[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Alabama has introduced a [illegible] in the Senate to [illegible] of Brazil.

[illegible] to Mr. [illegible] other than a great man [illegible] evoked the criticisms that [illegible] at him, alive and dead.

[illegible] of the congressmen who lost [illegible] salaries by the Silcott [illegible] want to pass an appropriation bill to reimburse themselves but [illegible] of Indiana rises to object.

New York Star: What do the people [illegible] of the prospect of an administration of Federal election laws [illegible] after the [illegible] of the Indiana [illegible] the Dudley "blocks-of-five" letter? What chance would an opposition party have of electing a Congressman in a district dominated and corrupted by officials of the stripe of Dudley and [illegible]? Keep both [illegible] funds and [illegible] away from our polls.

Victor Hugo once asked Dom Pedro what countries in Europe struck him as being the happiest. "Switzerland, France and Scotland." "And what reason do you assign for this?" "The fact that Switzerland is an old republic, that France has accomplished a Republican evolution, and that Scotland has a Republican form of church government. The church has given a moral strength to Scotland which is unique, and her climate has imposed hardy habits on the Scotch people."

Nashville American: The Chicago Inter-Ocean is shocked beyond measure because Southern newspapers have declared that George W. Cable, having seen fit to place himself upon a social level with negroes, cannot hope to be respected by Southern whites. The Inter-Ocean regards such expressions as violent exhibitions of prejudice against the negro and almost equal in heinousness to the crime of shooting or bulldozing the colored voters. Yet we venture the assertion that the esteemed editor of the Inter Ocean would prefer to be caught by the police in the worst gambling hell in Chicago than be seen by an acquaintance tripping the light fantastic with a dusky damsel.

The Atlanta Journal makes this touching and beautiful simile: When the great Theban, Epaminondas, was dying the soldiers of the invincible phalanx thronged about him and expressed their regret that he left no children for Thebes to guard and love. "Yes," said the dying hero, "I leave two fair daughters—Leuctra and Mantinea." On those fields he had defeated Sparta. Our hero leaves us not only Monterey and Beuna Vista, not only Manassas and Fredericksburg; he leaves us his wife and child. The honor that Thebes longed for is given to the South—the honor of protecting the loved ones our hero leaves with us as hostages to his memory.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The participation of Capt. Gray of a Grand Army post in New Orleans, in the funeral services of the late Jefferson Davis, has caused a considerable hubbub among a certain class of Northern people who would find their occupation gone if sectional bitterness should die out. Speaking of these people the Philadelphia Times says: "When General Grant was buried, the whole country applauded the Confederate generals Johnston and Buckner for appearing as pallbearers, and there is not a Northern or Southern soldiers' organization that does not decorate the graves of the blue and the gray within their reach on Decoration day, but the country is yet full of senseless wranglers in and out of soldiers' organizations who were so pungently described by General Grant as those who did not warm up to the war until after its bloody battles were fought." This is about as severe a rebuke as the Northern fire-eaters ever received.

[illegible] of Indiana for the National Republican ticket headed by Benj. Harrison, elected President of the United States by the peculiar methods of Dudley. Mr. Harrison assumes the role of religious hypocrite, says "the Lord did it" and refuses to meet Dudley publicly, while shielding him from punishment by the whole power of his administration. Was there ever a more disgusting exhibition of hypocrisy? Only a few days ago Dudley went to Indiana and notwithstanding a warrant was issued for his arrest he went his way unmolested and it is asserted that the U. S. District Attorney instructed the marshal not to serve the warrant. Dudley even visited the courtroom while the court was in session and Judge Woods suspended business and descended from the bench to speak to and converse with the briber! Will any one believe for a moment that Dudley went to Indiana without a guarantee of immunity from molestation? The charge is openly made at any rate that the U. S. District Attorney had instructions from Washington to see that the noble patriot was not treated to the humiliation of an arrest.

Now ain't this a nice spectacle, the saintly President of the United States not only condoning one of the greatest crimes of the age but actually using his high office to protect the criminal from punishment? And this same pious hypocrite has the audacity to talk about election frauds in the South.

THE DAVIS LAND COMPANY.

As is now well known this company was organized for the purpose of raising funds to pay off an indebtedness of something like $5,000 on the estate of the late Mr. Jefferson Davis and for the further purpose of putting his family beyond the reach of want. The plan was devised while Mr. Davis was yet alive and met his full sanction. Since his death there has been a patriotic outburst on the part of those who followed the Lost Cause to attest their high appreciation, love and veneration for their great leader by contributing to the relief of his family, but knowing the aversion of Mrs. Davis to receiving anything as a gift or donation the land company plan has been adopted as the means of making these contributions. Mr. Davis owned about 6000 acres of land in Arkansas and this stock company has been formed for the purpose of purchasing the land, the whole amount, without the deduction of one cent to go to Mrs. Davis. The stock is placed at $10 per share and subscription books are placed at convenient places for all those who desire to do so to subscribe. Certificates of stock will be issued. There will be no soliciting done for the fund, it being desired that every subscription be absolutely voluntary. One of these subscription books has been placed at the insurance office of Mr. J. W. Woodland on Grand street who will receive and receipt for all subscriptions.

SOUTHERN PROGRESS.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record, the South's great industrial journal, contained, last Thursday an exhaustive review of the progress of the South in which the following statements were made:

With the rapid progress now being made in the development of all of these resources, the South is entering upon a period of prosperity greater than any part of this country has ever yet enjoyed. The conditions for this are far more favorable than in the West during the period of the most rapid growth of that region, and this prosperity being free from fictitious inflation will be permanent.

The losses entailed upon the South by the war are estimated at over $5,000,000,000, or double the total amount of capital invested in manufactures in the United States in 1888.

Since '65 over $7,800,000,000 have been drawn to the South to pay for cotton and the value of cotton exported to Europe during that period has been $5,160,000,000. Heretofore the bulk of money received for cotton has gone North and West to pay for home and farm supplies, but now the South is raising its own corn and bacon, and largely produces the manufactured goods required for home consumption. In this change there is a revolution in the currents of business. Added to the one or two hundred millions of dollars of cotton money that have for twenty-five years annually gone North, but which will now remain in the South, will be an equal or possibly a greater amount brought to the South to pay for the iron, the lumber and the cotton goods which are now being shipped North; the millions which will come to pay for mineral and timber [illegible] have been organized in the South. * * * The railroad mileage of the South has been increased by the addition of nearly 21,000 miles since 1880. Since that year over $800,000,000 have been spent in the building of new roads and improving old ones. The assessed value of property has increased over $1,000,000,000, and the true valuation over $3,000,000,000. In 1880 the South made 397,301 tons of pig iron and in 1888 1,132,000.

The Church and Lottery.

The Methodist conference passed the accompanying resolutions on Wednesday last, at their session in Baton Rouge:

Rev. Joel T. Daves presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted, and on motion the secular press of the State was respectfully asked to publish it:

Whereas, the Louisiana State lottery is a recognized and permitted evil—a reproach to our honor as a State, and deceiving directly and indirectly multiplied thousands of our people throughout the Union, and

Whereas, it was conceived in sin and brought forth in iniquity, and has thus long prolonged its life and course of evil by shameful and almost open bribery; and

Whereas, it is now seeking a new lease of life, by and through the same means—a monstrosity of corruption offering to buy its power to perpetuate its cause of evil— seeking a higher plain of evil; and

Whereas, it is the opinion of members of the present Legislature and thousands of good men throughout the State that the only practical way to [illegible] fostering and perpetuating [illegible] cause of corruption and sin, to State and people, is an organized and determined moral and religious sentiment of the church of God throughout the State; therefore, be it

Resolved, that we, as a conference, for ourselves in our personal relations, and for thousands of the best and best men and women of our State whom we represent, utter our solemn protest against this monster evil—an evil so great that it cannot be measured—so awful that it cannot be named.

Second, that we most earnestly urge our State representatives—members of Senate and House of Representatives—to do all in their power to crush out this shame and reproach to our State.

Third, that as members of this conference we will never knowingly cast a vote for the election of any man to any State office or to membership in the Legislature, who is anywise in sympathy with or under the influence of the Louisiana State lottery.

Signed: JOEL T. DAVES,
JOHN PIPES,
B. F. ALEXANDER,
R. PARVIN,
S. S. KEENER,
B. CARRADINE,
U. T. BLACKSHEAR,
B. O. L. BAYNE,
T. C. STANDIFER.

Last Sunday week, while in Monroe the writer was told by Dr. Brewer, of the firm of Bailie & Brewer, that he had never known business so dull before in that city. This is certainly strange, since business is as good as usual here for this season of the year. We can give no cogent reason for the dull times in Monroe, unless it be that the railroads are killing the town.—*Morehouse Clarion.*

If railroads "are killing the town" Bastrop had better take warning and steer clear of railroads. Monroe prefers taking the chances of being "killed deader" by them, however. But that is not the reason, if the statement of Dr. Brewer be true, which we doubt. The apparent falling off in business is due to the many new business firms and the consequent dividing up of the business. Another reason is found in the unparalelled warm weather lingering in the lap of winter. This materially lessens the sale of winter goods.

The Mealey murderers, Gibson and Claire were denied a new trial by the Supreme Court, and now after the lapse of two years since the murder they will have to begin a life inprisonment in the penitentiary as an atonement for their crime. The decision is universally commended.

It Knocks Out Malaria.

Kilrain may knock out Sullivan if he wishes, but that has nothing to do with the malaria which "grows wild" in some of the swampy regions of the South. A man who has been there, writes:

"GREENVILLE, S. C.

Gentlemen—Having used Dr. Westmoreland's Calisaya Tonic since 1883, I cheerfully recommend it to those suffering from loss of appetite and dyspepsia; also as a preventive of malaria, having used one dozen bottles in Florida during the months of September, October and November, 1884.

J. C. BOOZER."

If you don't want to have malaria, then buy a bottle of Dr. Westmoreland's Calisaya Tonic for 50 cents and $1. For sale by Bailie & Brewer, Monroe, and G. B. Haynes, West Monroe.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—(Special to Picayune.)—Mr. [illegible] of Mississippi was reading Mr. [illegible]' brief this afternoon, and said respecting his own election contest and the Southern election contests generally substantially what follows:

"I see he has his speech all here. No, I am not uneasy. I think they will only determine the matter in accordance with right and justice. The committee has organized, and I understand it is proposed to begin work about the first week after the Christmas recess. It is the intention to report early on the Southern cases and to bring up those first those that they think give the strongest grounds for action. As to the Breckinridge case yesterday, I do not regard the speaker's course as establishing a precedent, but it is clear that the course that will be pursued is such as will be for their advantage in all these seventeen cases."

Mr. Boatner thinks that an extreme line of policy would be for Democratic advantage since the country would not permit it to be carried out and the reaction from the effort to do so would overthrow the Republicans, as it did in 1884.

"We have got the ammunition," he said. "I, myself, from memory alone, without the aid of a document or a newspaper file, could produce evidence that would down the Republican regime in Louisiana, and the men who composed that regime are the same men that run things there now."

It is likely that the house committee on elections will take up first the cases from the north and West Virginia and leave for the last the contests from the south, over which the main battle will be fought. Most of the contestants are on the ground, especially those from Mississippi.

There is no contest in Louisiana that will amount to anything. Mr. Price was asked recently by a congressman here who had been his opponent in the late election in the Third [illegible] District. He replied that it was Hon. H. G. Minor, one of the best men in the state. He said: "Mr. Minor is a southern gentleman of high character, social position and wealth, and personally one of the cleverest and most genial gentlemen that can be found."

For choice family and fancy groceries go to [illegible]

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Dr. A. B. Sholars drug store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

Try the new extract, "Original 15," Sold only by Bailie & Brewer.

Jefferson Davis' Will Opened for Probate --The Provisions of the Testament.

MISSISSIPPI CITY, Dec. 17.—The will of the late Jefferson Davis was filed for probate to-day in the clerk's office of Harrison County. Following is a copy of the document:

"I, Jefferson Davis, of the county of Harrison and State of Mississippi, being of sound and disposing mind, but of such advanced age as to suggest a near approach of death, do make this my last will and testament, written with my own hand and signed in the presence of three competent witnesses.

First—I give and bequeath to my wife, Varina Davis, all my personal belongings, including library, furniture, correspondence and the Briarfields plantation (proper), with all its appurtenances, being and situated in the county of Warren, state of Mississippi, and being the same on which we lived and toiled together for many years from the time of our marriage.

Second—I give and bequeath to Mary Routh Ellis of Philadelphia, Pa., all of my right, title and interest in and to the "Elliston" plantation, being and situated in the parish of Tensas, state of Louisiana, the same being the place on which her father resided.

Third—I give and bequeath to Mary Ridgely Dorsey, eldest daughter of William H. G. Dorsey of Howard county, Maryland, all of my right, title and interest in and to the Limerick plantation, being and situated in the parish of Tensas, state of Louisiana, viz: the interest in and to so much of said plantation as was the property of the late Mrs. Sarah A. Dorsey.

Fourth—I give and bequeath to my daughter Varina Anne Davis all the other property, real, personal and mixed, which was inherited by me from Mrs. Sarah A. Dorsey, deceased, and of which I may die seized and possessed.

Fifth—To my wife, Varina Davis, and to my daughters, Margaret Davis Hayes and Varina Anne Davis, as residuary legatees, I give and bequeath all the property—real, personal and mixed— of which I may die seized and possessed, and which has not been disposed of by the preceding articles.

Sixth—I appoint my tried and true friend, Jacob U. Payne, of New Orleans, La., and my son-in-law, J. Addison Hayes, Jr., of Memphis, Tenn., executors of this my last will and testament, they to serve without [illegible], and to have immediate seizure and possession of all my property contemporaneously with the happening of my death, and to each I delegate the power to select and appoint his successor, to take effect in the contingency of the death of either, before the affairs of the estate have been finally settled.

In testimony whereof this will, written [illegible]

JEFFERSON DAVIS.
Saturday, 20th February, 886.

On this Saturday, the twentieth day of February, A. D., one thousand, eight hundred and eighty-six, the above named Jefferson Davis signed and sealed this instrument, and published and delivered the same as and for his last will, and we in his presence and at his request and in the presence of each other, [illegible] subscribed our names [illegible]

Witnesses: [illegible] Foster, A. Evans, Frank Kenn[illegible].

More serious sickness is produced by allowing the bowels to remain in a torpid or a partially constipated condition than from any other cause. In many instances diseases are produced from which people never wholly recover. Dyspepsia, piles and nervous disorders are three of the most common and most serious. They are caused by neglecting the bowels and can be prevented by an occasional dose of St. Patrick's Pills, which always produce a pleasant cathartic effect, and not only physic, but cleanse the whole system and regulate the liver and bowels. 25 cents per box. For sale by Bailie & Brewer.

Shielding Blocks-of-Five Dudley.

[Chicago Herald.]

Dudley, the author of the voters-in-blocks-of-five conspiracy which carried Indiana for Harrison, has returned to that state for the first time since the discovery of his connection with that stupendous fraud. Threats were made at the time of his exposure that he would be arrested by the Indiana authorities if he ever came within their jurisdiction. He is now at Indianapolis to demonstrate, as he says, his safety from arrest by putting himself in their reach. The demonstration has been perfectly satisfactory to Dudley. No man in Indiana is safer from the law at this moment than the blocks-of-five worker.

Though his arrest on his arrival at Indianapolis was demanded upon the affidavit of a prominent and trustworthy citizen testifying to the facts of his guilt, he was not interfered with. Instead of being treated as the offender that he [illegible] has been received with much cordiality by [illegible] political friends, and the federal judge has come down from the bench to take him by the hand. Dudley was in no danger of the law, and he knew it. The Indianapolis authorities were fixed from Washington. It was a mere waste of time for Mr. Lang to file an affidavit and demand a warrant for his arrest. A warrant would have been worthless, for the district attorney had received instructions not to proceed against Dudley in case it were issued.

The man at the white house who permits and aids the escape of this villain is the same person that is harping about ballot-box frauds in the South. The frauds even in the "Shoestring district" of Mississippi in its worst days were not so infamous as the frauds practiced at every precinct in Indiana at his own election last year. Yet, while profoundly moved by the irregularities in the South, he uses his power to shield and protect the author of the fraud in Indiana, where bribery was rife and the ballot-box corrupted to an extent never before known in politics. Are Benjamin Harrison's views of the ballot-box fraud affected by his personal interest in its result?

Very fine 4 button cutaway suits in black diagonal and other makes at $12.50, equally as good as has ever been sold for $18.00 and $20,00, at Cheap Joe's.

Good Advice.

The editor of the West Branch (Ia.) Record, gives his readers some good advice. "We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our family in cases of sudden colds and sore throat and find it all that is claimed for it. One bottle or less if taken according to directions will, we believe, effect a cure in an ordinary case and save the expense of large doctor bills. Especially do we recommend it in families where the children are threatened with croup, as it will afford immediate relief, if taken in time which can always be done if the medicine is kept on hand, as we are convinced it should be." For sale by Bailie & Brewer.

The greatest truths are the simplest. Cascarine is the greatest of all liver regulators; pleasant to take and guaranteed to cure.

For Sore Throat.

Saturate a flannel bandage with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the throat. It will cure any ordinary case in one night's time. Mr. W. B. Fuller, the leading merchant at Greencastle, Iowa, says: "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a good one. It cured me of a violent sore throat. I have sold a number of bottles for rheumatism and always with good results. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bailie & Brewer.

The largest and finest assortment of fireworks to be found in the city is to be found at Batte's drug store, both wholesale and retail. Country dealers would do well to examine and place their orders, which will receive careful and prompt attention.

We do not think the race problem can be solved by Northern pioneers. The South must solve that. It cannot be solved by colonizing the African elsewhere. It is practically solved by universal suffrage in the North, and it will be similarly solved at the South. Properly encouraged, the freedmen will become good citizens in the usual proportion of good and bad. The men of the South will have to solve that problem.—*Philadelphia North American.*

GIVEN AWAY.

An exquisite French Doll worth $15 and a music box with the chief of dudes worth $40, two of the handsomest presents ever brought to Monroe. Every 50 cents worth of holiday goods bought of Bailie & Brewer for cash will entitle [illegible] drawing of one of [illegible]

"Into each life some rain may fall—some days may be dark and dreary." Gloomy forebodings are often caused by a deranged liver; the best liver regulator is Cascarine.

[illegible] Epoch.

The transition from, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle at Dr. A. B. Sholars drugstore.

Nothing adds so much to a person's appearance as a fine thick head of hair of even color, and to assure this use only Hall's Hair Renewer.

For Only $1.50!

Good woolen children's suits, worth $2.50, at Cheap Joe's.

Old furniture made new, by using Bailie & Brewer's Furniture Polish.

MEDICINAL.

Indigest[illegible]

IS not only a distr[illegible] itself, but, by c[illegible] become depraved a[illegible] feebled, is the parent of [illegible] maladies. That Ayer's S[illegible] is the best cure for Indig[illegible], when complicated with Liv[illegible] is proved by the following [illegible] from Mrs. Joseph Lake, of B[illegible] Centre, Mich.:—

"Liver complaint and ind[illegible] made my life a burden and ca[illegible] ending my existence. For m[illegible] four years I suffered untold agony, [illegible] reduced almost to a skeleton, and ha[illegible] had strength to drag myself about. [illegible] kinds of food distressed me, and o[illegible] the most delicate could be digested [illegible] all. Within the time mentioned sever[illegible] physicians treated me without giving r[illegible] lief. Nothing that I took seemed to d[illegible] any permanent good until I commence[illegible] the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has produced wonderful results. Soon after commencing to take the Sarsaparilla I could see an improvement in my condition. My appetite began to return and with it came the ability to digest all the food taken, my strength improved each day, and after a few months of faithful attention to your directions, I found myself a well woman, able to attend to all household duties. The medicine has given me a new lease of life."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. J. M. WALTHALL,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
Monroe, La.
Office at Central House.

WM. KINNEY,
—DEALER IN—
ITALIAN, AMERICAN MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, TOMBS, TABLETS AND HEADSTONES,
WROUGHT-IRON FENCING AND ALL KINDS OF CEMETERY WORK.

Work first-class and at the most reasonable rates. Write for prices and designs.
KINNEY'S MARBLE WORKS,
Dec. 2, 89—1y. Shreveport, La.

SUCCESSION SALE.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF OUACHITA, FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.

SUCCESSION OF THOS. J. BROADWAY —DECEASED.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE to me directed bearing date 20th December, 1889, and issued by the honorable Fifth District Court, in and for the parish of Ouachita, La., I will, at the court house door in the city of Monroe, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd DAY OF JANUARY, 1890, within legal hours offer for sale at public auction, the following described property, viz:

Lots 1 and 2, and the N E ¼ of the N E ¼ Section 36, T 17, N R 3 E. The W ½ and the W ½ of the E ½ of Section 28, all of Section 29 except six acres in the N W ¼ of N W ¼. Sold heretofore unto W. Franklin, and all of Section 30 except 60 acres sold to W. Franklin, et al. under date of August 5th, 1879, the Copely church lot near the S W corner of 1st Section fronting 210feet on Township line, and running back 255 feet, and five acres near the N W corner of said section sold to James Smith. The N ½ of Section 31 (Thirty-one) and the N W ¼ of Section 32 in Township 17, N R 4 E, and containing alltogether Two Thousand, Two Hundred and Seventy-seven,76.100(2,277, 76.100) acres more or less. Also 1 set kitchen furniture, 2 bed room sets, 1 desk and 1 rocking chair.

Terms of sale, cash, with benefit of appraisement. W. T. THEOBALDS,
Dec. 20, 1889. Sheriff.

SUCCESSION SALE.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF OUACHITA, FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.

SUCCESSION OF THOS. J. BROADWAY —DECEASED.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE, to me directed, bearing date 27th November, 1889, and issued by the honorable Fifth District Court, in and for the parish of Ouachita, La., I will, on the Charleston plantation, five miles below Monroe, on THURSDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF JANUARY, 1890, within legal hours, offer for sale at public aution, the following described property, viz:

Two 2-horse wagons, one hay press, two hay rakes, four mowing machines, one harrow, two B. plows, one disk harrow, one road cart and harness, one set buggy harness, one blade rock, one grind stone, one churn, one half-keg 6d nails, one drawing knife, two augers, one chisel, one hay grab, one branding iron, one whetstone, one saw set, one hand axe, six rake fingers, one cross-cut saw, one cow bell, two saddles and bridles, one breech-loading shotgun, one shovel and spade, four hay forks, one log chain, six collars, three pads, one pair hames, two ox yokes, two single trees, one double tree, 115 tons hay more or less, one plane, one square, three yoke oxen, six cows and calves, two 3-year old, five 2-year old, three 1-year old.

Terms of sale, on 12 months credit with approved security.

W. T. THEOBALDS,
Dec. 20, 1889. Sheriff.