He had previously directed that the vessel should proceed to Amsterdam, where he would meet his consort, who was in delicate health, arising from approaching maternity. He could not move the emperor a jot. Mme. Bonaparte's landing in Holland was also interdicted and she was compelled to sail for England. She took up her residence at Camberwell, a suburb of London, and in the following July gave birth to a son, Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte. He is now dead, I think; but his two sons (he married, if I remember, a Miss Williams of Massachusetts,) are alive. One of them, Jerome Napoleon, served in the French army and was on intimate terms with Louis Napoleon. He is now 45 and residing, I believe, in Baltimore. The second son, Charles Joseph, is also there, if I mistake not, having recently entered on his 25d year.

AN UNEXPECTED MEETING.

No doubt Jerome Bonaparte was originally very fond of his first wife, and made every effort to induce his autocratic brother to recognize her. After his second marriage, however, he underwent a change, becoming violently opposed to the acknowledgment of his American descendants as anything but Pattersons. Pope Pius VII. never sanctioned his second marriage, however.

Mme. Bonaparte, I have heard, is still living. She must be about ninety—so that it is fair to suppose that the grief she felt so keenly seventy years ago has not quite consumed her.

The story is current here that she met her husband in Florence, in the gallery of the Pitti palace, after the downfall of Napoleon. His second consort was with him. He started on beholding No. 1, and said to No. 2: "That lady is my former wife." He then quitted the gallery, and in a few hours departed from the city. He seems to have been apprehensive lest No. 1 should pursue him, which she could not have had the remotest idea of doing. To return to

PRINCE NAPOLEON.

He was born, in Trieste, in September, 1822, and is therefore in his fifty-third year. He passed his youth in various foreign countries, not having been permitted to enter France unconditionally until the revolution of 1848. Having been elected to the constituent and legislative assemblies, he voted with the Democracy, inclining so very decidedly to radicalism that many persons deemed him insincere, and even accused him of demagogism. In 1852 he was recognized as a French prince, and grew materially in public favor. The year following he commanded a division in the Crimean war, having served in the battles of Alma and Inkerman, and four years later was appointed minister of Algeria and the colonies.

When he was thirty-seven, he married Clotilde, daughter of Victor Emmanuel, king of Italy, and commanded a corps in the Italian campaign against Austria. In the French senate he gained a high reputation for oratory, warmly defended Italian unity, and opposing the temporal power of the pope. Louis Napoleon remonstrated with him on the position he had taken, and reproved him in 1865 for his revolutionary tendencies when he delivered a discourse in Corsica on the occasion of the erection of a statue to Napoleon I. Indeed he was quite a thorn in the emperor's side, having evinced a supreme disinclination to be guided by any will save his own.

TRAVEL IN AMERICA.

Like so many of his family, he has been in America. You, doubtless, remember that he visited your shores in the summer of 1861 in his steam yacht, his wife being his companion. He was with the army of the Potomac for a while, and then, under a safeguard, went through the lines to the army of the Confederates. After journeying to the West and Canada, he returned across the sea, arriving at Brest in September. He appears to be

A GOOD DEAL OF A MAN,

Despite the attempt of his enemies to represent him as flighty and characterless. This disposition is believed here to have arisen from the special friends of the prince imperial who have plainly been afraid that he would get such a hold upon the affections of the people that they might prefer Plon-Plon to his second cousin.

A corroboration of this may be found in Eugenie's cordial hatred. Apart from his being a rival and possible supplanter of her son, his course in regard to the pope would be sufficient to earn her detestation. She is a very bigoted Roman Catholic, and would do everything in her power, were her boy to assume the purple, to put the sovereign pontiff in his old position. Prince Napoleon would bitterly oppose so impolitic a course, first on principle; and secondly from the fact that he is the son-in-law of the king of Italy.

HERE AND THERE.

An Illinoise judge has decided that a young man who pays his board has a right to fiddle in his room all day and all night if he pleases.

In France the project is being discussed of an international exposition solely for the wines of various countries, to be held this year in Paris.

In France a man has been condemned for a libel which he wrote with a sharp stick on the skin of a green pumpkin growing in the field.

"No, sir," said a weary looking man on a street car to an individual by his side; "I wouldn't marry the best woman alive; I've been a dry-goods clerk too long for that."

At Macon, Ga., lately a gentleman voluntarily paid a note, principal and interest, that was given twenty-one years ago. The aggregate interest amounted to 147 per cent.

The Saturday Review is of opinion that there is no better sign of prosperity of the world than the liberal incomes now allowed by the authors of novels to their heroes and heroines.

"Cut that meat for you? Of course I will," said a Kansas waiter, as he strapped a cauckniife on his boot leg. The guest was one of your particular men from Boston, and he got up and left.

A silent member of congress, being entitled to send his speeches free by mail, put his frank on himself, and wanted to ride free in a mail car, under the pretext that all his speeches were in him.

The Boston Advertiser says: "In twenty-one years there have been twenty-one convictions for murder in the first degree in this Commonwealth, and the death penalty in ten cases commuted to life imprisonment."

Old Baron Rothschild gave a louis to a charity fund, and the person receiving it said: "Ah, Monsieur Baron, you only gave a louis, and your son gave five." "And reason enough," said the baron; "his father is a millionaire, and I am only a poor orphan."

President Grant and Attorney-General Williams are troubled to know what they shall do with an Indian who kills another, as the Indians are not [illegible] Our opinion is, that [illegible] Indian who has killed another Indian, the true [illegible] new gun and five [illegible]

The other day a [illegible] to pay her respe[illegible] arrivals on the list [illegible] following colloquy took [illegible] her and the little four-year-old [illegible] the new comer: "I have come [illegible] baby now," said the lady. "You [illegible] have it," was the reply. "But I m[illegible] came over on purpose," urged the [illegible]or. "We cant spare it at all," pers[illegible] the child, "but I'll get a piece of [illegible] and you can cut a pattern."

The present rage for spelling-sc[illegible] revives an anecdote of Gen. Scott. [illegible] had drawn up the rough draft of an [illegible]der in which the word "wagon" occu[illegible] The general inserted one "g" too m[illegible] and his clerk, on discovering it, tim[illegible] asked on what authority he spelled [illegible] on" with two "g's." "On the aut[illegible]ity of Lieut. Gen. Scott, commanding [illegible] armies of the United States, sir!" [illegible]dered the pompus old general. [illegible] clerk, at least, thought the autho[illegible] sufficient.

A funny joke, and all the more pla[illegible]ble in its truth can be vouched for. [illegible]curred at a prominent church in [illegible] state. It seems that a worthy deacon [illegible] been very industious in selling a [illegible] church book, costing seventy-five [illegible] At the service in question the mini[illegible] just before dismissing the congrega[illegible]cose and said: "All you who have [illegible]dren to baptize will please present [illegible] next Sabbath." The deacon, who b[illegible] way was a little deaf, having an ey[illegible] selling the book, and supposing the [illegible]tor was referring to them, immedi[illegible] jumped up and shouted: "All [illegible] haven't can get as many as you wan[illegible] selling on me, at 75 cents each."

The blonde of the Vicksburg He[illegible] says a colored gentleman wanted ac[illegible]modation on one of the local packets [illegible] other day. The clerk told him, [illegible]tainly, walk back into the ladies' cabi[illegible] and then he asked if the bridal cham[illegible] would suit. The darkey scratched his head a little and replied that he didn't care about anything of that sort. "Believe I'd ru'ver go in the bureau." He thought this civil rights bill made the clerk most too civil; and as he wended his way to the appartments assigned wid de oder colored folks, he muttered to himself: "Eh, eh, honey; can't fool dis nigger. Too willin', I tell you. Nigger go to sleep in white folks' berf, and when he wake up he find hesself missin'. 'Scuse me."

WAKED UP!

I AM now before the farmers with 120 two and three-horse breaking plows, of five patterns; embracing the Morrison, Moline, Peoria, Rock Island and Garden City Clipper. 100 Cultivators, four patterns; the Weir, Western, Advance and Star. 20 champion reapers and mowers; 53 Buckeye reapers and mowers; Climax and Brown corn-planters; Bain and Mitchell wagons. Sulky-rakes, three patterns; for Clover, Timothy and Bluegrass. Repairs for Gaar Thresher, Champion, Buckeye and Wood reapers. A full line of agricultural implements

☞ To Patrons of Husbandry: I will duplicate for cash any reaper and plow you can get. Give me a call. JO. HOOK.

mar13-4mos.

AULLVILLE GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE.

DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE JULY 3, 1875,

AT

COURT-HOUSE, LEXINGTON, MO.

FORTY-EIGHT Grand prizes will be distributed on the day of drawing. The following is a list of the prizes to be drawn on the occasion, amounting in the aggregate to ($6,774), six thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars.

1st Grand Prize, consisting of one two-story Frame Building, situated on corner lot, dwelling above, 3 rooms well finished; business room below, 20x40, all in good repair, lot fenced &c., cash value $2,000.

2nd Grand Prize consists of one Business House and dwelling attached of two good rooms, business room being 18x32 finished with good counter and shelving for drug business; lot situated in best business part of town, well improved, with good stable, cistern, &c., &c. Value $1,500.

3rd Grand Prize consists of One Stock Drugs, valued at $500.

4th Grand Prize, Grocery Sundries,	$300	00.
5th do Sugar and Coffee	200	00.
6th do One fine Saddle Horse	200	00.
7th do Druggist's shop Furniture	150	00.
8th do Syrups (good brands)	100	00.
9th do Tobacco and Cigars	100	00.
10th do Confectioneries and Candies	100	00.
11th do Lard, Vinegar and Crockery	100	00.
12th do One fine Sewing Machine	100	00.
13th do Druggist Sundries	100	00.
14th do One Open Buggy	75	00.
15th do One Set Kitchen Furniture	75	00.
16th do One Marble Top Bureau	60	00.
17th do One Upright Show Case of Ladies' Trimmed Hats	50	00.
18th do One Grocer's Show Case (new) and contents	50	00.
19th do One Set Kitchen Furniture	50	00.
20th do One Book Case	45	00.
21st do One Druggist Show Case, well finished	40	00.
22nd do Extension Dining Table, Chairs and Queensware	40	00.
23rd do One Quarter Marble Bureau	40	00.
24th do One Show Case of Ladies' trimmed Hats, Collars, etc.	40	00.
25th do One Bedstead and Mattress	40	00.
26th do One Wash Stand, Marble top	30	00.
27th do One Bedstead and Mattress	30	00.
28th do One fine Gent's Saddle (new)	25	00.
29th do One Carpet	25	00.
30th do One Set Buggy Harness	25	00.
31st do One Parlor Stove	25	00.
32nd do One Druggist's Scales (large)	15	00.
33rd do One Office Stove and Table	17	00.
34th do One Rocking Chair and Clock	25	00.
35th do One Set Druggist Scales	25	00.
36th do One Wash Stand	25	00.
37th do 1 Set Chairs	25	00.
38th do One Baby Wagon	18	00.
39th do One Parlor Stove	17	00.
40th do One Lady's Trimmed Hat (fine)	12	00.
41st do One Center Table	15	00.
42nd do One Cutting Box	10	00.
43rd do One Lady's Trimmed Hat	10	00.
44th do One small pair Druggist Scales	9	00.
45th do One Office Stove	8	00.
46th do One Lady's Trimmed Hat	8	00.
47th do One Lady's Trimmed Hat	6	00.
48th do One Lady's Trimmed Hat	5	00.

AULLVILLE, MO., Jan. 20, 1875.

We, the undersigned citizens of Aullville and vicinity and county of Lafayette, State of Missouri, hereby testify that we are well acquainted with Dr. Thos. F. Berry and Mr. J. D. McFall, who are two of our business men of Aullville, and that they are worthy of the public confidence, and any statements they may make in regard to their Gift Enterprise will be found reliable and correct.

References in Aullville—James B. Hord, L. R. Harrison & Bro., J. P. Ardinger, Dr. W. C. O'Rear, Grove Youngs, Downing, Barnes & Roberts, W. A. Thornton, J. L. Weisheus, H. S. Chadwick, S. J. Fitzgerald; in Lexington, J. H. McHaldon, City Attorney, A. J. Hall, late County Attorney, Alex. Graves, County Attorney, Geo. M. Mountjoy, Sheriff, W. B. Steele, County Clerk, Geo. M. Catron, Probate Clerk, R. R. Ireland, County Treasurer, and Frank Trigg, Circuit Clerk.

Tickets will be for sale at principal points in the county and state. Price $2 50.

THOMAS F. BERRY, } Managers.
J. D. McFALL. }

E. WINSOR & SON

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENCY,

REPRESENTING

FIRST CLASS COMPANIES

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMP'Y,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, - - - $5,224,045,03.

The Largest Capital,
The Largest Assets,
And Largest Income,
Of any Insurance Co. in the country.

HAS STOOD THE FIRES FOR 54 YEARS.

Losses paid at Lexington, Missouri, Agency ten 15 years, $72,435,98.

E. WINSOR & SON, Agents.

HARTFORD FIRE INS. CO.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, - - - - $2,204,396.45

Having passed successfully the financial revulsions and great calamities for sixty-four years of the present century, the commercial world may be safely challenged for any

HIGHER GRADE OF SECURITY

than its Policies afford. More than Sixteen Million Dollars paid to Claimants.

E. WINSOR & SON, Agents.

FIRE ASSOCIATION,

[illegible] a most prosperous, virtuous [illegible] young man. Some said he was crazy, but Harry has been heard from, and it is too true that he has acted very naughty. He has been gambling, and drew on money with which he had no business. He saw exposure must [illegible] so he lit out leaving wife and [illegible] to surmise as they might choose.

Carrollton Journal of the 9th says: R. A. Campbell, formerly a leading [illegible]tician of Pike county, has jumped [illegible] religious literature and publishes a [illegible] entitled "The Four Gospels in [illegible]." When the writer hereof knew [illegible] adjutant of the bloody Fifth M[illegible] (Henderson's brigade,) he was ber[illegible] [illegible]nalified to write a "History of the [illegible]," or a key to Schenck's [illegible] on draw Poker," than to [illegible] Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, [illegible]rest of those old chaps who figure [illegible]inently in the New Testament."

[illegible] Louis Republican came out last [illegible]day with a terrible furor, saying [illegible]missioners appointed to investi[illegible] Hutchins-Lackland election mud[illegible] discovered that Hutchins had [illegible] beaten by 107 majority. Mr. Garsche, one of the ablest law[illegible] St. Louis, came out in the Dis[illegible] the same day, and flatly charges [illegible]ing with deliberate lying. Here [illegible]: "Statements in this morn[illegible]publican that by the report of the [illegible]loners it is proved that Lackland [illegible]ed and the ballots not tampered [illegible]untrue. The question whether [illegible]ts were tampered with, was [illegible]bmitted to nor passed upon by [illegible]missioners. These assertions [illegible] is the thief of time." Having been in [illegible]iness for twenty-five years, we are fully [illegible] on all policies of insurance. "Experiencing [illegible]es all things;" we commit no errors nor [illegible]ders leading to void policies. Your patronage is solicited.

OFFICE NO. 84 MAIN STREET.

Commonly known as Winsor's Corner.

E. WINSOR & SON.

$5 to $20 Per Day at home. Terms free. Address, G. Stinson & Co., Portland Maine.

TO THE LADIES,

SULTANA Unguent, for Whitening the hands, preventing Wrinkles, and preserving the Skin, there is nothing better. Receipt sent for $1 00 and stamp. W. TAYLEUR, Kansas City, Mo.

Glass Box 1245. mar6-1m.

BOURBON HOUSE.

CORNER Main and Poplar streets, Lexington, Mo. This well known and convenient House has been refitted and thoroughly improved. It now offers superior inducements to the traveling public and solicits a reasonable share of patronage. First-class house; second-class prices.

June7-1y WM. HUBSON, Proprietor

THE BEST MACHINE.

THE popularity of the Singer Sewing Machine throughout the civilized world proves it the best in use. As the Singer Company pay no royalty to the Howe Co., or any one else, they give better terms than any other company that sells first class machines. It runs lighter, is finer adjusted, simpler and more durable, than any machine that is on the market. Wm. Bird, of Lexington, Mo., is agent for this machine and can furnish you one at any time that you will write to him. He warrants all he sells for five years, and will make it good. He is also agent for Whitney & Holmes' Organs. Prof. Gimbel and other first class musicians say it is the best and finest toned organ in the world.

BININGER'S

OLD LONDON DOCK

GIN,

ESPECIALLY designed for those of the Medical Profession and the Family, possessing those intrinsic medicinal properties which belong to an Old and Pure Gin.

Indispensable to Females. Good for Kidney Complaints. A delicious Tonic. Put up in cases containing one dozen bottles each, and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & Co.

Established 1828, No. 19 Beaver St., N. Y.

feb20-6m

C. G. LUDWIGS,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

LEXINGTON Mo.

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

FANCY GOODS, WALL-PAPER,

PICTURES & PICTURE FRAMES.

VICTOR AND GROVER & BAKER

Sewing Machines.

Needles for all Sewing Machines on hand. Repairs done on short notice and guaranteed.

aug6-1y C. G. LUDWIGS.

CHEAP

CASH HOUSE.

In Stramcke's New Block, Two Doors East of Court-House

I RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Lafayette and adjoining counties that I have lately received from New York, Boston and Europe, a large lot of

QUEENSWARE,

GLASSWARE,

TABLEWARE,

FINE CUTLEY, &c.

Which I am offering at wholesale and retail at greatly reduced prices. Call and see me.

Very Respectfully,

THOS. B. CLAGETT.

April1-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Scott & Hunt, Adm'rs.
vs.
Truitt, Truitt and Tate.

BY virtue of an execution, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, in favor of John W. Scott and Noah Hunt, administrators of the estate of Nathan G. Hunt, deceased, and against Richard Truitt, Theodore Truitt and Lucy Tate, to me directed, and returnable to the April term, 1875, of said court, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF APRIL, 1875,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the court-house door in the city of Lexington, in Lafayette county, during the session of the said circuit court of said county, sell publicly, by auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the said Richard Truitt, Theodore Truitt and Lucy Tate defendants in said execution, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Lafayette and state of Missouri, to-wit:

The south half of the northeast quarter of section nineteen (19), and the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty (20), all in township forty-eight (48), of range twenty-eight (28).

Given under my hand, this 15th day of March, 1875. GEO. M. MOUNTJOY, Sheriff.

mar20d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Abraham Shields and al.
vs.
Richard Cavanaugh.

BY virtue of three executions, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, one in favor of Abraham Shields and against Richard Cavanaugh and two in favor of Thomas Wall and against Richard Cavanaugh, to me directed, and returnable to the April term, 1875, of said court, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF APRIL, 1875,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the court-house door in the city of Lexington, in Lafayette county, during the session of the said circuit court of said county, sell publicly, by auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the said Richard Cavanaugh, defendant in said executions, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Lafayette and state of Missouri, to-wit:

All of the north west fractional quarter of section thirteen (13), township fifty (50), range twenty-eight (28), lying west of the little Sni-a-Bar creek, containing 94 54-100 acres of land, also island number six (6), in the Missouri river.

Given under my hand, this 15th day of March, 1875. GEO. M. MOUNTJOY, Sheriff.

mar20d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

P. C. Patterson and al.
vs.
Martha V. Camp.

BY virtue of an execution, issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, in favor of Phebe C. Patterson and Fayette Patterson, and against Martha V. Camp, to me directed, and returnable to the April term, 1875, of said court, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF APRIL, 1875,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the court-house door in the city of Lexington, in Lafayette county, during the session of the said April court of said county, sell publicly, by auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the said Martha V. Camp, defendant in said execution, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Lafayette, and state of Missouri, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section eighteen (18), the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section seventeen (17), except one acre and 31-100 of an acre off the northeast corner thereof, also 40 acres off the north end of the east half of the northwest quarter of section sixteen (16), and one acre and a half off the north end of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said section sixteen (16), all in township forty-nine (49), of range twenty-eight (28).

Given under my hand, this 15th day of March, 1875. GEO. M. MOUNTJOY, Sheriff.

mar20-td

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Cheatham & Barley
vs.
Arabella J. Russell and al.

BY virtue of an execution, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, in favor of Cheatham and Augustus Barley, and against Arabella J. Russell, William K. Russell, Francis W. O'Brien and William O'Brien, to me directed, and returnable to the April term, 1875, of said court, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF APRIL, 1875,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the court-house door in the city of Lexington, in Lafayette county, during the session of the said circuit court of said county, sell publicly, by auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the said Arabella J. Russell, William K. Russell, Francis W. O'Brien and William O'Brien, defendants in said execution, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Lafayette and state of Missouri, [illegible] story brick dwelling house, [illegible] in the rear located on the [illegible] the second door south [illegible] the Fitzpatrick [illegible] county, state [illegible] and 8 inches [illegible] number one (1), in addition to the [illegible] according to the [illegible] file in the recorder's [illegible] Missouri.

Given under my hand, this [illegible] 1875. GEO. M. MOUNTJOY, [illegible]

mar20d

MRS. M. F. PRICE

Has received her Stock of

Fall Millinery Goods,

to which the attention of ladies is invited.

HAIR WORK DONE TO ORDER.

Dress-Making will receive her best attention and no efforts spared to please.

TO SPORTSMEN AND OTHERS.

POWDER, Shot, Lead, Caps &c. Orfeldt's Orange, American and Dupont's celebrated diamond grained powder. 100 bags of shot all numbers. G. D. and Ely's never failing Waterproof Caps, No. 10 to 24, in store and for sale by M. SHARKEYVILLE, No. 12 Main street.

MOODY, MICHEL & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES.

Nos. 301, 303 & 305 Second street, corner Olive,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

sept1-7m

BEST OF ALL.

THE HOWE.

THE improved, light-running Howe Sewing Machine stands ahead of all competitors

For Family Use.

It is simple, durable, and easily managed. A child can learn to run it. It is made of the best materials, rarely gets out of order, and runs perfectly noiseless. All the Howe Machines are warranted, AND ARE KEPT IN REPAIR FREE.

Office and salesroom, in store lately occupied by Rinehart, on Main street. Please call and examine machines and prices.

mar27-1y PHILIP HART, Agent.

WEST END MARKET-HOUSE

J. POWELL,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY SUPPLIES

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, FLOUR,

MEATS ETC.

FRANKLIN STREET,

(OPPOSITE WEST END MARKET HOUSE,)

LEXINGTON, MISSOURI.

I KEEP the purest, freshest and best of everything used by families. Will not be undersold by any grocery dealer in the city. I deal honestly and fairly with all, depending upon quick sales and small profits. I have now on hand a large supply of family groceries, which I know are fresh and of the best quality. I am selling them at the lowest rates for cash or in exchange for country produce. If you want anything in the shape of family supplies call on me, and I can give you satisfaction.

Gruber's building, Franklin street, near Market house. aug22-1y J. POWELL.

THE

SPINNING PAPER STOCK CO.

Nos 114, 116 & 118 Chesnut St.

CASH PAID FOR

WOOLEN and COTTON RAGS

OLD BOOKS,

PAMPHLETS,

WASTE PAPER.

OLD ROPE,

GUNNY,

COPPER,

BRASS,

AND

OLD IRON

SAINT LOUIS MISSOURI.

sept12-1y

MOUND CITY

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

(Established Fifteen Years,)

210 & 212 NORTH 4TH ST.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Full course of

BOOK KEEPING,

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC,

PENMANSHIP,

COMMERCIAL LAW,

BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE

AND PREPARATORY STUDIES.

Full Commercial Course, $67

Telegraphy, - - - - 25

THE MOUND CITY

IS THE SCHOOL OF THE WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

A LIVE institution, [illegible] affording ad[illegible] Over two thousand [illegible] the last few years [illegible]

MISSOURI, KANSAS,

NEBRASKA, TEXAS,

IOWA, COLORADO,

And other states tributary to the trade of

ST. LOUIS.

☞ For circulars or other information, address THOS. A. RICE, Pres't.

mar6-1y

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT

St. Louis

—TO—

NEW YORK

—VIA THE—

LITTLE MIAMI,

Pan-Handle and Penn., Rou[illegible]

SHORTEST AND QUICK[illegible]

[illegible] to New York in 26 HOURS.

From Indianapolis in 28 Hours.

All Saturday Trains run through to New York without detention.

Pullman's Palace Drawing-Room and Sleeping Cars on all Through Trains.

FOR THROUGH TICKETS,

Apply at Ticket Offices The'out the West.

[illegible] O'BRIEN, [illegible] P. & T. Agt. Columbus, O.

SIDNEY B. JONES, G. S. W. Pass. Agt. Cincinnati, O.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Self-Preservation the Fi[illegible] Law of Nature.

We have for many years kept a stock of fine goods, such as is rarely ever seen outside of a large city; but, owing to circumst[illegible] over which we have no control, that necessity or demand has, [illegible]ingly, ceased to exist, and we

NOW OFFER THE LADIES

of Lexington and Lafayette county a rare opportunity of securing Dress Goods at prices far below their actual value; in fact, at less [illegible] we can to-day replace them, as it is our intention to close [illegible] ENTIRE STOCK of fine goods, and hereafter keep only such [illegible] as the EVERY DAY WANTS of the people require. We offer

Handsome Irish Poplins,	at $24 00	a Pattern,	worth	$[illegible]
Genuine Irish Poplins,	" 75	a yard,	"	[illegible]
French Silk Velours,	" 75	"	"	[illegible]
Colored Silks,	" 1 50	"	"	[illegible]
Colored Silks,	" 1 00	"	"	[illegible]
Trimming Silks,	" 1 00	"	"	$1 50 to [illegible]
" Satin,	" 1 25	"	"	1 75 and [illegible]
" Velour	" 1 00	"	"	1 75 and [illegible]
Black Silk,	" 1 00	"	"	[illegible]
Silk Pongee,	" 60	"	"	[illegible]
Tatsama Silks,	at 40 to 75	"	"	75 and [illegible]

Of these Silks we have a large line.

English Poplins,	at 40 and 50	a yard,	worth	60 and [illegible]
Tycoon Repps, to close,	" 15	"	"	[illegible]

A large line of assorted Poplins and Alpaces, at 25, worth [illegible] 35 to [illegible]

Domestic Cassimeres,	at 75	a yard,	worth	[illegible]
" "	" 1 00	"	"	1 35 to [illegible]
English Cassimeres,	" 1 50	"	"	[illegible]

Men's Undershirts at half their value to close out.

Our celebrated 25 cent Jeans is the best in the market.

A New Lot of Prints, Beauties at [illegible] 10 and [illegible]

A large lot of Domestics at OLD PRICES worth 15 per cent more.

A New lot of Ginghams,	at 12 1-2	a yard,	worth	[illegible]