Ouachita Telegraph.

G. W. McGRAHIB, Editor.

Official Journal of the City of Monroe

MONROE, LA., JUNE 2, 1883.

Marshall, Texas, had a $10,000 fire on the 27th ult.

There was one case before the Circuit Court for Red River parish at its last session.

The Atlanta Constitution estimates that Georgia will produce seven million watermelons this year.

Twenty-seven car loads of cattle, says the Alexandria Democrat, were shipped from that place to Whitesboro, Texas, on the 20th ult.

The Vienna Sentinel says that the assessment this year of the taxable property of Lincoln parish will probably reach $1,000,000.

Over $250,000 worth of buildings are now being erected at Austin, Texas, and the State is making improvements valued at $5,000,000.

Hon. Thos. C. Manning has had the degree of L. L. D. conferred upon him by his Alma Mater, the University of North Carolina.

Bossier parish is making a first-class record in the criminal line. Another homicide is just reported in which one W. J. Northcutt shot and killed one A. L. O'Neal.

Ninety-two thousand acres of land in Calcasieu parish and seven hundred and ten thousand acres in Cameron parish, were sold by the State to J. B. Watkins, of Lawrence Kansas, recently for the sum of $100,294.

Mahone was badly defeated in the Virginia elections last week. This secures the State to the Democrats and will retire the traitor to private life as soon as his present term in the Senate expires.

It is said that Senator Fair behaved like a man in taking on himself all the blame for his troubles with his wife and the New York World suggests that according to her account of his marital laches he has been behaving for years like four or five men.

FOR GOVERNOR.

A correspondent writes us a letter, suggesting Judge David Pierson as a worthy and available candidate for governor in the ensuing election in 1884. A good man and true. The communication comes too late for this issue—will appear in our next.—*Colfax Chronicle.*

The favorable manner in which our respected cotemporary, the Colfax Chronicle alludes to the Hon. David Pierson the Judge of our Judicial district in connection with the office of Governor, demands from us an expression of opinion. We had intended to remain silent, upon this subject for a while at least, as the election is a long time off. The press however is so generally speaking out upon this subject, and proclaiming its preferences, in favor of certain gentlemen, for this important position, that we fear we might subject ourself to the charge of indifference, to remain silent any longer.

The terms applied by our cotemporary to our worthy District Judge. "A good man and true" are just the qualities to be sought for in the next executive of the State. Judge Pierson is well known throughout the state as an able high-minded, patriotic citizen, who has given man evidences of his devotion to his state's honor and welfare. Louisiana has no son of whom, she has a right more justly to be proud, than Judge Pierson. A quiet unassuming gentleman, and a distidguished jurist, he has shown nimself worthy of any honor in the gift of the people of the state. He was among the first to respond to the call for the defence of his country, in the late war, and none bore themselves more worthily than he. After the war, returning to his home, he was among the most active leaders to organize an opposition to the rule of the carpetbaggers, and Radicals which resulted in their expulsion from the state government and its restoration to the control of the Democratic party.

The various public positions to which he has been called to fill by the people of his District and state is a part of the history of the country so recent as to be remembered by all.

His distinguished services he has rendered to his people and state, alike in peace and war, his unquestioned capacity and honesty, his unbonding courage and firmness, all unite to point him out, as a suitable candidate of the Democratic party for governor.

If he should be elected to this high position there is no "ring or faction" strong enough to swerve him from the right in the discharge of his duty. He will doubtless rally a strong support around him in the next convention of the Democratic party, for the nomination to this high and responsible position.

[illegible] paper.

SOUTHERN HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Memphis Avalanche of the 26th, says: Dr. J. Wm. Jones, secretary of the Southern Historical Society, lectured at the Central Baptist church last night before a good audience on the topic of "The Boys in Gray." Quoting Gen. Hooker's testimony before the committee on the conduct of the war to the effect that the army of Northern Virginia, though intellectually and physically inferior to the army of the Potomac, had by discipline alone acquired a steadiness and efficiency unsurpassed in ancient or modern times, the lecturer accepted the latter part of the testimony and utterly repudiated the first part. He proceeded to show that in intellectual powers, moral qualities and all that constitutes morale in an army, the men who wore the gray were the peers of any army that ever marched or fought. He illustrated this at some length with incidents drawn from his observation during the war and from the conduct of these men since the war, and showed that the bone and sinew, the intellectual and moral worth, the very flower of our Southern manhood, was concentrated in the men who wore the gray.

Having shown these men were the lecturer proceeded to show what they did by a series of vived pictures, humorous, pa[illegible] of the heroic of these men on the march, [illegible] as yellow [illegible] in hospital and in battle-he[illegible]

He illustrated the patienc[illegible] and power of endurance of these men by incidents of their marching barefo[illegible] with blistered and bleeding feet, their cheerful alacrity in meeting every duty amid short rations and scanty clothing, and the fortitude with which they endured great suffering, or gave up their lives for the cause and land they loved so well. He related a number of camp anecdotes, showing the keen wit and broad humor with which these men laughed at their hardships, or made jest of every comer. He gave some touching incidents of the calm resignation with which they met death and went to meet the Saviour, in whom they trusted.

He brought out very clearly the odds in men and resources against which the soldiers of the Confederacy fought, and claimed that no troops ever accomplished more with the means at their command. He insisted that we owe it to these men to keep their graves garlanded and their memories green, and to hand down to the coming historian the true story of their heroic deeds, not to revive bitter memories of a stormy past, but to perpetuate the bright pages of American history which neither the North nor the South can afford to let die.

AN OPINION BY BUNSBY.

[New Orleans Picayune.]

As we have an intelligent auditory we can always make legal points brief, and every reader will supply the argument as he goes on. We say, then, that frequent changes of constitution destroy that reverence for fundamental law which is the most salutary foundation of republican institutions. That our constitution contains more good points than bad ones, by a large majority. That every bad point can be cured by an amendment, without the costly process of a convention. That every convention is hasty and careless, and that a new one will make as many new bad points as it will correct. That the convention of 1879 was one of the most thoughtful and considerate ever assembled in the State, and most of its work should stand sure.

Let us state the general principle of amendment concisely:

In voting on an amendment the people vote on a short and comprehended proposition, and will not adopt it unless it is good. In voting on a new constitution they vote on it in bulk, and overlook minor defects—indeed, they cannot defeat these without defeating all.

Again, no legislature dare propose an amendment eradicating from the constitution one of its most excellent points. A convention might drop such a point either with or without design—and the people would overlook it.

A convention means a new deal. But the time for a new deal is in 1884, and we don't need a convention to engineer it.

In the Times-Democrat of the 3rd we find the following:

There is an impression prevailing among the people of North Louisiana that the contruction of the road projected from Alexandria through Morehouse parish to the Arkansas State line has peen abandoned. A talk with the officials of the Texas Pacific road, however, has elicited the information that the idea of building the line has not been abandoned. They say that as soon as the main line of the Texas Pacific is put in proper condition, that the Alexandria branch will be built.

It is said that Gen. King, who is still remaining in Washington, is actively at work in the interest of Mr. Randall, for the Speakership of the next House of Representatives. We were inclined to the belief that it was possible that the General would support Mr. Randall for this most important position, but we hardly thought that he would undertake to make an active canvass for him. It is likely that the report that he is doing so is sensational.—*Concordia Sentinel.*

[illegible] his mou[illegible]

Ge[illegible] with its co[illegible] District Attorney[illegible]hy' I for [illegible] you cry, my little [illegible] said, 'what is it?' I looked back at few [illegible] my sandals as I knelt, and it said on Vic[illegible] my ankle, in letters an inch high, 'The Cam[illegible] Cleveland Herald.'"

Cou[illegible]

rail[illegible]

Small doses of salt will check hemorrhage of the lungs or stomach.

THE COW BOYS IN NEW ORLEANS.

[New Orleans States.]

About 6000 deluded mortals paid 50 cents each to witness a cow boys picnic at the Fair Grounds. They went with a vision of prairie life, practically illustrated, dangling in their minds' eye. They hungered to gaze on Webster Witter, who, in the chaste and flowery language of the author of the programme, is "A son of the wild West; his home, the saddle; his feather-bed, the prairie grass; his pillow, the coiled rattle snake; his diet, the prickly pear. The wide and boundless realms of universal and limitless space defied and challenged to produce his equal."

A majority of the open-mouthed spectators confidently expected to see the pillow of coiled rattle snake and view the guileless Billy in his great eating match of prickly pear. But this was not all of the programme worth seeing.

There was an unrestrained curiosity to feast the eyes upon "the subjugation of the fiery and wild Mexican cattle, imported expressly for this occasion, from the Hacienda of El Senor Don Francisco Castillo, of Chihuahua."

The Hacienta turned out to be the slaughterhouse below the barracks, whence the cattle really came. "Senor Don Francisco Castillo, of Chihuahua," must have referred to that clever and agreable gentleman Col. John Dolhonde, superintendent of the slaughterhouse, who doubtless furnished the animals for the harmless exhibition.

"Capt. A. B. Grady, hero of Las Palmas recipient of keepsakes, letters and decorations from President Juarez," was announced as the master of ceremonies, and if his distinguished friend the President aforesaid could have gathered himself to the scene, as it were, his bosom would have heaved with sorrow and his well-known tones would have demanded back those "keepsakes and decorations."

The captain was entirely too humane and gentle for a real hero of the plains. When the reporter urged him to open fire on the crowd blocking the course, or else turn loose his band of intrepid horsemen and run over a couple of hundred of them so as to clear the track, he sweetly answered that he wished to harm nobody and besides he could give another show at which better police arrangements would be provided.

The occasion was singularly dull and uninteresting. With a thousand chances for accident, no one person was killed, or even seriously hurt. This disgusted every body. When infants in arms can be brought face to face with untamed bulls, and then the bulls refuse to gore them to jelly, the popular disappointment becomes unmistakeable. When five hundred boys can sit on the very edge of the roof of the Grand Stand, and not one lose his balance and fall to earth, breaking his skull, it becomes evident that the people are going to kick at the lack of amusement.

Three hours were consumed doing what could have been done in half an hour. Four week-eyed cows were put on the track to be chased and lassoaed by the cowboys. The mob of spectators poured in on the track, and the cows could not get through the mass of humanity, tried they ever so hard.

One or two cows were lassooed and thrown to the earth and tied in a very expert fashion by the Texas delegation. A horse, blind in one eye and said to be very wild indeed, was pursued around the track and finally lassooed after he had worn himself out running a mile. The only good feature of the show was the riding of a beef by Mexican Johnny.

THE DOCTORS IN RAPIDES INDIGNANT.

[Alexandria Democrat.]

Dr. L. Karo, so-called, the great curer (?) of all diseases and pains, after a stay in our City of ten days, during which time he gulled our citizens out of some two or three hundred dollars, left for Shreveport on Monday by the steamer Jewel. No doubt this boss of quacks learned of the intention of the President of the Medical Society here to call on him, and see whether or not he was a licensed practitioner of medicine, and Karo skipped. We have every reason to believe that he is not all right, particulary as he neither made the acquaintance of nor associated with any of our home physicians. His female *avant courier* used various means of getting the colored people here to call and consult with Karo, who, as she no doubt informed them, could cure any thing from a wart on the nose to the most malignant form of all diseases; to put it mildly he was the man they had been waiting to see. We publish these facts in order that the people of Shreveport may not be "taken in" and hoodwinked as were some of the "alecks" in this community, and request the newspapers there to keep one eye on him. In our opinion, he is nothing more nor less than a "wolf in sheep's clothing."

J. S. FISH,
Pres't Medical Association.
JULIUS A. JOHNSON,
Sec'ty and Treasurer.

Those advertising frauds, the Woman's Medical Institute at Nunda, N. Y., Washburn & Co's salicylica nostrum, Ash[illegible] consumption and [illegible] Richmond's Sar[illegible] up in th't [illegible] ville [illegible] ty-[illegible] no [illegible] eve [illegible] ple, [illegible]

The latest improved perfecting [illegible] *and cuts the paper, leaving it* [illegible] *convenient to the reader. The dies* [illegible] *clear and bold face.*

Subscribe for it, making your remit[illegible] *two check or draft, or postal money order*[illegible] *ed registered letter, at risk of office. For a*[illegible] *pose, address*

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT
New Orleans.

P. S.—Anyone desiring the Almanac [illegible] *veer to the same, postage prepaid,* [illegible] *ting $5c in stamps or currency to the*

THE "DRAW POKER" DISEASE

[Little Rock Gazette.]

Draw poker has drawn another army officeer to the bar of public disgrace. Two weeks ago fell Paymaster Wasson, stationed in Texas. Now, Paymaster Morrow, a Washington pet, is the victim of inability to beat four aces with a "bobtail flush." Poker is seductive. Its tentacles, once firmly fixed, do not readily relax. It is no respector of persons. Like Time's scythe, it "Cuts down all, both great and small;" but is especially fatal to men with little of their own money to lose, and the custodians of the funds of others. The man in whom the germ of the disease known as draw poker becomes fully developed will play whenever occasion offers. And he will walk a long distance over rough ground to put opportunity in the humor to offer. He will first exhaust his own means. Next he will borrow. And then, unles, possessed of a will of iron, he is a fortunate man who will not hazard any funds within reach, reckless of ownership.

It is a pecularity of draw poker that no chronic victim of this form of moral distemper wins. Everybody loses. It would be difficult to find one of the long afflicted who could make true affidavit that his poker account balances on the strong side. His experience is that the only balance is "balance due" some one else, whose pocketbook the elephant has also flattened with great vehemence. Nor does the loss end with accemulated debt. Added are the loss of good habits, and finally the loss of character; for, like smallpox, the disease is almost certain to leave deep, broad marks.

When seized by the disease no man of whom its ravages have made a moral wreck believes his personal integrity in jeopardy. He believes in his star. Neither Wasson nor Morrow meane to take and use that which neither should have touched. But concomitant of this disease is the delusion that one must win. This delusion delivers over to temporaey irresponsibility those upon whom its fatal grasp is fixed. They prove powerless to resist; they hazard all on a card; and at last delusion surrenders to the dread realization thatf without originally intending to do wrong, they have become felons and outcasts. Position, honor—all that sweetens and brightens life—everything worth for—is gone.

Yet, what comes of it all? He who still stands irresolute, on the brink of the awful precipice into which men like these have plunged to their moral death, rocks not their fate. They were mere novices. They were unfamiliar with the treatment of the disease. He is strong—in his own conceit—wise—in his ignorance—and will never succumb. So he stands, until the evening comes, until the golden suset ends; until the shadows lengthen before and around him. And then he plunges down the abyss and is lost.

This is not fiction. It is not mere word painting. It is not mere figures of speech. It is not mere idle warning. It is truth—simply truth. But it will nothing avail. For on one on whom the dread malady has taken firm hold will not be convinced until he shall himself have passed into the shadows.

A barber and dancing master (one person) is about to settle here. You can *chassee* in, be shaved and "balance" out after paying the fiddler.—*Fayetteville Appeal.*

Public Schools.

The following is the programme of the closing exercises of the white public schools of Monroe, from June 4th to June 15th, 1883, inclusive:

Morning hours from 9 to 12; evening hours from 1 to 4.

FIRST WEEK.

FEMALE SCHOOL.

Monday morning—Language Primer 4th grade; Geography 5th grade.

Tuesday morning—Language Primer 5th grade; Primary Geography.

Wednesday morning—Third Reader, U. S. History, Manual Geography.

Thursday morning—Arithmetic 5th grade; Readers 7th and 8th grade.

Friday morning—History, Spelling 6th and 7th grades, Frame Exercises, Drawing.

MALE SCHOOL.

Monday evening—Language Primer, Language Lessons.

Tuesday evening—1st Lessons in Geography, Primary Geography, Higher Geography.

Wednesday evening—1st, 2d and 3d Readers; Arithmetic 1st and 2d grades.

Thursday evening—Arithmetic 3d grade, Spelling 1st and 2d grades.

Friday evening—Manual Geography, Physical Geography, U. S. History.

SECOND WEEK.

MALE SCHOOL.

Monday morning—Written Arithmetic 4th and 5th grades; Algebra 7th grade.

Tuesday morning—Practical Arithmetic 6th and 7th grades.

FEMALE SCHOOL.

Monday evening—Arithmetic 5th grade; Geography 4th grade.

Tuesday evening—Manual Geography, Spelling 5th grade, Phonetic Spelling.

The remaining exercises of both schools will be competitive and held at the Female Academy Wednesday, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; competitive drill between the corresponding grades in both schools in arithmetic on the first four rules, Properties of Numbers and Fractions, and Language Lessons. Thursday 10 a. m.—Competitive drills between the 4th Readers and the 5th Readers. Competitive Spelling. Fridap 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.—Recitations, Declamations, Competitive Singing.

Wisner School, Mixed Colored.

The following programme is the closing exercises of said school, of the City of Monroe, from June 11th to June 15th 1883, inclusive:

Morning hours from 10 to 12; evening hours from 1 to 3.

Monday morning—Arithmetic 1st and 2nd grade; evening 2d and 3d Readers.

Tuesday—Primer and 1st lesson in Geography; evening, small spellers 4th Reader.

Wednesday morning—U. S. History and Primary Geography; evening, spelling and S. W. Boose.

Thursday morning—5th and 6th Readers; evening Grammar and Mental Arithmetic.

Friday morning—Competitive spelling and reading.

Friday evening—Recitations and Declamations.

MONROE ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY STEAM SAW MILL

—AND—

SHINGLE FACTORY,

MONROE LOUISIANA.

Having taken charge of the above mill, the business will be continued in the name of

CHARLES A. DOWNEY.

All orders will be promptly and carefully filled.

Lumber of all dimensions will be shipped on order either by steamboat or railroad. The best quality of CYPRESS and PINE lumber guaranteed. A large supply of Cypress shingles constantly on hand at reasonable prices.

A planing machine is attached to the mill, and all orders for dressed lumber will be promptly filled.

CHAS. A. DOWNEY.

Monroe, March 24, 1883.

MILLINERY STORE!

LATEST NOVELTIES!

To the Ladies of Monroe and North Louisiana:

I take this method of thanking you for your patronage, and solicit a continuance of the same. I am now receiving the latest

PARIS AND NEW YORK NOVELTIES

In Millinery and Straw Goods, and solicit an early call.

☞Special attention given to Country orders. Very Respectfully,

MRS. ANNIE MITCHELL.

Monroe, September 9, 1882. 52.

J. F. WETZEL,

Dealer in all kinds of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

COFFINS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, &c.

Furniture repaired, or made to order, and satisfaction guaranteed. All orders for Furniture promptly attended to. Coffins supplied at short notice, with services of undertaker, if desired.

I have also on hand a full stock of Children's Carriages, which I offer for sale at low prices.

Store and shop on Grand street, opposite McFee's drug store. An inspection of our work and furniture is respectfully invited.

January 1, 1880. 1y

SOUTHERN CARRIAGE FACTORY.

The undersigned takes pleasure in making known that he is now as well prepared as before the war, if not better, to do all kinds of work, either in

Manufacturing or Repairing

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, HACKS, ETC

Ready made work kept on hand; specimens of which may be seen by calling at the Factory. He will also carry on a general Blacksmith shop, arranged to do all kinds of blacksmithing. Terms reasonable.

January 1, 1879. FR. ENDOM.

D. B. GUNBY,

Nos. 12 & 14 North Grand Street,

MONROE, LA.,

Produce Dealer and General Merchant,

And Receiving and Forwarding Agent.

Hay,	Pork,	Lime,	Dry Goods,
Corn,	Bacon,	Cement,	Groceries,
Oats,	Flour,	Bagging,	Hardware
Bran,	Meal,	Ties,	Etc., Etc

Special attention given to Storing and Shipping Cotton. Freights Stored at Reasonable rates and no drayage charged. Fire-Proof Warehouse adjoining River and Railroad. Monroe Feb. 3 1882.

GEM SALOON,

No. 22 DESIARD STREET,

[Next door to Sholars' Drug Store.]

MONROE, LA.

LEVY & LEYENS, Proprietors.

The GEM has just been opened, and is supplied with Imported and Domestic Wines and Liquors, and Imported and Domestic Cigars, all new and fresh. Mixed Drinks prepared with care, and polite attention will be received by all.

Monroe, February 3, 1882.

CYPRESS SHINGLES.

SHINGLES IN ANY QUANTITY, BOTH heart and sap, may be had of the undersigned.

PRICES:

Heart Shingles per 1000.....$3,50
Sap Shingles per 1000..... 2,50;

Deliverable in Cottonrort: or 50c per 1000 additional delivered in Monroe.

F. VOLLMAN.

Cottonport, March 10, 1883.

F. V. FAUCON, ALEX LEVEQUE.

CRESCENT RESTAURANT,

—AND—

OYSTER SALOON.

26 DESIARD-ST., MONROE, LA.

Best quality of Wines and Liquors, best brands of Cigars, Fresh Fish, Game and Vegetables in season kept constantly on hand.

Private Saloons for families, and respectful attention guaranteed. Meals served to order.

Monroe, La., Oct., 4, 1882.

MONROE BAKERY,

DESIARD STREET,

ANDREW J. HERRING,

(Successor to H. Petzold,) Proprietor.

Families supplied with bread made of the best flour and by an experienced baker. Cakes of every kind kept for sale, or made to order.

FANCY GROCERIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS,

Fruits, Confections, &c.,

Kept in stock and will be sold at the lowest market price. June 4, 1880. 1y

JOHNING,

—DEALER IN—

FANCY AND FAMILY GROCERIES WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, MEATS, COFFEE, ETC.

DESIARD STREET,

MONROE, LA.

Just received a choice line of the goods above named, which will be sold at bottom figures for the money.

Thanking the public for the liberal patronage shown me in the past, I hope to receive a continuance of the same.

JOHN ING

Monroe, August 12, 882. 1

TRANSPORTATION.

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET TO VICKSBURG.

Leaves every SATURDAY, at 5 p m., for Vicksburg, Natchez, Davis's Bend and intermediate landings. The elegant steamer

J. M. WHITE,

J. W. TOBIN, Master; Curt Holmes, Clerk leaves as above, connecting at Vicksbug with Parisot's Line for all points on the Yazoo, Sunflower, Deer Creek and Tallahatchie.

G. P. WORK; BROCKETT & WAUNE,
JOHN A. WAUNE, R. W. ADAMS,
GEO. D. WHITE.

Through bills of lading signed to Monroe Trenton and all stations on the Vicksburg Shreveport and Texas railroad.

W. B. BROCKETT, Agent.
No. 38 Magazine street

THROUGH BAYOU BARTHOLOMEW PACKET.

FOR OUACHITA CITY, LIND GROVE, Point Pleasant, Trenton, Monroe, Columbia, Harrisonburg, Trinity, and all intermediate points on Bayou Bartholomew and the Ouachita river—The old reliable

10 STEAMER

L. V. Cooley, Master; Thos. Knee, Clerk, will leave as above. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

D. C. TROUSDALE,
Agent, Monroe, La.

VICKSBURG, SHREVEPORT & PACIFIC RAILROAD

Train leaves Monroe.....5.00 a. m.
" arrives at Waverly.....8.05 a. m.

RETURNING.

" leaves Waverly.....2.35 p. m.
" arrives at Monroe.....6.00 p.m.

Monroe and Shreveport stages connect daily for Shreveport.

Daily (Sunday excepted) stage line from Monroe to Bastrop, La., and Hamburg, Ark.

Daily (Sundays excepted) stage line to Farmerville, La., and Camden, Ark.

Connects with Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad at Vicksburg for New Orleans and all points North and East, and with Mississippi river steamers at Delta.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

Succession of W. W. FARMER, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the Succession of W. W. Farmer, deceased, to make themselves known and to present an account of their respective claims and the titles by which they are established.

WM. A. COLLINS,
Testamentary Executor.

TALBOT STILLMAN, Attorney.
April 27, 1883.

J. E. PETERS,

DEALER IN

FURNITURE & WINDOW SHADES,

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, WAGONS AND VELOCIPEDES.

COFFINS AND COFFIN TRIMMINGS

METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Services of Undertaker and preserving dead bodies with embalming fluids furnished if desired. All orders promptly attended to. Terms, reasonable.

Store on Grand street, near the Courthouse.

J. E. PETERS.

Monroe, La., March 18, 1878. n26-tf

OFFICE SALOON,

GRAND STREET, MONROE, LA.

[Established 1867.]

The Proprietor assures his many friends and customers that he will constantly keep on hand the finest and best brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

All of which will be served with promptness and politeness.

A. J. KELLER, Proprietor.

January 1, 1879.

BOARDING.

ENNEMOSER'S

(FORMERLY MONROE HOUSE)

JULIOUS ENNEMOSER, Prop'R.

This House is now open for the reception of the traveling public. Favorable arrangements can be made for board by the week or month. January 1, 1882 1y

OUACHITA HOUSE,

DESIARD STREET,

MONROE, LA.

Convenient to railroad depot and steamboat landing, and provided with superior accomodations, is now open to the traveling public. ☞Sample Room for Commercial travelers. D. B. TROUSDALE,

Feb. 27, 1880. Proprietor.

SAM KUHN,

Will pay the highest cash prices for

HIDES, WOOL,
FURS, BEES-WAX
AND TALLOW.

Call and see him.

Monroe, La., January 20, 1883.

GRAIN AND FEED STORE.

No. 27 DeSiard and No. 12 St. Ann streets,

MONROE, LOUISIANA.

MRS. S. BURGIN, Proprietor:
J. H. McCORMICK, Manager.

Having bought in person, for SPOT CASH, a full stock of Grain and Feed, I am now prepared to sell for cash at lower prices than has ever been done in this market. For all job lots, SPECIAL prices will be made.

Field Seeds made a Specialty.

J. H. McCORMICK,
Manager

Monroe, February 1, 1883.