Holt County Sentinel

Friday, November 17th, 1876.

VALEDICTORY.

It is customary in American journalism that when an editor retires from the paper he has been connected with, he signalize the event by a "valedictory." For the past two weeks it has been known to our readers that a change would take place in the ownership and management of this paper. The event which had thus been foreshadowed was duly consummated on the 9th of the present month, and the facts may be summed up in a few words: We are no longer owner, manager and editor of the HOLT COUNTY SENTINEL. Printing presses, type, subscriptica books, good will, and everything pertaining to the establishment, have been sold to W. W. Davenport, Esq., formerly of St. Charles, but more recently of St. Joseph, Mo., and as we write the new proprietor is in full possession of the office.

It is with no little regret that we sever the relation which has for eight years existed between us and our readers—a relation which has always been pleasant and agreeable. And whatever our lot may be in the future, we shall ever gratefully remember the uniform kindness to us and family of the people of Holt, as well as their words of cheer and liberal patronage. In reviewing the past, we may be permitted to say, that we have conscientiously endeavored in our imperfect way to discharge our duty, and to stand for the right as we understood it. If errors we have committed, they were errors of the head and not of the heart, and we hope the aggrieved parties (if there be any) will be as charitable toward us as we are toward them.

We take great pleasure in introducing our successor to the people of Holt county. Mr. Davenport is a journalist of many years' standing, and comes among us prepared to make the old SENTINEL a first-class weekly country newspaper, and to extend its usefulness. We first made his acquaintance when he was editor of the *St. Charles Compass*—one of the best country weeklies in Missouri, which acquaintance was renewed when he became editor-in-chief of the *St. Joseph Morning Herald*. Aside from his well known journalistic ability he is a Republican both from principle and early education, and his paper will give no uncertain sound when occasion serves.

With the consent of the new proprietor we shall for sometime to come be a co-worker on the paper, to gather news items, collect what is due the office for subscription and advertising, and to assist in extending the circulation of the SENTINEL.

ADAM KLIPPEL.

Referring to the above, we have only to add that we hope to make the SENTINEL worthy of the continued support and patronage of the people of Holt and adjoining counties. Coming into a strange community, we will necessarily labor under many disadvantages for a while; but the kindness of Mr. Klippel in consenting to give us his assistance until we have made the general acquaintance of the people will, we hope, make our pathwath comparatively smooth.

Politically, as is indicated in Mr. Klippel's valedictory, there will be no change in the paper. We devoutly believe in the principles of the Republican party and shall yield them at all times an unswerving support. Yet, in doing this, we hope to maintain the kindliest relations with our political opponents, and shall seek by argument, rather than by abuse, to win them over to the party of enlightenment and progress.

By far the larger portion of our space, however, will be devoted to the local affairs of the county; to building up its towns and attracting immigrants to its fertile hills and valleys. In this work we hope to receive the active co-operation of the good men of all parties and all creeds. Holt county may justly claim to be the "garden spot" of the Platte Purchase, and if a united effort is made by her present inhabitants the population of the county may be doubled in the next five years.

Our predecessor has published an excellent paper—worthy of the generous patronage it received. We hope it may not deteriorate under our management; and in any event we shall honestly strive by honest labor to make an honest living.

For the rest, the paper itself will speak, from week to week.

GENERAL LOAN'S DEFEAT.

That General Loan would be defeated for Congress, was very well known at the time of his nomination; and hence it was that a large number of sincere Republicans made an earnest effort to have some one else selected as our standard bearer in this District. But it was hardly expected he would meet with such a complete Waterloo as is shown by the following returns:

	Era	Loan
Andrew	1202	1041
Atchison	1631	1176
Holt	1425	1284
Gentry	[illegible]	[illegible]
Worth	[illegible]	[illegible]
De Kalb	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clinton	1761	1622
Buchanan	4611	2769
Platte	1350	1615
Total	13029	11548

Era's majority 1481.

These figures should teach a lesson to be heeded hereafter. General Loan was nominated not by the masses of the Republican party, but in spite of them. This is proven by the fact that he ran behind both the National and State ticket in every county in the District. Hereafter it may possibly be better understood that while the politicians may nominate, it is the people who elect.

But it is always well to speak gently of the departed, and since General Loan's gory linen has been turned into his political shroud we cover him with the mantle of silence.

COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

The closeness of the vote between Hayes and Tilden causes a desire on the part of the people to understand exactly how the vote of the electoral college is counted.

The Constitution provides that "The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted." This is all it says in regard to how the vote shall be counted. It simply declares further that the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President.

In 1866 a joint rule was adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives which provided that either House might object to the counting of the vote of any State, and that the vote of no State should be counted unless both Houses concurred therein. But this rule is not now in force, as the present Congress has adopted no joint rules. The St. Louis *Journal*, in speaking of this subject, says that Senators Morton, Sherman and Booth recently expressed their views concerning the method of counting the electoral vote. They agree that the President of the Senate must open the certificates and count the votes, the two Houses sitting merely as witnesses of the count. They also agree that the President of the Senate can recognize as certificates only such returns as are sent to him by electors duly elected and indorsed as such by the Governor of their State.

The *Chicago Times*, the *New York Herald* and other leading Democratic newspapers have expressed similar views concerning the matter. In fact no paper, Republican or Democratic, and no Senator or Representative, of either party, has so far as known expressed different views.

It may therefore be considered as settled that only such certificates as are forwarded to the President of the Senate by electors duly endorsed by the Governor of their State, will be opened, and that the votes cast by such recognized electors will be counted by Senator Ferry in the presence of the House and Senate. The votes being counted the result will be declared by the President of the Senate.

LATEST ELECTION NEWS.

The result of the Presidential election is still in doubt. Indeed, from present appearances, it may remain undecided until after the meeting of Congress.

Both parties claim to have carried the States of Louisiana, South Carolina and Florida, and the result of the election will hinge upon the electoral votes of those States. If Hayes carries all three of them he is elected; while if Tilden carries either one of them he is elected.

Should it be found that the Republicans have carried these States, Hayes would be elected by one electoral vote, as follows:

Hayes.		Tilden.	
Colorado	3	Alabama	10
Illinois	21	Arkansas	6
Iowa	11	Delaware	3
Kansas	5	Georgia	11
Maine	7	Kentucky	12
Massachusetts	13	Maryland	8
Michigan	11	Missouri	15
Minnesota	5	Mississippi	10
Nebraska	3	North Carolina	10
Nevada	3	Tennessee	12
New Hampshire	5	Texas	8
Ohio	22	Virginia	11
Pennsylvania	29	West Virginia	5
Rhode Island	4	Indiana	15
Vermont	5	New York	35
Oregon	3	New Jersey	9
California	6	Connecticut	6
Wisconsin	10		
South Carolina	7	Total	184
Florida	4		
Louisiana	8		
Total	185		

On the 10th inst., President Grant ordered General Sherman to send troops to Florida "to insure entire quiet and a peaceable count of the votes actually cast."

On the 13th inst., the President requested Judge D. K. Carter of the Supreme Court, to go to Columbia, South Carolina, to be present at the canvass of the vote of that State.

More trouble is anticipated in Louisiana than in either of the other two disputed States, and a large number of prominent men of both political parties have gone to New Orleans to be present at the counting of the vote. Among others designated by the President for this purpose are the following: Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, Judge E. W. Stoughton, Gen. John A. Dix and Gen. James H. Van Alen of New York; Senator Sherman and Hon. Stanley Matthews, of Ohio; Hon. Courtland Parker, of New Jersey; Senator Edmunds, of Vermont; Gen. Ben Harrison, of Indiana; Senator Logan, of Illinois; Hon. Wm. D. Kelley and Hon. John S. Schornberge, of Pennsylvania, and Hon. John A. Kasson, of Iowa.

The Chairman of the National Democratic Committee has also requested the following persons to visit New Orleans for the same purpose: Governors Ingersoll, Hubbard, Robinson, Curtin, Palmer, McCreery, Carroll and others, also Senators Thurman, Bayard, Randolph, McDonald, Kernan and other Senators, and a large number of other prominent Democrats from all sections of the country. Nearly all these parties have arrived in New Orleans and we may expect some news of their action in a few days.

It is not at all improbable that these distinguished gentlemen may widely disagree as to the legality of many of the returns, and, in this event, there will be two reports, adverse to each other. Congress would then have to decide the matter.

Viewed from any standpoint, the situation is critical. For the present the great public can only watch and wait.

FROM present indications we judge that this State has given Tilden a majority of about forty-five thousand; while Phelps is elected Governor by about forty thousand.

MISSOURI gained four Republican congressmen at the recent election: Anthony Ittner in the First District; Nathan Cole in the Second; L. S. Metcalf in the Third; and H. M. Pollard in the Tenth.

SINCE the election, Wilder, of the St. Jo. *Herald*, has forsworn politics and is now devoting himself to agricultural themes. His last editorial on "The Best Made of Propagating Striped Handled Brooms" is one of the most ornate and scholarly productions we have read for a long time.

THE STATE SENATORSHIP.

The result of the election for State Senator in the First District was a surprise to everybody. The District is strongly Republican, and yet when the votes are counted the fact is developed that a Democrat—the regular nominee of his party—is elected over a Republican who is likewise his party's nominee.

The following official returns tell the story:

	Parrish	Davis
Atchison	1241	1146
Andrew	1545	1662
Holt	1426	1502
Nodaway	2418	2260
Total	6630	6570

Majority for Parrish 160.

Of course there is some reason for this; and, in fact, when we come to think it over, there are several.

1. The unfortunate accident that happened to Major Davis in being thrown from a buggy, immediately after his nomination, from the effects of which he is still confined to his bed, prevented him from making a single speech during the campaign. Every one knows how important it is for candidates for minor offices to mix personally with the people whose suffrages they desire. Doubtless this cause alone cost Major Davis many votes.

2. The question of locality entered largely into the canvass. Holt county has never furnished the State Senator from this District, although for the past eight years she has furnished the votes which have elected the Republican candidates for that office. Her people felt aggrieved at the manner in which she had been treated by the convention which nominated Major Davis, and they expressed their displeasure in the meagre majority for him shown above. While Lucas gets 365 majority for Sheriff, Davis gets only 46 majority for Senator.

As we are simply endeavoring to state facts, and not to argue anything, we make no further comment on this point than to say that if the people of Holt were altogether wrong in the course they pursued, they were, nevertheless, altogether human.

3. Mr. Parrish is, aside from his politics, one of the most popular men in the District. He possesses a wonderful amount of personal magnetism; is suave and affable; has the faculty of adapting himself to any company he may be thrown into; and is, withal, a man of integrity and ability. He will, beyond doubt, creditably fill the position to which he has been elected.

He is an ardent friend of the public schools, and when a Democrat has come to that point he has made a long stride toward Republicanism. Besides, he was elected by Republican votes, and he is not the man to forget that fact.

Since, therefore, inscrutable Providence has decreed that this District must be represented in the State Senate by a Democrat, we rejoice that He has selected no worse man than Tom Parrish.

WANTED—A FAIR COUNT.

The gravity of the situation consequent upon the contested votes of Louisiana, South Carolina and Florida should evoke the profoundest and most dispassionate consideration of every lover of his country. It is not stating the case too broadly to say that never since 1861 has the permanency of free institutions in this country been in so great peril as now.

It is a time for every patriot to rise far above the confines of partisanship and seek to uphold only that course of action which is deeply and solidly founded in right. Every true man, be he Republican or Democrat, will commune with his own conscience and then do that which it tells him he will not regret when judged by the Great Judge.

Whether Hayes is to be the next President or whether Tilden is to be—these are questions that sink into insignificance beside the greater question: Shall we continue to be governed in this country by the free and untrammeled ballots of the people?

The ringing words of President Grant in his dispatch to General Sherman on the 10th inst., express the sentiments of every honest and reflecting man in the nation. He said:

"No man worthy of the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in or placed there by fraud. Either party can afford to be disappointed in the result, but the country cannot afford to have the result tainted by a suspicion of illegal or false returns."

If the investigations now being made should develop the fact that Tilden was honestly and fairly elected we should feel it our duty to yield promptly and unmurmuringly to the will of the majority. But if, on the other hand, it should transpire that a free and fair expression of the people of the South, black or white, was prevented by intimidation, then the strong arm of the government should be extended to protect these voters in the rights guaranteed them under the constitution.

Of late, both political parties have vied with each other in declaring their devotion to the constitution as changed by the late war. This constitution, so changed, gives to every colored man in the nation the right to vote and to be unmolested in the free exercise of this privilege. The humblest cotton-field negro in Georgia stands upon precisely the same level as Samuel J. Tilden when he walks up to the polls to cast his ballot; and his vote counts just the same in determining the results of elections.

It is claimed that such a system of terrorism prevailed throughout the South that colored men were either prevented from voting or were forced to vote in a manner contrary to their desires. Let this matter be thoroughly investigated, and let us all resolve to abide honorably and faithfully by the result. Let us, in short, *do right*—both Democrats and Republicans—whether it elects or defeats the candidate we favored.

"For right is right, since God is God,
And right the day will win."

NOVEMBER ELECTION--1876.

Result in Holt County, Mo.,

TOTAL NUMBER OF VOTES, 2,990.

CANDIDATES.	East Lewis	West Lewis	Bigelow	Benton	Clay	Liberty	Union	Lincoln	Hickory	Nodaway	Forbes	Total	Majorities
For Presidential Electors													
Republican	300	160	146	208	141	96	119	78	120	129	140	1628	313
Democratic	168	190	204	158	66	60	198	70	82	29	99	1315	
For Governor.													
Gustavus A. Finkelnburg, Rep	300	161	147	206	142	97	114	86	120	129	141	1643	316
John S. Phelps, Dem.	168	189	203	160	65	61	200	64	82	29	106	1327	
For Lieutenant Governor.													
Charles C. Allen, Rep.	300	160	145	207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1633	297
Henry C. Brockmeyer, Dem.	168	190	204	159	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1336	
For Secretary of State.													
Eugene F. Weigel, Rep.	300	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1638	305
Michael K. McGrath, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1333	
For State Treasurer.													
John Severance, Rep.	304	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1638	304
Elijah Gates, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1334	
For State Auditor.													
George R. Smith, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1635	294
Thomas Holladay, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1339	
For Attorney General.													
Alexander W. Mullins, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	84	120	129	141	1634	295
Jackson L. Smith, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1339	
For Register of Lands.													
Richard Drane, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1634	296
James E. McHenry, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1338	
For Judge of Supreme Court.													
David Wagner, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1634	295
John W. Henry, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1339	
For Rail Road Commissioners, six year Term.													
Thomas R. Allen, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1635	297
James Harding, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1338	
For Four Year Term.													
Edmund D. Harper, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1634	296
John S. Marmaduke, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1338	
For Two Year Term.													
Isaac Hays, Rep.	301	160		207	141	97	114	86	120	129	141	1633	294
John Walker, Dem.	168	190		160	66	61	200	64	82	29	106	1339	
For Congress—5th District.													
Benjamin F. Loan, Rep.	300	161	142	209	137	96	105	78	120	128	139	1615	256
David Rea, Dem.	168	189	208	158	66	61	211	73	83	31	116	1359	
For State Senator—1st District.													
Berryman K. Davis, Rep.	267	199	187	208	133	98	95	52	119	128	128	1509	46
Thomas H. Parrish, Dem.	195	217	213	157	74	56	223	90	84	29	111	1456	
For Representative in the Legislature.													
Richard D. Markland, Rep.	294	158	141	199	139	95	98	77	119	128	139	1586	213
Henry Shutts, Dem.	179	191	209	161	67	61	218	73	83	29	109	1373	
For Sheriff.													
Stephen T. Lucas, Rep	319	178	114	208	127	98	118	109	122	130	139	1655	365
Edmund Anibal, Dem.	150	169	284	151	77	60	199	38	81	29	106	1290	
For County Collector.													
Samuel W. Morrison, Rep.	303	160	141	208	134	94	109	83	119	128	136	1604	223
James Scott, Dem.	165	191	209	158	73	64	207	67	84	43	114	1379	
For County Treasurer.													
Levi Oren, Rep.	291	157	193	204	138	96	110	78	114	127	139	1565	213
Jephthah Martin, Dem.	171	198	220	161	77	63	207	73	83	34	111	1373	
For Prosecuting Attorney.													
James Limbird, Rep.	294	159	127	201	134	98	99	75	117	127	133	1559	182
Kilzy Van Buskirk, Dem.	171	191	211	161	81	63	217	75	83	30	107	1377	
For County Surveyor.													
William A. McKoy, Rep.	320	156	136	203	131	95	85	73	118	119	136	1466	244
T. Nelson Claiborn, Dem.	121	195	203	130	69	62	204	74	81	30	102	1222	
Philer K. Dibble, Ind.	28	8	11	5	17	1	29	3	2	7	11	156	
For Assessor.													
Reuben Downey, Rep.	316	160	168	194	140	95	107	77	118	129	139	1596	299
Chauncy H. Graves, Dem.	121	189	249	169	66	46	[illegible]	71	82	27	106	1297	
Levi Dodge, Ind.	14		6	18	3	4	1	2	7	1	3	47	
For Coroner.													
Reuben King, Rep.	310	159	140	208	141	96	110	79	120	128	143	1634	289
J. P. Jackson, Dem.	155	190	208	163	66	61	207	71	82	29	104	1345	
For Public Administrator.													
William Hawkins, Rep.	297	157	143	201	136	96	110	79	116	121	138	1589	302
John B. King, Dem.	159	194	205	164	77	66	207	71	83	31	111	1378	
For Justice of the County Court.													
Richard Collison, Rep.	309	149	139	189	119	93	108	86	109	127	137	1553	149
Samuel R. Young, Dem.	158	200	214	176	84	63	208	67	93	30	111	1404	
For Constable.													
Frank M. Joslyn, Rep.	297	123											
Thomas H. Burns, Dem.	166	216											
James R. Brown, Ind.	50	3											

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Nimrod M. Ramsey deceased, have been granted to me by the Probate Court of Holt county, Missouri, bearing date of Nov. 14 th 1876.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.

HOLLY RAMSEY,
Administrator.

3w4

PERSONAL—Whereas it has been rumored through the county that I had said that one George W. Totten had stolen from me while I was engaged in building a house for his father, Samuel H. Totten, some money amounting to fifteen dollars; Now therefore that said George W. Totten may not be accused or suspicioned of such though, I make the following statement on oath. I Clint Thompson do solemly swear that I never said or in any way insinuated that George W. Totten had stolen any money from me and that I never lost any money while engaged at Samuel H. Totten's.

CLINTON THOMPSON.

Graham Mo. Nov. 3rd 1876.

Sworn to before me a Notary Public within and for Nodaway Co. duly qualified Apr. 17 1874, term expires March 28. 1878, on this the 3rd day of Nov. 1876.

PLEASANT J. BARRON,
Notary Public.

Notice of Administration.

NOTICE is hereby given that the estate of John E. McKnight, deceased, late of Holt county, was ordered into my hands by the Probate Court of Holt county, Missouri, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1876.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, within one year from the date of said order, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.

WILLIAM HAWKINS,
Public Administrator for Holt county, Missouri, in charge of estate of John E. McKnight, deceased.

8w4

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of James S. Gelvin, deceased, have been granted to me by the Probate Court of Holt county, Missouri, bearing date the 25th day of October. A. D. 1876.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.

MATTHEW GELVIN,
Administrator.

19w4

Stray Notice.

TAKEN UP by Calvin Gulliams, jr., living in Union township, Holt county, Missouri, on the 19th day of October, 1876.

One Light Bay Horse, three and one-half years old, fourteen and one-half hands high and marked, with hindfoot white, and a dark stripe along the back.

Appraised at Forty Dollars by Daniel Gulliams and R. A. Ryan, duly qualified.

A true copy from my Stray Book.

H. S. HOGUE, J. P.,
For Union Township.

19w3p

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, William Ashworth, of the county of Holt and State of Missouri, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 27th day of March 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Holt county, Missouri, in Book "20," at page 98, conveyed to the undersigned trustee certain parcels of real estate, lying and being situate in the county of Holt, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

One-Thirteenth undivided part of the South East Section Four (4), and the East Half South East Section Ten (10), and South East South East Section Three (3), Township Fifty-nine (59) Range Thirty-seven (37);

Which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, in said deed trust described; and, whereas, the said note is now past due and remains unpaid;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, will in accordance with the terms and provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, on

Tuesday, the 28th day of November, 1876.

at the Court House door, in the city of Oregon, in the county of Holt and state of Missouri, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell the property herein described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the debt secured by said deed of trust, and all necessary costs and expenses incurred thereunder.

S. T. LUCAS,
Trustee.

18w5

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 27y1

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, William E. Hill, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 15th day of May, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Holt county, Missouri, in Book "24," at page 183, conveyed to the undersigned trustee certain parcels of real estate, situate, lying and being in Holt county, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

The South West Fourth of the South West Quarter of Section Twenty-seven, Township Sixty, Range Thirty-eight; And the South East Fourth of the South East Quarter of Section Twenty-six in Township Sixty-one, Range Thirty-nine;

Which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described, bearing date out; and, whereas, said note is now due and unpaid together with the interest thereon;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, will, in accordance with the terms and provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, on

Monday, the 4th day of December, 1876,

at the north door of the Court House, in Oregon in said Holt county, in the State of Missouri, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell the above described Real Estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the payment first the costs and expenses of this trust, next the payment of the note in said deed described.

ASHER GOSLIN,
Trustee.

19w3

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss
County of Holt.

In the Circuit Court of Holt county, Missouri, August Term, 1876.

Henry Hickey, plaintiff, against Samuel G. King, defendant, } Attachment.

NOW AT THIS DAY comes the plaintiff herein by his attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him in this action; Whereupon it is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified by publication, that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to recover by attachment of said defendant the sum of Five Hundred and Fifty-four dollars and forty cents, and that the property of said defendant is now about to be attached, and that unless the said defendant Samuel G. King, be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the Court House, in the city of Oregon, on

Monday, the 18th day of December, 1876,

next, and, on or before the sixth day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the HOLT COUNTY SENTINEL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
County of Holt,

I, William A. Gardner, clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county aforesaid, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order of publication, in the cause therein named, as the same appears in my office.

WITNESS my hand as clerk, and the seal of said court. Done at office in Oregon, this 23d day of October, 1876. WM. A. GARDNER, Clerk.

(SEAL)

18w4

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss
County of Holt.

In the Circuit Court of said county, August Term, 1876.

William M. Welch, Plaintiff, Against Phoebe S. Welch, Defendant, } Divorce.

AT THIS DAY comes the Plaintiff herein by his attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant cannot be summoned in this action, whereupon it is ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified by publication, that plaintiff has commenced a suit against her in this Court, the object and general nature of which is to have dissolved the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and that unless the said Phoebe S. Welch, be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the Court House in the city of Oregon, in said county, on

Monday, the 18th day of December, 1876,

next, and, on or before the sixth day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the HOLT COUNTY SENTINEL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
County of Holt,

I, W. A. Gardner, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county, aforesaid, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order of publication, in the cause therein named, as the same appears in my office.

WITNESS my hand as Clerk, and the seal of said court. Done at office in Oregon, this 18th day of October 1876. WM. A. GARDNER, Clerk.

(SEAL)

17w4

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss
COUNTY OF HOLT.

In the Circuit Court of said county, August Term, 1876.

William W. Caldwell, Administrator of the estate of Samuel Warner, deceased, Plaintiff, against James Luman, George Warner, James M. Warner, D. C. Warner, Thomas H. Warner, Jackson Warner, et al, Defendants, } Attachment.

AT THIS DAY comes the Plaintiff herein by his attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that defendants D. C. Warner Thomas H. Warner, Jackson Warner and George Warner, cannot be summoned in this action, whereupon it is ordered by the Court that said defendants be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this Court, the object and general nature of which is to have a receiver appointed, to take charge of the mill and property, sometimes known as the Fillmore mills, but more commonly known as the Hollister mills, and formerly owned by Samuel Warner, (now deceased,) and James Luman to operate the same for the benefit of all concerned or lease the whole of said property for the use of parties interested, and until a sale of said property can be effected. That on account of the condition of said firm of Warner and Luman be taken under the supervision of the Court, that the property so held in partnership and by said firm be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of partnership debts, and the remainder, if any, be divided as the rights may appear between said Luman, his representatives and the plaintiff herein, and that unless the said D. C. Warner, Thomas H. Warner, Jackson Warner and George Warner, be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the Court House in the city of Oregon, in said county, on

Monday, the 18th day of December, 1876,

next, and, on or before the sixth day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the HOLT COUNTY SENTINEL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss
County of Holt,

I, Wm. A. Gardner, clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county aforesaid, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order of publication, in the cause therein named, as the same appears in my office.

WITNESS my hand as clerk, and the seal of said court. Done at office in Oregon, this 18th day of October 1876. WM. A. GARDNER, Clerk.

(SEAL)

17w4

BRADLEY & BLONDEAU.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

WINES & LIQUORS.

Best Brands of

Cigars, Ale and Beer.

FINE KENTUCKY WHISKEY A SPECIALTY

112 N. Second Street
ST. JOSEPH

☞ The Files of the SENTINEL can always be found at the "Mint."

n21 nov17-3m

THE KANSAS FARMER.

J. K. HUDSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TOPEKA, KANSAS.

TERMS:—Cash in Advance.

One Copy, Weekly, for one year..... $2,00
One Copy, Weekly, for six months..... 1,00
Three Copies, Weekly, for one year.. 5,00
Five Copies, Weekly, for one year..... 8,00
Ten Copies, Weekly, for one year..... 15,00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One insertion per line (nonpariel) 20 cents.
One month, " " 150 per inser'n
Three months, " " 125 "
One year, " " 100 "

SPECIAL OFFER FOR TRIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

One inch space for three months, (13 insertions), for $10. Copy of the paper mailed regularly to all advertisers.

Sample copy of the FARMER sent free to all applicants.

The greatest care is used to prevent swindling humbugs securing space in these advertising columns. Advertisements of lotteries, whisky bitters, and quack doctors are not received. We accept advertisements only for cash, cannot give space and take pay in trade of any kind. This is business, and it is a just and equitable rule adhered to in the publication of THE FARMER.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

A notification will be sent you one week in advance of the time your subscription expires, stating the fact, and requesting you to continue the same by forwarding your renewal subscription. No subscription is continued longer than it is paid for. This rule is general and applied to all our subscribers. The cash in advance principle is the only business basis upon which a paper can succeed. Our readers will please to understand when their papers is discontinued that is in obedience to a general business rule which is strictly adhered to and in no wise personal. A journal, to be out spoken and useful to its readers, must be pecuniarly independent, and the above rules are such as experience among the best publishers have been found essential to permanent success. nov10tf

SUBSCRIBE
FOR THE
CINCINNATI WEEKLY TIMES.

Everybody Takes the "Times"

FIRST—Because it is a large and live family newspaper.

SECOND—Because it is, in the truest sense, fair and independent on all political questions, while it is in spirit truly national.

THIRD—Because it is in favor of all fair and honest measures designed to promote the welfare of farmers and mechanics; and therefore opposed to all speculative monopolies, and the wholesale appropriation of the public lands—the future homes of the people—to railroad corporations.

FOURTH—Because it gathers the news from all quarters of the world, by telegraph and through its own special correspondents and reports, and condenses it into such brief shape as to present a reliable mirror of all that is going on in this and other countries.

FIFTH—Because its Market Reports of Live Stock, Grain, Groceries, Dry Goods, etc., of this and other leading commercial cities of the land, have always proved the most reliable; and because its Agricultural Department is conducted with ability and an earnest desire to benefit the farmer.

SIXTH—Because it is a paper for the Home Circle—always having something for the Young Folks as well as for the Old Folks; something for the Humorous as well as for the Thoughtful; something of interest to the Ladies as well as for the Gentlemen; in fact, something suited to all tastes.

The *WEEKLY TIMES* is the most popular Family Newspaper issued in the West, as is demonstrated by its immense circulation, which is greater than that of any other weekly published outside of New York City.

TERMS:—Single Subscribers, per year $2.00
Clubs of Five, per year, each $1.75
Clubs of Ten, " " " $1.50

The Postage on the Times is prepaid by the publishers.

Specimen copies will be sent free when requested.

AN EXTRA COPY TO THE CLUB AGENT; or, instead of an extra copy, some valuable premium.

ADDRESS: TIMES COMPANY.
No. 62 West Third St., Cincinnati, O.

Notice to Holt County Grange.

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Holt County Grange, P. H. that there will be a special meeting of said County Grange, held at Odd Fellows Hall, in Mound City, on Saturday, December 2nd, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing one Delegate to the State Grange, and for electing officers for said County Grange for the ensuing year.

C. SCHILOTZHAUER.

21w3