

PEACE AFTER THE FIGHT.

COL. O'FERRALL HELD IN ESTEEM

By Both Sides, and No One Doubts His Honesty in the Rockwell-Noyes Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—[Special.]—Most fortunately the bitterness engendered among and between Democrats by the Noyes-Rockwell contested case has yielded to calmer consideration. Yesterday when the exciting period of the case was reached, it looked as if the factional spirit aroused might operate mischievously for the Democratic party.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—[Special.]—The House of Representatives today passed the bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to use of so much of the public grounds belonging to the United States in Abingdon, Va., not exceeding thirty feet in width on the west side of said public grounds, for a public street in the town upon certain terms and conditions as the Secretary may deem proper for the protection of the rights of the United States.

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BORROWE AND FOX DUEL.

RESULT OF THE DRYTON AFFAIR.

Reported to Have Met in Belgium and One of the Participants Mortally Wounded.

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UNPROVOKED ASSAULT BY NEGROES.

Two White Citizens of Campbell County Attacked by Blacks.

LYNCHBURG, Va., April 23.—[Special.]—The people of the lower part of Campbell county, near Waynesville, have been greatly excited during the past week over an outrage that occurred in that neighborhood on Easter Monday, of which Joel A. Hubbard, son of Mr. Thomas Hubbard, a prominent citizen of Campbell, and Mr. E. H. Bradshaw, another young white man, were the victims.

WHEN THE DUEL WAS ARRANGED.

When Borrowe returned to London several days ago with his champion, H. Vane Milbank, he seemed to avoid a meeting with Fox.

Mr. Milbank made no secret of the fact that he was heartily tired of the whole affair, and that if Borrowe expected his assistance in the duel he must be brought to terms very speedily.

Milbank has stood by Borrowe through thick and thin, even against the advice of friends here, who declared that Borrowe was not a man to rely on in an emergency.

Borrowe, on the other hand, made no secret of the fact that nearly all his friends in New York have cut him, because of his assistance in making him an accomplice in the publication of Mrs. Drayton's disgrace.

KILLED HER LOVER'S RIVAL.

A Lady Shoots Down a Desperado at a Ball

EL PASO, O. T., April 23.—A sensational killing is reported from the western part of the Territory. A young man named Harvey had been paying attention to a young woman named Wilson, John Tobin, a desperate character, who also wished to pay his respects to the lady, picked a quarrel with Harvey while the latter and Miss Wilson were at a ball, which ended in Harvey being shot through the right lung.

Miss Wilson, as soon as Harvey fell, drew from her pocket a revolver and fired point-blank at Tobin, shooting him directly through the forehead, killing him instantly.

No attempt was made to arrest Miss Wilson, and she fled in the night, in the vicinity say that she served Tobin just right. Harvey is reported on the road to recovery, and will wed Miss Wilson as soon as able to be about.

HE BLEW OUT THE GAS.

NEW YORK, April 23.—A couple entered the Hotel of Park Row and Palace streets last night. The man engaged a room and registered as "John Vigar and wife, Washington." They carried no baggage. They were assigned to room 19. This morning a clerk, while passing by the room, detected the strong odor of gas. He opened the door and there was no response. The door was finally forced. The gas jet was found to be turned full on. The woman was dead and the man unconscious. It is thought that the man will die. The clerks of the hotel do not believe that the couple had suicide in mind, but think that Vigar, through ignorance, blew the gas out.

IMPORTANT CHANGE IN ORDINANCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—One of the most important changes in ordinance that authorized yesterday by Commodore Folger, the naval chief of ordinance, in applying the Bashley type of lever mechanism to the adoption of the six-inch gun. The adoption of this mechanism was justified by the admirable performance of the device when it was recently tested. The application of the mechanism to the six-inch gun increases the efficiency of that weapon materially. It is the invention of Ensign Daniel, of the navy. The conversion of the six-inch gun into the rapid-fire type places the ordinance of the American navy slightly in advance of most naval powers so far as rapid-fire guns go.

AN ANARCHIST PAYS ULTIMO SAM A VISIT.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The Hoboken police were informed to-day that an Anarchist named George Stahley, who was in jail for disorderly conduct, had threatened to kill the judge and all others concerned for his incarceration. Stahley's house was thereupon searched and a quantity of dynamite bombs and other explosives were found. It was ascertained that Stahley has been engaged for some time in the manufacture of explosives.

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BALTIMORE, Md., April 23.—Miss Sarah Nicholas Randolph, the youngest daughter of the late Colonel Thomas Jefferson Randolph, of Edgehill, Albemarle, Va., and great-granddaughter of Thomas Jefferson, is seriously ill at her residence in this city. She is the author of the well-known work, "The Domestic Life of Thomas Jefferson" and other books. For ten years she has had a private school here.

THE BANK DEFENDERS CAPTURED.

COPENHAGEN, April 23.—The British steamship Oskada, which was captured by the crew of the Michigan, arrived in this harbor to-day, having on board two persons who are very much wanted by the police of New York. They are Oscar Cressler and James L. White, alias Burkman. According to a New York dispatch these men are wanted for stealing \$7,000 from Dix & Pflue, bankers and brokers of that city.

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ANOTHER MISSION OF MERCY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—A few minutes after 2 o'clock this afternoon the steamship Conestoga, with a crew of 100, and with the good wishes of a million of the American people, swung grandly out from Washington-street wharf and sped at her best speed forward upon her mission of mercy.

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ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 23.—Rev. K. Howard Nixon, D. D., formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Indianapolis, Ind., and great-grandfather of Thomas Jefferson, was ordained a ruling elder, died at his residence at Webster Grove, near this city, yesterday.

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PALMER FOR PRESIDENT.

He Wants It, But Illinois Wants Ex-President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—Senator Palmer has practically declared to the members of the Illinois delegation that he is going to be a candidate for the presidential nomination, and that he is going to make a fight to secure control of the Illinois delegation. He called a meeting of the Illinois delegation on Thursday to discuss the subject.

Senator Palmer announced that he had a majority of the delegates to the State Convention of Illinois instructed for him and wanted to know what the Illinois members thought of having the Illinois delegation to the National Convention instructed for him for President. His remarks were addressed more particularly to Mr. Forman and Mr. Wike, who are Morrison men. There was a moment of silence after the Senator ceased speaking.

Mr. Forman then replied, stating that the Senator knew well what he thought about it. He reminded the Senator that there had been an agreement, to which both he and Mr. Morrison had subscribed, that neither should seek to have the delegates instructed for either of them. He thought that the Senator would find that he was mistaken in the assumption that a majority of the delegates from the county conventions had been instructed for him.

Mr. Palmer replied that a number of delegates had been instructed for him before he knew anything about the matter and that he did not feel called upon to forbid it, but acknowledged that after the matter of instructions had gone so far without any effort on his part his friends had begun to take an interest in the matter. He said, however, that if having the State Convention instructed for him was going to cause any friction in the party he would be satisfied with a complimentary resolution, which did not go quite so far as to formally instruct the delegates to the National Convention to vote for him for President.

Mr. Forman said that there was as much objection to the compromise proposition as there was to the original, and that it would be fought. Mr. Morrison's friends, he said, would not agree that the delegates should be placed in the hands of Senator Palmer to be disposed of as he thought proper.

The people of Illinois, Mr. Forman said, were in favor of Mr. Cleveland's nomination. An effort would be made to have the delegates from that State to the National Convention instructed for Mr. Cleveland, and if Senator Palmer succeeded in getting instructions or an endorsement from the State Convention it would be done only by battering down Mr. Cleveland's friends. Senator Palmer declined to agree to Cleveland, saying that Mr. Cleveland's nomination would not antagonize him, but that he wanted to be endorsed himself.

The conference broke up with the impression prevailing that Mr. Palmer would not give up his being instructed, and that the Cleveland forces under the direction of Mr. Morrison would resist him with all their influence and insist upon instructions for Mr. Cleveland.

Mr. Palmer wrote a letter to his managers at home stating that he had stated to the Illinois members of the House, and a very hot contest is expected in the State.

NEGROES TO FAST AND PRAY.

Regarding the Violent Deeds Perpetrated in the South on Their Race.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 23.—The committee appointed at the recent mass meeting of colored citizens to take action with regard to the recent violent deeds perpetrated in the South on the colored race, especially the Lexington and other lynchings, have decided to hold a conference of the people of the United States and their friends, requesting them to set aside the 31st of May as a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer.

The appeal is endorsed by a number of prominent colored and white men. Among the signers are P. B. S. Pinchback and Fred Douglass.

CALL FOR A NEGRO CONFERENCE.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 23.—The following call for a national conference of colored Republicans was issued here to-day: "To the colored people of the United States: We, the undersigned, after a deliberation and unanimous correspondence with our large number of prominent men of the Union have arrived at the conclusion that the time has come when the prominent and active colored Republicans throughout the country should get together to confer and deliberate on the present condition and upon principles and measures of vast importance to the advancement, welfare and progress of our race."

"We need the accumulated knowledge and wisdom of the colored people, combined with the sound judgment of our prominent men in every section of the country in the coming presidential campaign."

The separate coach law that has been enacted by the various legislatures in the Southern States, subjecting our race to insult and outrage without end, and the lynchings and outrages that have been perpetrated upon them without the slightest pretense of cause in the South, demand our immediate action and attention, and in order to have a free discussion and to adopt a plan and method to redress these wrongs as far as possible, we issue this call for a national conference to be held in Chicago on Sunday morning, June 4th, 1892, at 10 o'clock, at the Bethel A. M. E. church.

"Invitations will be sent to five persons in each State of the District of Columbia. (Signed) John G. Jones, C. W. Waring, J. H. Magee of Chicago, S. B. Turner, B. R. Williams, D. W. Britton of Kentucky, Daniel Lucas of Missouri, John M. Langston, Perry Carter and others."

THE SHERIFFS WERE THE ROBBERS.

Detectives Clear Up the Mystery of the Diamond Robbery at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 23.—The mystery of the diamond robbery committed at the Union depot Tuesday night has at last been settled by the city detectives. Captain Clark and Mr. Williams, the Pinkerton detective from Chicago, they knew that Joseph Smith, the sheriff of Jefferson county, Ala., of which Birmingham is the county seat, and his deputy, J. H. Lockhart, had been at link's depot Tuesday night, and the detectives, having a slight clue, went on Wednesday to investigate. Smith and Lockhart had been seen, and they had a vast amount of jewelry, and after giving some to a friend here left on the night train. They were caught at Memphis, and brought the next train for this city, arriving here early this morning. They were met at the depot by Detectives Sidelock and Turner, who brought them in a hack to the station-house. Mr. Smith says: "I had just gotten off the train with two escaped convicts, W. H. H. and Jack Rabbit. Tuesday night, while coming through the depot, one of the prisoners saw a value setting on the floor. He thinking, as he says, that it was mine, picked it up. I did not notice it until we were up town, when I asked where he got it. He said that he picked it up in the depot and asked me to keep it, but I took it to the hotel with me that night. I opened it and to my surprise it contained diamonds and jewelry. I did not know what to do with the find, so I kept it."

HE WOULD NOT STATE WITH HIM.

He would not state with him. Two State warrants were worn out against Smith and Mr. Lockhart, charging them with grand larceny, for trial Tuesday.

Exports of Gold.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Exports of gold from New York for the week ending to-day were \$1,771,860; of silver, \$506,822. Imports of gold were \$60,760; of silver, \$38,374.

TWO ROYAL BETROTHALS.

PRINCE GEORGE OF WALES MAY WED

The Princess May of Teck—Gladstone's Woman Suffrage Views—Gladstone's Humiliation—Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, April 23.—The Manchester Courier asserts that Prince George of Wales is now engaged to the Princess May of Teck, who was the intended bride of the late Duke of Clarence. The statement does not create any great surprise, as Prince George has been a visitor to the Tecks on several occasions since the death of his elder brother, and is reported to have shown a very friendly feeling for the Princess. A match between the two would, it is said on good authority, meet with the unreserved approval of Queen Victoria and the Prince and Princess of Wales.

ANOTHER ROYAL MATCH.

A dispatch from Bucharest says that the announcement that Prince Ferdinand of Roumania is about to be engaged to Princess Marie, of Edinburgh, has been received in Bucharest and Jassy, the two chief Roumanian cities, and, in fact, throughout the whole country, with unbounded satisfaction. The masses, it is said, fully approve the match, and the educated classes also are content with the choice without distinction of party. The fact that the Princess Marie will come from England and has inherited the traditions of royalty is considered a great advantage. It is said that the Roumanian society at large, whether called conservative, liberal or radical, is essentially democratic.

The Roumanians are prepared to grant a very handsome appendage to the young couple to find the money for the new palace at Jassy, where the Crown Prince after his marriage is expected to reside. It is already settled that the heir to the throne will then be raised to the rank of a general and take command of the Fourth army corps. He has already received the title of Royal Highness and the rank of a senator. The Crown Prince and his consort will be allowed to retain their present creeds, and only their issue must be brought up in the orthodox faith. The difficulties thrown in the way of the intended union by Princess Marie's uncle, the Czar, seem to have been removed by the intervention of the Countess of Flanders and King Leopold.

GLADSTONE WOMAN SUFFRAGE VIEWS.

The storm which Mr. Gladstone has raised by his pamphlet against woman suffrage is not likely to abate. The woman suffrage movement in Great Britain has powerful influences, both financial and social, supporting it. The Liberal party, the Liberal Unionists, and the woman suffragists are elderly ladies of large wealth and have looked upon the Liberals as most favorable to their cause and have never grudged a generous contribution to the Liberal election fund. Mr. Gladstone's conference with the Liberal Unionists if they should not take the Tory side will be very likely to remain neutral.

MUST TAKE HIS OWN MEDICINE.

The libel suit of Editor FUSANGUE against Prince Bismarck, announced last night, promises a remarkable spectacle. No man in Germany has run so many men by process of law as has Prince Bismarck. Now he will be brought into court to defend himself against one of the worst scandals of government administration of the last decade. It is, moreover, probable that Prince Bismarck will not only be humiliated in the examination by Editor FUSANGUE's counsel, but also by being beaten in the suit.

ENGLAND AND THE SILVER QUESTION.

Business circles are surprised by a dispatch received from the United States stating that England has intimated her readiness to join a conference to bring about an enlarged use of silver. That part of the report which states that the basis of a conference was formulated here is regarded as unworthy of belief. The Times to-day says it is not easy to see what "enlarged use" can mean to one of the worst scandals of government administration of the last decade. It is, moreover, probable that Prince Bismarck will not only be humiliated in the examination by Editor FUSANGUE's counsel, but also by being beaten in the suit.

The Times remarks: "A decided majority of those competent to judge regard the issue of notes based on silver with great disfavor. A certain amount of silver could be employed to increase the intrinsic value of our token currency, which at the present price of the metal is overvalued to an extent considerably greater than necessary or desirable, but the general sense of the community is steadfastly opposed to anything like an attempt to rehabilitate silver."

The result of the employment of the American Treasury as a pig silver warrant storehouse has not been so satisfactory as to encourage imitation. The Daily News says that such a conference would not be likely to attain practical results. The English delegates, it declares, would carry out into their hands the metal of the exchequer, cannot well go beyond the plan already proposed to increase the proportion of silver held by the Bank of England against notes.

WHEEL SHAKESPEARE LIVED.

Celebrating the 328th Anniversary of His Birth at Stratford.

LONDON, April 23.—The Easter holidays did not infuse any unusual agitation in the Shakespeare memorial productions at Stratford-on-Avon. During the week there were a few extra visitors, who took occasion while at Stratford to visit Anne Hathaway's cottage, but otherwise the usual solemnity of the village was undisturbed. To-day, however, there was a great change. This is the three hundred and twenty-eighth anniversary of the poet's birth, and Stratford was fittingly observed. Stratford was decorated with flags and bunting, and the old village was fully alive to the honor of having been the home of Shakespeare. All the church bells pealed merrily and the streets were filled with hundreds of visitors from all parts of the country. Many Americans, too, were present. Among the visitors were a large number of Shakespearean scholars.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—The birthday of William Shakespeare was celebrated at the Edwin Forrest Home to-day.

PRISONERS AS SCHOOLS OF CRIME.

Effect of the Intercourse of the Hardened With the Others.

LONDON, April 23.—A letter written by Mr. Lester William Tallack, of the Howard Association, has been published here, and has excited much interest among those connected officially and unofficially with English prisons. The newspapers print lengthy comments on the letter. Mr. Tallack says that after a careful study of the prisons in Italy and America, where a system has been adopted of giving prisoners of a hardened type free intercourse with the other prisoners and providing them with comforts and luxuries, he has found that the results are deplorable. The prisons of Massachusetts, he declares, are schools of crime and have terrible effects upon the community. Crime in England, where the prisoners are separated, has, according to Mr. Tallack, greatly decreased, while in America it is rapidly increasing.

GOING INTO AFRICA.

William Astor Chanler Talks About His Expedition.

LONDON, April 23.—William Astor Chanler states in an interview that he will start early in June for East Africa, in company with Lieutenant Honel, of the Austrian navy, and Count Tolaki, with the view of a careful scientific research and observation in that region. They will travel along the Tana river, resting for some weeks at the snow-capped mountain of Kenia, where they will take accurate astronomical observations. After a thorough exploration of the mountain, they will, if possible, return to the coast, and will probably explore some of the more unexplored regions of East Africa.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Mr. Storer, of Ohio, introduced in the House yesterday a bill of the interconnection of the gold and silver, and to suspend the purchase of silver bullion from and after July 1, 1893.

A special from Havana says that Victor Cruz, the famous outlaw, was killed in an encounter between a party of officers and brigands.

It is reported in New York yesterday that P. S. Gilmore, the celebrated bandmaster, had been drowned. Mrs. Gilmore says she thinks that her husband is all right.