The Donaldsonville Chief

A Wide-Awake Home Newspaper

Published Every Saturday at

DONALDSONVILLE, ASCENSION PARISH, LA.

—BY—

L. E. BENTLEY, Editor and Proprietor.

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No attention paid to anonymous letters.

The editor is not responsible for the views of correspondents.

Address: The Chief, Donaldsonville, La.

Lodge and Association Directory.

Donaldsonville Lodge No. 2639 Knights of Honor.

MEETS first and third Tuesdays of each month, at 8 p. m., in Masonic Temple, Railroad avenue. Life insurance of $2000 at actual cost. Lodge dues only $1 per quarter. Dr. Paul T. Thibodaux, sitting past dictator; John H. Schaff, dictator; Wm. C. Hazlip, assistant dictator; Dr. T. H. Hanson, medical examiner; Jacob Blum, treasurer; J. E. Blum, financial reporter; Fred Landry, reporter. Address, Donaldsonville, La.

Kenneth Lodge, No. 41, Knights of Pythias.

CONVENES in Masonic Temple the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. Sick benefits, funeral tax and all the fraternal features. Members have option of joining endowment or insurance rank. Chancellor Commander, Dr. D. C. Brumfield; Vice Chancellor Commander, E. Langbecker; Master of Work, Wm. A. Terrio; Prelate, Fred. Landry; Keeper of Records and Seal, J. E. Blum; Master of Finance, Wm. Pforsheimer; Master of Exchequer, Jacob Blum.

Lee Lodge No. 6, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

MEETS second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Masonic Temple, Railroad avenue. Largest beneficiary fraternal order in the world. Life insurance of $2000 at lowest possible cost. Entire expense of initiation, including proposition fee, medical examination and beneficiary certificate, only $3. Past master workman, Walter Lemann; Master workman, E. D. Melancon; Foreman, A. G. Whidden; Overseer, Charles Langbecker; Receiver, W. J. LeBlanc; Recorder, Jno. F. Terrio; Financier, E. Langbecker; Medical examiners, Drs. E. K. Sims and P. T. Thibodaux. Post-office address Box 159, Donaldsonville, La.

Get busy and pay that poll tax.

The American army in Cuba will make extensive practice marches.

Why do you scratch? Royaline Tetter Ointment will stop that itching or your money back. 50 cents.

The United States supreme court will pass upon the validity of the Louisiana inheritance tax.

William Newcomb, a negro, killed an officer while resisting arrest near Wrightsville, Ga., and was shot to death by a mob.

The board of directors of the Illinois Central Railroad held a special meeting at Chicago and elected J. T. Harahan president, deposing Stuyvesant Fish.

Are you a dead one? You will be if you forget to pay your poll tax for the current year.

The general missionary conference of the Methodist church fixed its appropriation for home and foreign missions during the coming year at $1,606,000.

George Herring, the noted English philanthropist who contributed large sums of money to hospitals and charitable enterprises, died at his home in London.

Suspected anarchists have suddenly disappeared from Barcelona, Spain, and in consequence the most rigorous precautions are being taken for the protection of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria.

When You Have a Bad Cold.

You want a remedy that will not only give quick relief but effect a permanent cure.

You want a remedy that will relieve the lungs and keep expectoration easy.

You want a remedy that will counteract any tendency toward pneumonia.

You want a remedy that is pleasant and safe to take.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these requirements and for the speedy and permanent cure of bad colds stands without a peer. For sale by all druggists.

An instance where the remedy may easily prove worse than the evil it is employed to eradicate is thus suggested by the Morgan City Review: "A Rapides farmer says whiskey kills the boll weevil, and now the cotton farmer is putting it all over his cotton field and inside his avoirdupois. Finally it will kill everything on the farm."

Help! Help! I'm Falling

Thus cried the hair. And a kind neighbor came to the rescue with a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. The hair was saved! This was because Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair medicine. Falling hair is caused by a germ, and this medicine completely destroys these germs. Then the healthy scalp gives rich, healthy hair.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

CANAL ZONE LETTER.

Continued from First Page.

two feet in diameter. This cage is about one-third full of spherical ivory lockets an inch and a quarter in diameter. Promptly at 10 o'clock the lottery officials emerge from behind the office railing and proceed to the drawing apparatus, bringing with them a gaudily dressed girl baby of probably three years of age. A porter turns a handle that rapidly revolves the cage for half a minute, then opens a door into which the little girl reaches and draws out one of the ivory balls, which, when opened, reveals a number—the first number of the capital prize. This process is continued until four such numbers are secured, constituting the capital prize. The other prizes are all approximation prizes.

One of the customs still adhered to is the ancient ritual of the burning of Judas—a dummy stuffed with straw and fireworks. This ceremony of burning a mock Judas, a burlesque on the traitor of the bible, is a time-honored one among Latin-American races and was performed in one of Panama's busiest streets a short time since. On this occasion an unusually large crowd had congregated in the street and all balconies and windows in the vicinity were crowded to their utmost capacity. The ceremony had just begun with the reading of the will of the deceased (a farcical document) when an overcrowded balcony gave way, precipitating several dozen people into the street below. In all seventeen people were seriously injured, but after the wounded were removed to their homes and to the hospital the ceremony was completed.

An American but needs to visit a Colombian city, and especially the cemetery, when regardless of the amount of fault he formerly found with his native land, he will ever afterwards consider the United States a "God's country" in every sense of the word, and this appellation is one by which the United States is widely known throughout the tropics. A party of excursionists secured a few days leave of absence in order to see something more of the world, and a trip to a near-by Colombian city was taken. The prime object of the tour was exploration, consequently nothing was overlooked. The first point of interest was the jail. It was a massive building of concrete, stone and masonry, extending from the main street to the sea-wall over a city block distant. Beneath the ground floor was a cellar extending the full length of the building and out under some of the near-by streets. This place was catacombed with dungeons which compared favorably with those of ancient Rome. How many sub-cellars and deeper dungeons there were could not be ascertained. The whole place was full of rats and in a fearfully unsanitary condition. Some of the cells extended out under the sea-wall and during high tide the sea covered the floors to a depth of four feet, consequently some unfortunate creatures were compelled to spend four hours out of every twelve in water that gradually reached a height of four feet, with no way to escape it. Once in several days a new bunch of meat dried in strips was hung in the passageway where prisoners from several cells could reach it through the bars. This was all the food they got.

Nothing of unusual interest was observed until the cemetery was reached, when there was beheld the "evicted skeletons" we had heard about. It was an institution whose existence is derogatory to the self respect of a community, outrageous to public decency and disgraceful to the ideals professed by a so-called civilized nation. There, within a few minutes' walk of the heart of a leading and ancient city, were to be seen things that severely shock the moral sensibilities and cause one to lose his bearings for the moment and wonder whether he is really in a modern civilized country or in some Tartar cemetery or battlefield when the after carnage was complete. On entering the cemetery the first appearance was that of a tidy, well-ordered place which, to the imaginative visitor, might breathe an invitation of tranquility and repose. The vaults were in good repair and, mounted with beautiful immortelles, gave no suggestion of the gruesome sights which later awaited the visitors. A little stroll over the grounds and the pleasant illusion just received was dispelled and in its place came the revulsion and nausea which ordinarily follow a ghastly discovery. For within a few yards of the well kept vaults were to be seen a number of open graves and distributed around and about them were a number of disjointed human skeletons, mixed with splinters and coffin boards, shreds of semi-decayed clothing and other like fragments thrown up in exhumation. Between the graves and on the mounds on either side were ribs and thigh bones, whole and broken, sticking out in profusion, while grinning skulls attracted the attention by hideous pantomime. Some of the fragments were in advanced stages of decay, while others were fairly well preserved and showed signs of comparatively recent interment. Now and then other relics confronted the gaze. In one case a fragment of hair evidently belonging to a woman came into view near some vestiges of shrouds, the texture of which showed them to have enveloped the body of a female. A little further on the bone pile was reached. This was fifteen or twenty feet in diameter, a great pile of partially burned human bones, skeletons and coffins. On the edge of the pile was a coffin in a good state of preservation but turned upside down. Without making known his intentions, the guide kicked this over, whereupon out rolled a skeleton with part of the flesh still clinging to the bones and partially burned. On some of the tombs were noticed dates several months in the future. The guide explained that no corpse in the city burial grounds had any fixed tenure of space, the graves being merely rented; that the dates seen on the tombs were the dates at which the rent would expire; that so long as the financial position of the corpse enabled it to meet the landlord it rested in peace, but as soon as it became delinquent it was evicted, and that when the bones accumulated to a degree that became embarrassing they were burned and thus gotten out of the way permanently. All this return to barbarism is the result of the government leasing the burial privilege to private parties, who conduct it on business lines without regard for conscience. In some of the older cemeteries of New Orleans—as an instance, a cemetery in Louisa street—I have seen the open graves, grave fragments strewn about and the bone pile, all of which is now explained to me; but at the time I could not believe that such a state of barbarism still existed within the border of the United States proper, and in one of the nation's chief cities at that.

JOS. M. TIGHE.

$80 Per Month Guaranteed by the Greatest School of Telegraphy in the United States.

The management of the Cotton Belt Railway system has agreed to employ every graduate of the telegraphy department of the Tyler Commercial College, of Tyler, Texas, at a minimum salary of $60 per month and 20 cents per hour for all over-time, which makes their stations pay from $80 to $190 per month. This road, as well as some other lines, is furnishing this school with all its telegraph and station blanks. The Western Union Co. is doing the same. The Cotton Belt road has run a loop of its train order wire through the telegraphy department of this school, enabling all the advanced students to receive real messages as they pass over the wire from different operators along the line. No other school in America enjoys such privileges, and no doubt this school would never have enjoyed them had it not been for the fact that the railroad and Western Union companies recognized the excellent work it is already doing.

A life scholarship will cost but $45. The average time for completing the course is four months. What young man could not afford to borrow the money, if necessary, to take this course, with such an assurance of drawing a hand some salary with which to replace it. Many of our railroad presidents started at the telegrapher's key.

Write the Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas, for full particulars regarding their school of telegraphy.

The Filipinos to Have a Parliament.

A press despatch from Washington dated October 30 says that President Roosevelt is prepared to redeem his promise made to the Philippine people through Secretary Taft that they shall have a parliament of their own, conditional upon their good behavior for a term of two years, and it is understood that Secretary Taft himself will proceed to the Philippines next spring to witness the installation of the new form of representative government. March 27, 1905, the Philippine census was published, and consequently two years from that date, March 27, 1907, under the terms of the act of congress the president will direct the Philippine commission to call a general election for the choice of delegates to what will be known as the Philippines assembly. This body is to take over all legislative powers heretofore exercised by the Philippine commission in all that part of the archipelago not inhabited by Moros or non-Christian tribes.

Letter to Dr. E. K. Sims, Donaldsonville.

Dear Sir—No man is in a position to influence men with regard to their property more than you in that little room where they tell you their troubles. Pity if you don't know how to keep a house dry and sound, any sort of structure, house, store, factory, warehouse, shop, barn, fence—any sort of fence, except rail—with paint.

What paint? The paint that takes least gallons; for paint costs money, and putting it on costs twice as much as the paint.

That is short; but that's all; it includes the rest. One paint wears long, another wears short; but the one that wears long is the least gallons paint; least-gallons means pure and strong, and most-gallons means adulterated and weak, besides small gallons.

Paint is one of the biggest interests in the United States; not the business of making it; no, the business of paint: taking care of property. Paint is worth a great deal more than it costs, and the best costs least: Devoe.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVOE & CO.
19 New York.

P. S.—M. & H. Augustin, New Orleans, sell our paint.

In compliance with a resolution adopted by the general assembly of Louisiana at its last session, Gov. Blanchard has appointed Col. Charles Schuler, commissioner of agriculture and immigration; Prof. W. R. Dodson, director of state experiment stations; Robert Glenk, curator of the state museum, and Dr. W. C. Stubbs and T. W. Castleman, of New Orleans, to constitute the Louisiana commission to the Jamestown exposition, which is to be held on the shores of Hampton Roads, near Norfolk, Va., in the summer of 1907.

A Year of Blood.

The year of 1903 will long be remembered in the home of F. N. Tacket, of Alliance, Ky., as a year of blood, which flowed so copiously from Mr. Tacket's lungs that death seemed very near. He writes: "Severe bleeding from the lungs and a frightful cough had brought me to death's door, when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, with the astonishing result that after taking four bottles I was completely restored and as time has proven permanently cured." Guaranteed for sore lungs, coughs and colds by J. J. Leche. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

NEW ORLEANS LETTER.

Continued from First Page.

Orleans was declared to rank among the ideally healthful commercial centers.

Isaac Delgado has added $180,000 to the $20,000 bequeathed the Charity Hospital in the will of his deceased aunt, Mrs. Virginia McRea Delgado, the total to be employed in the erection and equipment of a memorial building to Mr. Delgado's aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Delgado. The new department of the hospital will be known as the "Delgado Memorial" and will be devoted to the treatment of chronic and incurable diseases.

The committees in charge of the movement to erect a monument to the memory of Gen. G. T. Beauregard have already secured about half of the $15,000 required for the purpose. The monument is, therefore, practically assured and several sites have been tendered.

The old French Opera House in Bourbon street is being fitted with new and handsome scenery and is undergoing other improvements for the opening of the season about the middle of next month, when the San Carlo Opera Company will appear in "Carmen." Madame Nordica is booked to sing in New Orleans some time in January.

The feast of All Saints was celebrated here Thursday of last week with the usual beautiful solemnity. The cemeteries were bright with flowers, being transformed into fragrant and blossomy "gardens of sleep." All day long tender hands laid simple or costly offerings, as the case might be, upon the silent graves of departed loved ones. Most of the decorations were marked by absolute simplicity.

Nearly five hundred students are in attendance at the medical department of Tulane University, which is the greatest number ever enrolled in the history of the university for this time of the year.

The Maison-Blanche Company's mammoth new store will probably be ready for occupancy by next February.

Brooke's Winter Garden in Baronne street opened very brilliantly Thursday evening of last week, and judging from the initial concert of the famous Marine band, New Orleans is promised a distinct treat through the acquisition of this latest pleasure resort. The ceiling of the large building is a network of multi-colored electric bulbs of varied sizes which gives the place an attractive and fairy-like appearance.

The big membership dinner given by the Progressive Union at West End Saturday night was a brilliant success in every particular, and was enjoyed by more than two hundred participants. Among the speakers of the occasion were Governor Blanchard, Senator McEnery, Congressman Davey, Congressman Meyer, Philip Werlein, Hon. R. N. Sims of Donaldsonville, L. E. Bentley, R. McWilliams and S. Odenheimer.

The Tulane University football team was defeated by the University of Mississippi eleven in an interesting game at Athletic Park last Saturday afternoon, the score being 17 to 0.

E. B.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Postoffice at Donaldsonville, La., Saturday, November 10, 1906.

Alexander, Alice (2)	Herbert, Elizabeth
Almand, Thomas	Harris, Louise
Allen, John	Johnson, Ophelia
Alexander, Robert	Johnson, Alice
Alfletz, Edgar	Johness, Jim
Butler, N O	Johness, Bessie
Brown, Dora	Joe, Jovial
Black, M N	Johnson, Israel
Barron, Susie	Kirp, Albert
Bercegeay, Vic	Keefer, Ethel
Brown, Morgan	Louis, R L
Broady, Louisa	LeBlanc, Paul (2)
Carmouche, P L	LeBlanc, Orile
Claiborne, Louvinia	Lee, Jack
Chamia, Paul	Lausix, Florence
Common, Elizabeth	Mores, Celeste
Crejet, Sidney	Mason, Madeline
Collins, Gertrude	Mapperoghn, Mary
Casberry, Arsand	Melancon, F
Cave, George	Marionneaux, C
Chambers, Mary	Moton, Catherine
Degruies, Clodia	Mars, Luther
Dix, Alfred	Mars, Murphy
Dunbar, Laura	Moise, D
Dalferes, Paul	Page, Elyas
Dix, Lucille	Powell, J T
Dupre, Frank	Parker, J O
Donald, Theresa	Polite, Theresa
Davis, Calvin	Robinson, Amelia
Deloyd, Louisa	Reed, Owen
Edwards, Floy	Robertson, Amelia
Elander, Joseph	Reed, Mary
Foster, Andrew	Ross, Mary
Fateaux, Ellen	Roberson, Virginia
Franklin, Mary	Sims, Thomas
Forzheimer, Wm	Sagina, Henretta
Fletcher, Pat	Small, Bill
Gant, Celestine	Sam, Dr Tricky
Green, Louis	Sealer, Strick
Grant, Victoria	Sims, Mary
Gardson, Celia	Singer, Victoria
Griffith, Frank	Thompson, Lottie (2)
Gettridge, Stella	Tousan, Orelia
Hebert, Michel E (2)	Thompson, Jerome
Humphrey, Isabella	Warn, Agnes
Hymen, M	White, Lottie
Hart, Paul (2)	Walker, John
Harrison, Frank	Wilson, Rev Davis

When calling for these letters say advertised. If not called for in two weeks they will be sent to the Dead Letter office at Washington, D. C.

JOHN F. TERRIO, Postmaster.

To Stop Chills in One Day

Take Royaline Chill Cure. Money back if it fails. Good to take. Great tonic. 50 cents. For sale by F. L. Trepagnier, J. J. Leche and Edmond Richard, druggists.

The Tulane Lease.

The committee of attorneys to whom the question was submitted by the board of administrators of the Tulane University unanimously reported that there was nothing either legally or morally wrong in the lease of the Baronne street property of the university, which includes the sites of the Tulane and Crescent theatres; and that the fact that the wife and son of Judge Charles E. Fenner, then president of the board of administrators, were interested in the lease, constituted no reflection upon the judge or anyone else concerned in the transaction.

Following the reception and approval of this report by the board, Judge Fenner, who had previously resigned his office and membership, tendered to the administrators a surrender of the interest held by his wife in the Baronne street lease, and the judge's son, Chas. P. Fenner, has made a like tender of his interest in the same lease, both offers being conditioned upon the refunding of the amounts expended by the lessees for the purchase of the shares and improvement of the property.

These generous offers were gladly accepted, as they involve the acquisition by the administrators of four-ninths of the stock representing a profitable business investment, and there should be general recognition and commendation of the high-minded motives that actuated Judge Fenner and his wife and son in making this voluntary surrender of valuable interests in order that no possible disadvantage or injury might be incurred by Tulane University because of the criticism growing out of their connection with the lease in question.

The Boston Herald has published a full retraction of and apology for its article severely animadverting upon the management of Tulane's affairs by the board of administrators, hence there will be no prosecution of that paper for libel, but the suits of the eight administrators for $10,000 each against the New Orleans Daily States—based mainly on the reproduction of the Herald's article—are still pending. The States admits that the most objectionable statements in that article were palpably incorrect, but adheres to its own criticisms of the lease of the Baronne street property from the standpoint of business judgment and the interests of the university. The main objection to the transaction is the unusually long term of the lease and the absence of any provision for the university's participation in the pecuniary benefits arising from the increased and increasing value of the property, but this objection should not be construed as reflecting upon the integrity or motives of the distinguished and honorable gentlemen who composed the Tulane board when the lease was effected.

Under the provisions of the new railroad rate law the railroads can no longer adjust their export rates on cotton to meet changing conditions without previously giving thirty days' notice.

STRAIGHT "Lead and Oil" PAINT

The old timer is always talking of the "old days when paint was good."

Those were the days of straight White Lead and Linseed Oil, before new-fangled mixtures were thought of.

You can have just as good paint to-day if you want it. Simply see that you get

Collier Pure White Lead

(Made by the Old Dutch Process)

and Pure Linseed Oil.

Our booklet tells considerable about paint and painting which the house-owner should know. Free.

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We handle everything for the

General Store
Sugar Planter
Lumber Manufacturer
Railroad Contractor
Cotton Oil Manufacturer
Logging Man and,

Besides, we carry the Largest Stock in the South of Link Belting, Pulleys, Shafting and All Kinds of Machinery

Dealers and Consumers are requested to send for our new 1200-page Illustrated Catalogue

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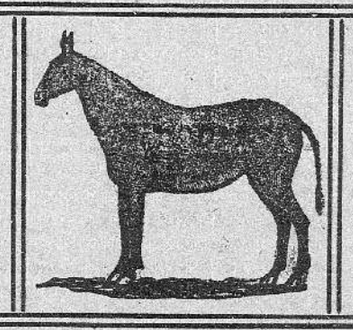

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Ed. C. Wathen, Proprietor

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Over 1200 in use in Louisiana. Positively the best on the market.

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Corner Magazine and Girod Streets, Postoffice Box 1748. NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Engineers and Contractors

Builders of Complete and Reliable Machinery for Cane and Beet Sugar Factories.

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Manufacturers of All Types of Boilers

A large stock of Wrought Iron Pipes, Fittings, Valves, Gauges, Packing, Mill and Sugar-house Supplies on hand. Will make plans and contract for the erection of complete plants of modern design. Address, JOHN H. MURPHY.