

Donaldsonville Chief.

Published Every Saturday.

AMICUS HUMANI GENERIS.

LINDEN E. BENTLEY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Official Journal of the State of Louisiana.
Official Journal of the Parish of Ascension.
Official Journal Town of Donaldsonville.

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1 square.	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$6.50	\$11.00	\$15.00
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5 squares.	10.00	16.00	17.50	25.00	35.00
6 squares.	11.50	18.00	19.00	28.00	40.00
7 squares.	13.00	20.00	21.00	31.00	44.00
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1 column.	25.00	39.00	44.00	50.00	70.00
2 column.	35.00	49.00	54.00	60.00	80.00
3 column.	45.00	59.00	64.00	70.00	90.00

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first insertion; each subsequent insert 75c.
All official notices \$1.00 per square each
publication.

Brief communications upon subjects of
public interest solicited.
The editor is not responsible for the views
of correspondents.

Address: CHIEF, Donaldsonville, La.

Gervais Gauthreaux, Esq. is authorized to
solicit and collect subscriptions for the CHIEF.

Job printing in the highest style of
the art at New Orleans prices! Leave your
orders at the CHIEF office.

Messrs. Walker, Taylor & Co., advertising
agents, 134 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.,
are authorized to act as agents for the CHIEF.

Mr. Charles O. Donnard is invested
with full authority to solicit advertisements
and subscriptions for the CHIEF, in New Or-
leans and elsewhere, and to receipt for pay-
ments therefor.

Saturday, September 5, '74.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For State Treasurer,
HON. ANTOINE DUBUCLET,
Of New Orleans.

For Congress, Third District,
HON. CHESTER B. DARRALL,
Of St. Mary.

For State Senator, Seventh District,
HON. PIERRE LANDRY,
Of Ascension.

For Members of the House of Representatives,
LOUIS BUTLER,
GLOSTER H. HILL.

For Parish Judge,
HENRY O. MAHER.

For Sheriff,
AARON HILL.

For Coroner,
V. C. CANTRELLE.

For Police Jurors,
JOHN ASHBY, HENRY HAYMAN,
WM. DIGGS.

With next issue of the CHIEF
opens Volume No. IV, and thence-
forward the co-operative or "patent
outside" publishing system will be
abandoned, and the paper printed en-
tirely at home. This will give us in-
creased advertising space, and we
respectfully solicit from every mer-
chant, every tradesman, every doctor
and lawyer of Donaldsonville and vic-
inity an advertisement of his busi-
ness, however small, for the ensuing
year. Cards occupying one "square"
in space (that is, about one inch) will
be inserted twelve months for \$15,
and easy terms of payment arranged
with responsible parties. We propose
to prove that the CHIEF is a paying
advertising medium and ask the busi-
ness community to give it a trial.

A new Lafourche Republican has
been established at Thibodaux under
the proprietorship of Mr. J. M. Ricard.
It supports the Republican candidates,
sports a patent outside, enunciates
good principle in questionable syntax,
and sends us a badly printed copy in
exchange. We wish the Republican
improvement and success.

The Peace and Order committee
appointed by the president of the re-
cent Republican State Convention is
collecting evidence of White League
outrages committed in various par-
ishes of the State, and will publish
the result of their labors at an early
day. Hon. Elbert Gantt of St. Lan-
dry is chairman of the committee.

Mr. Thomas Lynne has been forced
by failing health to resign the position
of State Registrar of Voters, and Gov-
ernor Kellogg has appointed Colonel
Wm. Wright to fill the vacancy. Col.
Wright is spoken of as "a sincere,
honest and intelligent man—one
whose high sense of the proprieties
will never permit him to do a foolish
or disreputable thing." If this be
true, he is the proper man for State
Registrar of Voters.

TROOPS TO THE RESCUE!

TO YOUR HOLES, OH! LEAGUERS!

No More Political Murders!

The New Rebellion Will Be Suppressed!

New Orleans, Shreveport, Alex-
andria, Coushatta, Monroe
and St. Martinsville to
be Occupied by U. S.
"Boys in Blue!"

The armed insurrection against the
constituted authorities of Louisiana
and other Southern States inaugu-
rated by the organization known as the
White League—the banding together
of one class of men to deprive others
of the free exercise of the rights and
privileges guaranteed by the consti-
tution and laws—the inhuman mur-
dering of peaceable American citizens
for daring to be Republicans—have
borne legitimate fruit.

Acting under the direction of Pres-
ident Grant and Attorney General
Williams, the Secretary of War will
at once dispatch U. S. troops to such
points in the South where their pres-
ence is necessary to preserve peace,
suppress illegal interference with the
local civil authorities and protect the
lives and liberties of citizens from
lawless mobs of White Leaguers.

Troops have been ordered to Lou-
isiana and will arrive ere another is-
sue of the CHIEF is before our read-
ers. New Orleans, St. Martinsville,
Alexandria, Shreveport, Coushatta,
Monroe and other points will be occu-
pied at once, and all required assist-
ance will be rendered Marshal Pack-
ard and his deputies in arresting and
bringing to trial persons engaged in
the numerous outrages that have dis-
graced humanity and blackened the
fame of Louisiana among all civilized
peoples.

It required no prophetic vision to
foretell the fate of the new rebellion
of the Leagues. In common with all
candid and sensible men, here and
elsewhere, we predicted that the at-
tempt to carry the approaching elec-
tion by driving away, intimidating
and murdering Republicans would
result in ignominious failure, and the
verification is at hand.

The "boys in blue" will not intimi-
date any law abiding citizen or seek
to abridge the untrammelled exercise
of his inalienable rights. They will
be here to give equal protection to all
men, and their presence will guaran-
tee the fair election in November
which all our people have professed
to desire.

Hide your shot-guns and revolvers,
ye bloody-minded Academics of Attaka-
poo! hunt your holes, ye red-handed
Leaguers of Red River! for your reign
of terror is nipped in the bud and retri-
bution is at hand.

THE BLACKEST OUTRAGE YET.

By far the most atrocious of the
many deeds of blood that have been
committed by the White Leagues of
this State since the opening of the
present campaign, is the inhuman
butchery of the officials of Red River
parish, which was perpetrated last
Sunday morning, in the vicinity of
Shreveport. The circumstances of the
blood-curdling affair are these:

During the latter part of August a
band of armed men assembled in the
town of Coushatta and demanded the
resignations of the parish officers.
This illegal procedure was resisted,
the Sheriff summoning a posse comi-
tatus to protect himself and brother
officials from the Leaguers, who re-
tired for the time, but soon returned
with heavy reinforcements from neigh-
boring parishes. A collision occurred
which resulted in the killing of sev-
eral members of the Sheriff's posse,
whereupon the remainder surren-
dered, with the stipulation that the
lives of all would be spared pro-
vided the resignations sought should
be given and certain white Republi-
can leaders would leave the parish.
These terms were accepted by the
officials as a choice between life and
death, and they were locked up in
the parish jail until next morning,
when, securely bound, they set out
under conduct of an armed guard for
Shreveport.

The prisoners were, Homer J.
Twitchell, planter and Tax Collector
of Red River parish and deputy post-
master at Coushatta; Robert A. Dew-
ees, Supervisor of Registration for
DeSoto parish; Clark Holland, mer-
chant and Supervisor of Registration
for Red River parish; W. J. Howell,
parish attorney and U. S. Commis-
sioner; Frank S. Edgerton, Sheriff
of Red River parish; M. C. Willis,
merchant and justice of the peace;
all white men of property and good
character in the community, their
sole offense being that they were Re-
publicans.

When the party had reached the
McFarlane plantation, in Bossier par-
ish near the line of Red River, they
were set upon by an armed body of
men and the six helpless captives
shot down in cold blood like so many
dogs!

As the news of this damnable and
evidently premeditated crime sped
throughout the land upon the wings
of the telegraph, it awoke a thrill of
horror in every community and for-
ever sealed the doom of the Southern
White League Rebellion which has
reared its hydra head among us. The
action of President Grant in order-
ing troops to disturbed districts was
undoubtedly hastened by this re-
volting butchery, and his course will
be applauded by all men who believe
that an American citizen still has the
right to live on American soil and
express his political as well as other
opinions without paying penalty with
his life for exercising the privilege.

We trust God the perpetrators of
this cowardly murder will be hunted
to earth and such punishment meted
out to them as will prove a warning
to political assassins all over the
South. An example of this kind is
needed to stop the bloody work that
has prevailed here to a greater or less
extent since the close of the war and
will continue so long as perpetrators
of such deeds go unwhipped of justice.

A man named Alexander Newton is
in prison in the city of New Orleans
charged with murder. Because the
alleged criminal is a white Republi-
can, the Bulletin affects to be nearly
frantic over the affair, and is es-
pecially tormented by the suspicion
that a blank pardon has already been
filled out in the Governor's office to
meet the apparently certain contin-
gency of Newton's conviction. The
over-zeal of this delectable organ of
the opposition to make capital against
Republicans, frequently leads it to
the commission of most egregious
blunders and contradictions, and its
treatment of this murder case has
furnished a striking example of that
fact. On the second page of Thurs-
day's Bulletin the following statement
is made: "Should a jury be found
to convict him (Newton), Kellogg
stands ready with a pardon." On
the third page of the same issue it is
said of the prisoner: "His appear-
ance did not betray the fearful
tragedy in which he had taken so
prominent a part, and for which he
will without doubt suffer the full pen-
alty of the law."

Comment is superfluous.

In contrast with the Bulletin's
shameless equivocation is the manly
tone of the Republican, which "has
nothing but words of the strongest
condemnation to offer in the case of
the homicide of the unfortunate vic-
tim of Newton's drunken wrath. . .
No law breaker is a friend of the Re-
publican or of the Republican party,
whose mission it is to make life, lib-
erty and property secure to the weak,
as well as the strong. Will our con-
temporaries say as much for those
assassins who are daily taking life in
the interest of the White Leagues?"

The Republican will find an answer
to its query in the fact that the Times
is the only opposition city paper that
has shown enough humanity to de-
nounce the fiendish butchery of the
Coushatta Republicans, which is by
far the most glaring of the numerous
outrages that have been perpetrated
in Louisiana within the past six
months.

RADICAL REFORM.—The former parish
judge of Natchitoches parish having re-
signed, Kellogg has appointed E. L. Pierson
to fill the vacancy. As so much has been
said by Radical papers of the action of reform,
we are glad to be able to refer to this ap-
pointment as a fulfillment of the promises.
This gentleman will be remembered by
many of our citizens as occupying apart-
ments in our parish jail a few years ago,
charged with the light offense of getting
away with letters containing money, which
he had in charge as clerk of a steamer on
Red River. To go further back, in the
early part of the war, he was court-mar-
shaled and sentenced to be shot, and was saved
by the intervention of his family. And still
later, he was under guard at Atlanta,
charged with some serious crime, and es-
caped by jumping from the second floor of
the building. This is reform with a ven-
geance.—Shreveport Times.

This E. L. Pierson is either a Dem-
ocrat, Conservative, Reformer or a
White Man; he is the law partner of
Col. Wm. M. Levy, nominee of the
nondescript nomenclaturists for Con-
gress in the Fifth District; was the
Democratic candidate for Representa-
tive from Natchitoches in 1872,
and a prominent member of the Fu-
sion Legislature; takes his whiskey
straight and his politics mixed, a la
Baton Rouge pot-pourri.

The Shreveport Times will now
take the back trail and acknowledge
that it has given utterance to the
truth under a misapprehension.

Every man should subscribe for the
local paper. Take the CHIEF.

The Citizen's Bank of New Orleans
has suspended payments, and so
great are the liabilities no hopes of
its resumption are entertained. Time
was when this bank was considered
the soundest institution in the South.
Under the control of men who have
been reckoned by the common multi-
tude as possessing great wealth—
the "oldest and best" citizens of the
State, a title that indicates the acme
of human perfection in all things,
monetary and otherwise, to the av-
erage Southern mind—yet has the
concern proven a very whitened sepul-
chre, which, with outward preten-
sion that enchants the eye, reveals
naught but rottenness within when
its portals are thrown open to the
public gaze. In the course of an ar-
ticle referring to the failure of the
Citizens Bank, the New Orleans Republi-
can says:

How far our newspapers, who have been
ever ready to bolster up tottering reputa-
tions, are to blame for such misfortunes,
we will not now undertake to say. But we
feel it our duty to notify the public that
when the White League made a special
business of recasting the transcendent
virtues of a public officer, or leading
merchant, for no better reason than that
he has lived here several hundred years,
and is wonderfully identified with the
interests of this people, the time has come to shorten
it.

We hope the mishaps of these first clas-
sified figures will teach the people of
New Orleans that collateral are safer than
vaunted respectability, and portable prop-
erty more solid than orthodox politics. It
is a poor consolation to know that one has
been ruined by people of the very best class.

We are pleased to learn that Mr.
John E. Breaux of Pointe Coupee has
received the Republican nomination
for State Senator from the district
comprising the parishes of East and
West Feliciana and Pointe Coupee.
Mr. Breaux, a staunch and capable
white Republican, is a brother of Jos.
R. Breaux, Esq. of Iberia, the gen-
tleman who has been designated by
"we, the white people," as the can-
didate to be defeated by Hon. C. B.
Darrall in the Third Congressional
District. Success to Mr. John E.
Breaux! Confusion to Jos. R.!

The New Orleans Rake must be
named after its editor. That festive
scribbler, with an assurance that is
colossal, attempts to convince a cred-
ulous world that the lawyers nomi-
nated at the Baton Rouge picnic will
receive the support of the agricultur-
ists of Louisiana. Four-fifths of the
men who till the soil of this State
vote the Republican ticket. Scratch
gravel, Mr. Rake.

A CARD.—If the writer of the commu-
nication in yesterday's issue of the Ascension
Leader signing himself "A Citizen" will
communicate his name to the undersigned,
any explanation of my conduct as an official
will be publicly given which is desired, pro-
vided this critic is an interested party by
reason of being a property holder and tax
payer, or can demonstrate that any owners
of property in this parish share in his in-
terfered belief that I am neglecting the duties
or exceeding the powers of my position. My
official department is always subject to the
inspection of the auditors on my bond or any
other persons whose interests are involved,
but I can not permit myself to be drawn into
discussion with or be held accountable to
any individual who chooses to assail me un-
der cover of a nom de plume. I am ready to
meet honest and open criticism at all times,
either as Tax Collector, editor or individual,
but until charges are brought against me in
a proper and responsible manner, I shall
pass them by as the fruit of malice and un-
worthy of notice. L. E. BENTLEY,
Tax Collector, parish of Ascension.

PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY.—The best
method to be adopted by any musician to
procure the most select music in the largest
quantity, and at the lowest price, is to sub-
scribe for Peters' Musical Monthly. Every
number contains choice ballads, duets, quar-
tets, sacred music, and a well-arranged and
selected list of instrumental music. This
magazine is unquestionably the most valu-
able of all others devoted to the same line.
Send thirty cents for the latest number, and
you will never regret it. Address J. L.
Peters, 599 Broadway, New York.

List of Letters

Remaining in Donaldsonville Post-Office
September 5th, 1874.

Adam, Ben	Hampton, Scott
Alvarez, Celestin	Julien, Miss J.
Audin, J. F.	Laudin, Mathieu
Breaux, Miss Mary E.	Landry, Paul
Breaux, P. S.	Lewis, Miss Mary
Bruce, James	Lewis, Alfred
Brooks, Marcelin	LeBlanc, Marcelin B.
Baptist, Mrs. Caroline	Molair, Mrs. Alex
Brumson, A. L.	Molair, J. J.
Chapman, Miss Julia	Marchand, Mrs. Rose
Chapman, Miss Tannie	Nash, Miss Matilda
Dix, Wm	Owens, Mrs. Louisa
Dolan, Mrs. Kate	Powell, John
Ehli, J. S.	Price, Miss Emilia
Falson, Mrs. Manuel	Porter, William
Gilbert, Mrs. Paulin	Porter, Thos C.
Graham, Moses	Rice, Doctor
Gulgon, A.	Ring, Lizzie
Herald, Joseph	Samuel, A.
Horton, J. F.	Salas, Harry
Howell, John	Smith, Isham

F. FORB, ASST. P. M.

STANDARD TIME KEEPER.

J. F. P. A. K.

Chronometer & Watch Maker

Donaldsonville, La.

Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles, and Clocks,
&c., for sale. Particular attention paid to
the repairing of Fine Watches. All work
warranted. dec1373

OFFICIAL.

TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF
THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Office of the Secretary of State,
New Orleans, July 14th, 1874.

IN conformity to article 147, title nine of
the constitution of 1868, publication is
hereby made to the voters of the State of
Louisiana, of the proposed amendments to
the constitution of the State, agreed to by
two-thirds of the members elected to each
house of the regular session of the General
Assembly of the year 1874, and required to
be published three months before the next
general election for Representatives to the
General Assembly, in at least one newspaper
in every parish of the State, in which a news-
paper shall be published. Said amendments
appear fully in acts Nos. 4, 22 and 64 of said
session of the General Assembly, which are
herewith officially published for the infor-
mation of voters, and who be authorized to
people at the general election, Monday,
November 3, 1874, in such manner and form
that the people may vote for or against such
amendments separately; and if a majority
of the voters shall approve and ratify all or
either of said amendments, the same shall
become a part of the constitution.

P. G. DESLODGE,
Secretary of State.

An Act

Proposing amendments to the Constitution
of the State of Louisiana.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate
and House of Representatives of the State
of Louisiana in General Assembly convened
(two-thirds of the members of each house
agreeing thereto), That the following amend-
ments be proposed and entered upon the
respective journals of the Senate and House
of Representatives, with the yeas and nays
taken thereon, and the Secretary of State
shall cause the same to be published three
months before the next general election for
Representatives to the General Assembly,
in at least one newspaper in every parish of
the State in which a newspaper shall be pub-
lished. And said proposed amendments
shall be submitted to the people at said
election in such manner and form that the
people may vote for or against each amend-
ment separately;—i. e., "first proposed
amendment for approval," or "against ap-
proval," and in like manner as to the others;
and if a majority of the voters at said elec-
tion shall approve and ratify such amend-
ment or amendments, the same shall be ap-
propriately numbered and become a part
of the constitution, and be proclaimed as such
by the Governor and Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CON- STITUTION.

No. 1.—The issue of consolidated bonds
authorized by the General Assembly of the
State at its regular session in the year 1874,
is hereby declared to create a valid contract
between the State and each and every
holder of said bonds, which the State shall
by no means and in no wise impair. The
said bonds shall be a valid obligation of the
State in favor of any holder thereof, and no
court shall enjoin the payment of the prin-
cipal or interest thereof, or the levy and
collection of tax therefor; to secure such
levy, collection and payment, the judicial
power shall be exercised when necessary.
The tax required for the payment of the
principal and interest of said bonds shall be
assessed and collected each and every year
until said bonds shall be paid, principal and
interest, and the proceeds shall be paid by
the Treasurer of the State to the holders of
said bonds as the principal and interest of
the same shall fall due, and no further leg-
islation or appropriation shall be requisite
for the said assessment and collection and
the said payment from the treasury.

No. 2.—Whenever the debt of the State
shall have been reduced below twenty-five
million dollars, the constitutional limit shall
remain at the lowest point reached, beyond
which the public debt shall not thereafter
be increased, and this rule continue in op-
eration until the debt is reduced to fifteen
million dollars, beyond which it shall not
be increased. Nor shall taxation for all
State purposes, excepting the support of
public schools, ever exceed twenty and a
half mills on the dollar of the assessed valua-
tion of the real and personal property in
the State, except in case of war or invasion.

No. 3.—The revenue of each year derived
from taxation upon real, personal and
poll taxes, or from licenses, shall be
devoted solely to the expenses of the said
year for which it shall be raised, excepting
any surplus remain, which shall be directed
to sinking the public debt. All appropri-
ations and claims in excess of revenue shall
be null and void, and the State shall in no
manner provide for their payment.
(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the
Senate.
Approved January 24th, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLODGE, Secretary of State.

An Act

Proposing an amendment to the constitu-
tion of the State of Louisiana, changing
the day for holding the general election.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate
and House of Representatives of the State
of Louisiana in General Assembly convened
(two-thirds of the members elected to each
house agreeing thereto), That the following
amendment to the constitution of the State
of Louisiana shall be submitted to the qual-
ified electors of the State at the next gen-
eral election for Representatives to the Gen-
eral Assembly: That the words "first Mon-
day," in article seventeen of the constitution,
be stricken out, and the words "first Tues-
day after the first Monday" be substituted
in lieu thereof, and if approved by a ma-
jority of the voters at said election, the
same shall become a part of said article
seventeen.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That
this act shall take effect from and after its
passage.
(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the
Senate.

Approved March 21st, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLODGE, Secretary of State.

Joint Resolution

Submitting an amendment to the constitu-
tion of the State to limit the debt of New
Orleans, and the issue of warrants by the
officers; and prescribing certain penalties.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate
and House of Representatives of the State
of Louisiana in General Assembly convened
(two-thirds of the members elected to each
house agreeing thereto), That at the gen-
eral election for members of the General
Assembly, which will take place in Novem-
ber, 1874, an amendment to the constitution
of the State shall be submitted to the qual-
ified electors of the State for their ratifica-
tion or rejection in the words following:

Article. The city of New Orleans shall
not hereafter increase her debt in any man-
ner or form, or under any pretext. After
the first day of January, 1875, no evidence
of indebtedness or warrant for payment of
money shall be issued by any officer of said
city, except against cash actually in the
treasury; but this shall not be so construed
as to prevent a renewal of matured bonds
at par, or the issue of new bonds in ex-
change for other bonds; provided the city debt
is not thereby increased, nor to prevent the
issue of drainage warrants to the transfer of
contract, under act No. 30 of 1871, payable
only from drainage taxes, and not otherwise;
any person violating the prohibitions [pro-
visions] of this article shall, on conviction,
be punished by imprisonment for not less

than two nor more than ten years, and by
fine of not less than three dollars nor more
than ten thousand dollars.
Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That
at said next general election, the wishes of
the electors in the premises, shall be ex-
pressed by printed or written ballots, as
follows:

"For the amendment limiting the debt of
New Orleans," or "Against the amendment
limiting the debt of New Orleans," and the
said ballots shall be counted and returns
made, and the result declared as in the
case of election of State officers.
(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the
Senate.
Approved February 24, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLODGE, Secretary of State.

\$1500 REWARD!!

\$500 by the Governor and \$1000 by
Widow Barland, for information that
will lead to the arrest and conviction
of the murderer or murderers of
DAVID BARLAND.

PROCLAMATION.

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, May 19, 1874.

Whereas, information has reached me that
on the night of Saturday, the second of May,
1874, DAVID BARLAND, a merchant of
Ascension parish, was assassinated in the
store of Mr. John Burnside, in that parish,
and whereas, all efforts to discover and
arrest his murderer or murderers have failed;
Now, therefore, I, William Pitt Kellogg,
Governor of the State of Louisiana, do issue
this proclamation offering FIVE HUN-
DRED DOLLARS for each information as
shall lead to the arrest and conviction of
the murderer or murderers of the said David
Barland as aforesaid.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the
State hereto attached, this nineteenth day
of May, in the year of our Lord, eighteen
hundred and seventy-four, and of the inde-
pendence of the United States the ninety-
eighth.

WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
By the Governor:
P. G. DESLODGE,
Secretary of State.

\$1000 Reward.

The above reward of ONE THOUS-
AND DOLLARS will be paid by the
undersigned to any person who will
furnish such information as shall lead
to the arrest and conviction of the
murderer or murderers of the late
David Barland.

WIDOW DAVID BARLAND.
Parish of Ascension, May 21, 1874.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY.

Rev. Father Cuppen, Director.

M. Keating, Principal.

The annual examination of the pupils of
the above institution will take place on
Friday,