THE BOSSIER BANNER

W. H. SCANLAND, Editor and Proprietor

BENTON, LA., THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1916.

Democratic Nominees.

For Governor,
RUFFIN G. PLEASANT.

For Lieutenant Governor,
FERNAND MOUTON.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES J. BAILEY.

For State Auditor,
PAUL CAPDEVIELLE.

For State Treasurer,
HENRY HUNSICKER.

For Attorney General,
A. V. COCO.

For Register Land Office,
FRED J. GRACE.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
HARRY D. WILSON.

For Superintendent Education,
THOMAS H. HARRIS.

For State Senator,
W. J. JOHNSTON.

For Representatives,
A. HOFFPAUIR.
W. C. HUGHES.

For Sheriff,
J. F. EDWARDS.

For Clerk of Court,
JAS. M. HENDERSON.

For Assessor,
L. G. SMITH.

For Coroner,
Dr. A. R. BUSH.

For Members Police Jury,
Ward 1—J. T. McDADE.
Ward 2—J. C. LOGAN.
Ward 3—J. T. MANRY.
Ward 4—N. W. STEWART.
Ward 5—L. M. BURKS.
Ward 6—J. G. McDADE.

For Member School Board,
Ward 5—L. R. BUMGARDNER.

For Justices of Peace,
Ward 1—E. S. DORTCH.
Ward 2—J. H. MONTGOMERY.
Ward 2—U. W. HUTCHINGS.
Ward 3—R. H. ALLEN.
Ward 3—J. C. CHILDERS.
Ward 4—J. D. ROGERS.
Ward 5—M. SMITH.

For Constables,
Ward 2—J. A. EDWARDS.
Ward 2—H. W. PATTERSON.
Ward 4—L. E. COILE.
Ward 5—N. L. McKINNEY.
Ward 6—F. F. VICKERS.
Ward 6—A. E. NELSON.

IN SPITE OF CIRCUMSTANCES.

We succeed just as often in spite of circumstances as we do because of them. The latter condition, inferring of of course that the circumstances are in our favor, is entirely natural and only to be expected and accordingly we do not feel as though we are justified in taking to ourselves all the credit for any succees we may achieve. When we succeed, however, in spite of circumstances; or in other words, when we rise superior to conditions then it is that we show the real fibre of our natures and deserve all the credit that can be accorded us. However, if a man has it in him to succeed he will do so notwithstanding unfavorable conditions. The ability to achieve success is just as much a gift as the ability to paint or write, or to do anything well that lies especially in our power. It is just as natural for some of us to succeed as it is for others to fail, and all conditions for or against our success are only means to an end. The man who intens to succeed realizes that he must rise far above many of the circumstances of his life and the secret of doing this is a part of himself and is never readily acquired. Some of the most distinguished men of the past, men who have left the deepest impress upon history's pages, fought and wrought in conditions that were far from conducive to their success; yet because they heard the call of an unknown voice summoning them to effort, and because they felt the thrill of a faith in themselves which could not be questioned they dared and won. They found a way for themselves out of the difficulties of their positions, and ignoring the discouraging influences that surrounded them they yielded themselves to the sway of the genuis that was theirs. Shakespeare's mind wandered in far countries through realms of kings and princes while his body occupied a humble abode in England; and Goldsmith, we are told, suffered many physical privations while writing his fame securely in the hearts of men.

There are few of us who can expect to achieve anything like the success that has immortalized these great men and others of older days but there is no telling what success is in store for many persons who as yet have done little or nothing to demonstrate their winning powers. We can at best, however, only hope to win the success which we crave, and whether that success shall be lasting or whether it shall wither in our hands only time can tell. It may be that many of us have believed that success lay within our grasp time and time again and that but for some unfortunate circumstance, or chain of circumstances, results would have verified our belief. The fact, however, that we were not able to grapple with these circumstances and overpower them shows that we allowed them to master us. A man must be able to master conditions, otherwise they will master him. Of course he who succeeds must first learn to master himself before he can even expect to command attention. We forget that fact, generally speaking, and look for results which we have no right to expect. Self-mastery however, is a subject too wide for present discussion and assuming that we acquire the art by studious and earnest effort we can only then hope to succeed in mastering the conditions that govern our immediate lives. Understanding these conditions is the first step toward recognizing their respective advantages and disadvantages and he who means to succeed is never sparing in his practical appreciation of their merits while at the same time ignoring their disadvantages by rising above them. We can succeed in spite of conditions and such success is based upon plain, solid foundations that will not give way under the first undue pressure. We are not always able to ignore certain conditions in our lives, however, not that we would not like to do so, but for the reason that they are too much a part of life for us to overlook. Indeed, there are many such conditions which it is simply impossible to ignore but we can at least ignore their discouraging influences if we set our minds and hearts upon the task. We may have to submit to their existence, just as find it necessary to submit to many discomforts and trials, but for all that there is no satisfactory reason why we should allow their influence to prey upon our minds and intrude themselves into all other conditions of life. We must get away from their depressing influences if we really desire to make any headway in this world. Success is not built upon the effects of unhappiness any more than happiness is dependent upon misfortune. We must cultivate a spirit of opticism and crush down within us all discouraging influences. Success means happiness to many persons and in its cheerful glow we are able to forget the bitterness of the past and all the disappointments that may have come to us. Conditions can be mastered in a measure, perhaps not by their actual removal but at least by overcoming their bad effects. Rising superior to our tribulations seems a mighty task but it is one that is necessary to those of us who, laboring under heavy odds, yet intend to achieve the success we believe is our due.

THE CUNNING OF TEDDY.

When Ex-President Roosevelt organized his Progressive party in 1912 and the matter of negro representation in the National Progressive convention came up for discussion, he did not hesitate to say in effect that negro representation from the South was not wanted, though he welcomed negro delegates from Nothern States.

Whatever may have been said of Mr. Roosevelt, no one, so far as the writer can remember, has said he was a poor politician. He hoped for some support from the South and he knew well how not to make such help impossible.

But there are some things known to all Southern men that Mr. Roosevelt will never know during his present incarnation. One of them is that one must live the race question in the South in order to have a working knowledge of it. If he knew this he would not have to be taught that nothing in the way of a national political bribe will ever induce the white people of this part of the Union to contend with each other politically in separate parties. We of the South know why, but we have long since despaired of making our white brothers of the North understand it. About two generations are sometimes necessary to teach this truth to our Northern brothers, even when they become dwellers in our midst.

How, then, can it be expected that Mr. Roosevelt can understand a condition that he has never lived?

But there is no such excuse for Mr. Roosevelt's follower and candidate for Governor in Louisiana. He should, and doubtless does, know better than Mr. Roosevelt that a united and steadfast Democracy is the only hope for order and safety. Therefore, good and true Democrats should not fail to vote on April 18th. Such movements for the separation of the white people of Louisiana that is being lead by Mr. Parker should be rebuked promptly and sternly. In such a course only does safety lie.

THE SCHOOL TAX ELECTION.

The people of Bossier Parish are to vote April 18th upon the question of levying an additional 1-mill tax for the maintenance of the parish schools at their present level of efficiency. Unless the proposed tax carries the term of the schools dependent upon the general school fund for support will be reduced from six to five months.

The schools, roads, churches and homes of a country are the evidences of that country's civilization, and the goodness of the schools determine the quality of the other factors. Good schools mean fine roads, handsome church buildings, substantial homes, prosperity and high moral standards, too.

The price of land is highest in those parts of our country where the best schools are found, and if you investigate it will be found that the schools were the first care of the people who arrived at and have acquired high standards in all worthy institutions.

We of Bossier Parish, then, do not wish to neglect our schools. The school terms involved have already been reduced from eight to six months and we cannot afford that the present efficiency of the schools be less than it is. Every citizen should go to the polls on April 18th and vote for the tax.

THE DUTY OF DEMOCRATS.

The Democrats of Bossier Parish might do well to remember now that this is a presidential election year and that every one has a duty to perform in his precinct, parish and State on April 18th which will have a bearing upon the result of the national election in November.

There is no fear that John M. Parker will get a considerable number of votes in Bossier Parish, and the Democratic State ticket is not in danger of defeat; but there is danger that Mr. Parker may receive such a vote in parts of the State that the normal Democratic majority may be reduced.

Such a result of the April election in Louisiana would give encouragement to the enemies of Democracy in the nation at large and would go to the credit in the Republican party of Theodore Roosevelt, who is Mr. Parker's idol and hope for a life beyond the political grave in which he is to be buried on the the 18th of April. Therefore, in order that John M. Parker shall be buried deep enough in the spring election that he shall not be able to come forth and show any figures to the discouragement of Democracy it is the duty of all good Democrats in Bossier Parish to go to the polls and vote.

LATE NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

Petersburg, Va., was damaged by an $80,000 fire on the 21st.

Great Britain advanced $2,000,000,000 to her allies during 1915.

The destruction by fire for three days last week totals $27,370,000.

The Register says much lumber for Cuba will be sent out of Mobile soon.

In 1915 there were 84,000 deaths in the United States from pneumonia.

A woman was killed on the 21st by a passenger train near Manassas, Va.

A man at Charleston, W. Va., cut the throat of a friend while walking in his sleep.

Uncle Sam made $2,500,000 last year from the sale of wood from the government forests.

Toledo, Ohio, March 22.—A heavy snow storm to-day paralyzed street car transportation here.

Mina Wheeler, aged fifty-one years, despondent, shot and killed herself at Cambridge Springs, Pa.

Petrograd, March 25.—Russian torpedo boats have sunk sixteen Turkish sailing vessels in the Black Sea.

Believed to be insane, Daniel G. Patterson shot and killed his four children and himself at Greensboro, N. C.

Something like 400,000,000 barrels of beer are brewed in the United Kingdom every year. Of these, fewer than 1,000,000 are exported.

An increase of more than $100,000,000 in the total volume of business of the United States Steel Corporation during the past year is shown by the annual report.

London, March 25.—A German raider has been sunk in the North Sea. Five German officers and 115 men out of a total of 300 were captured. The British lost 74 men.

Returning from school at Altoona, Pa., Tony Cicarelli became lost and wandered a day and a night until he was found in a forest, so stiff from cold he could not move.

An increase in births in Kentucky from 61,135 in 1914 to 63,478 in 1915, and a decrease in deaths from 30,139 to 28,913 in the same period are shown by vital statistics.

A project for draining and reclaiming 1,000,000 acres of land in Egypt, work on which has begun, is one of the greatest and most expensive tasks of the kind ever attempted.

Davis, Okla., March 25.—Eight members of the family of Alexander Edgemond, a farmer living two miles east of here, were killed last night when a tornado demolished their home.

Paris, March 25.—The British steamer Sussex, carrying 380 passengers, was torpedoed in the Channel by a German submarine yesterday. The loss of life is estimated at fifty.

January foreign trade figures assembled by the United States Department of Commerce showed exports $331,000,000, exceeding those of the same month last year by $62,000,000.

Thomas J. Gordon died near Looxahoma, Miss., last Friday. He fought through the Civil War as a private of the Thirteenth Mississippi Regiment and carried a Minie ball scar to his grave.

Three Baptist pastors of Chicago have cooperated in writing a pamphlet on "Conversations on the Christian Life," which is especially intended to help young Christians to better living.

Washington, March 28.—Prices of meat animals—hogs, cattle, sheep and chickens—were 16.4 per cent higher on March 15th than they were on that date a year ago and 12.7 per cent higher than the average of the last six years on March.

FROM OUR STATE EXCHANGES.

Mansfield Enterprise: The free sugar clause of the Underwood tariff bill, has been repealed by Congress, the vote being 346 to 14. Thus the Democratic party has rectified one of the great blunders fastened upon the country and party by W. J. Bryan.

Assumption Pioneer: How many people go about kicking and complaining, when if they would jest get down to real work, would find happiness and plenty of the world's goods. The trouble with most of us, we have been use to letting the other fellow do the rough work.

Ruston Leader: In all the regulated saloon towns in Louisiana the laws are violated every day and night. The saloons are kept open over time, they sell to minors and they disregard the Sunday law. Talk about prohibition not prohibiting; neither does regulation regulate. Everybody who ever visits a wet town knows this.

Madison Journal: The result of Mr. Bryan's trip to Washington in connection with his opposition to the war policy of Mr. Wilson indicates that Mr. Bryan has lost prestige. But few public man have dropped from grace with the speed that has characterized the downfall of Mr. Bryan. Demogogery is generally legal tender with the public, but it looks like Mr. Bryan tried to over do the circulation.

More Fires.

San Antonio, Texas, March 26.—Six persons were burned to death in a $45,000 fire.

Norfolk, Va., March 26.—Two fires caused damage estimated at $262,000 here early to-day.

Natchez, Miss., March 22.—Fire losses to-day are estimated at from $30,000 to $50,000.

Houston, Texas, March 26.—Loss estimated at more than half a million dollars was caused here to-day by fire.

Houston, Texas, March 26.—Fire here to-day destroyed 4100 bales of cotton and railroad property valued at $530,000.

Monroe, La., March 29.—Three bath houses containing about 250 dressing rooms at the salt water natatorium were destroyed by fire at 9 o'clock this morning, resulting in a loss of $1,000 to the city. There was no insurance.

FROM OVER OUR GREAT STATE.

During the last quarter 104 pensioners died and 102 new names were put on the list.

Uncle Sam has to his credit in the United States subtreasury in New Orleans, just counted by examiners from Washington, $34,636,015.96.

A disastrous tornado about 3 o'clock last Saturday morning killed a woman, injured another woman and a child and demolished ten or twelve houses at Georgetown, about thirty-five miles north of Alexandria.

Dragging her eight-year-old son with her, Mrs. Caroline Schenck jumped into the river and ended her life Monday in New Orleans, after she had been summoned to court for ignoring the rat-proofing law.

Edward Harrison, age eighty-six years, a native of Tipperary County, Ireland, died in New Orleans on the 21st. He served with distinction during the Civil War, enlisting with the Mobile Dragoons, and later was a special courier to President Davis.

A cyclone occurred in Catahoula and Franklin parishes Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. A negro woman was killed in Clayton and five houses destroyed; at Wisner several houses were blown down and three persons were injured, and south of Lee Bayou two houses and one large store building were completely demolished. The wind tore down trees and cut a path half a mile wide south of Gilbert.

Amos.

And the habitattons of the shepherds shall mourn, and the top of Carmel shall wither.—1, 2.

For they know not to do right, saith the Lord, who store up violence and robbery in their palaces.—3, 10.

I will not turn away the punishment thereof; because they delivered up the whole captivity to Edom, and remembered not the brotherly covenant.—1, 9.

Assemble yourselves upon the mountains of Samaria, and behold the great tumults in the midst thereof, and the oppressed in the midst thereof.—3, 9.

Yet destroyed I the Amorite before them, whose height was like the height of the cedars, and he was strong as the oaks; yet I destroyed the fruit from above, and his roots from beneath.—2, 9.

I will not turn away the punishment thereof; because they have despised the law of the Lord, and have not kept his commahdments, and their lies caused them to err, after the which their fathers have walked.—2, 4.

Thus saith the Lord; For three transgressions of Edom, and for four, I will not turn away the punishment thereof; because he did pursue his brother with the sword, and did cast off all pity, and his anger did tear perpetually, and he kept his wrath forever.—1, 11.

Behold, I am pressed under you, as a cart is pressed that is full of sheaves. Therefore the flight shall perish from the swift, and the strong shall not strengthen his force, neither shall the mighty deliver himself: Neither shall he stand that handleth the bow; and he that is swift of foot shall not deliver himself: neither shall he that rideth the horse deliver himself. And he that is courageous among the mighty shall flee away naked in that day, saith the Lord.—13-16.

"Women of New Jersey," said ex-Assemblyman Matthews at a legislative hearing, "if you want to improve the conditions of public life, I beg you to keep on being women."

A Wisconsin town is to have a school built like a theater, with a moving picture outfit as an adjunct to education.

Palm fibre material is being substituted for cedar in the making of cigar boxes.

Election Proclamation.

State of Louisiana,
Parish of Bossier.

In accordance with the proclamation issued by His Excellency, Luther E. Hall, Governor of the State of Louisiana, calling for a general election to be held throughout the State on Tuesday following the third Monday in April, 1916, and in obedience to the requirements of the law as provied by Act 152 of 1898, and as amended by Act 132 of 1900,

We hereby proclaim, That an election will be held throughout the Parish of Bossier at the precincts as now established by law, on Thursday, April 18, 1916, for the purpose of electing State, Senatorial, Parochial and Ward officers in and for the Parish of Bossier and State of Louisiana.

The said election shall be held under the general election laws of the State of Louisiana, and the following named persons are hereby named and appointed commissioners and clerks of said election:

WARD ONE.

Atkins—D. J. McAnn, W. E. Connell and R. E. McDade, commissioners; T. L. Connell, clerk.

Curtis—W. W. Smith, T. W. Bledsoe and A. J. Childers, commissioners; Jno. L. Stacey, clerk.

Taylortown—A. J. Hall, J. S. Overcash and Thos. Caplis, commissioners; J. H. Mercer, clerk.

WARD TWO.

Benton—J. H. Belcher, A. M. Wyche and Thos. W. Stinson, commissioners; W. I. Gayle, clerk.

Vanceville—J. P. McCain, J. B. Arnold and R. A. Holmes, commissioners; T. A. Tidwell, clerk.

Bossier City—O. J. Schien, N. A. Yarborough and L. F. Whittington, commissioners; B. J. Coffee, clerk.

WARD THREE.

Plain Dealing—L. A. King, J. E. Slack and C. A. Harrison, commissioners; A. C. Cochran, clerk.

Alden Bridge—A. B. Winham, J. B. Campbell and Carl Strayhan, commissioners; J. J. Swindle, clerk.

WARD FOUR.

Carterville—M. B. Stampley, T. J. Johnson and S. A. Nuckolls, commissioners; R. R. Cheshire, clerk.

Mot—G. S. McKenzie, C. T. Floyd and J. D. Waggonner, commissioners; J. D. McKellar, clerk.

WARD FIVE.

Rocky Mount—J. H. Simmons, F. E. Arledge and J. B. Kirklan, commissioners; J. F. McKinney, clerk.

Linton—W. S. Dalrymple, R. E. Young and W. F. Dennig, commissioners; W. V. Lay, clerk.

Ivan—G. B. Coker, W. J. Bounds and S. N. Morrison, commissioners; W. D. Johnston, clerk.

WARD SIX.

Bellevue—L. C. Biggs, C. W. Biggs and Jno. Burrage, commissioners; J. R. Snider, clerk.

Haughton—J. M. Cleaver, Neal Jones and Douglas Aiken, commissioners; R. M. Sandidge, clerk.

Koran—L. R. Sapp, J. M. Huckabay and J. A. Cawthon, commissioners; E. R. Connell, clerk.

Adner—S. S. Rounsavall, L. E. Busby and Alex N. Shaw, commissioners; M. W. Finuff, clerk.

Done and signed officially on this, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1916.

JAS. M. HENDERSON,
R. B. HILL,
S. W. VANCE,
Members Board of Supervisors of Election, Bossier Parish.

Good Results Column

Aladdin Lamps

¶ The coal oil burning lamp that gives the bright, white light. I have the agency for the lamps and also handle a full line of accessories. Call and make inquiry.

J. H. MONTGOMERY
Benton, Louisiana
12-tf

Need a New Knife?

We carry a general stock of merchandise and can supply your every want, but this week we call attention only to Pocket Knives. A dozen patterns—prices, 25c to $1.

ADAIR BROTHERS
BENTON, LOUISIANA
12-tf

GEORGE G. DIMICK

Attorney at Law—Notary Public

Shreveport, Louisiana
Old 'phone, 1040

240 First National Bank Building

25 Cents

This space is for sale. We ask 25 cents per week for it and give the advertiser the privilege of changing copy as often as he likes. We should ask more. Why not give us a three-months try-out order? Write today.

If You Raise Chickens

If you waut to raise the chicks you hatch feed them Purina Chick Feed and Purina Chowder

W. P. & A. M. LEARY
SHREVEPORT, LA.
12-4

Shirts Plain, Sport and Fancy, at from 50c to $1.50 in price. A large assortment to select from, and we can positively fit any person.

35 dozen blue Work Shirts received Saturday.

S. WILLER & SON
BENTON, LOUISIANA
13-tf

Fixall Varnish and Stains—for spring —all colors

Prices: 15, 25, 40 and 75 Cents per Can.—Yours to serve,

—W. I. GAYLE Benton

Fixall Varnish and Stains—for spring —all colors

Prices: 15, 25, 40 and 75 Cents per Can.—Yours to serve,

—W. I. GAYLE Benton

.....We have the very latest

In Middie Blouses and other new spring goods. The blouses are priced—50c, $1 and $1.25.

N. M. & E. H. BELCHER
BENTON, LOUISIANA
12-tf

Hamilton Brown Shoes

Are the *best*—popular in both price and quality. Try out a pair!

N. M. & E. H. BELCHER
BENTON, LOUISIANA
12-tf

....For Latest Styles

In Ladies' and Children's Spring and Summer Hats

...see...

W. H. Martin & Company
PLAIN DEALING, LA.
12-4

WE WANT your mail and telephone orders. We pay postage to any point in Bossier Parish on all parcel post purchases over 50 cents.

Walker Brothers' Drug Store ...Plain Dealing, La.

The NYALL LINE a Specialty
Every Bottle Guaranteed
12-tf

A Fresh Shipment

We have received a part of our Spring Goods. Other shipments are on the road. Come in and look over our stock.

E. F. KIRTLEY
Plain Dealing
12-4

SEE my Show Windows for new goods and prices. The windows are newly decorated each week.

C. O. GAYLE
Benton
13-tf

Boosts Their School Faculty.

The following letter will be read with interest by the friends of Plain Dealing High School, as it shows clearly what the school here is doing, and as it comes without solicitation or notice is all the more appreciated by the faculty.

The above paragraph was written by the Banner's Plain Dealing correspondent and accompanied and has reference to a letter written in Natchitoches under date of the 23d, addressed to the principal of the Plain Dealing School, and which appears in full below:

Principal Eggleston,
Plain Dealing, La.

Dear Friend: It has developed, upon actual calculation, that your school ranks first and the highest among the schools of the state whose students attend our Normal School. I take this opportunity to especially compliment you personally, and congratulate you and the nice, well-trained and bright pupils of the Plain Dealing High School. In my classes, I am always pleased and anxious to meet one of your pupils.

With all good wishes for yourself and continued success, I am sincerely yours,

JOHN DOMINIQUE.

Homestead Entry No. 07,111.

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Baton Rouge, La.,
March 24, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that Alva Nixon Tooke, of Koran, La., who, on April 14, 1914, made Homestead Entry No. 07,111, for the north half of southwest quarter, southeast quarter of northwest quarter and southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 14, township 16, north, range 11, west, Louisiana meridian, has filed notice of intention to make commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of Court, at Benton, La., on the 10th day of May, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: L. R. Sapp, J. M. Huckaby, Berbert Clemons and Phillip Brown, all of Koran, La.

E. D. GIANELLONI, Register.

March 30, 1916. may 4

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and removes dandruff. It is excellent for falling hair and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.

For Sale Cheap

A large quantity of good hay. Address me at Benton.

12-2 W. G. BURT.

For Sale

A 5-year old saddle mare, 15 hands high. Has good gates and will work in harness. Is from the Skannal stock, and is sound and gentle. Address me at Bellevue. 12-2 L. C. BIGGS.

Plants and Seeds For Sale...

Plants

Tomato Plants, 50 cents per hundred; sweet potato plants, 40 cents per hundred.

Pot Plants

Nasturtiums, 10 cents each; Pansies, 25 cents each; Verbenas, 10 cents each; Periwinkles, 10 cents each.

Seed Corn

Hickory King, Gilmen's Yellow Dent, Reed's Early Dent, Boone County White and White Pearl.

Field Seeds

Soy Beans, Whippoorwill and Clay Peas, Soudon Grass and all other varieties of Field Seeds.

Our line of Garden Seeds is complete.

Call and see us.

Southern Wholesale Grocery Co.
108 Texas Street Shreveport
13-2

Succession Sale.

Succession of Tobe Lyles, deceased. In the District Court, Bossier Parish, Louisiana.

BY virtue of an order of sale, to me directed from the Honorable District Court in and for the said Parish of Bossier, I will, on Saturday, April 1, 1916, at the Court House, in the town of Benton, La., within the legal hours of sale, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest and last bidder, the following described property:

The southeast quarter of northwest quarter of section 2, township 21, range 13, appraised at $160; and the south half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 31, township 22, range 13, appraised at $80; and one-half interest in 1 acre in section 31, township 21, range 13, appraired at $100. Also, 2 lots in Collinsburg, appraised at $10, and a set of blacksmith tools, appraised at $35. Total appraisement, $125.

Terms of Sale—Cash, if the appraisement or two-thirds thereof be bid, else on a credit of twelve months, according to law.

SAM LYLES,
Administrator of Succession.

Stray Sale.

ESTRAYED before E. S. Dortch, Justice of the Peace, Ward One, Bossier Parish, Louisiana, by A. J. Childers, and will be sold at Taylortown, La., within the legal hours of sale on Saturday, May 6, 1916, a red brindle STEER, about two years old; no marks or brands; appraised at $14.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, else or the said animal will be sold as above advertised, and according to law.

A. J. CHILDERS, Constable.

March 30, 1916. may 4

Elston, Prince & McDade

Incorporated

Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factors

Store and Office at 115-117 Texas Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Large and Small Orders Solicited, and With the Assurance of Courteous Treatment and Prompt Shipments at All Times

DIRECTORS—J. W. Elston, A. W. Prince, J. T. McDade, Ross E. McDade, W. E. Connell, E. A. Shaw and J. W. Elston, jr.