

THE DONALDSONVILLE CHIEF.

A Wide-Awake Home Newspaper—Published Every Saturday—Subscription Price, \$2 a Year.

VOLUME XLVII.

DONALDSONVILLE, LA., SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1917.

NUMBER 39.

FOOD PREPAREDNESS URGED.

State Commission Formulates Plans for General Campaign.

In response to a summons from Governor Pleasant, a meeting of the recently appointed state food preparedness commission was held in Baton Rouge Saturday, April 14, to formulate plans for a state-wide campaign in behalf of the production of larger food crops, with a view to meeting any possible shortage that may occur in the near future. Harry D. Wilson, commissioner of agriculture and immigration, was designated as chairman of the commission, and W. R. Dodson, dean of the agricultural department of the Louisiana State University, as secretary. Other members are as follows: Thomas H. Harris, Baton Rouge; Dr. Oscar Dowling, Mayor Martin Behrman, Mrs. Roydon Douglas, Mrs. H. B. Myers, E. P. Gueymard, New Orleans; I. N. McCollister, Shreveport; Dr. R. O. Young, Youngsville; H. G. Chalkley, Lake Charles.

The commission divided the work before it into seven groups, with a committee to take charge of each group, as follows:

Production and labor—H. D. Wilson, chairman; W. R. Dodson, I. N. McCollister, Mrs. Roydon Douglas, Martin Behrman.

Distribution and prices—E. P. Gueymard, chairman; Mrs. H. B. Myers, H. D. Wilson.

Economy and utilization—Dr. Oscar Dowling, chairman; Mrs. Jno. D. Wilkinson, T. H. Harris.

Finance—Dr. R. O. Young, chairman; H. G. Chalkley, Martin Behrman.

Mobilization of teachers and children—T. H. Harris, chairman; Mrs. Jno. D. Wilkinson, W. R. Dodson.

Publicity—Mrs. John D. Wilkinson, chairman; Harry D. Wilson, E. P. Gueymard, Dr. Oscar Dowling, Dr. R. O. Young, T. H. Harris.

Negro work—I. N. McCollister, chairman; H. G. Chalkley, Mrs. Roydon Douglas.

It was the judgment of the commission that there should be a commission in each parish similar to the state commission, to be formed as follows: The parish superintendent of schools and the president of the police jury, and to assist them a public-spirited woman; these three to select nine other men and women to compose a commission of twelve, one of whom shall be the parish demonstration agent, if the parish should have one, and one of the women to be the woman demonstration agent, if the parish has one.

This general parish commission shall have entire charge of the work in the parish, forming sub-committees in the various communities as might seem necessary, and in other ways stimulating interest and efforts toward increasing food production in the parish. It shall decide whether the parish organization shall have headquarters at some central point, or whether it might be best to have ward organizations or group organizations around community centers.

Literature from the general commission regarding food crops that may be planted, time of planting, and all pertinent information, will be furnished to the parish commission for distribution where it will be most helpful.

In order that the parish commission may have before it more clearly the plans of the state commission, the following brief outline as to the function of each committee is given for guidance in the selection of sub-committees. By the time parish organization is effected the state commission will have ample literature covering the subject and information as to the ways and means of procedure.

The committee of production and labor will deal with recommendations as to the kind and quantity of food crops to be planted and the way they should be handled, and will use every effort to mobilize the available labor to the best possible advantage.

It will be the business of the committee on distribution and prices to secure data on the surplus products and the wants of the different sections of the parish, and report same to the state commission. It should also secure information regarding prospective shipments needing the special attention of railroad officials, so that the aid of the state commission may be available, if deemed necessary, to insure sufficient cars.

Any data indicating the undue shortage of food products, for speculative purposes, or any attempt to influence prices, to the detriment of either producer or consumer, should be reported to the state commission. The sub-committee of the state commission will give publicity from time to time to the prevailing prices.

The committee on economy and utilization will have as its special function the stimulation and the dissemination of information regarding economy in the utilization of foods, and the preserving, canning and drying of surplus products, etc.

It will be the province of the committee on finance to aid in providing an ample supply of fertilizer, seeds, implements or other equipment for the best possible utilization of all available labor. Bankers, merchants and professional men should cooperate to see that no safe or conservative opportunity for increasing the supply of food shall fall because of lack of funds to meet all reasonable requirements.

The committee on mobilization of teachers and children will undertake to find opportunities for the greatest possible use of the energies and abilities of the school children and teachers. Suggestions for details as to ways and means will be furnished from the office of the state superintendent of education.

The committee on publicity will have as its function the dissemination of information regarding the need for increased food production and conservation, and the opportunity for rendering patriotic service by cooperating with local organizations in

the accomplishment of the state and national purposes for preventing a shortage of food as one of the factors in the national defense.

It is suggested that the ministers can aid by giving publicity, announcements and commendation. The newspapers can render invaluable aid in all of this work. In some instances announcements may be made in public places, such as moving pictures, theatres, fraternal bodies, etc. Posters may be displayed at the postoffice, courthouse, and other public buildings.

All phases of the work are just as important to the negro population as to the white population. It is highly essential that the negroes shall be properly provided for. They can be of tremendous assistance in the accomplishment of these plans if the matter is properly presented to them and they receive the necessary encouragement and direction from the white people. Each parish organization is therefore requested to give thorough consideration to the best method for accomplishing these general purposes as they may apply to the negro population.

RED CROSS ACTIVITIES.

Vigorous Campaign in Behalf of Society Proposed in Gulf Division.

The American Red Cross, in order to facilitate its humane work throughout the United States, has divided the country into seven divisions. One of these, the "Gulf division," with headquarters in New Orleans, covers the states of Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas. The divisional director in charge of these states is W. J. Leppert.

All inquiries respecting the formation of chapters, branch chapters and auxiliaries in these states should be addressed to the New Orleans headquarters, 601-3 Hennen building. A complete campaign will be inaugurated in the division to inspire the people of the five states with a thorough understanding of Red Cross work, what it means for the soldiers and sailors of the United States and for the families of men who are serving their country.

The work of the Red Cross, as regards civilian relief, will also be laid before the public, and information will be spread broadcast as to how every man, woman and child in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Texas and Arkansas may help in the mighty work of the humane arm of the Federal government.

All persons who desire to volunteer for service in any department of the Red Cross should write to the New Orleans headquarters. Any organizations of women in the states named that wish to form either chapters, branch chapters, auxiliaries, or other working units, can receive explicit directions by communicating with the New Orleans divisional headquarters.

Broad steps have been planned whereby raw materials necessary for hospital use will be shipped at cost to Red Cross units in the five states named so that women, otherwise deterred from helping, may profitably employ their time for the nation's welfare.

Nature Cures, the Doctor Takes Fee.

There is an old saying that "Nature cures, the doctor takes the fee." But as everyone knows, nature can help nature very much and thereby enable it to effect a cure in much less time than is usually required. This is particularly true of colds. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy relieves the lungs, liquefies the tough mucus and aids in its expectoration, allays the cough, and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition.—(Adv.)

Every dollar you spend with a local merchant remains in local circulation and enriches the community just that much. Every dollar you spend outside of this town remains outside and decreases the money in local circulation just that much.

Do you buy your fresh fruit? Why not raise it yourself, in your own yard? This will give the children all they want—luscious peaches, pears, plums, and grapes. If this "sounds good to you," send for our free catalog. Griffing Nurseries, Port Arthur, Texas.

An ad in The Chief will pay.

Oubre's Sanitary Pressing Club

Donaldsonville

Now is the Time for PANAMA HATS

We clean ladies' and men's Panama and Felt Hats. We also block them in any style to suit you. A trial order solicited.

On receiving our work take notice that there is no blemish from use of sulphur nor any damage done to the material, leaving the hat perfectly clean—not even a particle of powder showing.

ORDERS TAKEN FOR MEN'S TAILOR-MADE SUITS. FIT GUARANTEED

Ring Phone 13

MR. FARMER, BE INDEPENDENT

NORTHERN CAPITAL

Long Term Farm Loans
Easy Payments

F. J. MONTAGNE
Napoleonville, La.

VOTES FOR WOMEN.

Southern States Woman Suffrage Conference.

417 Camp Street, New Orleans.

New York to Enroll Women.

The adjutant general of New York announced that the government of the state will begin taking a military census of all men and women between the ages of sixteen and sixty-four. The census will start May 1, and it is expected will be completed by May 15. Women for military duty will knock galley-west the arguments of the antiquated anti-suffragists whose stock contention was that women should not vote because they could not serve the country in the time of war, and consequently the ballot goes with the bullet. In this century women not only serve the country but actually make the bullets needed for the safeguarding of the land. Were the women's services to be withheld, no country could defend itself.

The Leslie Fund.

Because Mrs. Frank Leslie was southern-born, many southern suffragists have a lively interest in the immense fund she left to the furtherance of the votes for women movement. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, who was made the custodian of the fund, has appointed a board of managers to be known as the Leslie commission. The commission has been incorporated and will have the disposition of the entire sum, subject to the plans specified in the charter. The Woman's Journal of Boston says: "Mrs. Catt handed over the big bequest to the new corporation with a little affectation as Cincinnatus could have shown when leaving the plough, or George Washington when leaving the command of the army."

Women Floor Walkers.

One of the largest department stores in Portland, Ore., has been forced to inaugurate a system of women floor walkers to replace the men who have answered the call to the colors. Other stores will probably follow suit. Many women clerks are admirably adapted to serve as floor walkers, since they are familiar with the details of department stores as well as with the stock and know the wants of women customers.

Margaret Wilson Patriotic.

The president's daughter, Miss Margaret Wilson, has a beautiful voice and recently made a concert tour. Out of the proceeds of her profits she handed a check for \$1000 to the Red Cross fund. The money will be devoted to the needs of the soldiers and sailors. She will soon make another concert tour through the south and the earnings will go to the same Red Cross work.

BUSINESS PATRIOTISM.

The War is Calling Many Young Business Men to the Colors.

These young men are being taken from the business world. The vacant positions must be filled or business and progress must suffer. You know that today in this country there are not enough trained men and women to fill these positions. What do you think will be the result when two hundred thousand more of our young men are called to the service of their country? In Baton Rouge alone during the last two weeks we had calls from 15 different bookkeepers and stenographers. We filled two of the positions. This demand in part is caused by the soldiers going away, and in larger part by the increase of business in Baton Rouge. More men will be called and more of the younger boys and young women will be needed to fill their places. Learn to do your part for the country by training yourself for the work that has to be done.

Young women today in France and Great Britain fill all the positions in banks, wholesale houses, offices of factories, and in the offices of the large manufacturing plants. This is bound to happen in a smaller degree in our country. We are calling this to your attention so that you can be among the first to get yourself ready to do your "bit" for the good of the country.

The Baton Rouge Business College is making a special effort to help you and the community in this respect. We are giving you a special low rate for tuition so that you can do the work required. Thus you can do not only help yourself, but also keep the business progress of this community going.

SPECIAL RATES! SPECIAL INSTRUCTORS! THREE MONTHS, DAY AND NIGHT, SIX DAYS IN THE WEEK—\$25.

Or a complete scholarship, unlimited as to time and covering every subject necessary to make you a competent business man or woman, day and night school, \$65. The saving you on this scholarship alone in money is \$25, and on the completion of the work you will have an earning capacity of at least \$600 or more a year.

These terms begin May 1 and end September 1.

Write THE BATON ROUGE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for pains in the chest and lameness of the shoulders due to rheumatism, and am pleased to say it has never failed to give me prompt relief," writes Mrs. S. N. Finch, Batavia, N. Y.—(Adv.)

If you buy out of town, and we buy out of town, and all our neighbors buy out of town, what in thunder will become of our town?

See "Purity" at the Gem Theatre next Friday, May 4.

OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMPS.

Selected Citizens to Be Prepared for Command of Citizen Armies.

Training camps to train the "first 10,000 officers" will be conducted in the southern department under conditions specified below. These conditions have been prescribed by the War Department, and there is no authority to make any change in them. Applications from those who do not meet these prescribed conditions will not receive favorable action.

The sole object of the camps is to instruct and train selected citizens of this country to become officers of the citizen armies to be created for use in the present war with Germany. The period of instruction will be three months. Attendants must be present throughout the course. All camps will open May 8, 1917.

Obligation for Military Service.

Those who enter the camps must undertake to attend for the full period of three months; to accept in the Officers' Reserve Corps any commission tendered at the close of the instruction; and to take an oath of enlistment for the three months of the camp, (unless sooner discharged by proper authority), in which they swear (or affirm) to bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America, and obey the orders of the president of the United States and the officers placed over them during the period of the camp.

Transportation and Food.

Transportation from the attendant's home to the camp and return will be furnished by the United States; the exact manner in which this will be done has not yet been decided. Subsistence while at the camp will be furnished by the government, without cost to the attendant. Uniforms will be furnished at the expense of the United States, in somewhat the following manner:

(a) The applicant is urged to furnish his own uniform in advance. After being accepted as an attendant, he has the privilege of purchasing this uniform from the government at cost price, plus 10 per cent, which will amount to about \$15. A pending law provides for reimbursing those who have purchased their uniform in advance.

(b) Upon reporting at the camp and depositing \$10 a uniform will be furnished the attendant, to be returned by him at the conclusion of the camp. If no article furnished has been lost or damaged other than by fair wear, the deposit will be returned; or in the event of loss or damage, a balance will be returned after the cost of the lost or damaged articles has been deducted.

Attendants at the camp will be furnished cots, bedding, arms and equipment by the United States.

Qualifications for Attendance.

The following may attend these camps: Those who are members of the Officers' Reserve Corps in infantry, cavalry, field artillery, coast artillery or engineers, or have taken the examination for such but have not yet received their commission.

Any white male citizen of the United States who, on May 8, 1917, will have passed the age of twenty years and nine months and who will not yet have reached his forty-fourth birthday, and who is of sound physical condition, of good moral character and of good education—a college graduate, or a senior in college, or clearly a well educated man.

Members of the regular army or of the national guard in federal service may apply through regimental commanders to the department commander.

All those who have heretofore applied for examination for the Officers' Reserve Corps (including those who have not actually received their commissions as officers from the adjutant general of the army, should disregard all previous action and at once take steps to attend the training camps. Those who have been examined and recommended by examining boards will be "certified" without further examination, if they will address a letter to the Officer in Charge, Officers' Reserve Corps, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and request a certificate; they will also be commissioned as fast as possible.

There will be a course of instruction in each of the following arms: Engineers, cavalry, field artillery and infantry.

All regular examinations for the Officers' Reserve Corps are suspended, as the plan now is to pass all candidates through these camps of instruction and there finally to determine their suitability for commissions.

Wm. A. Brady in association with WORLD PICTURES presents

SARAH BERNHART

"Mothers of France"

Grand Theatre, Thursday, May 10

Location of Camps and How to Join.

Applicants must attend the camp which is assigned as the place of instruction for candidates from their state. This assignment is as follows:

Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas, to the camp near Little Rock, Arkansas; Oklahoma and Texas, to the camp on the Leon Springs Military Reservation, near San Antonio; Arizona and New Mexico, to the Presidio, San Francisco, California.

In the states mentioned above, there will be soon established a number of city recruiting stations, some of which have been in operation for some weeks past, where information and application blanks may be obtained. There will shortly be sent to each of these centers one or more military officers who personally will examine each candidate, to determine whether he should be certified for the camp. Applicants who have been favorably certified will then be furnished transportation to the camp, and will be directed to report on a given day.

Examining officers will be sent at an early date to the cities named hereafter, to examine applicants. The exact date cannot now be stated. As soon as the date can be determined for any station, notice will be inserted in the newspapers of the locality, showing the address of the station.

Pay of Men Attending Camps.

Existing law does not authorize officers of the Reserve Corps being ordered to these camps, nor is there an appropriation available, at the present time, for their pay. Under these circumstances, all that can be done is to urge officers of the Reserve Corps to attend under the same conditions as other candidates. Present law and appropriations authorize only a payment of transportation, subsistence and clothing. The passage of war appropriation measures may improve this condition any day.

Each applicant will be examined personally, in order that a high standard may be obtained with respect to character and sobriety, reputation, address and force; reputation and address in his community; whether he is likely to command the respect of officers and enlisted men; whether he has adequate education.

There is no mental examination, but simply an inquiry into the applicant's educational attainments. If he has attended a military school or college, he should submit diploma or certificate of graduation, if he graduated, or (if he did not graduate) a certificate of the amount and character of training satisfactorily completed thereat. If the applicant has served in the regular army or national guard, he should submit his discharge papers when he applies.

Applicants should have themselves examined by a reputable physician as soon as possible, and present the physician's report with other documents when they apply for examination. In order to expedite examination, prospective applicants should carefully read the instructions in this memorandum and have everything in readiness for the examination, including letters of recommendation, diploma or certificates of graduation, physical examinations, etc.

All correspondence in connection with joining these camps should be addressed to the recruiting office nearest the applicant's home. If he does not know the location of this office, he should address the Officer in Charge of Training Camps, Southern Department, Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas.

Recruiting stations for Louisiana will be located at Baton Rouge, New Iberia, Lafayette, Lake Charles, Ruston, Shreveport, Monroe and Alexandria.

Notice to Dog Owners.

Notice is hereby given that all dogs found on the streets without a muzzle or license after May 1 will be killed. Owners of such animals are warned to either provide them with a muzzle, keep them confined, or take out a license, since the regulation prohibiting the promiscuous roaming of dogs will be rigidly enforced, without exception, throughout the summer months. License tags may be obtained at the office of the undersigned, in the courthouse, at the rate of \$1 per dog.

R. E. DILL, Chief of Police.

"Don't think too much of your own methods. Watch other people's ways and learn from them." This is good advice, especially when bilious or constipated. You will find many people who use Chamberlain's Tablets for these ailments with the best results, and will do well to follow their example.—(Adv.)

Let The Chief do your printing. Quality and prices right. Phone 84.

EVERYONE URGED TO HELP.

Citizens and Police Juries Asked to Aid in Food Campaign.

Commissioner of Agriculture H. D. Wilson, who is also chairman of the State Food Preparedness Commission, has issued the following appeal to the people and the police juries of Louisiana:

To the Citizens of Louisiana:

For quick, patriotic preparedness: poultry, pigs, potatoes, peas, pumpkins, and peanuts.

We appeal to you to give special attention to more poultry. If everyone will set only one more hen and raise ten additional chickens, it will mean considerable in meat and eggs. It can be done.

If everyone will raise just one or two more pigs, it will mean a material meat increase.

If everyone will increase the potato acreage by only one or two acres, it will surely help.

If possible plant Porto Rico, Dooley or Nancy Hall sweet potatoes. It doesn't cost any more to grow good yams than it does to grow inferior varieties.

Everyone should plant at least one acre of blackeye, crowder or whip-poorwill peas. They are fine when green and can be gathered and dried for winter use.

Pumpkins can be planted in any old place; fence corners, vacant lots, etc. Pumpkins are good not only for pies, but the dried pumpkins make a splendid meal. Fifty per cent pumpkin meal and fifty per cent corn meal make excellent corn bread. In fact it is lighter than bread made of all corn meal, and really better than all corn meal bread.

Peanuts are a fine crop for human consumption, poultry and pigs. Everyone get busy and remember the eight p's: patriotism, preparedness, poultry, pigs, potatoes, peas, pumpkins and peanuts.

Yours truly,

HARRY D. WILSON,

Chairman, State Food-Preparedness Commission.

To the Presidents and Members of the Police Juries of Louisiana:

I want to ask your assistance in our food campaign in the way of conserving the surplus. As you are well aware, there is a great waste of fruits and vegetables in our state. This waste can be saved to a great extent by canning the surplus. Our black-eyes are an important matter. We must also save all surplus tomatoes, sweet corn, okra, beans, peas, cabbage (in the form of kraut), peaches, plums, etc.

I want to ask that you purchase and furnish each high or central school in your parish with a canning outfit; this outfit to be used by the principal, or someone designated by him or her, not only to demonstrate, but to can the surplus fruits and vegetables of the schools, and neighbors of the schools. This can be done on toll or percentage basis. In this way the party in charge can make a nice salary as well as show a patriotic spirit, and if you so desire you can demand a percentage of the toll to compensate the parish for the expense of the canning outfits.

In my opinion you will not only render a great service temporarily to the people of your parish, but you will be giving them a practical education that will be of untold benefit in years to come.

Please take this matter up at your earliest convenience and give it earnest consideration.

Yours truly,

HARRY D. WILSON.

IN DONALDSONVILLE.

Statements of Belle Rose Citizens Are Always of Interest to Our Readers.

To many of our readers the streets of Belle Rose are almost as familiar as those of their own town, and we are naturally interested to read of happenings there. The following report from a well-known and respected resident will be helpful to numbers of men and women here in Donaldsonville.

D. S. LeBlanc, justice of the peace, Belle Rose, La., says: "I was in a pretty bad way with kidney trouble. Sometimes the kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular in passage. My back was stiff and painful. I had dizzy spells also. Uric acid filled my system and my left arm became so stiff I couldn't move it. I used many different medicines, but without avail. Doan's Kidney Pills, however, helped me from the first. They strengthened my kidneys and the rheumatic pains in my arms and shoulder gradually left me. I have been well now for a long time, although I occasionally take a box of Doan's Kidney Pills as a preventive."

Price 50 cents, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. LeBlanc had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—(Adv.)

Constipation and Indigestion.

These are twin evils. Persons suffering from indigestion are often troubled with constipation. Mrs. Robert Allison, Mattoon, Ill., writes that when she first moved to Mattoon she was a great sufferer from indigestion and constipation. Food digested her and there was a feeling like a heavy weight pressing on her stomach and chest. She did not rest well at night, and felt worn out a good part of the time. One bottle of Chamberlain's Tablets corrected this trouble so that she has since felt like a different person.—(Adv.)

Peaches, plums, pears, and persimmons—a collection of four large trees of each for \$2. Griffing Nurseries, Port Arthur, Texas.

"Purity" the production you have heard so much about will be the attraction at the Gem next Friday.

Boost your own town.

SEEKING RECRUITS FOR NAVY.

Traveling Party Making Automobile Tour of Louisiana Towns.

Following the announcement that an effort would be made to bring before every worth-while young man in Louisiana the opportunities and advantages offered by the navy, a traveling recruiting party headed by Chief Boatswain J. E. Quirk left New Orleans by automobile Wednesday morning for a tour of a number of Louisiana cities and towns. Heavily in St. Charles parish, was the first place visited; the party remaining there a few hours and then coming on to Donaldsonville. From here they departed Friday morning for Napoleonville, later proceeding to Baton Rouge. The remainder of the itinerary is as follows: Arrive Hammond, April 29, leave April 30; arrive Covington, April 30, leave May 1; arrive Slidell, May 1, leave May 2; arrive Franklinton, May 2, leave May 3; arrive Kentwood, May 3, leave May 4; arrive Roseland, May 4, leave May 5; arrive Clinton, May 5, leave May 7; returning again to Baton Rouge May 7 and leaving May 9.

In addition to Chief Boatswain Quirk, the party includes Chief Yeoman A. J. E. Charbonneau, Hospital Apprentice R. W. Blackmar, and Fireman First Class F. E. Badie, formerly of the battleship North Dakota. Headquarters were established at the postoffice and several applicants for these 800 men have already been enlisted, but as a much larger increase in the navy's complement is contemplated, the recruiting officers have set to work to secure as many recruits as possible from Louisiana.

Lieut. S. M. LaBounty, in charge of the navy recruiting office at New Orleans, stated that men are asked to join the navy not from a patriotic standpoint alone, but that stress is laid on the opportunities offered by this branch of the service.

"The navy, in a sense, is a highly organized vocational training school," says Lieut. LaBounty. "The Navy Department maintains a dozen trade schools which are open to men who enlist for service. These schools not only serve as a medium for sailors to advance, but equip them to earn a good living when they return to civil life. Men between the ages of 17 and 30 years who are American citizens of sound mental and physical condition, good moral character, and able to read and write, are eligible for enlistment. Pay ranges from \$17.50 a month upward, and as soon as a man is enlisted he is sent to one of the training schools and then assigned for service aboard a ship. His pay begins immediately upon enlistment, and if he is ambitious he may advance to a rating paying as high as \$2400 a year. He has a chance to secure a commission as an officer. The opportunities are so great that the young man, no matter what his position in life, should pass up this chance to get into the service."

In contrasting the many advantages of service in the navy, as compared to civil life, Lieut. LaBounty touches upon the following points:

"The navy offers: Steady joys, good pay, clear money; quick promotion for good men; no unfairness—the best man wins; chance to learn a useful trade or vocation; opportunity to travel; fresh air, sun, sea, healthy athletic life; pay goes on while sick, doctor and hospital free; if disabled pension is given; and after thirty years of service retirement on three-fourths pay plus \$15.75 for allowances."

A Word for the Merchants.

Donaldsonville merchants contribute to every movement for the upbuilding of the community; they employ scores of clerks; they own or rent substantial buildings; they are the backbone of your city; they are entitled to your patronage.

Don't fail to see "Purity" at the Gem next Friday, May 4.

When in need of stationery get in touch with The Chief. Phone 84.

LIFT YOUR CORNS

OFF WITH FINGER'S

Tells how to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

You reckless men and women who are pestered with corns and who have at least once a week invited an awful death from lockjaw or blood poison are now told by a Cincinnati authority to use a drug called freezeone, which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn or callus the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, lifts off with the fingers.

Freezone dries the moment it is applied, and simply shrivels the corn or callus without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. A small bottle of freezeone will cost very little as any of the drug stores, but will positively rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or hardened callus. If your druggist hasn't any freezeone he can get it at any wholesale drug house for you.

THE DUPATY HOUSE

NAPOLÉONVILLE, LA.
MRS. SUSAN DUPATY, Prop.
Rate \$2 per day. Headquarters for commercial travelers. Table provided with the best the market affords.
Special weekly and monthly rates

"Purity" the production you have heard so much about will be the attraction at the Gem next Friday.

Boost your own town.