

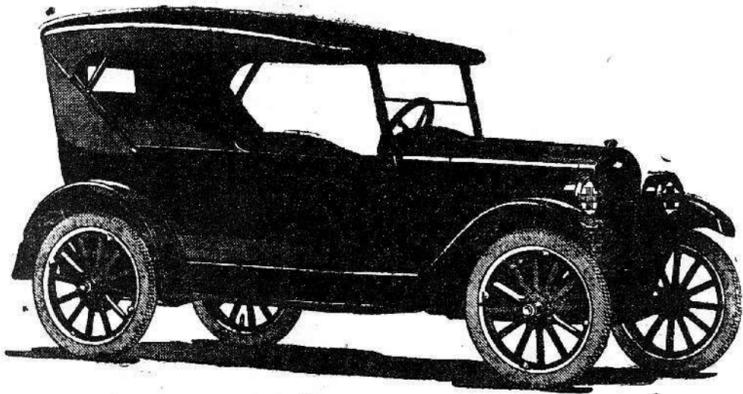
GOOD NEWS! Ford Cars and Trucks Have Been Reduced in Prices. See Ad Elsewhere

THE DONALDSONVILLE CHIEF.

VOLUME LII.

DONALDSONVILLE, LA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1922.

NUMBER 10.



Announcing 1923 SUPERIOR Models

Again Chevrolet Motor Company has emphasized its admitted leadership as producer of the World's Lowest Priced Quality Automobiles.

The 1923 SUPERIOR models—one of which is here illustrated—represent the most sensational values in modern, economical transportation ever established.

QUALITY has been still further improved by more artistic design and added equipment.

ECONOMY has been still further increased by engineering refinements and added facilities.

SERVICE is now offered on a flat rate basis by 10,000 dealers and service stations.

PRICES remain the same in spite of added equipment and more expensive construction, which have greatly increased value.

Some Distinctive Features

Streamline body design with high hood; vacuum feed and rear gasoline tank on all models; drum type head lamps with legal lenses. Curtains open with doors of open models. Closed models have plate glass Ternstedt regulated windows, straight side cord tires, sun visor, windshield wiper and dash light. The Sedanette is equipped with auto trunk on rear.

Prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Five Passenger Touring	\$525
Two Passenger Roadster	510
Five Passenger Sedan	860
Four Passenger Sedanette	850
Two Passenger Utility Coupé	680

See these remarkable cars. Study the specifications
Nothing Comes With Chevrolet

U. A. ROUSSEAU, Agent Donaldsonville, La.

TO AMEND DRY LAW.

Congress Will Be Forced to Modify Prohibition Measure.

The belief is growing in Washington that Congress at its next session will be forced to amend the prohibition law in relation to the shipping bill or in some other way.

The seeming impossibility of harmonizing the Daugherty opinion with the best interests of the island possessions of the United States and the probable conflict of opinion with the friendly international relations of the government make it appear that the administration will have no recourse other than to ask modification of the Volstead law.

While neither the president nor any one else in authority has said that modification of law will be sought it is the confident belief here that nothing else can be done, despite a certainty that the Anti-Saloon League and allied prohibition organizations will fight strongly against a change.

Even though they might think such modification in itself is advisable, the idea of the dry organization is that once the law is opened to modification the way will be paved for nullifying amendments. The situation clearly is indicative of the haste with which the Volstead law was written.

In its decision of May 16 on the transshipment of intoxicating beverages across the territory of the United States, the supreme court made it clear that the Volstead law prevented the sale and transportation of liquor in any territory of the United States except in case of specific exceptions noted in the law itself.

The right of foreign ships to carry liquor through territory of the United States was not excepted specifically from the operation of the law the court ruled, treaties to the contrary notwithstanding and therefore Attorney General Daugherty, whose duty it is to give his opinion on what the law means and not what the law ought to mean, had no recourse except to rule as he did.

Since the ruling has been made even the most fanatic of the prohibitionists realize the injustice and inequities of the law as applied to international commerce. But when it becomes a question of raising a law which they already have and for which they have been fighting for years their attitude is entirely different.

Defeat is believed imminent for the prohibitionists, however, if the president decides to ask for modifications. Mr. Harding always has been a dry and his administration, despite the vetting of his cabinet, is a "dry" administration. The dry administration should ask revision of a law which it is pledged to uphold in its essential parts, the opinion here is that even the dry members of Congress, which are largely in the majority, would see the justice of the request and would do as the president asked them.

SUGAR PRODUCTION.

Total for United States, 882,293 Tons; Louisiana, 233,333.

Louisiana will produce 26.45 per cent of the total sugar output of continental United States, according to estimates based on the October 1, condition of sugar cane and sugar beets. The total production is expected to be 822,293 tons, of which Louisiana will produce 233,333 tons. Sugar beet states will produce 648,968 tons, 73.55 per cent of the total.

The estimates were released recently by Lionel L. Jones, agricultural statistician for Louisiana. The condition of cane in the Louisiana belt is given 77 per cent of normal, compared with 81 per cent August 1 and 79 per cent September 1. The condition a year ago was 84 per cent and the ten-year average is 77.2 per cent.

A condition of 77 per cent forecasts a probable production of approximately 3,333,330 short tons of sugar cane and approximately 233,333 short tons of sugar. In 1921 the production was 324,431 short tons and the average for eight years has been 232,867.

Deterioration since the last monthly report is due to various causes. Earlier in the season there was too much rain, which interfered with proper cultivation. Grass developed in many fields to such an extent as to delay the growth of cane. The season has been unfavorable from the standpoint of cultivation, but some planters fought grass to a finish, cultivating as many times as possible with implements and subsequently utilizing hand labor. Cool nights and dry weather have checked the growth and there have been general complaints that the cane borer is worse than in recent years.

A new feature of the report is the inclusion of sugar beet reports. The crop as a whole in the United States was 85.1 per cent of normal on October 1, compared with 88.8 per cent on September 1 and with 88.7 per cent, the ten-year average of October 1 condition.

The condition forecasts a production of approximately 5,070,000 tons of sugar beets. The production last year was 8,782,000 tons and the five-year average is 6,620,000 tons. The 1922 acreage is placed at 606,000, compared with 582,400 in 1921 and 978,500 in 1920.

The forecast is 648,960 short tons of beet sugar, compared with 1,020,000 tons last year and 832,457 tons, the five-year average.

A movement is on foot in New York City, having for its object the consolidation of several of the leading trunk line railroads of the country, including the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and possibly the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul. The companies mentioned have a combined capitalization of \$2,500,000,000 and control trackage of about 50,000 miles, forming the biggest railroad system in the world.

EXPRESSION OF APPRECIATION.

The officers and members of Mohawk Tribe No. 33, Improved Order of Red Men, wish to publicly express their great pleasure at the success of the recent efforts made for the purpose of creating a building fund. This success was made possible, not only by the untiring efforts of the members of the order, but also by the generous assistance given by many palefaces, first at the minstrel show, and more recently at the dancing pavilion at the South Louisiana fair.

The public at large, who by their attendance and enthusiasm, placed the crowning seal of success on these two occasions, are also entitled to our sincere thanks.

It is felt that the objects that this order have in view, namely the building of a home, the construction of a swimming pool, and the starting of a branch of the Junior Guards, community, with the approbation of the tribe therefore, feel much encouraged and are determined to put forth even greater efforts to attain their goal. Once more we wish to thank those who so kindly helped us, and trust that they will again aid us in future undertakings.

Signed: HENRY J. CASSO, Sachem; CHARLES GAUDIN, Chief of Records.

Anti-Dry's Organizing.

Advices from Washington indicate that plans are well under way for an organized campaign by the Association Opposed to Prohibition to increase the ranks of beer and wine advocates in Congress. Declaring a fighting machine already has been put into operation in every state, the announcement presented a preliminary list of 212 candidates for the Senate and House who are to receive the support of the organization in the fall elections. "Definite plans to secure the election of these candidates have been completed," the statement says, "and the campaign already begun in the several states. In general, the association has stolen a leaf from the Anti-Saloon League in its campaign plans." Members of both the Republican and Democratic parties appear on the lists of acceptable and in some cases the names of two opposing candidates are given. In such instances the announcement said, the tendency will be to favor the incumbent.

Bloodhounds were put on the trail of bandits who are believed to have robbed the store of J. A. Perry at Perryville, near Monroe, of several hundred dollars worth of goods last Sunday night.

Extensive preparations are being made in Opelousas for the Cotton Carnival and pageant which will take place in that city on October 25. The carnival will be filmed.

Advertise in the Chief. It pays!

WOMEN SEEK OFFICES.

Members of Fair Sex Candidates for Congress in 21 Districts.

It is reported from Washington that twenty-one women have entered the race against men for seats in congress from different parts of the country. It is said that the percentage of victories will be nominal.

Representative Alice B. Robertson of Oklahoma, the only woman in the House, is fighting to come back. Mrs. Adelina Otero-Warren, defeated Representative Montoya, Republican incumbent in New Mexico and has the backing of the party organization. Mrs. Winifred Mason Hutch is the Republican nominee for representative at large from Illinois, for the short term. In the first Nebraska district, Mrs. E. Luella Barton, prohibitionist, is seeking membership for the short term.

Representative Stedman, Democrat of the fifth North Carolina district, the only Confederate soldier in the House, after continuous service of twelve years, is opposed by Mrs. Lucy B. Patterson, Republican. In Arizona, Representative Hayden, Democrat, will be opposed by Mrs. H. A. Guild, Republican.

Of the twenty-one women candidates, five are Republicans, six Democrats, six Socialists, two prohibitionists and two single taxers. The women Democratic nominees who are making a straight fight against Republicans are: Ellen Duane Davis, and Jane E. Leonard, both in Pennsylvania; Martha Riley, Wisconsin; Esther K. O'Keefe, Indiana; Lillian C. Gault, Minnesota and Mrs. St. Clair Moss, Missouri.

There are two women candidates for the Senate—Mrs. Minnie Olesen, Minnesota, and Mrs. Jessie Hooper, Wisconsin.

To Hold Health Institute.

A Health Institute will be held at Jackson, Miss., for the health officers of Mississippi and Louisiana, October 30 to November 2. Eminent specialists from Washington and other parts of the United States, as well as from Mississippi and Louisiana, will deliver lectures and hold conferences. These institutes are being held in many states. A large attendance is expected from health officers and members of boards of health and physicians from the two states. There is no attendance fee. Next year the institute will be held in Louisiana.

The government lock and dam No. 4 at Monroe, on the Ouachita river, on which nearly \$3,000,000 was expended, is completed and was formally released by government engineers for operation a few days ago. Work on the project was begun three years ago. The original lock and dam, on which work was commenced nearly twenty years ago, was destroyed by a flood and the present one was built to replace it. The lock gives fourteen feet of water at Monroe.

The Catholic Laymen's Association of Opelousas, has inaugurated a campaign by which they hope to enlist as members every eligible person in the parish.

Advertise in the Chief. It pays!

Big Specials

WEEK OF OCTOBER 23 TO 28.

Good quality Outing Flannelette, light and dark colors, special price, per yard	10c
Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants, special price, each	45c
Men's Ribbed Union Suits, special for next week, each	1.25
Men's Blue Denim Overalls, well made, next week's special price, per pair	1.00
Men's fine Cassimere Dress Pants, \$4 value, special price	2.98
Ladies' and Misses' Wool Scarf and Hat Sets, \$4 value, special price, per set	2.95
Large size Cotton Blankets, \$3 value, special for next week, each	2.19
Misses' and Children's Warm Sweaters, \$4 value, special next week	2.95
Boys' colored Pull-over Sweaters with wide cross stripes, special next week	1.98
Ladies' Tailored Suits, made up in the newest styles, next week, only	19.95

The Fashion
THE STORE THAT SELLS FOR LESS

Corner Railroad Avenue and Mississippi Street Donaldsonville, La.

Next Week's Bill at the Grand.

Sunday—Eugene O'Brien in "John Smith" and a comedy.

Monday—Jack Hoxie in "Cupid's Brand" and Pathe News.

Tuesday—Milton Sills and Wanda Hawley in "Burning Sands," the answer to "The Sheik." Music by Clarence's orchestra.

Wednesday—Pola Negri in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

Thursday—Wesley (Freckles) Barry in "School Days."

Friday—Marion Davies in "Beauty's Worth" and a comedy.

Saturday—Episodes of "Timber Queen" and "Adventures of Tarzan," Pathe Review and a comedy.

Many Women Without Country.

It is reported from London that women without a country are becoming numerous in England as a result of the new American law allowing American women who marry foreigners to retain their own nationality and providing that foreigners who become the wives of Americans keep their native identity. Dozens of divorced women have been applying daily at the American consulate for passports vises only to learn that they have lost their native nationality and have nothing to replace it. Under the British law a woman who marries a foreigner automatically loses her British citizenship and therefore cannot obtain a British passport. If having married an American, she tries to obtain a United States passport she is confronted with the fact that she is not an American at all, because under the new law, she retains her own nationality. Nor can the American wife of a Britisher obtain a British visa on an American passport, because under the British law, she is a Britisher and not an American.

Carpenter and Plumbing Work.

When you are in need of carpenter or plumbing work give me a trial. My prices are reasonable and all work is executed in a neat and workmanship manner. If you contemplate having any work done just tell me to call and I will be glad to discuss the matter with you. No job too large, none too small. CAMILLE ESNEAULT, Carpenter and plumber, Donaldsonville, La.

Subscribe to The Chief, and get the home news.

How Better Than Pills?

The question has been asked. In what way are Chamberlain's Tablets superior to the ordinary cathartic and liver pills? Our answer is, they are easier and more pleasant to take and their effect is so gentle that one hardly realizes that it is produced by a medicine. Then, they not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion.

(Adv.) The Jersey show herd of the Henderson cattle farm of Ruston, with sixteen entries, won thirteen first prizes, at the Arkansas state fair held at Little Rock. The herd also captured all of the six championship prizes.

A Good Physic.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle in effect, easy to take and certain to act, take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are excellent. (Adv.)

Send The Chief your next order for Job printing.

LOOKED LIKE A RUN ON A BANK

You would have thought it was a run on a bank if you had seen the crowd that attended the Big Public Sale at David Israel's Store last Monday, the opening day. Folks came in everything from a baby's carriage to a Limousine. Biggest business in the history of the store. We've got to reach the \$5000 mark.

Sale Will Continue 10 Days Longer

DAVID ISRAEL, JR.
Railroad Avenue Donaldsonville, La.

At the annual convention of the American Public Health Association held in Cleveland, Ohio, this week, a resolution was adopted declaring it to be the aim of the organization to labor with a view to prolonging the expectancy of life which now prevails in the United States, at least twenty years in the next fifty years.

Advertise in the Chief. It pays!