Holt County Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF HOLT COUNTY.

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 24, 1869.

EARLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CHINA and AMERICA.

In 1492 Columbus discovered America. After him many adventurers from Europe made their way to the eastern coast of the New Continent. But it was well known that the Chinese and Japanese navigators went great distances in their vessels, long before those of Europe had passed far beyond the Straits of Giberaltar; and a fact but very little known, leads us to believe that a regular, though perhaps limited, intercourse had been existing for ages between the Indian tribes of what is now called Alaska and the coast of China. That fact is thus, and will be found referred to in a late work entitled, "The Mineral Resources of the United States," &c., 1868, title Alaska: "Father Greelon, a Jesuit missionary in Canada, as early as 1640, was transferred to China prior to the year 1660. He travelled extensively in Chinese Tartary, and on one occasion met an Indian woman of the Huron tribes, whom he had known in Canada. This woman recognized him, and confessed her sins to him as a priest of the Catholic Church, at that immense distance from her native land. Upon his asking her how she came there, she told him that in a battle of the Indians she had been taken prisoner, and sold from tribe to tribe, until she was crossed in boats over *water which was salt*, and again sold from person to person until conveyed to the plains of Tartary." It was the publication of this fact that stimulated the Russian authorities, and resulted in the discoveries by Behring in 1728.

We have not the least doubt that if we had access to the archives of China and Japan, the fact would be established that the communication between those countries and the American continent was not occasional but constant, and which by some strange concatination of circumstances was interrupted, long before the Europeans discovered the so-called "New World."

ANDREW JOHNSON.

THE opposition of a portion of the Democratic press of Tennessee to the election of Andrew Johnson to the United States Senate, is a fit sequal to the double treachery he has practiced. If this opposition should result, as it ought, in his defeat, he will then have been, to some extent, appropriately punished for his duplicity. The rebels will never forgive him for his harsh treatment of them while he was Military Governor of Tennessee, and the Union men will never forgive him for betraying them in the hour of peril. If he can forgive himself, it will be an exhibition of a more extraordinary stretch of the pardoning power than characterized his use of it, while President, to restore rebels to their former control in politics. There is no question but that the rebel Democracy to-day really hold Andrew Johnson in more thorough detestation than they do Gen. Butler. If, perchance, they elect him to the Senate, it will be simply a matter of revenge. It is possible that they may, in that spirit, thrust him into Congress; but from present indications, their antipathy to him personally is likely to prove stronger than their desire to visit him again upon the North.

Arrival of Colonel Powell.

A Chicago dispatch of Sept. 21st, says: Col. J. W. Powell, the Colorado explorer, returned to this city yesterday, having successfully traveled the entire grand canon from Green River, the point where the Colorado debouches into the open plain, in the Territory of Arizona.

From the point where Col. Powell's last letter was written, the expedition descended the river about 100 miles, between the walls, almost vertically ranging from 500 to 1,500 feet in hight. The exterior room of the canon being from 2,500 to 4,000 feet above the bed of the river

More than 200 water falls and cascades, emptying themselves over the walls of the canon into the main river, were seen in this distance, presenting almost every variety of natural scenery.

The geological formation of the country consists principally of limestone and sandstone. Granite was found only at three places, and in limited quantities.

No discoveries of precious metals were made, and no indications of gold or silver were found in the bed of the river.

One section of the canon was found to consist of very fine, beautifully isolated marble, which is at present entirely enclosed.

The country traveled is barren beyond description, and is pronounced by Col. Powell not susceptible of cultivation, even by irrigation.

Ecclesiastical.

The Paris papers of Sept. 21st, publish a letter from Father Hyacinth addressed to the Father of his Order at Rome, announcing that he has abandoned his convent, and ceases henceforth to preach in the Church of Notre Dame, of Paris. As a reason for this step, he declares that he cannot obey the orders of the Holy See. He protests before the Pope and Council against the doctrines and practices of the Roman Church which are not in accordance with the principles of Christ.

A remarkable sermon was preached by the Rector of the St. Albans Episcopal Church, Sunday Sept. 20, wherein the Rector affirmed that the Episcopalian and Catholic beliefs are positively alike, although the members do not commune togather, owing to the intrigues at the Court of Rome at the time of the Reformation. The preacher boldly asserted that the Churches referred to are actually but one, and that the members are all Roman Catholics, and he hoped to see the day when both should be united under the latter name and unite in communion. The sermon created much sensation among the hearers, many of whom were Protestants from other denominations, whose belief he attacked, utterly denying their faith as a religion based on Christ.

MOVING THE WORLD.—If Archimedes could have found his fulcrum, he would still have found it quite a job to move the world. His lever would have had to be so long, that had he applied only thirty pounds, and moved it through ten thousand feet per hour for ten hours a day, the remote end of the lever would have had to pass through an arc which it would take 8 trillions, 774 billions, 994 millions, 574 thousand, 737 of centuries to accomplish, in order to raise the earth a single inch. Archimedes was a braggart!

OUR CHICAGO LETTER.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17th, 1869.

The strong minded of the fair sex have concluded their harangues here and proceeded to Cincinnati, there to open the eyes of the down trodden of their sex. All the lionesses of the suffrage movement are fully worked up to the importance of the occasion and are determined never to cease fighting till victory is won.

Real estate owners and speculators are very active to-day in consequence of the certainty of the south side park. The bill passed by the Legislature was referred to the Supreme Court to pronounce upon its constitutionality. The decision was rendered yesterday in favor of the bill. The commissioners have now only to proceed to business. The bill compelling the city to issue its bonds to pay for the extension of Lincoln Park was also submitted and the decision leaves the city to do as it pleases. There is no reason why the whole city should pay for Lincoln Park and the South and North Divisions pay for their own.

Two items of information have come under my notice which tell the story of the growth of this city. In 1831 the first postmaster was appointed and the office was a little room in a log shanty. Boot legs constituted the pigeon holes, and a few dozen letters made up the weekly mails. Yesterday morning the largest mail that ever went out on a single train from Chicago was made up for Omaha. It consisted of *one hundred and twenty-eight* bags and pouches. For a single mail this will pass inspection. Thirty-eight years have wrought wonders in this city and country.

The Episcopalian Convention for the diocese of Illinois has been in session for several days. To the out side observer, it would look more like a meeting to hear the complaints of Bishop Duggan. He appears to have more than his share of difficulties. He told the convention that his salary was not sufficient, neither was it well or regularly paid. He complained that there was no proper residence for the Bishop, and that he had to fight the battles of the Church and defend its canons alone. There is considerable business being done, and outside of these complaints the Convention is proceeding satisfactorily.

The lecture and concert season is just approaching, and we are promised a large supply of first class entertainments. We have probably seen the last of the spectacular sensations, and will hereafter luxurate on the best in the legitimate and respectable line that can be offered.

Business in almost every line is flourishing, and prospects are good for the future. To those perambulating the streets the grain arrivals are not visible; but that we are receiving the usual quantity is certain. The arrivals of peaches and fruit of all kinds is simply enormous; and from what we can see of these the amount of produce coming into this city is almost beyond calculation.

Notwithstanding the competition and rush of business in Chicago, a thorough knowledge of what a man attempts, soon manifests itself in success and popularity. There is no better example of this class of business prosperity than the jewelry house of Messrs. Morse, Roddin & Hamilton, on the north-east corner of Lake and Clark streets. Satisfactory dealing is the reason why this house is so extensively patronized. Being thoroughly posted in every department of their trade, their stock is well selected and their facilities for manufacturing are complete. The collection of gold and silver jewelry and diamonds here collected is well worth a visit. Richness is written on every article, and beauty is equally conspicuous. There is a collection of solid and plated silverware, and everything that would be looked for in such an establishment. The popularity and success of Messrs. Morse, Roddin & Hamilton is becoming almost as well known as our river tunnel.

Foreign Items.

NEW YORK, September 18.

A special from Paris to the Herald says Gen. Prim's second and latest audience with Napoleon was of an hour's duration, the subject matter of the conversation affording cause for a very considerable amount of anxious outside speculation. It has been pretty accurately ascertained that the situation in Cuba, the revolution and the chances of its suppression, as well as the probable future of the Island as regards its form of government and right of rule, were discussed. The Emperor advised an amicable arrangement between the Spanish authorities and the Cabinet in Washton, in the matter of the American desire for the acquisition of the Cuban territory by purchase; adding towards the close of his remarks his opinion to the effect that if the war continued, with its present attendant barbarities, President Grant will be compelled to interfere between the contending parties, if only in behalf of and for the cause of humanity.

Gen. Prim replied that he was himself personally willing to negotiate with the American authorites in the direction indicated by the ruler of France, but that Spain has fellow countrymen at large who are opposed to such a process.

Napoleon, in reply, advised Gen. Prim and the Spaniards to imitate in this case his own example and give up Cuba, just as he had given up Mexico, before it was too late to do so with honor.

Minister Sickles has proposed a new plan of compromise on the Cuban subject.

Spain is in an intense state of excitement, blazing and boiling over, it may be said, on account of the news received from Cuba, the reports from Washington and Paris, and the adherence of Sickles, in Madrid, to the policy of sell or perhaps lose.

A special to the Herald from Madrid says the candidature of the Duke of Geneva, Honorable of King Victor Emanuel, of Italy, for the throne of Spain, continues to be discussed very earnestly. His accession to the throne is regarded as probable. Should the plan be carried into effect, the youthful king will be assisted by a regency comprised of the Duke de Montpensier, Marshal Serreno and Rioerera.

Five war frigates, with other vessels of the navy, are about to be dispatched to Cuba. They will sail at an early day.

LONDON, Sept. 18.

The Daily News says: The question as to an improved understanding between Spain and the United States remains unsolved. While the latter is impatient of delay the former is sending armaments that may precipitate a conflict. The Spanish exchequer is virtually empty, and temporary loans are resorted to at increasing onerous terms. This fact must be considered in estimating the possibilities of the pending crisis.

MADRID, Sept, 18.

The Spanish press has been in a complete ferment of excitement and indignation since the presentation of Sickles' notes to the Government. Some of the journals abuse the American Minister badly. They say he was sent here solely because he was known to be a strong partizan of Cuban annexation. Gen. Sickles emphatically denies the assertion that his mission refers only to Cuba.

LONDON, Sept. 18.

The Spectator says that war between Spain and the United States, on account of Cuba, appears like a moral impossibility, but is universally believed in just just now in Spain. The war enthusiasm there is gathering fast. It is difficult to believe that Spain, with a divided people, a bankrupt treasury, one colony in revolt, others to lose, nothing to win, can seriously contemplate war with one of the greatest powers on earth.

The Saturday Review holds that if the proposal of Gen. Sickles is accurately reported there is no ground for complaint against America for making an offer to Spain in the character of a disinterested mediator.

MADRID, September 21.

The journals of this city are still violent against the presumed unfriendliness of the American Government. Some of them urge an immediate declaration of war if the Cubans are recognized as billigerents. The ministry, after discussing the propriety of returning Gen. Sickles' note unanswered, have declared to postpone their action until the arrival of General Prim from Paris.

THE CENSUS.—The census taken of St. Louis shows a population of only 186,000. The population of Missouri is returned at 1,960,000.

Tom Thumb and his party advertised their performances in San Francisco by means of posters in Chinese as well as English. In two weeks they tooks in $15,000 in gold.

It is asserted by the New York *Herald* that after diplomatic consultation, England and France have resolved that the United States shall not interfere in Cuban affairs. Doubtful.

The true wealth of a community lies in the integrity of its citizens, and its chief honor arises not from the possession of great riches, but from the possession of true men.

A Louisville dispatch says, Capt. Napier, Sheriff of Lincoln county, Ky., was shot and killed on Saturday last, while attempting to arrest Samuel Holmes, at Stamford. Ed. Davidson, Marshal of Stamford, came to the Sheriff's assistance, and was also shot and mortally wounded.

That which is felt is much more sure that which is known. Man makes his own reasoning; but it is God who makes our feelings. A feeling is reasoning ready-made. It is man who thinks but it is nature which feels. Distrust your thoughts, but believe firmly in your feelings.

A dispatch from St. Paul says: After two dry and pleasant days a heavy thunder storm occurred Sunday night, putting the grain in shock back to its former wet condition.

The river is again rising, and is now sixteen feet above low water mark, a stage unprecedented at this season within the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID—read Dr. Whittier's advertisement.

The Marriage Ring.

Essays on the Errors of Youth, and the Follies of Age, in regard to Social Evils, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

With its gloomy attendants, low spirits, depression, involuntary emissions, loss of semen, spermatorrhœa, loss of power, dizzy head, loss of memory and threatened impotence and imbecility, find a sovereign cure in Humphrys' Homœopathic Specific No. 28. Composed of the most valuable mild and potent Curatives, they strike at once at the root of the matter, tone up the system, arrest the discharges, and impart vigor and energy, life and vitality to the entire man. They have cured thousands of cases. Price $5 per package of six boxes and vial, which is very important in obstinate or old cases, or $1 per single box. Sold by ALL Druggists, and sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 Broadway, New-York. iv17y1

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Clinton County Court, made at its August term, 1869, of said Court, I will, in obedience to said order, on the

27th day of October, 1869,

at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Oregon, and during the session of the Circuit Court of Holt county, expose at public auction all the interest of Thomas Watkins, deceased, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county of Holt and State of Missouri, to-wit: The north half of the south-west quarter of section twenty (20) and the south half of the south-west fourth and south west quarter of the north-west quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township sixty-two (62), range thirty-nine (39); and the west fractional half of the south-east quarter of section eleven (11), in township sixty-two (62), of range forty (40); and West half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-five (35), in township sixty-one (61), of range thirty-nine (39), containing in all about three hundred and twenty acres. Terms of sale, cash in hand.

124 JOHN R. SEATON, Administrator.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas James G. Fletcher by his deed of trust, dated on the 5th day of April, 1866, and recorded in the Recorders office of Holt county Missouri, in Book K, at page 356 and 357, did convey to the undersigned S. C. Collins, trustee, the following described real estate to wit: commencing at the center of a certain branch running nearly north and south, through the south west quarter of section nine, in township fifty nine of range thirty seven, on the north line of said quarter section, then running east to the north east corner of said quarter section, then south one hundred and sixty rods to the south east corner of said quarter section, thence west to the center of said branch, thence up to the center of said branch to the place of beginning; containing one hundred acres more or less; which conveyance to said S. C. Collins was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promisary note, executed by said James G. Fletcher, and therein particularly described, has became due, together with the interest thereon and is wholy unpaid; therefore the undersigned Trustee at the request of the legal holder of said note, will on Saturday, the second day of October 1869, between the hours of 9 o'clock and 3 o'clock of that day at the north door of the courthouse, in the town of Oregon Holt county Missouri, sell at public sale to the highest bidder for cash; said above described real estate, to satisfy and pay said indebtedness and cost and expenses of said sale. S. C. COLLINS.

9—4w.

TAX SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that I will offer for Sale the forfeited Lists of 1863, 1864 and 1866, on Monday, October 4th, 1869; and will continue the sale from day to day, till all the Lands and Lots on said Lists are sold. ALBERT ROEKEL,

aug 27 ns 4t Collector Holt Co., Mo.

COURT NOTICE.

John M. Tracy vs. Martha F. Tracy. } Divorce.

In Holt Circuit Court, in vacation, August 18, 1869.

Now on this 18th day of August, 1869, comes the above named plaintiff, John M. Tracy, before the undersigned, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt County, Missouri, in vacation, and files his petition and affidavit; stating among other things, that the above named defendant, Martha F. Tracy, is a non-resident of this State; whereupon it is ordered by the clerk aforesaid in vacation, that publication be made, notifying her that an action has been commenced against her by petition in the Circuit Court of Holt County, Missouri; the object and general nature of which is to be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, heretofore contracted with said defendant, and for other and proper relief. And that unless she be and appear at the next October term of the Holt Circuit Court to be begun and held at the Court House in Oregon, in said County of Holt, on Monday the 25th day of October, 1869 and on or before the sixth day thereof, if the same shall so long continue, (and if not, then before the end of the term,) and plead, answer or demurer to plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law.

Attest: E. L. ALLEN, Clerk.

T. H. Parrish, Attorney for Plaintiff.

aug 27 ns 4w

COURT NOTICE.

Ruth A. Gilpin vs. Charles T. Gilpin. } Divorce.

In Holt Circuit Court, in vacation, August 21, 1869.

Now on this 21st day of August, 1869, comes the above named plaintiff, Ruth A. Gilpin, before the undersigned clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county, Missouri, in vacation, by attorney, and files her petition and affidavit, stating among other things, that the above named defendant is a nonresident of this State, and cannot be summoned in this action; whereupon it is ordered by the clerk aforesaid, in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendant that an action has been commenced against him by petition in the Circuit Court of Holt county, Missouri, the object and general nature of which is to sever the bonds of matrimony now existing between said plaintiff and defendant, and for the care and custody of the minor children of said plaintiff and defendant, and for other and proper relief in the premises; and that unless said defendant be and appear before the Hon. Judge of our Holt Circuit Court, at the next October term thereof, to be begun and held at the Court House in Oregon, in said county of Holt, on Monday, the 25th day of October, 1869, and on or before the sixth day thereof, if the same shall so long continue, (if not then, before the end of the term), and plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law.

Attest: E. L. ALLEN, Clerk.

Horace Cooper, att'y for Plaintiff.

[aug 27 ns 4w]

New BOOT and SHOE STORE.

HAVING thoroughly refitted our old stand, we are now prepared to meet the wants of the community in this line. We have a stock entirely new, embracing all kinds of boots and shoes for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

Which we sell cheaper than can be bought at any place north of St. Joseph.

9-1 G. & F. SEEMAN.

DUNGAN & KELLY,

Attorneys at Law,

General Collecting and Real Estate Agents,

OREGON, MO.

HAVE Complete and Correct Abstracts of Title for Holt County.

OFFICE—North side Public Square. 4m6

J. W. GREEN,

(Of the late firm of Green & Co.,)

Merchant Tailor,

FOREST CITY, MO.

Keeps on hand a full line of

Cloths, Vestings, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Fancy Cassimeres, &c.

WILL call on his old customers at Oregon every Thursday to receive orders and to exhibit the latest samples and styles. 36

To the Tax-Payers!

LOOK BEFORE BUYING!

AT T. I. Kreek's you are taxed less than any other store in Oregon. Go and see him, examine prices, and you can't help being

CONVINCED

Of the truthfulness of this assertion. He keeps a complete stock of

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Queensware, Clothing, &c.,

And to be Sold

Cheap! Cheap!

No trouble to show Goods. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods. iv14tf

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

FURNITURE!

AT FOREST CITY.

The Largest Stock,

AND

Lowest Price in the County.

ROBINSON & PLATTER, Gordon Building.

[iv-n24-y1]

JAMES H. NIES,

DEALER IN STOVES,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware.

N. E. Corner Public Square,

OREGON, MO.

☞Old Copper, Brass, and Pewter, taken in exchange for Tinware. [v9ly]

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA!

THE ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF

Farmers, Stock-Raisers, Fruit-Growers, and Agriculturists Generally,

IS INVITED TO THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT OF FACTS

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, was established one year ago, its design being to change "the current of Life Insurance from the East to the West and South, so as to stop the ruinous drain upon the finances of these sections, which is caused at present by the extensive operations of Eastern Life Insurance Companies."

These Eastern Companies now hold $200,000,000 of money, for which the people of the West and South have nothing but their promises to pay at some uncertain time in the future. Shall the fruits of our industrious toil, in the field, at the anvil, in the counting house, in the mill, in the workshop—in short, in all the departments of home industry, be poured into the lap of Eastern Capitalists whose interests are so foreign to our own? Should we continue to do this, and keep the polices of Eastern Companies now in force, we should have paid them more than enough to *liquidate the entire public debt!!*

The plan of this Association is to establish departments in each State, controlled by leading citizens through whom the money paid for Life Insurance is invested in the locality where it is realized, when undoubted real estate security can be obtained. Farmers can thus effect loans which will be PERMANENT, thus relieving them from the embarrassments entailed by short crops, and avoid the annoyance of sales under deeds of trust—calamities which have often destroyed many a worthy, hardworking farmer.

With heavy taxes and high wages for labor which is uncertain, precarious, difficult to get and poor at that, our Farmers cannot *afford* to pay these Eastern Companies to handle their money and do their insuring, which the *Life Association of America* is ables to do and at **Less Rates.**

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE!

Charity begins at home. Our agriculturists require all their surplus to purchase farming machinery, improve lands, enlarge their estates and improve their condition generally. Can they do it by paying millions of their earnings every year to foreign capitalists?

In order to develop our lands and utilize our resources, we must have the handling of the fruits of our genius and industry *ourselves*.

The success of the *Life Association of America* is unparalleled. It is in operation only one year, and its present annual income about one million of dollars. It is purely mutual. All its policies are non-forfeiture. It insures on all the popular plans practiced by sound companies, and because of the high rates of interest it gets on its investments, its rates of premium are lower, and its dividends will be much larger than those of other companies. Build up home institutions.

PROMPT PAYMENT OF LOSSES.

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION HAS PAID

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

To the Families of Deceased Members since its organization in June, last year.

NO LOSSES UNPAID.

RECEIPTS.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, Mobile, July 16, 1869.

G. M. Parker and John C. Chamberlain, Esqs., Executor of the Estate of L. T. Woodruff, dec'd, Mobile:

Dear Sirs:—Ever regretting the sad accident which deprived our city of so prominent a citizen, and our association of so valuable a trustee, I take pleasure in handing you herewith a check for ten thousand (10,000) dollars, the amount of policy of assurance issued by our company to the late Colonel L. Woodruff.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant, DOUGLAS YASS,

Vice-President Alabama Department Life Association of America.

Douglas Yass, Esq., Vice-President Alabama Department Life Association of America:

Dear Sir: We beg to acknowledge the receipt of your note of this date, covering check for ten thousand (10,000) dollars, being the amount of policy on the life of the late Colonel L. T. Woodruff, and to express our appreciation of the courtesy and promptness shown by your Association in the preparation of the requisite proof-papers, and in the payment of the claim as soon as possible after our qualifications as Executors.

Very respectfully, (Signed) G. M. PARKER, (Signed) JOHN CHAMBERLAIN, Executors, Estate of L. T. Woodruff.

[$10,000.] OMAHA, NEB., May 1, 1869.

Received, of the Life Association of America, the sum of ten thousand dollars, being in full for loss under policy No. [illegible] of the Life Association of America, on the life of Samuel A. Megrath.

(Signed) JAMES G. MEGRATH, ADDISON COCHRAN, Adm'rs, S. A. Megrath, deceased.

LOUISIANA, MO., May 5, 1869.

Received, of the Life Association of America, ten thousand dollars, [illegible] in full for all claims and demands for loss under policy No. [illegible], on the life of R. B. Rule, for the benefit of Margaret J. Rule, and heirs of the body R. B. Rule.

(Signed) MARGARET J. RULE, Widow of R. B. Rule, deceased.

(Signed) [illegible]

(Signed) [illegible], Guardians of the children of R. B. Rule, deceased.

Received, St. Louis, Mo., May 10, 1869, of the Life Association of America, ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, in full for all claims and demands for loss under policy No. [illegible], on the life of Thomas Scott, in favor of myself, issued by said Life Association of America, October 16, 1868.

AGNES SCOTT.

Received, St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1869, of the Life Association of America, ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, in full of claims and demands for loss under policy No. [illegible], issued by said association, on the life of James R. Rogers, in favor of myself. Dated February 27, 1869. CHARLOTTE M. ROGERS.

☞ NOTE. It is well to add that the interest money alone has been nearly sufficient to pay these losses. This is mentioned merely as an evidence of our success during the first year of our existence. Old companies use this fact as an argument to prove their soundness after doing business 15 or 20 years.

Why Farmers Should Insure in this Association.

Because as producers of capital they are entitled to the use of the results of their labors—a right secured to them by the plan and system of this Institution.

Farmers should, above all others, insure their lives, and provide for future contingencies. The litigations incident to a new country, of which heirs and administrators become involved in law suits, touching boundaries, titles, &c., and frequently exhaust the fruits of the labor of a long life in their cost, and drive widows and orphans from their cherished homesteads, around which so many fond memories cluster. A policy of insurance covers every pecuniary contingencies, and offers security and provision for the fatherless and the widow.

Farmers should insure, because their opportunities for making safe investments are few, on account of their seclusion and limited intercourse with financial circles. Life Insurance presents a safe and profitable investment, considering it as a FINANCIAL measure, besides providing for the future pecuniary welfare of the loved ones.

Farmers and others visiting St. Louis, are invited to call at our office, No. 307 North Fifth St.

Manuals and Circulars giving complete statements of details, rate tables, &c., furnished by applying at this office.

J. P. THOMPSON, Secretary. JOHN J. ROE, President.

C. R. GRIFFING, General Manager of the State of Missouri.

OREGON BRANCH.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

R. C. WATSON, ADAM GILLFILLAN,
DAN'L ZOCK, M. SAVILLE,
A. KLIPPEL, J. VANDERLINDE.

Each of whom are insured in the Life Association of America for Ten Thousand Dollars.

[v5n6y1]

PHILIP PINGER. W. DOCKENDORF. (Durant, Wis.) JACOB MUMM.

Michigan and Wisconsin Lumber Yard.

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF

PINE LUMBER

IN THE CITY KEPT BY

PINGER, MUMM & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Mary Streets,

Where Hamilton's Mill Formerly Stood,

ST. JOSEPH, MO.

☞ Parties wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. [v5n6y1]

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE.

The Latest Improvement!

Has a straight needle; makes the lock stitch, which will neither *rip nor ravel*, and is alike on both sides; does perfect sewing on every kind of material, from leather to the finest muslin, with cotton, silk or linen thread, from the coarsest to the finest. It hems, fells, binds, braids, tucks, quilts and gathers.

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine

WELLS & RICHMOND

Northwest General Agents,

Corner Second and Francis Sts.,

St. Joseph, Missouri.

Hear what they say about it, (by permisson:)

We certify that we reside in St. Joseph, Mo., that we are familiar with and have used nearly all the standard sewing machines; that we are now using the Empire Machine, and prefer it above all others.

W. E. Forster, Tailor, corner Fourth and Edmond.

E. Curtis, Fredrick Avenue.

Mrs. Carter, Dressmaker, Third street, near Charles.

Chas. W. Campbell, Spencer's Store, Felix St.

Thaddeus Reedy, Market Square.

☞ Agents wanted. Apply to WELLS & RICHMOND. 43

Drugs! Drugs!

D. W. REID,

Successor to SAVILLE & REID,

Dealer in

Drugs, Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye-stuffs,

Pure Wines and Liquors!

TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

STATIONERY,

TOYS PICTURES & FRAMES.

North side Public square,

OREGON, MO.

MEDICINES warranted genuine, and of the best quality. Physicians' prescriptions carefully prepared. Country Physicians' orders filled at reasonable rates.

[iv n51y]

MORTGAGE AND ASSIGNEE SALE

WHEREAS, Frederick Hall, by his certain mortgage, dated September 12th, 1866, recorded in book K, pages 683, 684 and 685 of the records in the office of the Recorder of deeds for Holt county, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned, John E. Hall, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Holt, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: lots one (1) and four (4) in block forty-eight (48) in Oregon, proper, county seat of Holt county, Missouri, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage for the sum of $1,400, payable on the 1st day of April, 1867, with interest on the same at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum; and whereas, said note and the interest thereon remains due and unpaid; and whereas, the said Frederick Hall has, by the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Missouri, been adjudged a bankrupt, and the undersigned, Robert Gunn, is the duly appointed and qualified assignee of the estate and effects of said Frederick Hall in bankruptcy; and A.D., 1869, the said District Court did order and direct that said assignee should join with said John E. Hall mortgagee in a sale of the above described premises under said mortgage. Now, therefore, the undersigned, John E. Hall, mortgagee and holder and owner of said mortgage and of the power contained in said mortgage, and the undersigned, Robert Gunn, assignee, acting herein under the order of the District Court, as aforesaid, together, will, on TUESDAY the

14th day of September, 1869,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon that day, proceed to sell, at public vendue, at the door of the court house at Oregon, Holt county, Missouri, the premises above described to the highest bidder for cash.

JOHN E. HALL, Mortgagee.

ROBERT GUNN, Assignee of Fred. Hall in bankruptcy.

Oregon, July 8th, 1869. 21ds

COURT NOTICE.

In Holt County Circuit Court, in vacation, August 28, 1869.

William H. Codor vs. Frances Codor. } Divorce.

Now on this 28th day of August 1869, comes the above named plaintiff by his attorney before the clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county, Mo., in vacation, and files his petition and affidavit stating among other things, that the above named defendant Frances Codor, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and cannot be summoned in this action. Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk aforesaid in vacation that publication be made, notifying her that an action has been commenced against her, by petition in the Circuit court of Holt county Missouri. The object and general nature of which is to be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, now existing between said plaintiff and defendant, and that unless she be and appear at the next regular term of the Holt Circuit Court, to be begun and held at the court house in Oregon in said county of Holt, State of Missouri, on the 4th Monday of October, 1869, and on or before the sixth day thereof, if the same shall so long continue, (and if not there before the end of the term) and plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition; the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered against her accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law.

Attest. E. L. ALLES, Clerk.

H. R. Parish Att'y, for Plaintiff. sep 3 n9 w4

SMALL FRUIT INSTRUCTOR.

"What makes it valuable is because it contains so much practical, original matter in such a small space."—*John J. Thomas.*

"The directions for growing Strawberries and Raspberries are the best I have ever seen."—*Henry Ward Beecher.*

We could give hundreds of just such testimonials, showing the value of this little work. It should be in the hands of every person, whether the owner of a rod square of ground or a hundred acres. Tree agents should have a copy. It contains 40 pages. Price 10 cents. Full price list, wholesale and retail, and also terms to agents and those desiring to get up a club for plants, sent FREE to all applicants. Parties at the South should order plants in the fall. Address. PUREY & HANCE.

9—3w. South Bend Ind.

Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

For the Delicate Skin of Ladies and Children.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

H. R. W. HARTWIG. E. F. HARTWIG.

H. R. W. Hartwig & Co.,

RECTIFIERS, DISTILLERS,

And Wholesale Dealers in

Wines and Liquors,

Fancy Groceries, Tobacco, &c.,

No. 3[illegible] Third-st., St. Joseph, Mo.

WE import our Brandies, Wines and Gins direct from Europe—the only house west of Saint Louis or Chicago that does import direct. 514

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is given, that there will be a petition presented to the County Court of Holt County, Missouri, on the second Monday in September, 1869, for the purpose o having two Commissioners appointed to examine the banks of the Little Tarkeo, near James Walkup's farm, to estimate the expense of a levee on the east bank of the above said creek.

aug 27 ns 12 THOMAS SECRIST.