

Traveler's Guide.

From Monroe to New Orleans—540 miles—

We return our thanks to W. J. RAINEY and J. W. SHIELDS, of Downsville, for the active and successful interest they have manifested in extending our list of subscribers.

CORRY SHELLERS.—Mr. J. G. Sanders has a new thing in this market. It is a simple contrivance for shelling corn by hand, by the aid of which one man can shell as much corn as five men without the sheller. It is cheap and very handy.

RAFFLE.—Holders of chances in the proposed raffle for the silver spoons donated to the Ladies Society of the Episcopal church, are notified that the raffling will take place at Chamberlain & Feibleman's store on Wednesday 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Planters generally appear to be well pleased with the way their cotton is turning out. But little disposition is manifested to sell at present prices, planters believing that the crop is a small one and must command a good price, in which we think they are correct.

SUB-AGENCY.—Mr. Paul R. Carrington has accepted a sub-agency for the Piedmont and Arlington Life Insurance Company, Mr. L. V. Mayre being the principal agent for this and neighboring parishes. The selection of our friend Carrington is an excellent one. He is a good worker, and a moderate talker, both indispensable in the soliciting business.

RARE FLOWERS.—Our desk has been decorated and our sanctum perfumed with a large bouquet of rare flowers—among them eight different shades of dahlias, with roses and cap-jessamines—which was a present from Mrs. Tisdale, now on a visit from Illinois to her son, Col. Tisdale, of this place. We return our thanks, and hope Mrs. T. will find our State as fair and pleasing as the flowers of her gardens and fields.

TUBE WELLS.—Two unsuccessful efforts have been made to obtain water in the Courthouse square, by driving down a tube well, which is simply an iron pipe, made into sections, the sections being screwed together as the tube is driven into the earth and the last section mounted with a pump whenever the water is reached. A depth of over 80 feet was reached, but no water could be raised by the pump. In other places through the country, the wells are said to be a success.

THE RIVER.—The Ouachita is lower now than at any time during the past four years, and has been closed at this point longer than at any time during the same period. Horsemen ford it opposite town without any difficulty. Boats are able, however, to get over Cataboula shoals and to come to Rutland's bar. We look for a late river. The Mississippi is very low, with no prospect of an early rise as high up as Louisville. There can be no permanent navigation here until the Mississippi rises.

PHOENIX LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—We would refer our readers to the advertisement of the old Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., which appears in our columns to day. The Phoenix is one of the oldest, most liberal and conservative companies in the country, while its \$6,000,000 of assets, and \$1,200,000 surplus render it one of the largest and strongest companies in the world. Among its policy holders will be found many of the most prominent business men of the state, some of whose names are given in the advertisement. Energetic men are wanted as agents by the manager to whom liberal commission will be paid.

HEAD, WILLIAMSON & Co., Trenton.—Among our new advertisements this week will be found the annual Fall announcement of the large and influential Trenton house of Head, Williamson & Co. The name of this house justly extends to nearly all parts of North Louisiana and South Arkansas. Whether we consider the amount of business annually done by the house the extensive stocks of groceries and merchandise kept on hand, the various facilities afforded to buyers and shippers the amount of capital controlled, or the extent of warehouses and store-houses, the establishment of Head, Williamson & Co. may be classed among the largest inland business houses of the South. Our readers will understand us better when we tell them that the books of the house (over which presides the genial patient Drago) make nearly a load for a dray. Of course such an establishment does an immense trade and to do it must of necessity afford superior inducements to the public. The stock now on hand is not only large, but embraces every article usually called for in the Trenton market, whether it comes under the head of groceries, plantation supplies, dry goods, clothing, hardware or any other department of general merchandise, upon all of which prices have been fixed to suit the times. Special attention and superior facilities are given by this firm to all shipments of cotton and produce, and to the receiving and forwarding of freights, and the highest market valuation paid at all times for cotton, wool and hides.

TOWN COUNCIL.—Two ordinances, passed at a recent meeting of the Town Council, will be found in our columns to-day. One repeals the old ordinance permitting business houses to keep open on Sundays until 10 o'clock, a. m.; the other fixes the salary of Sheriff Wisner, chief police officer of the town, at \$2,000 per annum, to include pay of both day and night police. The principal street talk has been about the former ordinance, some approving and others condemning. As the latter ordinance fore shadows protection, it is more favorably regarded, except so much as appropriates the two thousand dollars, which is believed to be excessive. We will believe there is such a thing as a night police when we see it. Two thousand dollars, with fees, is entirely too much. Joe Benoit performed the duties of Town Constable last year for half the amount, and kept the town regulated both day and night. The Council will find it better to economize its funds, or if money is very plentiful, let us have a wharf, or a town hall, or something which, beside being of permanent value will even bring a revenue. We note, with pleasure, some improvement in the town drainage, and take occasion to commend to the Council. Grand street and its crossings, as greatly in need of repairs.

An Ordinance Providing for the police of the town of Monroe, to fix the salary of the officer, and to provide for imposing a fine for neglect of duty.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Trustees of the town of Monroe, Louisiana,

Sec. 1. That J. H. Wisner be employed, and he is hereby authorized to discharge all the duties incumbent on the Town Constable, and to police the town, both by day and night, and for his services he shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars, per annum, payable quarterly on his own warrant.

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained &c.—That in case of his failing to discharge his duties as such, he shall forfeit fifty dollars for every neglect of duty, to be determined by the Mayor and Trustees, and to be deducted out of his salary.

Adopted October 12th, 1869. J. L. HUNSICKER Mayor. A true copy: ROBT. J. CALDWELL, Acting Secretary.

An Ordinance Relative to closing the business houses on Sundays, and to impose a fine on all persons who violate this ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Trustees of the town of Monroe, Louisiana,

Sec. 1. That from and after the promulgation of this ordinance, the side, front, and back doors, of all business houses shall be closed on Sundays, and all persons who violate this ordinance shall be fined a sum of ten dollars; provided, this ordinance shall not apply to drug stores, hotels, barber-shops and livery stables, and provided further, that it shall be lawful to open such doors when necessary to receive and to deposit freight.

Adopted October 12th, 1869. J. L. HUNSICKER, Mayor. A true copy: ROBT. J. CALDWELL, Acting Secretary.

Heavy shipments of dry goods, boots, shoes and hats are arriving here daily by wagons and small boats, and go forward to points in the parishes east and west for sale. The merchants are evidently preparing for a heavy fall and winter trade.

Carolina Life Insurance Company.

MONROE, LA., Oct. 15, 1869.

Editor of the Telegraph.—As the representatives of the Carolina Life Insurance Company of Memphis, Tenn., for the North Eastern portion of Louisiana, we desire through the columns of your paper to call the attention of your readers to an extract from the Insurance Times of New York, for September, which appeared in the last issue of the Louisiana Intelligencer, and to give the lie to the assertion that the Carolina Company "had been obliged to withdraw its Agencies from these States" and make a desperate effort to increase its available assets and survive the disasters which menaced its existence.

The statement of the Times was written by an agent or friend of the N. Y. Life Insurance, a company whose past record has been such a stumbling block in its efforts to obtain Southern-policy holders since the war, that it has been impossible for her to resume business, to any extent, in this section of country. She has made herself so odious that all other companies including the Aetna and Knickerbocker, are fighting her, and we now propose to make a square issue, as she has commenced the fight.

By various circulars and advertising dodges, now circulated all over the State, she is endeavoring to eradicate from the minds of her former Southern policy holders certain impressions, which, however, unlike the footprints on the sand, will not be washed away.

What shall we say of a company which at the close of the war generously (?) proffered to renew Southern policies lapsed for non-payment of premiums, upon receiving all payments in arrears, with compound interest at seven per cent., coupled with a certificate of good health from one of her regularly appointed Medical Examiners, to be approved by the Home Medical Board, and evidence that the assured took no active part in the rebellion, the medical examination to be made at the expense of the assured and limiting policy holders to just forty-five days to comply with the above conditions? This company represents itself as the Old Reliable and Wealthy N. Y. Life Insurance Company! It may be an old company, and ought to be wealthy, for it has stolen from the people of the South immense sums, for which it has never given value received. As evidence of the unfair principle which actuates publications by this and similar Northern Companies, to the seeming detriment of reliable Southern Insurance Companies, we need but refer the attention of your readers to an extract in the Memphis Avalanche of Sept. 12, on the N. Y. Life Insurance Company, as contained upon in the Macon (Georgia) Telegraph.

The assertion that the Carolina, of Memphis, owing to heavy losses, had been forced to abandon the half note plan, and stating its losses to the 1st March, at \$165,000, is a malicious falsehood, evidently communicated to the paper to subvert the interest of its author.

The Company's losses have at no time been larger than might have been anticipated on the amount of risk, and were only \$65,000 to June 1st, while in the article in the Times they are put down at \$165,000, to 1st March. With its assets on June 1st of \$564,000 and an annual income of \$500,000, we feel confident that such malicious falsehoods can do the Carolina no harm, save as far as in the hands of unprincipled men who care not for its truth, they may be read by parties, strangers to the Company, whom this explanation may never reach.

Admitting that it may be the intention of the Company, at an early day to change from the half note system to one third loan, yet, might we not well ask why the Connecticut Mutual and Aetna Life Insurance Company, and many other reliable Northern Companies, whose motives are not impugned for so doing, changed from the half note plan to a greater percentage of cash?

As an evidence of the "bad risks taken in healthy localities," we will simply state for the information of those interested, that while the Company has now over six hundred policies in full force and effect in Louisiana, the losses up to present writing, covering a period of about seventeen months, has been just ONE. Losses in other agencies have been promptly paid, and not in notes either as can be attested by the beneficiaries of numerous policy-holders.

The "widows and orphans" of deceased policy-holders have yet to apply to some Southern Insurance Companies and be hooted at and their claims ignored on the plea that their husbands and brothers took an active part in the rebellion.

With entire confidence as to its reliability, we can recommend our Company to all who desire to insure their lives, and the reputation of its officers and directors is tendered them as a guarantee for its future success. Respectfully, TREZEVANT & BEHEN,

PIEDMONT AND ARLINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

Capital paid up and secured - \$200,000. Assets, \$1,500,000. Policies issued during the last two years, over 8,000.

Declares dividends annually, and assigns dividends annually to all policy holders. Divides eighty-seven and half per cent (87 1/2 p. c.) of profits amongst the policy holders. Lends in each State the funds acquired from the policy holders of that State. Lends its funds only on first bond and mortgage, and lends only to the amount of one-half the value of the real estate pledged.

It is exclusively a Southern Company, its Stockholders, Directors and Officers were born in the South.

W. C. CARRINGTON, President. JOHN E. EDWARDS, Vice Pres't, D. J. HARRIS, Sec'y, J. S. HOPKINS, Assistant Secretary, JOHN C. BREYKENRIDGE, General Agent for Kentucky, DABNEY H. MAURY, General Agent for Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OF THE BRANCH OFFICE IN NEW ORLEANS: PRESIDENT, DABNEY H. MAURY, Vice-Pres't., GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD.

D. H. Maury, Gen. G. T. Beauregard, Gen. Braxton Bragg, Dr. W. H. Holcombe, Col. G. G. Garner, R. M. Simmons, Col. D. A. Wilson, Col. Thos. Macon, Edward Nalle, T. S. Barton, Jules C. Denis, Louis Barnett, W. M. Randolph, A. M. Fortier, Forester Deslonde.

Liberal commissions will be allowed to active agents who have had experience in the business. Agents are especially desired for Louisiana and Arkansas. Gentlemen applying for agencies will please send references and state what their experience has been.

DABNEY H. MAURY, General Agent for South West, 59 Carondelet St., N. O. L. V. MAYRE, Agent for Monroe, and neighboring Parishes. n2:1y

SIMON MARX, Grand Street, near DeSiard, MONROE, LA.

HAS JUST RECEIVED ONE OF THE largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, TOBACCO, &c.

Ever brought to this market. His stock of Dry Goods comprises

Poplins, Merinoes, DeLaines, Kerseys, Linseys, Osnaburgs, Tweeds, Satinets, Broadcloths, Nubias, Flannels of all kinds. Jaconets, &c.

His stock of Gentlemen's clothing embraces an attractive variety of seasonable goods, made up in the latest and most fashionable styles.

He will sell as cheap as the cheapest. Give him a call before you make trades elsewhere.

COTTON and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE purchased at the highest market price. Monroe, La., October 2, 1869. n2:7

CHECK YOUR COTTON!!!

USE THE "ODELL COTTON CHECK."

And you will not lose in weight only from natural causes. You will always get your own cotton for it cannot be exchanged, and you can see the marks on the heads of bales for your heavy ones or Low Ordinry for Good Middling Cotton. By the use of this check you give your merchant a KEY TO ALL REC ORS—they are discovered at once and rectified before loss is sustained. It gives your merchant a voucher to correctness very satisfactory to him, and you will know who is to blame in case of losses. It will relieve him from blame for another man's mistake. Use the "ODELL COTTON CHECK" and your merchant will return it for you, or for you to corroborate his account sales and let the steamboat clerk can point your cotton out, even if the marks from the heads of bales are gone. It saves steamboatmen much time, much money and trouble. In using the "ODELL COTTON CHECK," mark a simple letter or any usual mark on the head of the bale for convenience, and if hundreds of bales are marked exactly like your cotton and on the same boat, no one can have ANY NUMBER LIKE YOURS, as there are no two checks alike.

This check is made of brass—is about the size of a Mexican dollar, and is a complete fastener or lock around the tie—it costs only 25 cents, and will last the planter, merchant or cotton dealer many years. It is approved by all planters and cotton dealers who have seen it.

Checks can be ordered through all country merchants, any Commission House or my house in Monroe. General Depot No. 194 Gravier Street, New Orleans. S. W. ODELL, Monroe, La., Sept. 29, 1869. n2:6n.

OLD FEATHERS MADE NEW!

W. L. Amonett, at Dr. McCormick's old office, now No. 15, FEATHER REPAIRING, at work. Old feathers are entirely renewed, and made better even than when new, and new feathers thoroughly cleaned. Call and examine the operation for yourself. Bring in your FEATHERS. Monroe, Oct. 9, 1869. n2:6f

A. B. OLIVER, Late of Standifer, Oliver & McGuire, Trempop, La.

JOHN BYRNE, Trempop, La.

OLIVER & BYRNE, FIRE-PROOF COTTON & MERCHANDISE,

WAREHOUSES, Receiving & Forwarding Merchants, And General Dealers in

Western Produce, Groceries,

WINES & LIQUORS,

MERCHANDISE

Of Every Description.

CASE AND SUPPLIES

Advanced on Cotton; and the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

Paid for same and

All kinds of Country Produce.

OLIVER & BYRNE.

Monroe, October 9, 1869. 4:7

FOR THE FALL SEASON.

I am now receiving by the several packets in addition to the former stock, a large stock of Plantation Goods and supplies, CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, Western Produce, — SUCH AS — BACON, PORK, BAGGING TIES, SUGAR, COFFEE, FLOUR, HAMS, RICE, MOLASSES, TOBACCO, WHISKEY, SALT, SOAP, STARCH SPICE, PEPPER, CANNED FRUITS, FISH, &c.

— ALSO — HARDWARE, WOODEN AND WILLOWWARE, which I offer at the lowest market prices. I will also make liberal advances on cotton, and pay the highest market price for the same, when ready for shipment. Will also buy HIDES, BEESWAX, &c.

Tendering my hearty thanks to my old friends and patrons for the liberal share hitherto extended me, I earnestly solicit all to call and examine for themselves, before buying elsewhere. L. A. SHIELDS Formerly of BYRNE & SHIELDS. n2:3-ly August 4, 1869.

FLOURNOY & MILLSAPS

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND Commission Merchants,

TRENTON, LA.

KEEP always on hand a full stock of

PLANTATION SUPPLIES, LIQUORS, WESTERN PRODUCE, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, BUGGY AND WAGON MATERIALS, SHOT GUNS, RIFLES, BREECH PINS, DOUBLE TRIGGERS, TUBES, AND GUN FIXTURES, SADDLERY, AND BEUST'S GARDEN SEED.

WE receive, store and forward goods at the lowest prices, and receive, store, ship or sell cotton for those favoring us with their business. We will give the sale of cotton our special attention. As we have no losses to make up on cotton, our friends will find our charges always at the lowest point. Our extensive acquaintance enables us to buy our goods from FIRST HANDS AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Liberal cash advances made on all produce stored with us. sep 1 a 30 if

Ed. McKittrick

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, Monroe, La.

GROUND PLANS and Elevations for Cottages, Villas, Suburban residences, accompanied with specifications, estimates, &c. All orders in his line of business promptly attended to. August 2, 1869. n4:6f

WM. J. SHELDON

— IMPORTER AND DEALER IN — LEATHERS, FINDINGS, AND SHOEMAKERS' MATERIALS, NO. 36 OLD LEVEL.

BETWEEN CUSTOMHOUSE AND BIENVILLE, NEW ORLEANS.

FOR SALE. That very eligible located and valuable property situated at the corner of Grand and DeSiard streets in the town of Monroe. The lot has a front of 100 feet on Grand street and runs back to the Ouachita river. The corner building is two stories in height and has a front of about 45 feet. There are two stores on the lower floor, with a warehouse back of the corner store, and some rooms on the upper floor. The corner front room up stairs is now leased for a jeweler's shop. Below the two stores is a large tin shop, back of which is a cotton shed. On the lower line of the lot there is a brick wall, two stories in height and well built, which cost \$200. This wall is not only a great protection against fire but is in such condition to be used as a wall of a brick house if desired. The location is the most central in town. Terms of sale—\$500, one third cash and the balance in one and two years with 8 per cent interest from date, with mortgage on the property. Apply to R. J. Hart & Co. or Chism & Boyd, New Orleans, or to Morrison & Farmer, Agents. Monroe, La., September 15, 1869. n2:6n

J. HAYMAN & CO.,

DeSiard Street, Corner 2nd, MONROE, LA. Sept. 25, 1869. n3:6f

P. S.—Our "fair" customers will be duly notified of the arrival of the new MILLINERY GOODS for the season. J. H. & CO.

STORES AND WARE-HOUSES IN MONROE,

FOR SALE. That very eligible located and valuable property situated at the corner of Grand and DeSiard streets in the town of Monroe. The lot has a front of 100 feet on Grand street and runs back to the Ouachita river. The corner building is two stories in height and has a front of about 45 feet. There are two stores on the lower floor, with a warehouse back of the corner store, and some rooms on the upper floor. The corner front room up stairs is now leased for a jeweler's shop. Below the two stores is a large tin shop, back of which is a cotton shed. On the lower line of the lot there is a brick wall, two stories in height and well built, which cost \$200. This wall is not only a great protection against fire but is in such condition to be used as a wall of a brick house if desired. The location is the most central in town. Terms of sale—\$500, one third cash and the balance in one and two years with 8 per cent interest from date, with mortgage on the property. Apply to R. J. Hart & Co. or Chism & Boyd, New Orleans, or to Morrison & Farmer, Agents. Monroe, La., September 15, 1869. n2:6n

Monroe, October 9, 1869. n3:6f

Will buy, or advance Goods or Money on Cotton; and always that and WILL SELL GREAT FOR CASH.

GENERAL PLANTATION GOODS, DEALENS IN — SURGHOR & MULLIN, MONROE, LOUISIANA, YEAR GRANT.