

THE TICKET COMPLETE

Adlai E. Stevenson for Vice-President.

NAMED ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

The Entire Virginia Delegation Votes Solidly for Him.

HOW CLEVELAND RECEIVED THE NEWS.

Manifests His Appreciation for the Mark of Esteem of His Party.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CLOSING SESSION.

Many Democratic Newspapers Approve of the Ticket and Predict Victory in November.—Mr. Cleveland Says He Sees No Reason Why There Should Not Be Harmony in the Party.—General Gratification at the Placing of Stevenson on the Ticket.

CHICAGO, June 23.—[Special.]—The nomination of Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, for Vice-President, gives great satisfaction to the Southerners. The Virginia members are well pleased, though this place ought to have gone to Gray, of Indiana. Mr. Stevenson was third assistant Postmaster-General under Mr. Cleveland and knows our "Bill" Cullingsworth well.

Some of the Richmond men in the city called at the Palmer House this afternoon and congratulated the Vice-President that it is to be.

The Virginia delegation will leave for home early to-morrow morning. The differences which existed between them has been reconciled, and they voted solidly for Stevenson. Senator Daniel says he is earnestly for the ticket and that he will take off his coat and work until the day of election for Cleveland and Stevenson. The Virginia delegates who were opposed to Cleveland say they submit to the will of the majority and they promise the vote of the State for the ticket.

The West Virginia delegation started home to-night and they are all satisfied with the possible exception of St. Clair. He does not think Hill was fairly treated, but his associates say he is too good a Democrat to stay out of line.

MR. GOODE'S GRAND SPEECH.

Pays Mr. Cleveland a Glowing Tribute in Seconding His Nominating.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—Hon. John Goode made a capital speech this morning in seconding the nomination of Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Goode was in good voice and would be distinctly heard all over the vast building. He said the government has no power under the Constitution to put its hand in the pockets of the people and take money therefrom except what is necessary to defray the expenses of its honest and economical administration. He believes in a sound, stable currency of sufficient volume to meet the wants of the people, consisting of gold, silver and paper money at par with each other. He believes public lands acquired by the common blood and the common treasure should be held by the Government in trust for the common benefit of all the people.

MR. CLEVELAND NOTIFIED.

The Ex-President Says That There Should Be Harmony in the Party.

BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., June 23.—A United Press reporter was the first to convey the news to the Cleveland household. None had yet retired. Mr. Cleveland and his guests were all awaiting news from the convention. The ex-President was heartily congratulated on all sides upon his nomination. Mr. Cleveland's name was mentioned with delight and predicted that the Democrats with such a standard-bearer were assured of a glorious victory at the polls.

Mr. Cleveland said that he was deeply touched by this latest mark of esteem from his party. He felt confident, he declared, that his fellow-countrymen stood ready to place the mark of approval on the Democracy, and persistency in the advocacy of these principles was all that was necessary to succeed. He did not think that differences between the conventions were at all harmful, but in view of the importance of a Democratic success he could not conceive any reason for lack of harmony or united and active efforts to win in the coming campaign.

TELEGRAMS OF CONGRATULATION.

Early this morning the wire in Mr. Cleveland's house was at work pouring in congratulations to Mr. Cleveland from all parts of the country. Before the time the Star and Goddard to second the nomination of Mr. Stevenson. Kentucky took her Democracy, like her whisky—straight. He supported Illinois candidates because he was a man who believed that "to the victor belong the spoils." Great cheering. If he had placed his position in the hands of Republicans would get no quarter at his hand.

The roll-call proceeded without interruption until Michigan was reached, when Hon. F. F. Ulysses took the platform and nominated Allen R. Morse.

NEW YORK SILENT.

When New York was reached Governor Flower rose and announced that New York had no candidate for Governor. Mr. Elias stood on his chair when North Carolina was called and seconded the nomination of Stevenson. He said that if Mr. Stevenson was wise enough "to be in the Cabinet of the Hon. Grover Cleveland," he would sit in the Cabinet of the Hon. Grover Cleveland.

When Ohio was called there were cries of "Cammell," but the chairman of the delegation announced that the State had no candidate to present.

L. T. Cunningham, of Tennessee, seconded the nomination of Gray, by his delegate to the Ex-Governor Thrombton, of Texas, seconded the nomination of Stevenson.

Washington seconded the nomination of Gray.

When Wisconsin was called there were cries of "Vilas."

The chairman of the delegation announced that Wisconsin would present a candidate through General E. S. Bragg. Taking the platform General E. S. Bragg nominated Hon. John L. Mitchell. The rain by this time was pouring down so heavily that its noise almost drowned General Bragg's voice.

A "GROVER" SONG.

The land struck up the "Baby" song from "Vang" St. Louis had been heard from the streets before the convention met bearing the words:

"Grover, Grover, four more years for Grover. In he goes, out they go; Then will be in clover."

As the band struck up the air the Pennsylvania delegates began to sing, and presently the whole convention was singing "Grover, Grover." The New York delegation did not join in the singing. Michigan did and with Pennsylvania in its vocal efforts. Then the band played "Dixie," while the convention exercised its lungs in vigorous cheering. Some of the delegates shouted "Call the roll," but the clerk was not ambitious enough to do that, and the roll of thunder that was re-echoing through the hall, and the convention remained in a confused state of inactivity. The band struck up the "Tah-ra-ra Bouncer" song for a diversion.

RAIN AND THUNDER.

When it gave 16 votes for Boies the Iowa men set up a mighty yell. As the roll call proceeded the excitement became intense. It culminated when Alaska cast her two votes for Cleveland. There was growing excitement. Both the Hill and the Cleveland leaders were wild and renewed cheering and so much confusion, both in the galleries and on the floor, that it was impossible to transact business.

SIGNAL FOR GREAT CHEERING.

It had been supposed that Arizona and New Mexico, which had been given additional representation in the convention, would vote for the anti-Cleveland people. When the chairman of the Arizona delegation got the floor and announced five votes for Cleveland there was wild and renewed cheering and so much confusion, both in the galleries and on the floor, that it was impossible to transact business.

Then the District of Columbia was called and cast her two votes for Cleveland, that gave to Cleveland an accession of 16 votes, the 57 necessary to nominate. New Mexico settled the question the next minute when she announced four votes for Cleveland.

A South Carolina delegate went to the clerk's desk and had a vote changed from Cleveland to Cleveland on account of an error. The Texas delegation changed its vote to 30 for Cleveland. The West Virginia delegation to 12 for Cleveland, the Kentucky delegation to 23 for Cleveland. Mr. Neal, of Ohio, moved to suspend the rules and make the nomination by acclamation. He was ruled out of order.

SENATOR DANIEL'S GRACIOUS SPEECH.

Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, took the platform and said: "The Democratic people of the United States have uttered their voice through the lips of their chosen delegates. By that voice they have declared that Grover Cleveland is the nominee of each and every Democrat in this convention."

"We can, we must, we will, my countrymen, carry the great Democracy to triumph." Mr. Daniel's remarks excited the greatest enthusiasm, but the Chair was unable to get order, for a crowd of New York people were crying out to Governor Flower, Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan and others of the New York delegation to second the nomination. But the New York delegation sat silent when called on, and from other parts of the hall came some emphatic negatives.

NEW YORK ACQUIESCENCE.

The convention hissed at this and the hissing continued until Governor Flower got on a chair. His lips moved, but his words could not be heard beyond the limits of a circle just about him. He was trying to make the nomination unanimous. Those who heard his cheering.

Bourke Cockran jumped to his feet and said there was some dissent when the motion was made to declare the nomination unanimous, he would state that the vote of New York in full submission to the convention was in the affirmative. Cheers greeted this announcement, and Don Dickinson immediately moved an adjournment. The motion was carried, and at 3:47 the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

The official vote of last night was: Cleveland, 617; Hill, 114; Boies, 103; Grover, 35; Stevenson, 16; Carlisle, 14; Morrison, 3; Campbell, 2; Patton, 1; Russell, 1; Whitney, 1; Jones, 1. Absent, three delegates entitled to 25 votes.

In the 25th incident to the closing hour of the convention no announcement was made of the official stenographer's record of the balloting. The table sent by the United Press last night was compared with the official vote of the convention stenographer as the vote of each State was recorded. It is an absolutely correct record of the vote of each State, and the chairman of the convention during the roll-call.

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a majority of the Democrats wanted it, and further because Mr. Cleveland is a good man. There is nothing about the nomination which would cause us to regret the vote of the following telegram:

Governor Boies this morning sent the following telegram: To Grover Cleveland, Buzzard's Bay:

"Accept the hearty congratulations of all Iowa Democrats, and be assured none will be more devoted to you than myself and those I am proud to number among my friends in this State."

(Signed) "HORACE BOIES."

PRESS COMMENTS.

Good Words from Many Good Democratic Journals.

New York, June 23.—The World says: "The Democracy of the nation has displayed the courage of its convictions. It wanted Grover Cleveland as its leader and it has placed its standard in his hand."

Boston, June 23.—This morning's Herald says editorially that Cleveland's nomination was as spontaneous as any since the second election of Lincoln. It is emphatically a people's nomination.

Chicago, June 23.—The Globe this morning says editorially: In Grover Cleveland the Democratic party has its ideal leader. His wonderful career and untarnished record need no eulogium at this time.

St. Louis, June 23.—The Globe says: Cleveland's triumph is due to many causes, not the least powerful of which was the personal influence of W. C. Whitney. Mr. Cleveland himself, however, is the architect of his own victory. The Democracy would have turned its back on Cleveland and preferred another.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

The Distinguished Illinois Statesman, Nominated for Vice-President.

THE WIGWAM, June 23.—The first indication of organized life in the Wigwam this afternoon was at 1:30, when the Democratic Club of Indianapolis marched into the hall, following the band of the Connecticut, and the New York delegation came in very quietly at 2:15.

Although the convention time of meeting was 2 o'clock, it was not until 2:54 P. M. that Chairman Wilson called the body to order. Most of the delegates were in their seats and the galleries were well filled. The chairman introduced Hon. Alfred Green, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who delivered the invocation yesterday morning. He came forward and stood waiting for silence.

As conversation continued, Mr. Green added: "We are about to engage in prayer, gentlemen, will you kindly cease conversation and be seated."

Silence being at last obtained, he proceeded, and applauded the prayer.

In the course of the prayer he referred to the "platform of the carpenter of Nazareth," and wore in the phrase "public office is a public trust," at which familiar utterances, from mere force of habit and utterly regardless of the proprieties, some of the delegates broke out into applause. Mr. Green closed with a broad "amen," and a delegate corrected him by adding "Amen," with a strong accent on the "A." Immediately after the prayer, the chairman announced that the next order of business was the naming of candidates for the office of Vice-President.

Mr. Worthington said that he stood here to name as a candidate a man known by every woman and child and voter who ever lived a postage stamp in his land—a big, big-bearded, gray-haired man, whose "cries" were rarely equalled and never excelled.

In conclusion he presented a candidate "who does not have to get a certificate from a labor organization to prove he is a friend of labor"—Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, called to vote on Connecticut, rose to his place to second the nomination of Isaac P. Gray. He spoke briefly and what he said could hardly be distinguished because of the noise caused by the rainfall.

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continued and the water dripped in on the delegates steadily.

Ferry Belmont held an umbrella over Governor Flower, and 26 of the delegates stood on their chairs while the band played "Old Kentucky Home." Then the band played "Marching through Georgia," and the delegates sang the refrain in a half-hearted way. The chairman raised his voice and when the confusion was dispelled in part, New Mexico seconded the motion of Gray, and Oklahoma that of Stevenson. Then the roll-call was completed, and Alabama, which had been passed, was called again. Mr. Vanderbilt, of Alabama, Breck, of Nevada, and the nomination of Judge Morse on the strength of his soldier record.

J. H. King, of Alabama, also seconded the nomination of Judge Morse. Then the chairman ordered the roll to be called upon the four delegates.

THE VOTE IN DETAIL.

Alabama started out by casting its solid vote for Morse. Arkansas cast the Gray column and California divided between Gray and Stevenson. Colorado said she wanted a vice-president who could take the party in out of the wet, and voted for Stevenson. Connecticut voted solidly for Gray. Delaware for Morse. Florida cast 5 votes for Stevenson and 2 for Gray. Georgia cast 10 votes for Morse and 9 votes for Gray and 7 for Stevenson. Idaho voted for Gray. Illinois gave her entire 48 votes to her favorite son, Stevenson. Indiana, of course, supported Gray. Iowa, 30 votes for Gray, 10 for Stevenson, 10 for Morse, 10 for Mitchell. Kansas voted for Gray. Kentucky cast 12 for Gray, 12 for Stevenson, 12 for Morse, 12 for Mitchell. Louisiana cast 12 for Gray, 12 for Stevenson, 12 for Morse, 12 for Mitchell. Maine voted 4 for Gray, 7 for Stevenson, 10 for Morse, 12 for Mitchell. Maryland cast 12 for Gray, 12 for Stevenson, 12 for Morse, 12 for Mitchell. Massachusetts 4 for Gray, 5 for Morse, 20 for Stevenson. This made Gray and Stevenson a tie. Michigan gave 29 votes. Minnesota voted 18 for Gray, 11 for Morse, 19 for Gray and 8 for Stevenson. Missouri voted as follows: Stevenson 16, Gray 10, Morse 8, Montague 5 for Bourke Cockran, 1 vote for Lambert Bras, 1 vote for Nebraska voted for Mitchell, 6 for Stevenson, 3 for Gray; New Hampshire solid for Stevenson; New Jersey, 19 for Gray, 1 for Stevenson. New York was called amid excitement and cast 72 votes for Stevenson amid tumultuous cheers. Pennsylvania cast 30 votes for Gray, 34 for Stevenson, 12 for Morse, 12 for Mitchell. South Dakota voted 4 for Stevenson, 2 for Gray and 2 for Mitchell. Tennessee, 14 Gray, 8 Stevenson, 1 Boies and 1 Morse. Texas, 4 Gray, 26 for Stevenson, increasing his lead over Gray to 42. Vermont reduced this lead by 8 votes for Gray, but Virginia cast 24 for Stevenson bringing it up to 67. West Virginia voted 8 for Gray, West Virginia, 4 Morse, 4 Stevenson, 4 Gray. Wisconsin, 24 votes for Mitchell, Wyoming, 12 for Gray, 12 for Stevenson, 12 for Mitchell. District of Columbia, 1 Mitchell, 1 Stevenson, making Stevenson total 400, New Mexico, 5 Gray, 1 Stevenson, Oklahoma, 2 Stevenson. Utah, 1 Morse, 1 Gray. Indian Territory, 1 for Gray, 343; Stevenson, 405. The rest scattering.

Iowa withdrew her 26 votes for Watterston and cast them for Stevenson. Montana changed her votes to Stevenson. Nebraska changed her votes to Stevenson. Nevada cast 5 for Gray to Stevenson, and Nevada changed 5 votes to Stevenson, making his total 445.

Ohio directly afterwards changed her solid 48 to Stevenson. Oregon changed 8 from Gray to Stevenson. Missouri made her vote 34 solid for Stevenson. Kentucky made her 26 solid for Stevenson. Georgia followed with her 26. Tennessee changed her 24 to Stevenson. Texas joined the Stevenson procession, and their thirty votes nominated him. Minnesota cast her solid vote for Stevenson. New York cast 72 votes for Stevenson, making his total 445.

On motion of Mr. Brice the national committee was authorized to fix the place of holding the next National Convention on the same basis of representation as this.

Norman E. Mack, of New York, offered a resolution to add Chairman Wilson to the national committee.

Mr. Collins, of Massachusetts, put the question on account of the modesty of the chairman. It was carried.

A resolution authorizing the national committee to elect as chairman of the committee and of its executive committee persons not members of the committee, was offered by Mr. Honey, of Rhode Island, and adopted.

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convention, the Chicago committee and finally the presiding officer, who was very nearly forgotten in the confusion. Mr. Cahany, of Louisiana, remembered the vote of thanks to Mr. Wilson and Henry Watterston, took the chair temporarily and put the question. The official stenographer was authorized to prepare a report of the proceedings. Mr. Russell, of Missouri, then got on his chair and announced that the convention adjourned. The Chair put the motion, declared it carried, and with a parting word of thanks to the convention for its consideration, at 3:18 he declared the convention adjourned sine die. Just after the nomination of Grover Stevenson, had been announced by the Chair, Don M. Dickinson met Representative Springer in the aisle, in the section set apart for distinguished spectators, and the two exchanged warm congratulations.

Mr. Springer was especially demonstrative, and in response to the statement by the Illinois representative that his work was magnificent, Mr. Dickinson modestly responded: "I don't think we missed any point in the politics of the contest viewed from our standpoint of Arkansas." Leaders of the Cleveland campaign who had conducted it to such a triumphant issue were congratulated on all sides, and their views were briefly but graphically expressed in the words of Mr. Dickinson.

GENERAL STEVENSON'S CAREER.

He Was Notably "To the Victor Belongs the Spoils" Man.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—Adlai E. Stevenson, of Bloomington, Ill., was born in Christian county, Ky., October 23, 1835; removed to Bloomington in 1852; was educated at the Illinois Wesleyan University and at Center College, Ky. is a lawyer by profession; was master in chancery of Woodford county, Ill., from 1861 to 1865; was State's attorney for the Twenty-third judicial circuit from 1864 to 1868; was a representative from Illinois in the Forty-fourth Congress, was appointed by the President a member of the board of visitors to West Point in 1877, and was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress by the National Greenback and Democratic parties. Mr. Stevenson was appointed First Assistant Postmaster-General under President Cleveland and obtained no little reputation for his skill and energy in removing Republican postmasters and appointing Democratic successors. Since leaving the Postoffice Department General Stevenson has taken an active part in local Illinois politics.

BATTLES OF THE DIAMOND.

Giants Defeated by the Philadelphians—Other Games and the Races.

BALTIMORE, June 23.

MAHON pitched an indifferent game for the Baltimore to-day, and as a result Boston batted him for seventeen hits, including two home runs and four doubles. The visitors earned eight of the thirteen runs. The fielders were kept busy chasing the leather. Score: B. N. S. Philadelphia, 10; Baltimore, 10.

Batteries: McMahon and Robinson; Stivett and Kelly. Umpire, Sheridan.

New York, June 23.—New York lost to the Phillies to-day through a series of errors in the third inning which netted the visitors three runs and giving a lead which the home team was unable to overcome. Score: N. Y. N. S. Philadelphia, 10; New York, 10.

Batteries: King and Boyle; Carney and Cross. Umpire, Emalle.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—Brooklyn outplayed Washington at all points to-day, and won easily. Killen was batted hard, while Haddock was very effective. Runners advanced by Duhaime, Burns and Ward's batting were the features. Score: B. N. S. Brooklyn, 2; Washington, 1.

Batteries: Killen, Foreman and Milligan; Haddock and Daly. Umpire, Lynch.

HOW THE GENTS STAYED.

WON. LOST. AV. WON. LOST. AV. Boston, 100; Pittsburg, 37; 32; 428. Philadelphia, 35; New York, 29; 39; 464. Brooklyn, 34; 21; 618; Chicago, 29; 39; 464. Cincinnati, 22; 34; 371; St. Louis, 32; 36; 400. Washington, 30; 30; 474; Baltimore, 35; 41; 368.

GAMES SCHEDULED FOR TO-DAY.

Boston at Baltimore. Brooklyn at Washington. Philadelphia at New York. Cleveland at St. Louis. Cincinnati at Pittsburg. Louisville at Chicago.

The Universities Win.

FARMVILLE, Va., June 23.—[Special.]—A half-mile game of base-ball was played this evening between the University of Virginia and the Hampden-Sydney clubs. A large crowd was in attendance to witness the game. The Universities won by a score of 9 to 7.

Sleephead and Gloucester Races.

GLoucester, N. J., June 23.—To-day's races resulted as follows: First race, four and a half furlongs—Bay Court first, Sade second, Argyle third. Time, 58 1/2.

Second race, four furlongs—Plymouth first, Wex second, Irishman third. Time, 51 1/2.

Third race, four and one half furlongs.—Comrade first, Gold Step second, Fearless third. Time, 57 1/2.

Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Hemet first, Blackburn second, Oberlin third. Time, 1:25 1/2.

Fifth race, mile and a quarter—Middlestone first, Elyton second, Royal third. Time, 2:14 1/2.

Sixth race, six and quarter furlongs—Lebanon first, Sixvair second, Bonnie S. third. Time, 1:24 1/2.

New York, June 23.—The racing at Sheepshead Bay to-day resulted as follows: First race, seven furlongs—Willie L. first, Dr. Ross second, Strephon third. Time, 1:29 1/2.

Second race, five furlongs—Hammie first, Don Alonzo second, Corduroy third. Time, 1:23 1/2.

Third race, the Tidal stakes, one mile—Charley first, Tammany second, Patron third. Time, 1:41 1/2.