

THE BOSSIER BANNER

W. H. SCANLAND, Editor and Proprietor
BENTON, LA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1916.

RECOGNIZING OUR CHANCES.

Do we know our chances when we see them? That is a question that each one has to decide for himself and it is because so many of us take so long to reach the necessary decision that we do not avail ourselves to the fullest extent of the possibilities at our command. We are much more likely to compare our opportunities with those of our neighbors to the detriment of the former, and we try to delude ourselves into the belief that given half the chance that others have in certain conditions we would make much better use of its resulting advantages. We seldom take into consideration the fact, however, that it is a moral as well as physical impossibility to put ourselves in the place of another and to assert what we would do in this or that condition. Indeed, our own observation and ability to appreciate the sterner facts in life should make us understand that many of the chances which others have and which are so clearly denied to us would never fit into our lives. They would be worse than useless in many ways; we do not need them or else they would have been given to us by an all-wise Providence. We do not consider this latter fact, however, but in our ignorance and over-confidence attribute our lack of success in many instances to the very causes which could not have contributed to that success were they at all within our reach. There are no two lives in all this world whose conditions are identical; some circumstance or train of circumstances distinguishes them one from the other and for this reason the opportunities afforded us must necessarily differ materially from those afforded others. That which means success to one person may prove positively inimical to another's best interests, although at first glance perhaps this fact is not apparent.

The question which concerns each one of us individually is how to recognize our opportunities when they come. Of course there are many such that are easily distinguishable and not to be passed by but there are many others, and perhaps those that count for the most and which may be the means of changing the course of life for us, that are not easily recognizable. Indeed, it is probable that many of these opportunities when they first become known to us seem anything but opportunities; they do not appear to possess any particular benefit and on the contrary seem to work for a time at least to our positive disadvantage. The Almighty works in strange ways at times, or so it seems to our faulty human vision, but that He works for our best interests we cannot doubt even though at times we may question His methods. It is said that there is never a sorrow so great that a joy does not lie hidden somewhere within it, and by the same token there is never a condition so trying to our faith that does not contain the promise of a blessing somewhere. Perhaps the very task that has occupied so much of our time and energy and has wearied us by its monotony and apparent hopelessness contains the basis of what may well prove to be our highest opportunity. It may be that just when life seems hardest and the day is darkest the reward of our long service comes to brighten and make easier the roads we are so laboriously traveling. Perhaps it was necessary that we serve a certain period to be able to partake in full measure and with the necessary appreciation of the benefits that ultimately accrue to us. Perhaps our novitiate may last longer than that of others but in the end it is richer in its compensation and nobler in its fulfillments.

We must watch for our chances unceasingly. They come sometimes when least expected and when we believe ourselves ill-prepared to meet them but these are only details in the great work of life itself and must be adapted to the immediate purpose in hand. There is no reason to concern ourselves about the chances of others nor the manner in which they are realized. It is sufficient to look for the opportunities that are intended for us and to make the most that we can of them. Whatever their merits they belong to us and because it is God who sends them they fit into our lives as no other can. Many of them promise but small return for the changes they work in the immediate present but no one can foresee what is to come nor foretell in just what manner the misjudged occurrence of the present develops into the real opportunity of the future. Just as we rise through sorrow into our better selves so, too, we find our highest realizations in the modest chances within our grasp. It is better to have one opportunity that is entirely our own, one chance to make good in the way in which God intended, than to continue to waste time and strength in the fruitless occupation of waiting. We can work wonders with our chances if we recognize them in time and make use of them in spite of the fact that they may not be exactly what we had hoped for. It is far better to do the best we can with those things that are clearly and solely ours, than to waste time in wishing for the chances that others have.

As will be seen by his card elsewhere in to-day's Banner Hon. W. F. Millsaps of Ouachita is a candidate for the Democratic nomination of Attorney General of Louisiana. "Engaged in the practice of law in the State and Federal courts for many years, for several years one of the attorneys in the Department of the Interior at Washington, Senator from the Twenty-sixth District in the Louisiana General Assembly, Secretary to the Governor, and now Secretary of State, his training and experience fit him for the office to which he aspires.

We prefer Mr. Barret for Governor because he is honest and capable—an official of many years of experience in affairs of State, able and broad-minded and a man of unsullied reputation and above reproach. Consistent and firm and faithful in his politics, he is recognized as the soul of honor and a worthy leader of the great cause he represents.

HON. HARRY D. WILSON.

In this issue of the Banner will be found the announcement of Mr. Harry D. Wilson of Tangipahoa Parish as a candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture. Speaking of his qualifications, the Gulf States Farmer says: "Backed by a record of achievements of which any man should be proud, Harry D. Wilson is making a runaway race for Commissioner of Agriculture. He not only is recognized as a practical and scientific agriculturalist, but he is a statesman. He served two terms in the Legislature and refused re-election to a third term. During the sessions at which he represented his constituents in the lower house of the Legislature, he introduced and succeeded in having passed, the separate coach bill for railroads, the pure milk bill, the bill requiring the execution of criminals inside the walls of the penitentiary, and other measures that reflect credit on his ability as a law-maker, and illustrate his fitness for the position he is now seeking.

In strong comparison with the weather reports Saturday the thermometer reached a point twenty-four degrees below zero at Lander, Wyoming, and sixteen below zero at Northfield, Vermont, while here in Benton the editor of the Banner was setting type with coat and vest off, an open door and no fire in the office. Come South, ye frost-bitten denizens of the North and West, where you can work without discomfort, while you listen to the song of the mockingbird and inhale the perfume of blooming flowers.

LATE NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

New coal fields are announced in Manchuria, China.

British Columbia reports appearance of quail in large numbers.

South African trade is decreased more than 50 per cent by war.

Two men were killed by two robbers who looted a safe in South Bend, Ind.

Philadelphia's \$5,360,000 for municipal improvements was oversubscribed six times.

Twenty were injured, two fatally, in an apartment house fire Sunday in Philadelphia.

Six workmen were killed Friday in a \$2,000,000 fire in a linseed oil factory in Chicago.

The cash in the Serbian national treasury has been transferred to France for safe keeping.

Jacob Schwalm, a Cleveland, Ohio, barber, killed his son and then committed suicide, last Friday.

Nine negroes have been killed in clashes with whites near Blakely, Ga., and four lodge buildings burned.

Dr. Von Mach in New York said milk was so scarce in Germany that only children under four years were supplied.

A negro who attempted to poison the well of a farmer was taken from officers and lynched near Hayti, Miss., Friday.

Tentative dates for the Confederate Veterans' Reunion, to be held in Birmingham, Ala., in 1916, have been selected, May 16th.

An epidemic of influenza, extending from coast to coast, and the most serious in the United States, was reported by Washington health officials.

Charged with the murder of his parents and brother, whose bodies were found chopped with an axe, W. J. Mayfield was jailed Friday at Texarkana, Ark.

Snow along the coast and in the great valleys of California lay last Saturday at a depth greater than for years. Redding reported eighteen inches and sleighing.

Flagstaff, Arizona, Dec. 31.—The snowfall measured fifty-two inches on the level at the end of forty hours. The majestic opera house collapsed under the weight of the snow.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 31.—Twenty-five thousand pints of whisky, brandy and rum confiscated by the State Prohibition Department were emptied into a sewer here yesterday.

Fewer miles of railroad were built in the United States during 1915 than in any other year since 1864, and more miles of railroad were in receivers' hands during the year than ever before.

The National Drainage Congress will hold its sixth annual meeting in Cairo, Ill., January 19th, 20th and 21st. This congress will discuss problems of swamp land drainage, overflows and systems of drainage.

According to the joint announcement of the Director of the Mint and the Geological Survey, gold valued at \$98,891,000 was produced during 1915 in the United States. The 1914 production was worth \$94,531,000.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Pneumonia has resulted in 201 deaths in Chicago within four days, according to reports to the health department to-day. The epidemic of la grippe has assumed alarming proportions.

Joseph Rucker Lamar, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, died in Washington Sunday night, following an illness of several months, which physicians declare was a consequence of overwork.

Philadelphia, Dec. 31.—Pneumonia and grip caused a record number of deaths during the week ending yesterday. The total for the week was 971, nearly 50 per cent being ascribed by the attending physicians to these diseases.

Don Caffery Indicts the Saloon.

"I indict the saloon as an enemy of liberty—as a selfish, cowardly and treasonable enemy of liberty; always, whenever there is a fight against the slavery of ring politics, ready to throw its giant strength in the scales on the side of wrong; always afraid of the right; always against every man and every measure labelled 'good and honorable'; always pandering for the friendship of the grafting policeman and the ballot-box stuffing politician; always living up to its motto: 'Nothing too putrid for me to blossom in.'"

The Sun says 1915 was a good year for Baltimore. It brought about \$60,000,000 worth of war orders and was "marred by no serious disasters, conflagrations or scandals."

FROM OVER OUR GREAT STATE.

Shreveport bank clearings for 1915 are estimated at \$57,000,000.

Approximately 521 test for oil wells were drilled in Northwest Louisiana in 1915.

Poll tax payments in New Orleans for 1915 were 51,848, as against 51,902 in 1914.

During December 184 cases were tried in the city court of Monroe with fines aggregating \$1846.

Paul Cerise of New Orleans, despondent because out of work, Saturday put a bullet into his brain.

The total clearings for New Orleans for 1915 were \$972,165,578.76, which was an increase of \$67,682,648.18 over 1914.

Quick work by the fire department last Thursday night saved 100 miles in a stable in New Orleans from being burned to death.

About \$100,000 worth of new improvements are assured for the town of Slidell, St. Tammany Parish, during 1916. The parish banks have \$1,000,000 on deposit.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: There have been reported from Lake Charles and vicinity seventy cases of typhoid fever and the situation is such that Dr. Dowling left shortly before midnight Sunday for that city, with a quantity of anti-typhoid virus and other appliances to fight the disease.

Shreveport, Dec. 31.—Twenty-six deaths during the twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m. Friday was the mortality record for Shreveport for the last day of the year. Fourteen of the twenty-six were negroes and only two of them were residents. Three of the twelve white deaths were residents. Twenty of the twenty-six were patients at the Charity Hospital.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—Combined resources of the 210 State banks of Louisiana, according to their statements rendered December 15, 1915, total \$131,103,251.58, compared with \$122,737,517.55, on September 21, when their last previous figures were submitted. This is an increase for the quarter of \$8,365,734.03, according to report to-day to the State Examiner.

Louisiana Planter, January 1st: In no recent year has there been so much of the cane for the ensuing crop planted by January 1st as is the case this year. An intention to be forehand and painstaking in all work, and to make every effort to bring Louisiana back to a normal crop in 1916 seems manifest throughout the sugar district of the State. Heavy rainfalls during the past week have been beneficial rather than otherwise, maintaining adequate moisture in the soil, and there have not yet been any untoward factors develop as far the proximate crop is concerned.

Industrial Items.

Wiggins, Miss., Jan. 1.—Twenty thousand bushels of sweet potatoes, the largest crop of sweet potatoes ever harvested in one lot in this county, was raised by the Mills Farms Company this year.

Yazoo City, Miss., Dec. 30.—This week three car loads of fine cattle were shipped from Benton to St. Louis. Two were of graded Herefords and were raised by T. H. Griffis and the other was of Shorthorn, raised by Mrs. Kirk.

Robertson (Ky.) Advance: Here is what we consider the best sale of turkeys made this year in Robinson County. Mrs. Walter Linville sold fifty-seven turkeys last week to Maysville parties at the fancy price of \$143.44. The sale price was 18 cents a pound and the turkeys averaged a little to the rise of thirteen pounds.

Anderson (Ky.) News: A. Hawkins & Co., of this city, killed 6,000 turkeys for the Thanksgiving market, which, in pounds, was 52,000 and in money \$7,800. They slaughtered 9,000 for the Christmas market, or 85,000 pounds of turkey, which realized to the farmers of the county \$12,750. In other words, this firm bought 15,000 turkeys, which weighed 137,000 pounds, and at 15 cents per pound brought the snug sum of \$20,550 into the pockets of those that could use it very nicely during the Yuletide season, as well as at other times of the year.

Memphis Appeal January 1st: The cotton people of Tupelo, Miss., were greeted with a big surprise last Thursday when the above load of nineteen bales of cotton on one wagon, drawn by two mules, appeared on the streets. It is believed to be the largest load of cotton ever hauled by two mules. The cotton is the property of Lon L. Livingston, one of Lee County's largest planters. The cotton was raised on a Lee County, Mississippi farm, hauled over a Tishomingo gravel road on a Chattanooga wagon drawn by Missouri mules. The total weight of the cotton was 11,856 pounds, averaging 624 pounds per bale. On the day of its arrival it would have been sold for \$1,400, not including seed. However Mr. Livingston is a firm believer in higher prices and has stowed the cotton in Clark & Co.'s warehouse until he can get his price.

Seven States Go Dry.

New York, Jan. 1.—Seven States went dry last night when the last stroke of the midnight hour ushered in the new year. The seven States in which, under the prohibition laws going into effect to-day, no intoxicating drinks may be sold are Arkansas, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, South Carolina, Oregon and Washington.

Those States which were "dry" before to-day are Maine, Kansas, Georgia, North Carolina, North Dakota, Mississippi, West Virginia, Alabama, Tennessee, Oklahoma and Arizona.

Eighteen of the forty-eight States of the United States have State-wide prohibition. By laws which went into effect at midnight more than 3,000 saloons were put out of business and a large number of wholesale liquor concerns, distilleries and breweries were closed.

Dispatches from the new prohibition States say that many millions of dollars were spent in them for liquor within a week, the liquor being bought for home use by men who do not favor prohibition. In Colorado, alone, about \$3,000,000 was spent in this way. In Iowa yesterday there were "bargain day" sales in the 502 saloons in the State and in all the new "dry" States saloons were getting rid of their stocks of liquors as fast as possible and at ruinous prices.

Cofax Chronicle: It may be said in all candor that the candidate who will descend from the plane of legitimate criticism to discredit his opponent, and who will approve by silence the deliberate slandering of his opponent, should not be esteemed worthy of the confidence of the people, nor should he be recognized as being fit to fill the office of Governor of Louisiana. If a candidate, for instance for Governor, can not impress the people of his merit and his worth for the office he is ambitious to attain, he should step down and out. It can not be questioned that the only argument, or rather diatribe, which is being urged against Lieutenant Governor Barret is that he is not sincere as a prohibitionist; besides he is being slandered villainously as to his habits, which can not be reached. Such pusillanimity is the rankest, the most extreme of cowardice. Equally conclusive is the fact that if Col. Pleasant were possessed of plausible arguments he would not confine himself to the ridiculous, yet persistent and apparent malignity, to Barret's record as a prohibitionist, but he would broaden his argument on the issues which are most vital to the State and the people, but which seemingly he has evaded. One of the vital issues is bossism. In the Ward Bosses is centered the many ills from which the State has suffered for years, and as Col. Pleasant is being supported and championed by the Ring, or the Bosses, no relief from this political oligarchy may be expected, if he should be elected the executive of the State.

Anti-Saloon League: A vote for Thos. C. Barret is a vote against the liquor evil.

British India's 1914 imports are valued at \$508,000,000.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Commissioner of A. and I.

The Banner has been authorized to announce Mr. R. K. BONEY, a native of Madison Parish, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture and Immigration for the State of Louisiana, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th.

The Banner has been authorized to announce Mr. HARRY D. WILSON of Tangipahoa Parish as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture and Immigration for the State of Louisiana, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th.

For State Senator.

Senator W. B. BOGGS of Bossier Parish (Plain Dealing) has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as State Senator from this, the Twenty-third Senatorial District, composed of Bossier and Webster Parishes, subject to the Democratic primary election, to be held January 25, 1916.

Hon. W. J. JOHNSTON of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of State Senator to represent the Twenty-third Senatorial District, composed of Webster and Bossier Parishes, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

For Representative.

Mr. A. HOFFPAUR of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

Hon. W. C. HUGHES of Hughes Spur has authorized us to announce his candidacy to represent himself as one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary to be held January 25th next.

Mr. EDWIN W. DORAN of Benton has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Representatives from Bossier Parish in the next General Assembly, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Sheriff.

Mr. J. F. ADAIR of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of Sheriff for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held during January, 1916.

Mr. J. F. EDWARDS of Benton has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as Sheriff for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Clerk of Court.

Mr. JAS. M. HENDERSON, of Benton, who some months ago was elected by the voters of this parish to fill an unexpired term of the office of Clerk of Court, has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself, subject to nomination at the coming Democratic primary election.

For Assessor.

Mr. L. G. SMITH of Benton has authorized us to announce his candidacy to succeed himself as Assessor for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Police Juror.

Hon. J. T. MANN of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Three, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. L. M. BURKS of Rocky Mount has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Five, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. M. C. WRIGHT of Plain Dealing has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to succeed himself as a member of the Police Jury to represent Ward Three, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Member School Board.

Mr. L. R. BUMGARDNER of Ward Five has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become a member of the Parish School Board to represent that ward, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Coroner.

Dr. A. R. BISH of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy for the office of Coroner for Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Justice of Peace.

Mr. W. J. OWSELY of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Justices of the Peace for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. U. W. HUTCHINGS of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Justices of the Peace for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

For Constable.

Mr. H. W. PATTERSON of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Constables for Ward Two of Bossier Parish, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

Mr. L. E. SCHOOLS of Bossier City has authorized us to announce his candidacy to become one of the Constables for Ward Two, subject to nomination at the Democratic primary election to be held January 25th next.

A Statement

To the Citizens of Bossier Parish:

I take this method of telling you what I will do by you if I am elected Sheriff.

1st. I will be strictly impartial—at all times fair by all, friend or foe.

2d. I will dispatch with promptness all clerical duties of the office and in such manner as will meet the approval of every fair and reasonable man.

3d. I will arrest every man against whom a warrant is issued, or chase him to unknown parts.

4th. If I am elected I am going to give to the public schools of Bossier Parish \$1000 each year, as long as I am Sheriff and employed on the same basis as is the present Sheriff.

I think this last is a legitimate proposal, as it has ever been one of my greatest pleasures to help young men and young ladies to succeed in life. Furthermore, I feel that this would be spending money to elevate our children to a higher plane of morals, and possibly be the means of reducing crime throughout our country. Now, I trust no one will place a wrong construction on this offer, for there are quite a number of boys and girls and men in this parish who know I have done all I could along these lines during past years.

Now, I have told you what I will do, and if I get a chance I will show you. So I want to ask you to give me the chance by voting for me on the 25th of January, 1916, and I will do as I have promised.

Thanking you in advance for your kind consideration, I am, Respectfully,

J. F. ADAIR.

Ivan, La., Nov. 28, 1915.

western Railway Company and run east 10 chains along 50 feet from railroad to a stake 50 feet from the road, thence back to the first point beginning, thence west 10 chains to a stake, thence north along fence line to a stake, thence east 12 chains to a stake 50 feet from railroad, containing 11 acres, more or less, being west of railroad, and in the northeast quarter of section 34, township 23, range 12.

An undivided one-half interest in the following: The southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section 24, township 23, range 13, and southwest quarter of northwest quarter and south half of northwest quarter of northeast quarter of section 13 and southeast quarter of northwest quarter, south half of northeast quarter, south half of northwest quarter, south half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, south half of northwest quarter of northeast quarter, south half of northeast quarter, township 23, range 12.

BY virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I have seized, and will proceed to sell at public auction, at the last and highest bidder, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Benton, La., on Saturday, January 19, 1916, the following described property to-wit:

The south half of southeast quarter of section 26, and west half of southeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 26, also, south half of southwest quarter of section 22, northwest quarter of section 22, township 16, range 11, of Bossier Parish, Louisiana.

Terms of Sale—Cash, without the benefit of appraisement, to pay and the sum of \$1000, with 5 per cent annum interest thereon from February 1, 1915, until paid, and the further sum of \$30.15, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from February 1, 1915, until paid, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from March 1, 1915, until paid, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from January 31, 1915, and \$54.41, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from April 1, 1915, until paid, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from February 1, 1915, until paid, and costs of suit, including 10 per cent said sums and interest as attorney's fees.

J. F. EDWARDS, Sheriff, Bossier Parish, Louisiana. Benton, La., Dec. 23, 1915. Jan 12

BY virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I have seized, and will proceed to sell at public auction, at the last and highest bidder, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Benton, La., on Saturday, January 19, 1916, the following described property to-wit:

The south half of southeast quarter of section 26, and west half of southeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 26, also, south half of southwest quarter of section 22, northwest quarter of section 22, township 16, range 11, of Bossier Parish, Louisiana.

Terms of Sale—Cash, without the benefit of appraisement, to pay and the sum of \$1000, with 5 per cent annum interest thereon from October 1, 1915, until paid, and all costs of suit, including 10 per cent said sum and interest as attorney's fees.

J. F. EDWARDS, Sheriff, Bossier Parish, Louisiana. Benton, La., Dec. 23, 1915. Jan 12

BY virtue of a commission issued to me from the Second District Court of Bossier Parish, Louisiana, in the above entitled succession, I will offer for sale, on terms hereinafter stated, the last and highest bidder, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Benton, La., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, January 15, 1916, the following described property, to-wit:

The east half of northwest quarter of section 34, township 23, range 13, and north 200 1/2 yards, thence west 440 yards to the point of beginning, containing 27.25 acres. Also, begin at a stake 50 feet west of the center of the tract of the St. Louis South-

Frank Edwards vs. Joannes Smith, No. 627. In Second District Court, Bossier Parish, Louisiana.

BY virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued in the above entitled suit, and to me directed, I have seized, and will proceed to sell at public auction, at the last and highest bidder, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Benton, La., on Saturday, January 29, 1916, the following described property, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of southwest quarter and west half of southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 7, township 22, range 12; north half of southwest quarter and 5 1/2 acres of the south part of southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 14, township 22, range 12, and north half of northwest quarter of section 35, township 23, range 13.

Also, the following described tract of land: Beginning at the southwest corner of northwest quarter of northeast quarter of section 34, township 23, range 13, and run north 200 1/2 yards, thence east 440 yards, thence south 290 1/2 yards, thence west 440 yards to the point of beginning, containing 27.25 acres. Also, begin at a stake 50 feet west of the center of the tract of the St. Louis South-

ALL hunting and trespassing is forbidden, under the penalty of law, on any land belonging to me, or to my heirs, or assigns, or to the heirs, or assigns, of J. F. Edwards, Sheriff, Bossier Parish, Louisiana, which has been regularly purchased according to law. E. B. HENDERSON

Notice!