THE TIMES.

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THE TIMES COMPANY.
Richmond, Va.

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THE MANCHESTER CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS NOW GREATER THAN ALL THE OTHER RICHMOND PAPERS COMBINED.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY, AND IS STEADILY INCREASING.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1891.

SIX PAGES.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Sherman Fountain sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.——The trustees of the Davis Shoe Company required to report to the court.——Charles R. Long's administratrix qualified——The Manchester fire company will disband unless the Council gives them assistance.——Governor Hill may not speak in Richmond.——The Richmond Ice-Machine Company met.——The Richmonds defeated the Washingtons.——Lee Camp met.

VIRGINIA.

The funeral of General W. H. F. Lee will take place to-day from his residence.——A destructive conflagration occurred in Roanoke yesterday.——The grist mill and store of Alfred Green, in Dinwiddie county, were destroyed by fire Thursday.——The suit of Greene against Woody was dismissed in Petersburg yesterday.——James Van Vranken has applied to Judge Hughes for a writ of habeas corpus.——Sydney T. Ellis was nominated for the Legislature by the Democrats of Nansemond county yesterday.——The report that George Dyer was lynched at Eastville Thursday is denied.——The West Virginia Knights of Pythias elected officers.——The right eye of Mrs. Amanda Dawson, of Lynchburg, inflamed by neuralgia, burst from its socket.——Nine car loads of Pulaski county cattle were shipped to Liverpool.——In Martinsville H. Taylor Brown got a verdict for $7,500 against the Danville and Western Railroad Company for injuries received.——Miss Katherine Lawrence Boyce and Mr. Robert Lee Jones were married in Clarke county.——An interesting session of the Synod of Virginia was held at Roanoke yesterday.——The West Virginia Editorial Association elected officers.——Miss Eva B. Carter and Mr. Robert T. Ravenel were married in Fauquier county.——Mr. Stephen George Donahoe, aged eighty-two, of Loudoun county, died.——Drawings of the Virginia Military Institute cadets are to be sent to the Raleigh Fair.——Mr. Henry Isseman and Miss Hotopp were married in Albemarle.

NEW YORK.

The rehabilitation of the Terminal Company is expected.——Pig iron is active.——Alexander McLeod Agnew, tobacconist, died.——Proceedings against John Hoey, late of the Adams Express Company, were begun.——The cruiser Boston is ready for her three years' cruise.——A burglar was caught on a wall by a cat-teaser.——The pardon of E. W. Clark and George Miller, sailors, is to be asked for.——Henry Rueter, aged twelve, turned burglar.——Bishop Loughlin, of Brooklyn, is ill.——Judge Henry Wilder Allen's funeral took place.——Rev. S. M. Hackins has been rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church for fifty two years.——Mayor Alfred C. Chapin, of Brooklyn, was nominated for Congress.

GENERAL.

The furious storm along the British coast continues with undiminished fury.——William Rose was hanged at Redwood Falls, Minn., yesterday.——Educational day and Wake Forest day was held at the North Carolina Exposition at Raleigh yesterday.——Dr. J. M. Pearsall died at Morganton, N. C., yesterday.——William O'Brien has produced a letter in reference to the Boulogne conferences, showing that he and Parnell parted as honorable opponents.——The whereabouts of J. M. Pendleton the defaulting manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company at Winston, N. C., has not been ascertained.——William Greer was shot and killed by his son in Wilkes county, N. C.——The Colored State Methodist Conference was in session at Winston, N. C., yesterday.——The North State, a Republican paper at Greensboro, will be removed to Raleigh.——A slight earthquake shock was felt in Tennessee Thursday.——The schooner Rebecca A. Taulane is reported lost with all on board on the New England coast.——Commodore Duncan Nathaniel Ingraham died at Charleston, S. C., yesterday.——Colonel Walter L. Steele, of Rockingham, N. C., died in Baltimore yesterday.——The topic of discussion at yesterday's session of the Ecumenical Conference at Washington was "Social Problems."

THE TIMES to-morrow will publish an exceedingly interesting "Leaf of Unwritten History," by Mr. William Pope Dabney, giving an account of the early efforts to abolish slavery in the State; also an article protesting against the change in the M. A. degree at the University, by Mr. W. F. Taylor, and "A Last Word About the Degree," by Mr. R. Heath Dabney. These, and a number of other special articles the usual fashion letter; the regular departments, religious and secular; editorial comments on live subjects; well selected miscellany, and the excellent telegraphic reports from all over the world form a table of contents never excelled by any newspaper in Richmond. Look out for Sunday's TIMES.

IF all the Western cities are so much dissatisfied with the Administration as is Indianapolis, the home of President Harrison and the capital of his State, and give as decided Democratic majorities as that city has just done, there need be no further concern about a second term.

IN the eleven years from 1880 to 1891 the number of spindles in the cotton-mills of the South has increased from 667,854 to 2,130,823. By a natural and steady movement the business of cotton manufacture gravitates toward the source of raw material.

THE Atlanta Constitution defines an independent in politics as one who is "independent of political principles and conviction." That seems to tell the whole story in a nutshell.

THE SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST.

The contest for the next speakership of the House of Representatives is waxing warm. The two gentlemen now being most prominently mentioned for that honor are Messrs. Crisp, of Georgia, and Mills, of Texas. Both of these have warm, personal adherents; both are capable representatives and earnest Democrats and both are thoroughly identified with the living issue before the country.

Mr. Crisp has the reputation of being one of the coolest, ablest and altogether best members of the body, having served in several Congresses and deservedly established himself in the estimation of his fellow-representatives. His valuable services in the great Force bill contest, which ended in the defeat of that most infamous of infamies, are well-known and acknowledged, and that he would make a satisfactory presiding officer of the popular House of Congress no one denies.

Mr. Mills has also undoubtedly been one of the foremost figures in the Federal legislation of the past few years. He may be regarded as the pioneer of tariff reform in the House, and has fully proven himself to be the peer of any man in the various sessions of the Federal legislature of which he has been a member. He has, in addition to his eminent services on the floor of the House, worked in season and out of season for the success of the Democratic party and the triumph of its principles; and he, too, if elected Speaker would make a dignified and able presiding officer, who would in every way reflect credit upon his country and his party.

While, therefore, either of these gentlemen would worthily fill the Speaker's chair and present a contrast to the arrogant, autocratic and unstatesmanlike administration of the office by Reed which would be so striking that it could not but impress the people most favorably with the difference between Republican partisanry and Democratic patriotism, still it is yet too soon for either to count with confidence upon success. For many reasons of policy it might be advisable for the Democratic majority to go West for a Speaker. The South must necessarily remain solidly Democratic since for it to become anything else would mean for it to be remanded to the demoralization, disorder and anarchy which characterized the days of reconstruction and Republican and carpet-bag rule. To gaining strength in the West, therefore, the Democratic party must bend its every energy so as to enable it the more readily to win victory one year hence. On this account it may be that the Democratic members of the Fifty-second Congress, when they meet in caucus to decide the speakership question, will conclude that, while amply recognizing the Democracy and signal ability of the Southern members, and while ready to fully reward their merit, still it might be better for all concerned to confer the coveted honor on some staunch, tried and true Western Democrat.

This is by no means an unlikely conclusion for the Democratic majority in the House to arrive at, for while sectionalism of itself should not be considered, it cannot be disputed that wise reasons of policy might dictate such action. And if the assembled wisdom of Democracy should agree that it would be best to concentrate upon a Western speaker, it is superfluous to say that none in the House would more heartily and sincerely acquiesce in the decision than the two whose names have so honorably and worthily been mentioned in that connection.

BEET SUGAR IN AUGUSTA.

A proposition has been made by a prominent capitalist of Chicago, who has large business interests in Staunton, to the farmers of Augusta, which, if accepted, will lead to an experiment that will be watched with very great interest by the people of the whole State. Mr. O. K. Lapham, the gentlemen referred to, announces that he will establish in Staunton a beet sugar factory provided that he is supplied by the Augusta farmers with a sufficient quantity of beets with which to begin and continue operations.

At least 1,500 acres of beets must be planted annually to insure the quantity that will be needed hereafter during the course of every twelve months. The supply, however, must be regular, and Mr. Lapham is unwilling to inaugurate so expensive a scheme without a guarantee that he will be protected from the fatal consequence of a beet famine.

Mr. Lapham estimates that it will cost not less than $50,000 to add the necessary appliances for sugar making to a large factory which he has already standing in Staunton, and which has hitherto been devoted exclusively to other purposes. Under ordinary circumstances to erect a sugar-making establishment would entail an outlay of $150,000. Mr. Lapham, however, is so situated that he can begin this new industry on a very large scale at a comparatively small cost, and the opportunity which he offers is, therefore, exceptional, and one which may not again be presented.

It would be a very severe reflection upon the farmers of Augusta if they should permit this opportunity to pass without utilizing it for the good, not only of their own county, but of the whole State whose interests are also directly involved.

THE TIMES has never failed to countenance every legitimate and practical scheme that has a tendency to diversify the agricultural interests of Virginia, believing as we do that in this diversification lies the only sound and permanent basis of agricultural prosperity. The scheme which Mr. Lapham proposes to inaugurate at his own risk, if he meets with the necessary degree of co-operation, is exactly consonant with what the agricultural welfare of the Commonwealth demands.

There seems to be excellent grounds for anticipating that this scheme if started under favorable auspices would be successful. Mr. Lapham could soon test the possibility of manufacturing sugar in this State as cheaply as it is being done in Kansas and Nebraska where there are now a number of factories engaged in making sugar from beets.

The consumption of sugar is rapidly increasing in every part of the globe. The annual proportion for each inhabitant of the United States alone is fifty-five pounds. Of the world's production of sugar in 1890, three-fifths, or 3,600,000 tons, was manufactured from beets. In 1860 the proportion was only 387,000 tons. The annual imports of sugar into the United States now aggregate 1,500,000 tons.

It will be seen from these figures that there is ample encouragement in the amount of beet sugar consumed in this country for the establishment of additional factories in the United States.

CONGRESSMAN MILLS made nineteen speeches for the Democracy of Ohio in nineteen days, after which he returned to his headquarters in Washington to take a much needed and well earned rest. He speaks in the most encouraging manner of the political outlook in the Buckeye State, and feels confident that Governor Campbell will be his own successor. It is most sincerely to be hoped that the Texas champion of tariff reform will prove a true prophet.

PENNSYLVANIA DEFAULTERS.

The action of Governor Pattison in calling together the Senate of Pennsylvania in extra session to consider the cases of the Auditor-General and State Treasurer is in accord with his whole course from the time of his first induction into public office. These officers are suspected on good grounds of having been deeply implicated in the defalcations of Bardsley, the treasurer of Philadelphia, whose duties also required him to make collections of the revenues due the State.

Regarding it as incumbent upon him as chief executive of Pennsylvania to bring every State officer, however remotely involved in that crime against the people to justice, Governor Pattison has taken the only step open to him to accomplish that end. In calling the Senate together he has transferred to that body the responsibility of thoroughly investigating the reports which are now doing so much damage to the characters of the two most important financial officers under the State government.

Will the Senate perform its duty? Being a Republican body and the men to be prosecuted being leading Republicans, it may well be supposed that the task imposed upon them is not a congenial one. That it will be shirked, if possible, is not open to the slightest doubt, but a chief executive stands behind them who will watch their proceedings with the closest attention, and who will sternly rebuke the first indication of an intention to ignore what the people anxiously expect of them.

The two officers to be prosecuted have taken the position that it is not in the scope of the Senate's jurisdiction to try them for their supposed malfeasance in the management of the duties of their offices. They also deny the right of the Governor to call the extra session. All the chances are that the Senate will, after a calculated delay, admit the force of this answer, and recommend the dismissal of the cases.

It will not do, in their private opinion, for two Republican officials of such high rank to be tried in an assembly, all of whose acts are followed so attentively by the people of Pennsylvania. An examination of these charges would be far less notorious if carried on in a court of justice and, therefore, much less calculated to make a deep impression on the popular sentiment of Pennsylvania. This is not the time when any matter should be dragged before the public that seems at all likely to create a still greater defection in the ranks of the State Republican party.

This will be the manner in which the Republican members of the Senate of Pennsylvania will argue to themselves, and they will show political shrewdness in doing so, but, fortunately for the interests of the people, there is a man occupying the Governor's chair who believes that a public office is a public trust, and for any breach of that trust the party so guilty should be punished to the fullest extent of the law.

THE NEGRO IN OKLAHOMA.

The New York Commercial-Advertiser is not inclined to think that Oklahoma is in any danger of becoming a negro commonwealth, in spite of the well-laid scheme of a negro named McCabe, who is anxious to be elected to the United States Senate when the Territory is converted into a State. McCabe is now energetically employed in promoting the immigration of Southern negroes with the view of bringing about a great numerical preponderance in favor of the colored voters.

"If Oklahoma," remarks the Advertiser, "is to be captured by negroes it must be from one of two causes: either Oklahoma is not attractive enough to induce white population, or the blacks are more industrious, more enterprising and more successful than the whites.

"Neither proposition is thinkable. For if Oklahoma is not a good enough place for the white man, the negro will not be prosperous enough there to remain. And if it is worth striving for, history tells which race will get the best of the competition.

"Moreover, even granting that the negroes might gain a majority in the Territory, it does not follow that decay and degradation would be the necessary result. Isolated in Liberia and Hayti the negro has not advanced in the scale of civilization, but in Oklahoma he could not isolate himself. He would be surrounded by the best people in the world. He is an imitator essentially; he would imitate some of the good features of his neighbors' civilization as well as the bad."

This is all very well in theory. The misfortune for Oklahoma would be that if the negroes could really maintain their supremacy the whites would probably abandon the Territory, but in case they did not withdraw there would be a constant friction between the two races, leading to broils that could not fail to exercise an injurious influence on the fortunes of the new community.

THE State Fair Gazette, a journal published under the auspices of the Virginia Agricultural Society, has been received at this office. It is edited by Mr. Peter J. Burton, one of the "old boys" of the Richmond press, whose reputation as a writer has long since been established. The Gazette will no doubt do invaluable work in advertising the Fair and making known the great benefit it will be to the agriculturists of the State, as well as to all other classes of our population. In his salutatory the editor says:

"A royal welcome awaits all who will visit the fair. Richmond is the citadel of business honesty and old time hospitality. Up from all its entanglements the Agricultural Society lifts its head proudly and invites everybody to the fair. There is much to be seen here. It will be hard work so get anything like a survey of the historical sights, the romantic surroundings, interesting objects and notable localities in the four days that the fair will last, to say nothing of the grand exhibits that will be sent to the fair from various quarters of the Union as well as from Virginia.

"There are no waste places in Richmond. Brave business men have banished them by bending their energies to the task of making them bloom and give to the world indisputable spirit and activity in trade.

"Then come to the fair and be happy."

THE Cherokee Nation has developed a remarkable and interesting character in the person of Mrs. Stella Christian. It is stated that she was a brave soldier in the Confederate army during the war. She donned male attire, engaged under General McIntosh, commanding the Arkansas division of the Confederate forces, and made a courageous soldier. She was wounded at the battle of Elk Horn Tavern, and her sex being then discovered she was then dismissed from the service. Later in the war she served for one year under General Marmaduke. Subsequently she married an Arkansas farmer, and is now the mother of nine thriving boys. She is evidently a thoroughbred, and her sons will no doubt make their marks. With such a mother they could not well help it.

Major Ginter's Return.

Major Lewis Ginter returned to the city yesterday after an extended tour in Europe. He went at once to Westbrook, his country seat in Henrico county, where a number of his friends visited him during the afternoon and evening.

The parable of the Prodigal Son will be beautifully illustrated and expounded at Old Market Hall to-morrow night at 8 o'clock. Rev. Adam Chambers, the preacher, has drawn and moved large audiences in Richmond and in other large cities, both in this country and in England.

JUSTICE JOHN'S COURT.

An Army Comrade Wanted Sergeant Thomas to Pay Back a Loan.

The lawyers' seats in the police court yesterday were as vacant as the rear pews in a Wednesday night prayer meeting, and the audience was as small as the attendance upon a funeral on a rainy afternoon, but Justice was there in full regalia, scales, flowing robes and all.

Mollie Winston was charged with unlawfully moving and secreting one lounge, one clock, bureau, carpet and a list of innumerable other things that make home happy. Mollie was indebted slightly to a real estate man for the occupancy of a mansion in which she recently made her abode. The furniture was distrained upon, but the officers did not maintain possession, and while they slumbered and slept Mollie picked up her bed, with the various other home comforts, and walked. The Judge held her guiltless and dismissed the case.

James H. B. Tate (white) is from Louisa county and was a soldier in the late war. He is a man of wonderful traits, and for memory he has no equal on the face of the earth. James was raised in the county where hens lay every single day, and from his youth up he has been fond of eggs. Now eggs come high; they have disappeared from the free lunch counter like straw hats from the heads of the pedestrians, still James' soul panted for eggs like the hart for the water-brook. Mr. P. L. Palmore had eggs and to spare, so James, in a fit of fondness for his favorite food, forgot the divine command and surreptitiously appropriated unto himself the fruits of the henery which Mr. Palmore owned. He was sent up for sixty days.

As James stood in the dock his mind seemed to take a swing around the circle of his youth, and after a moment's pause he spoke to Sergeant Thomas and said "I want you to pay me the $5 I loaned you in 1862, and I want it right now." When they were together in the army at Fort Donelson James got $15 from the pocket of a Blue Jacket who was left upon the field. None of those soldiers had seen "greenbacks" at that time, and as a curiosity James distributed it. Sergeant Thomas was given $5 as a memento, and yesterday, after nearly thirty years, he was asked to return it. This sort of money should be cultivated, and possibly would be but for the fact that borrowers are in the majority, and to them such a long drawn-out money is unpopular.

Rowlett Brooks was charged with breaking into a car of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company with intent to commit a larceny. The car contained Belgian blocks of stone, and Brooks was given twelve months in jail. The idea of a man breaking into a car loaded with blocks of stone, weighing each possibly twenty-five pounds, filling his vest pockets with this treasured freight, putting a few blocks under his arm and then filling his hat with these rare morsels to bestow upon his hungry family. It is theft, and the railroads should be protected, and thanks to the eternal vigilance of the officers, Brooks is now placed where he cannot indulge his epicurean tastes for luxuries, but will be compelled to submit to the common fare of convicts.

Robert L. Gibson, Eliza Dodson, Thomas Carter and Mary H. Parker all paid the penalty for being drunk.

John Crump was fined $2.50 for creating a disturbance in the house of W. H. Johnson, both colored.

William Brown, colored, was sent on to the hustings court on the charge of stealing a watch valued at $100 from F. M. J. Morrisey.

Herman Marshaufke was fined $10 for being drunk and disorderly, and $5 for assaulting A. Hall in Dan Murphy's saloon.

Henry Graham paid $2.50 for assaulting Royal Racks, Jr., with a stick.

Andrew Fields was fined $2.50 for playing craps in the yard of Roland Williams.

The following judgments were rendered from the civil docket: B. J. Hughes in favor Charles H. Page, $8; Willie Duke in favor George E. Riley, $22.35; A. P. Shield in favor Stokes & Dunn, $24; I. Fein in favor Dr. J. C. Deaton, $5; W. H. Fore in favor J. M. Whitlock, $47; Laura White in favor John T. Powers, $13; L. Lewis in favor of Harwood Bros. & Co., $5.40; P. S. Vaiden in favor Henry Cohen, $5.50; Henry Jones in favor M. A. V. Powers, $15; David Anderson in favor same, $9.23; Sol. Kaufman in favor same, $12.80; Julius Meyer & Son in favor Enterprise Shirt Manufacturing Company, $5.25.

Chancery Court.—Judge Leake yesterday entered a decree in the case of the Asiatic National Bank against the Davis Shoe Company and others by which orders that the trustees of the Davis Shoe Company shall forthwith report to the Court the terms and conditions of the sale of the Virginia property of the company, the names of the purchasers and a full inventory and appraisement of the property sold. Also all the circumstances attending the sale and the reasons for making the same.

The trustees are also ordered to deposit in the State Bank of Virginia to the credit of the court in this suit the proceeds of the sale and return a certificate to the court. The trustees shall also deposit in the State Bank the net proceeds of the sale of any of the goods of the Davis Shoe Company on hand in Virginia at the time of the institution of this suit, or which have been manufactured in Virginia and sold since that time, making the deposit as soon as practicable. They shall also report at once all their sales, receipts and disbursements in the Virginia business from the period covered by their last report down to the present time.

The trustees shall also make a full report upon the present condition of the $85,965.45 of choses in action which arose from the Virginia business and were in existence when the trustees entered upon the administration of the trust.

Mrs. Ida V. Long, widow of Charles R. Long, who was killed by an electric car in Manchester several days ago, qualified yesterday as administratrix of his estate.

City Circuit Court.—The following suits were instituted yesterday:

The Powers-Taylor Drug Company against C. J. Loth, Jr. Debt for $288.83.

S. Blanchard against Porch & McFarland. Case. Damages $500.

The Bishop is Ill.

The Southern Churchman of this week says: "The bishop of the diocese, taking no holiday this summer, is now in bed with the worse attack of eczema he ever had. Weakened thereby and knowing but little rest day or night. 'Pain bearable,' said this sufferer once, 'but itching unbearable.' We hope for better accounts after awhile.

"Since writing the above the bishop is somewhat better, but his physician tells us, even if everything goes on well, he will not be out of bed for a week, and he has advised him to give up all work until March 1st. In the meanwhile (this of our motion) let no one write to the bishop, not even a postal, nay not a line. He needs quiet, and letters do not tend to quietness."

The Noonday Service.

Rev. A. E. Cole preached in the Mission tent to an attentive audience of men from the Chesapeake and Ohio shops yesterday at noon. By unanimous vote of the large number present it was decided to continue the noontide meetings in the tent another week. Rev. S. C. Clopton will preach there to-day. There will be no service there to-night, but on Sunday there will be services at 3 and at 7.45 P. M.

Entries to Close.

Parties desiring to compete for premiums at the Virginia State Fair have only three days more in which to make entries of articles or animals. Entries close on October 20th.

The $100 purse offered by the Virginia State Agricultural and Mechanical Society for free-for-all trotters, which was postponed on the 10th, will close to-day at 6 P. M.

The International Lesson.

The meeting of Sunday-school teachers at the Young Men's Christian Association for the study of the international lesson will convene at 4:30 this afternoon instead of at 5 o'clock, as heretofore. Professor C. H. Winston will be the leader.

Methodist Sunday-Schools.

The regular meeting of the Methodist Sunday-School Society of Richmond and Manchester will be held at Trinity church to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Bishop Fitzgerald of California and Dr. W. P. Palmore of St. Louis.

Convicted of Murder.

The trial of Sherman Fountain on the charge of killing James Couch (both colored), which began on Thursday, was ended yesterday. After an able argument by Hon. George D. Wise and Mr. R. R. Fauntleroy for the defense, and Commonwealth's-Attorney H. W. Smith, Jr., for the prosecution, the case was given to the jury at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Half an hour later the jury took a recess for dinner, and at 4:30 P. M. the court was reconvened. About 5 o'clock the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree and found that he should be sent to the penitentiary for five years.

After the adjournment of the court Fountain was taken back to the jail to be sentenced next Monday.

"MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING."

Miss Julia Marlowe Graced the Stage of the Theatre Last Night.

Last evening at the Theatre Miss Julia Marlowe appeared in one of the most delightful of the lighter Shakespearian comedies, "Much Ado About Nothing."

The well-earned reputation of this attractive young actress attracted to the house a large and fashionable audience, who gave the actress and the play a cordial reception.

Miss Marlowe made a charming Lady Beatrice. Graceful, pretty and interesting, she is all that Beatrice should be, and captivated her audience. Some of her scenes with Benedick were unmistakably fine readings, and her conception of the part is most intelligent and artistic.

Mr. Robert Taber played the opposite part to Miss Marlowe, and made a manly Benedick, while Mr. Hanford, as Don Pedro, and Mr. Stuart, as Claudio, supported the principals excellently.

The humor of the comedy was given by Mr. H. A. Weaver, Sr., as Dogberry, and Mr. Lawrence as Verges.

The entire performance was of the first order—one that would be favorably received anywhere and by any audience with applause and approval.

This afternoon at the matinee there will be a double bill—"Lesson in Love" and "Pygmalion and Galatea"—and this evening Miss Marlowe will end her engagement with "Cymbeline."

ICE MACHINE COMPANY.

Only a Moderate Amount of Additional Assets Required for Reorganization.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond Ice Machine Company, held yesterday, it was unanimously determined that an effort should be made to settle the company's debts and resume business.

The reports of the officers as well as the statement of assets and liabilities made up by the receiver were before the meeting and showed that the company was not in very bad financial condition and that only a moderate amount of additional capital was needed to put it on a fine financial basis. This the stockholders determined to raise by subscription to additional stock.

Between $6,000 and $7,000 was immediately subscribed by stockholders present, and a committee of five was appointed to suggest and carry out a scheme of reorganization.

The meeting adjourned to the 27th October at 12 M.

Property Transfers.

City of Richmond.—John Finke to Daniella E., wife of H. J. Moore, 30 feet on north side Leigh street near Judah, $1,500.

F. W. Hannewinckel to St. James Protestant Episcopal church's trustees, 42 feet on south side Grace street near Jefferson, $13,000.

C. S. Johnston's trustee to Thomas Potts, J. Parker Dashiell and D. M. Currie, 27 feet on west side Twenty-ninth street between O and P, $1,300.

John W. Robinson to Sarah Cousins, interest in 31½ feet on Leigh street, southeast corner Graham, $150.

Henrico County.—E. A. Catlin and Thomas D. Newell to George A. Summers, lot 91, Robin Park, $100.

Same to Allen G. Shephard, lot 39, Robin Park, $100.

Same to D. J. Lear, lot 12, Robin Park, $100.

Same to W. H. Bailey, lot 71, Robin Park, $100.

Same to E. H. Atkinson, lot 82, Robin Park, $100.

Frances B. Chewning to George H. and Frank S. Chewning, 29 86-100 acres on Craigton road.

Martha A. Deitrick and Claudin J. Coates to Willie Belle Sutton, 200 acres on Deep-Run creek and Quioccasin road, $10.

Martha E. Hechler to B. A. Brauer, 29 64-100 acres on Craigton road, $2,004.

W. J. Loth to Maria Rust, interest in tract of land on Roseneath road, $1,000.

Starkie Robinson to Henry L. Delouze and Frank H. Walton, 87 4-5 feet on south side of Grove avenue, corner West, running back to Floyd street, $700.

W. E. Sebree to James C. Mitchell, lots 1 to 20, inclusive, in Sebree's addition, $700.

Official Health Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 12 o'clock yesterday four new cases of diphtheria have been reported. They are as follows:

Sadie Owens (colored), 519 Prentiss street; seven years old.

Lillian R. Kendrick (white), 1002 west Broad street; six years.

Lizzie Hare (white), 413 north Twenty-sixth street; three years.

Henry Berry (white), 13 north Twenty-third; twenty-five years old.

No deaths from the disease reported for the past twenty-four hours.

W. T. OPPENHIMER, M. D.,
President of the Board of Health.

Masonic Matters.

There is a movement on foot to have a library day at the Masonic Orphans' Home. A library has been started there, and it is was known that on a certain day in each month friends of the institution would be expected to call and bring books it would soon be filled.

Libertas Lodge, No. 5, A. and A. S. Rite, Rev. Hartley Carmichael, venerable master, holds its regular monthly meeting next Monday night. The fourth and fifth degrees will then be conferred.

St. John's Lodge, No. 36, A. Witte, W. M., held an interesting meeting last Tuesday night.

Richmond Randolph Lodge, No. 19, will confer the Third Degree next Tuesday night.

Another Fine Building.

About the first of November work will be commenced on Mr. P. H. Mayo's new building at the corner of Fourth and Broad streets. The structure will be one of the most handsome on Broad street. The style is what is termed "free classic." The house is to be four stories and basement, and 49 feet 6 inches wide and 110 feet deep. The front will be, for the first story, of cream buff Amherst sandstone, and the remainder of buff stock brick and terra cotta finish.

The work is expected to be completed by April 1st of next year. Messrs. Fourqurean, Price & Co. will occupy it.

A New Deputy Sheriff.

Mr. C. W. Moncure qualified yesterday as deputy sheriff of Richmond. He takes the place of Sheriff Cates' son, who resigned several weeks ago.

A REGULAR NUISANCE.

Negroes and Idlers in Lawyers' Seats at the Hustings Court.

RICHMOND, Oct. 16, 1891.

Editor Times:

Recognizing the hearty interests which your paper always takes in the welfare of the city and its various offices and courts I beg to call your attention to a matter which has long been discussed amongst the members of the Richmond Bar, but which has never been acted upon.

Why is it that idlers and negroes are permitted to sit in and usurp that portion of the hustings court that is set apart for the members of the bar? I have often seen lawyers standing while negroes and loafers were lounging in the chairs. This should be put an end to. It tends to lessen the dignity of a court of justice.

And just here I want to say that I have not the intention of saying aught against the honorable judge of that court nor his officers. They have always been kind and courteous. This state of things reigned long before they did, and I have no doubt that the remedy will come as soon as their attention has been called to the evil.

Yours respectfully, T.

Wafers,
Small Bread,
Cream Puffs,
Pies,
BURKE'S
Restaurant
Open To-day.

Chance for an Investment.

Attention is called to the trustee's auction sale of valuable lot and improvements on Second street between Duval and Jackson streets this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The property is desirable and the attendance at the sale, judging from the inquiry made about the property, will be good. Mr. Charles A. Rose will conduct the sale.

The record of cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla can never be completely written. The peculiar curative powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla are successful when everything else has failed. If your blood is impure, your digestion out of order, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Colonel Tazewell Ellett has removed his law office to Merchants National Bank building, Main, corner Eleventh.

Facts speak louder than words. Simmons Liver Regulator will always cure.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

SIMPLY apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white, and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

When you feel uncomfortable about the stomach take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Only one grade made. The best.
BURKE'S (Prop. Pizzini's)
Pies, Pastry, Cream-Puffs,
all made of butter.

Do not weaken the stomach with strong chemicals. Simmons Liver Regulator is mild but effective.

Remember, we manufacture all of our Shoes and can save you money by buying from us.
W. E. DREW & Co.,
Shoe Manufacturers,
800 and 802 Main street.

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Brunswick Stew,
Sora,
Oysters,
Pies,
Pastry,
Cream Puffs,
at BURKE'S (Pizzini's).

LADIES' LUNCH
at BURKE'S,
109 east Broad street.

Piles Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS: Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds and all other Throat Troubles.—"Are eminently the best."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.* Adv.

Buy
BURKE'S
Bread—
Home-made.

Buy your Shoes from first hands and save the middle man's profit.
W. E. DREW & Co.,
Shoe Manufacturers,
800 and 802 Main street.

Fish, Oysters, Game and every delicacy in season at BURKE'S.

Nothing like it for dyspepsia and indigestion. Simmons Liver Regulator is a safe, sure cure.

The People of Richmond

should support one house which caters to ladies' and serves hot lunch from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M at a small cost. Call at BURKE'S, 109 east Broad.

We Challenge

any man, woman or child who is affected with Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache or Torpid Liver to prove that a few doses of Simmons Liver Regulator will not relieve them. It never fails, and is so pure, so sure, so harmless that an infant can take it and never have a second spell of colic. An adult can take it, keep the bowels regular, and secure health.

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Croquettes and Mushroom Patties at
BURKE'S.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

All of the newest shapes for fall and winter wear.
W. E. DREW & Co.,
Shoe Manufacturers,
800 and 802 Main street.

The Times Want Column.

Those who have used this column claim that the effect has been eminently satisfactory.

Birds,
Oysters,
Game,
at BURKE'S,
Ladies Lunch
at BURKE'S,
11 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Restaurant a la carte till 11:30 P. M.

BURKE'S (Pizzini's) sells only the best. Pies, Pastry, Biscuits, etc.

Free samples of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, at Owens & Minor's Drug Company, 107 Main street, opposite postoffice, cures headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, fits, nervous debility, poor memory, etc. A new and remarkable discovery. Or address the Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Misfit Shoes.

We have a few pair of shoes on hand made to order from $7.00 to $10 your choice for $5.
W. E. DREW & Co.,
Shoe Manufacturers,
800 and 802 Mains treet.

BURKE'S RESTAURANT,
now opened.
11 A. M.
Ladies' Lunch.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE