

THE BOSSIER BANNER

W. H. SCANLAND, Editor and Proprietor

BENTON, LA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1915.

AS WE REALLY ARE.

If we could only see ourselves as others see us what a revelation it would be! Perhaps the picture would not be altogether to our liking because, question the assertion as we may, there is a certain amount of conceit in normal human nature, and it is only in proportion to our individual share whether it becomes disagreeable or not. For some unaccountable reason most of us appear to be well satisfied with ourselves and to resent any criticism which may be made of us in general. We like our own way of doing things and do not hesitate to say so. We cannot conceive of how anyone else can disagree with our views once they understand them, and we are disposed to insist upon the recognition of our opinions by all those with whom we may come in contact. We are not always willing to credit others with the same degree of perception and the same keen intelligence that we pride ourselves upon possessing and, as a consequence, are quite likely to make ourselves dictatorial in our bearing towards others. It is this pride of opinion which mars an otherwise strong character, for no matter how admirable other characteristics are the presence of conceit, or in other words simply an inordinate pride of opinion, detracts from real strength of character.

Confidence in ourselves is a great asset, it must be admitted, but, on the other hand it is easy to overate our self-confidence and then to pay later for our mistakes in many ways. We are told that unless we have faith in ourselves and in our ability to accomplish things we cannot succeed, but faith without intelligence to guide it is of little use, just as faith without works counts for nothing. In this connection it follows plainly that because we succeed through our self-confidence we must not form the idea that we are infallible and that our opinion is better than anyone else's. There is not a very long step from self-confidence to self-conceit, distinct as the two qualities may be in our mind at first. It is very easy to confuse them, and once we leave behind us the healthy influence which proceeds from a worthy confidence in ourselves we grow, as it were, into a self-conceit which, while it may stimulate and encourage at first soon makes us lose ourselves in its grasp. We see only with a biased vision, a vision that cannot take in the broad sweep of life as it appears to others, but which is narrowed only to our immediate needs and our personal concerns. What care we about the great outside interests and their effect upon the world at large if those interests do not touch us intimately? Our affairs are of prime importance and because we prove to our own satisfaction that we are past masters in the art of managing our own concerns we believe that we are capable of dictating to others as well. It is right here that our self-conceit runs away with our self-confidence and changes us from helpful workers into really harmful beings.

We forget, as a rule, there are those who watch us, as it were, many of whom while expecting good counsel from us receive only intolerant treatment, and others of whom while looking to us for help have their hopes changed to suspicions. The pride of opinion which at first we may think is something to boast of, something of which to be proud of, and something with which we expect to sway others, soon degenerates into anything but a helpful weapon in our hands. We may be able to make use of it to a certain extent, it is true, but human endurance has its limit in this regard as well as in all others, and we soon learn that there are those whose opinions are entitled to respect and consideration even though they are not in accord with our own. Of course it is entirely probable that on many occasions we did not intend to give offense by our wilful perseverance in our personal views, but only sought to impress them upon others. We cannot forget however, that we do not always convey the impression we seek, and while at heart we may be innocent of any intention to offend yet there are those who do not see things in the same light and who form very different conclusions from those we intend to convey. It is in circumstances such as these that others form their impressions of us and see us in a very different way from that in which we see ourselves. Perhaps if we could understand something of the different angles of observation that are possible to the human mind we might form a better idea of the impression we make upon others, and realizing the significance of that impression, make at least an earnest effort to understand our limitations as well as our capabilities. In this way we would show ourselves as we really are, not as we would like to believe that we are.

GEN. A. B. BOOTH.

The unanimous re-election of General A. B. Booth Wednesday of last week in New Orleans by the Louisiana Division of United Confederate Veterans as its commander-in-chief was a deserved honor worthily bestowed, and shows the confidence the veterans have in their gallant and highly efficient commander. As a private soldier in Company K, Third Louisiana Regiment of Infantry Gen. Booth performed his whole duty, and will leave behind him the legacy that his posterity can claim, an honest man, a true Confederate and a prominent citizen, being a gentleman of the Old South, and a believer in Louisiana and her future.

The value of temporal things rests on their relation to things eternal. When wealth, position and power are attained and held as ends, instead of divinely appointed means to an end, they are as dust and ashes.

Life does not "happen" in goodness. Life cannot grow good and great without purpose. Take up the "pied" line and make it spell out high resolve, noble purpose.

LATE NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

Chicago in twelve months has recorded 236 deaths in automobile accidents.

Another woman was assaulted in her home last Friday, the fifth in Louisville, Ky., during last week.

A passenger automobile which has chair accommodations for twenty-seven riders is in operation in Minneapolis, Minn.

The United States Steel Corporation announces plans for improvement of several of its plants involving an outlay of \$10,000,000.

A canvass of the district affected by the cyclone which swept over Kansas Wednesday night of last week has fixed the total number of killed at eight.

Part of a rope plant at Trenton, N. J., where war supplies were being manufactured, was destroyed by fire last Thursday, causing a loss of \$1,000,000.

Rome, Nov. 14.—Thirty persons are dead in Verona as a result of three Austrian airplanes dropping bombs on the city. Thirty other persons were seriously injured and nineteen slightly injured.

The nation's principal farm crops this year are worth about \$5,500,000,000, exceeding by more than \$5,000,000 their value in 1914, the previous banner year in the country's crop history, according to statistics announced by the Department of Agriculture.

In the last dozen years, says an Austin special, the Texas breweries taxed themselves more than a million dollars for political activities. Buying negro votes was specifically charged in an anti-trust suit of the State of Texas against seven breweries. Correspondence on the subject of paying their poll taxes was submitted with the petition.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Railroads in the "third contract section" will receive \$20,073,484.36 for carrying mails during the four years beginning July 1st last, under adjustments announced to-night by the postoffice department. This is an increase of more than \$4,300,000 over the annual compensation allowed under the adjustment of 1907. Section three is the largest of the four contract divisions established by the department for convenience, and embraces Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Missouri. The adjustment is made in one section each year.

Tuskegee, Ala., Nov. 14.—Booker T. Washington, the noted negro educator and founder of Tuskegee Institute, died of a nervous breakdown early to-day at his home here, four hours after his arrival from New York. The negro leader had been in failing health for several months, but his condition became serious only last week while he was in the East. He realized the end was near, but was determined to make the long trip South to bear out his oft-expressed statement that he had been "born in the South, have lived all my life in the South, and expect to die and be buried in the South." Washington was born in slavery near Hale's Ford, Virginia, in 1857 or 1858.

Barret at Colfax.

Colfax, Nov. 16.—Grant Parish can be safely counted for Lieutenant Governor Thomas C. Barret, in his candidacy before the Democratic primary for Governor. Sentiment already was strong for him, but since his appearance at Colfax he has gained considerable added strength. Pleasant supporters here realize that Mr. Barret has knocked into a "cocked hat" all the silly charges brought against him. Lieutenant Governor Barret received a cordial reception here when he addressed a large political assembly in the interest of his candidacy for Governor. Mr. Barret made an eloquent address, in which he contradicted the statements of Col. Pleasant, accusing him of voting a secret ballot in the Caddo prohibition election in 1908, and also the charge of "faking" a case of appendicitis to avoid voting at the second election on prohibition in Caddo.

Mr. Barret clearly outlined his position as a prohibitionist, giving his record on all prohibition issues, stating that his record for the past twenty years is written on the pages of the journal at Baton Rouge and he could not dodge it if he wanted to. He made it clear to his audience that his prohibition career started years ago when he voted "yea," prohibiting the sale of liquor within five miles of the Colfax High School, as recorded in the Senate Journal of July 12, 1898, page 383. Does this look like a sudden flop, as Col. Pleasant charges?

Referring to Col. Pleasant, Mr. Barret dwelt on the statements accusing him of casting a secret ballot and "faking" a case of appendicitis, and produced signed statements by reputable physicians, and prominent citizens of Shreveport, who voluntarily came forward to give the lie to the false charges. A signed denial from five reputable physicians disposed of the appendicitis charge, and three statements signed by prominent citizens of Shreveport contradicted the secret ballot charge; yet Col. Pleasant has not had the manhood to correct his statements.

Paternalism and Pioneering.

"A policy of paternalism in government and statutory morals is not keeping the faith with the pioneer spirit," declares Thomas W. Shelton of the Norfolk (Va.) bar. "We boast of a progressive country, but when men are taught to lean upon the Government, instead of supporting it, the nation is not progressing, but it is retrogressing. A nation is no stronger, purer, or better than its people. Governmental improvement is simply a corollary to individual improvement. That is the reason for popular campaigns of education. It was a sense of personal responsibility and individual independence that conceived governmental independence and won it in America, and it is that spirit, alone, that will preserve it. This country needs fewer new laws and more real men; it needs less legal regulation and more moral sensibility. It needs less public training and more domesticity; it needs fewer codes and more decalogues. It is certain death to manhood and good citizenship to lead men away from personal responsibility and self-reliance into the delusion of artificial standards."

FROM OUR STATE EXCHANGES.

Mer Rouge Democrat: It is more advisable to elect one who openly professes to favor prohibition than to elect one who positively opposes it.

Assumption Pioneer: The turn-down administered woman suffrage by the four biggest Eastern States is an admonition to the suffragette to go West and stay there.

New Orleans Item: The campaign may develop an intelligent interpretation of the good general declaration of principles on real State issues made by Mr. Barret. In a personal way he is a clean man. He has considerable ability.

Natchitoches Times: In every community there are those who work, plead and pray for proper enforcement of the law, and there are those who prosper and thrive by a disobedience of the law. Which shall prevail? It is up to those who are out for the right!

Oberlin News: What has become of the man who has been telling us all these years that he was opposed to local option because it will not prohibit, owing to the nearness of the saloon in the next parish, but that whenever we got ready to vote it out of the State we could count on him?

Shreveport Caucasian: Col. Pleasant is kept busy with explanations. When he was criticised for having declared that should he be elected Governor and the Legislature pass a Statewide prohibition measure he would veto it, he explained that he did not mean it exactly in that way. This explanation is due to a realization that he is not the State.

Bastrop Enterprise: Mr. Barret is entitled to a large share of the total vote on account of his square stand for prohibition. The other candidates are dodging behind the "local option" screen, and while playing a tune for prohibitionists, they are giving the whisky men the wink. It is all nonsense to try to avoid the saloon issue, when everyone knows that it must be met.

Bastrop Enterprise: Mr. Barret has committed the unpardonable sin of getting in the way of the new Orleans ringsters, and by squarely advocating prohibition he has put the opposition on the defensive, and shown up the Pleasant and Parker programs to be plainly bidding for the whisky vote in the State. Mr. Pleasant has been taking post-graduate courses from that arch-schemer, J. Y. Sanders—who has never studied anything but politics, to speak of—and is showing himself an apt pupil.

Lake Charles American-Press: Only sixty days ago Col. Pleasant was calling on the country voters to vote down the Constitutional Convention because the New Orleans Ring had selected a ring delegation and was scheming to make Martin Behrman the presiding officer, and the country press of North Louisiana howled in concert with him. Last week the ring selected Col. Pleasant as the "best" man and nary a chirp have the North Louisiana brethren chipped about it. The 2x4 brand of politics now prevalent in Louisiana tends to make the thoughtful voter weary.

Colfax Chronicle: We are reliably informed that on last Saturday night several young boys of Colfax were drunk and staggering around the streets. One of these boys named to us is scarcely ten years of age. Another one who is said to have laid out all night in a ditch on his drunken spree is scarcely fifteen years of age. Where did these boys get their liquor? Did they get it from Alexandria, or did they get it from one of those miserable excuses for manhood who flaunts himself in the face of the community as a respectable citizen, but secretly bootlegs and dishes out the filthy stuff for a few paltry dimes? Will the decent citizens of the community stand for such as this?

Winnfield Sentinel: You have only to look about you to see that all of the politicians are supporting Pleasant. Why is this? For instance when Mr. Pleasant held his so-called conference a few weeks ago in New Orleans, the old ring politicians were wired to all over the State to come to the city. Mr. Voter, did you receive any message to come to the city? Do you know of any man who has always stood for reform and for the interest of the people having received a message to come to assemble with this ward boss and saloon delegation? And why were they overlooked? They were not wanted, although they say Mr. Pleasant is such a friend of the people and at heart a prohibitionist.

Haynesville News: We do not believe it lies within the province of Mr. Barret to control, unaided, this monster, [whisky] but we believe that every Senator and Representative should declare himself against this traffic before being elected, thus assuring the people of at least a chance to strike a solar plexus blow at the old monster. One thing is certain, Mr. Pleasant has declared himself along this line and it now looks to the less informed that some force is controlling this vote beside suspicion of Barret's sincerity. The fact appears to us clear that some where way down deep in the burr of the ear is a bee buzzing of other causes. It is not our intention to stand by and argue the men to our people, but to strike deep for the removal of this mighty impending evil.

FROM OVER OUR GREAT STATE.

Grinding is now general all over the Louisiana sugar district.

Minden, Nov. 16.—It is safe to say that Webster Parish is for Barret by a large majority.

The value of exports and imports through New Orleans in October amounting to nearly \$22,000,000, broke all records except those in the phenomenal years of 1901 and 1906.

Alexandria, Nov. 17.—All returns are in from yesterday's election in Rapides Parish on the prohibition question. The returns show a majority of seven for prohibition. The total vote in the parish was 1,422 to 1,429. A contest was filed by the anti-prohibitionists and answered by the prohibitionists this afternoon before the police jury. The nmtis claimed that there were irregularities and illegalities in the election. The jury voted six to seven to go on with the tabulation and promulgation of returns.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Commissioner of Agriculture and Immigration.

The Banner has been authorized to announce Mr. R. K. BONEY, a native of Madison Parish, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture and Immigration for the State of Louisiana, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th, next.

For State Senator.

Senator W. B. BOGGS of Bossier Parish (Plain Dealing) has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as State Senator from this, the Twenty-third Senatorial District, composed of Bossier and Webster Parishes, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election, to be held January 25, 1916.

Hon. W. J. JOHNSTON of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of State Senator to represent the Twenty-third Senatorial District, composed of Webster and Bossier Parishes, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

For Representative.

Mr. A. HOFFPAUR of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

Hon. W. C. HUGHES of Hughes Spur has authorized us to announce his candidacy to succeed himself as one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. EDWIN W. DORAN of Benton has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Sheriff.

Mr. J. F. ADAIR of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of Sheriff for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held during January, 1916.

Mr. J. F. EDWARDS of Benton has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as Sheriff for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Clerk of Court.

Mr. JAS. M. HENDERSON of Benton, who some months ago was elected by the voters of this parish to fill an unexpired term of the office of Clerk of Court, has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

For Assessor.

Mr. L. G. SMITH of Benton has authorized us to announce his candidacy to succeed himself as Assessor for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Police Juror.

Hon. J. T. MANNY of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Three, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. L. M. BURKS of Rocky Mount has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Five, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. M. C. WRIGHT of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Three, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Member School Board.

Mr. L. R. BURGARDNER of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Parish School Board to represent that ward, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Coroner.

Dr. A. R. BUSH of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of Coroner for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Justice of Peace.

Mr. W. J. OWSELY of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Justices of the Peace for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. U. W. HUTCHINGS of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Justices of the Peace for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Constable.

Mr. H. W. PATTERSON of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Constables for Ward Two of Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. L. E. SCHOOLS of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Constables for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

WHAT THE PAPERS ARE SAYING.

Baltimore Sun: If you go into politics, ladies, you must be prepared to stand ridiculed.

Hayneville (Ala.) Citizen: The farmers, if they once get together, could get better prices for all their products. There is not a set of working men in the world as poorly paid as the farmers.

Some of the newspapers are advocating the sending of nothing but editors to the next legislature. Our sympathy will be extended to the State. It would be almost as bad as having a legislature composed entirely of lawyers.—Eufaula Citizen.

Would be worse, no doubt.

Jeremiah.

Is there any word from the Lord?—37, 17. For in the day of trouble they shall be against her round about.—50, 2.

They shall roar together like lions: they shall yell as lions' whelps.—51, 58.

In vain shalt thou use many medicines; for thou shalt not be cured.—46, 11.

The Lord bless thee, O habitation of justice, and mountain of holiness.—31, 23.

The Lord of host's hath sworn by himself, saying, Surely I will fill thee with men as with caterpillars; and they shall lift up a shout against thee.—51, 14.

Items of Interest.

New Foundland was purchased by Great Britain for ten pounds sterling.

San Mateo County, California, has completed 150 miles of boulevards at a cost of \$1,250,000.

The Bank of England, London, stands on a site valued at \$35,000,000. It is three acres in area.

It is said that wind carries hay-fever pollen until hay-fever producing weeks are killed by frost.

Our Semiannual Silk Sale

All this week your semiannual opportunity for acquiring rich, lustrous Silks will be in progress. One of Many Specials—27-inch striped Taffetas, Messalines and shower-proof Foulards, sold here up to \$1.25 a yard, sale price, per yard 59c

Shreveport HEARNE'S Shreveport
Where Quality Reigns Supreme

The Banner Free Until January 1st

If you are not a reader of the Banner, now is the time to subscribe. Every new subscriber who pays one dollar between this date and January 1, 1916, will receive the paper until January 1, 1917. That means you get a number of copies entirely free. This offer is also open to subscribers whose names have been dropped from the Banner's mailing list for the reason that they are twelve months in arrears, but all delinquencies must first be adjusted. In other words, such subscribers to have advantage of this offer must pay two dollars.

Take advantage of this liberal offer now—to-day, while you have the money.

A Glimpse of Lisbon.

Lisbon leaves the definite impression of a gay, bright capital, if not of a truly beautiful city. Beautiful it certainly is by nature, seated on its lofty hills overlooking the Tagus and interspersed everywhere with semitropical gardens and lawns, but its newer houses are too rectangular, too lacking in imagination, to make anything but rather monotonous streets. Even the Praca do Comercio, though laid out upon a truly magnificent scale, fails to arouse enthusiasm.

This is the city's aspect to the casual visitor who devotes but a day or two to its sights. But to one who is willing to give it a week or more it holds many attractions.

The seeker for the picturesque will delight in the water front in the morning hours and in the fisher folk—the men in black bag caps and knee breeches; the women, barefoot, setting out with basket on head to trot the city streets. These fishwives are the most picturesque of the Lisbon types, and most of them are really beautiful, with the fine lines of their faces, their smooth complexions and lustrous, almond shaped eyes recalling the Mauresques and clearly bespeaking their oriental origin.—Ernest Felixotto in Scribner's.

A Pen Portrait of Carlyle.

He looked, I thought, the prophet. His clothes loose and careless, for comfort, now show; the shaggy, unkempt gray that of hair; the long head, the bony, almost fleshless face of one who has fasted and suffered; the tyrannous overhanging cliff forehead; the firm, heavy mouth and out-thrust challenging chin—the face of a fighter; force everywhere, brains and will dominant; strength redeemed by the deepest eyes, most human, beautiful; by turns piercing, luminous, tender, gleaming; pathetic, too, for the lights were usually veiled in brooding sadness, broken oftenest by a look of dumb despair and regret; a strong, sad face, the saddest face I ever studied—albeit petrified, so to speak, in tears, less misery as of one who had come to wreck by his own fault and was tortured by remorse—the woe that dieth not.—From "Contemporary Portraits," by Frank Harris.

Judged by Appearances.

In "Twenty Years of My Life" Douglas Sladen recalls a story told at the Authors' club long ago by Sir J. M. Barrie against himself and in broad Doric:

"I expect it was just a ben trovato, but it was none the less amusing. He apologized for being late. He had been to the wrong club. He had never been to the Authors' club before, he said (though he was a member of the committee), so he asked a policeman the way. From the way in which he pronounced the word the policeman thought he meant Arthur's, which was quite near the Authors' club when it was in its temporary premises in Park place. When he got there he found it a very grand place, he said. The club porter looked him up and down and said, 'The servants' entrance is round the corner.'"

Dangerous Situation.

"A awful situation at the jail." "Dear me! What is it?" "They have the measles there, and all the prisoners have broken out."—Baltimore American.

The youth who does not look up will look down and the spirit that does not soar is destined perhaps to grovel.—Disraeli.

An Ordinance

Of the Police Jury of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, calling an election in Ward Three of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, to take the sense of the qualified voters of said ward as to whether or not an ordinance should be passed by the Police Jury of Bossier Parish, Louisiana, fixing a fence of four strings of wire and posts and prohibiting the running at large of hogs in said ward, fixing the date of election, polling places and manner of conducting same.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Police Jury of Bossier Parish, Louisiana, in legal session convened, That an election be and the same is hereby ordered to be held in Ward Three of Bossier Parish, Louisiana, for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified voters of said ward as to whether or not the Police Jury of Bossier Parish, Louisiana, shall declare a four-string fence to be a legal fence in said ward, said four strings to be strung on posts, which posts shall not be more than ten feet apart, and for or against hogs running at large in said ward.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, etc., That said election shall be held through-out said ward, and the same is hereby called and ordered for Tuesday, January 25, 1916, and the same commissioners, clerks and deputy sheriffs who serve in the primary election to be held that day are hereby designated and ordered to serve as commissioners, clerks, etc., at the election here called.

Section 3. Be it further ordained, etc., That said election shall be held under the general election laws of the State of Louisiana, with ballot boxes, tickets and paraphernalia to be furnished by the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, to be secured by the Clerk of this body and the same shall be held at the following precincts: Alden Bridge and Plain Dealing.

Section 4. Be it further ordained, etc., That the ballots for said election shall have written or printed thereon the words, "For a four-string fence (against hogs running at large)" and "Against a four-string fence (for hogs running at large)" with a space opposite each clause in which the voter may indicate his preference by the words "yea" or "no."

Section 5. Be it further ordained, etc., That the clerks and commissioners of the aforesaid election shall make due and legal return of the same to the Police Jury of Bossier Parish, La., on the 24th day of January, 1916, which returns, ballot boxes and tally sheets shall be received by the Clerk of the Police Jury and by him safely and securely held until the first regular meeting of the Police Jury thereafter, when said returns shall be opened, canvassed and the result of the same, if any of the said election declared in accordance with the true vote and the law.

Section 6. Be it further ordained, etc., That in event said election should carry, it is declared in effect to repeal any and all ordinances in conflict therewith. That the said election shall be held at Benton, La., on this, the 12th day of October, 1915. J. C. LOGAN, President Police Jury, Bossier Parish.

An Ordinance

Of the Police Jury of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, establishing and creating Road District No. 3 of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, comprising the present confines and limits of Ward Three, for the purpose of voting, levying and collecting road taxes in said Road District No. 3 of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, which to build and construct good roads in said Road District No. 3.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Police Jury of the Parish of Bossier, La., that, whereas, more than one-fourth of the duly qualified property voting taxpayers have presented a petition to this body, which petition has been duly certified by the Clerk of the Court and ex-officio Registrar, and the Tax Assessor of the Parish of Bossier, as required by law, that there is hereby established and created Road District No. 3 of the Parish of Bossier, Louisiana, which said Road District No. 3, as hereby established, shall comprise and embrace the same part of Bossier Parish, La., as is comprised and embraced in Ward Three of Bossier Parish, La.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, etc., That the said Road District No. 3 herein created is declared to be created under the Constitution and laws of the State of Louisiana for the purpose of building, repairing and constructing bridges and buildings, repairing and constructing good roads in said District No. 3, and for all other purposes as authorized by law, and for the purpose of permitting the taxpayers of said District No. 3 to vote to maintain, build and construct said bridges and said roads, and to vote taxes to issue negotiable bonds, and for all other purposes of road taxation as authorized by the laws of the State of Louisiana.

Thus done, passed and signed at Benton, La., in legal session, on this, the 12th day of October, 1915. J. C. LOGAN, President Police Jury, Bossier Parish.

Homestead Entry No. 04,014.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Baton Rouge, La., November 8, 1915.

NOTICE is hereby given that Morris E. Townsend, of Bellevue, La., who, on November 2, 1910, made Homestead Entry, No. 04,014, for the north half of south half of section 26, township 20 north, range 11 west, Louisiana meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of Court, at Benton, La., on the 18th day of December, 1915.

Claimant names as witnesses: Tom Alford, Syc Williams, Joe Carter and Jim Maxwell, all of Bellevue, La. E. D. GIANELLONI, Register. November 11, 1915. dec16

Succession Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against Tobe Lyles, late of the Parish of Bossier, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the undersigned at Benton, La. E. W. DORAN, Attorney for Administrator. November 11, 1915. ds-3